

*Draft of pending MHPProNews article uploaded for AI review and fact check*

## **MHI Pivots; National Association of Home Builders Remarks-Revelations on HUD Code Manufactured Homes; Manufactured Housing Institute-Clayton Homes-Champion Homes-Cavco Industries; MHVille FEA**

A federal regulatory comments letter from the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB) found at this [link here](#) clearly stated its opposition for HUD modifying its Alternative Construction (AC) process. The NAHB specifically cited the Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000 (a.k.a.: MHIA, MHIA 2000, 2000 Reform Act, 2000 Reform Law), which is significant and will be explored later in this facts-evidence-[analysis](#) (FEA) report. Per that official NAHB comments letter: **"While NAHB applauds the Trump Administration's initiative to modernize regulations to reduce unnecessary and duplicative barriers to the construction of affordable housing, we remain critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted competitive advantage and risks the health and safety of the occupants."** Yet, despite that and other examples that will follow on NAHB apparently taking a stance contrary to the interests of the HUD Code industry and what the Manufactured Housing Association for Regulatory Reform (MHARR) has called "[mainstream](#)" manufactured housing, the [Manufactured Housing Institute \(MHI\) has periodically and publicly opted to side with the NAHB](#) over MHARR when it comes to who it is partnering with in its self-proclaimed advocacy efforts. Indeed, as this report will detail using NAHB, MHI, Clayton Homes (BRK), Champion Homes (SKY), and Cavco Industries (CVCO) statements and evidence-based insights will reveal, while MHI has never been a 'perfect' trade group it has demonstrably taken significant pivots in the 21st century that ought to call into question its potentially fraudulent claim for advocating on behalf of "[all segments](#)" of manufactured housing.

Fraud is a strong word.

*Oxford Languages* defines fraud as follows.

[wrongful](#) or criminal deception intended to result in financial or personal gain.

*Oxford Languages* also said this.

a person or thing intended to [deceive](#) others, typically by unjustifiably claiming or being [credited](#) with [accomplishments](#) or qualities.

# Dictionary

Definitions from [Oxford Languages](#) · [Learn more](#)



## fraud

/frôd/

noun

wrongful or criminal deception intended to result in financial or personal gain.

"he was convicted of fraud"

Similar:

fraudulence

sharp practice

cheating

swindling

trickery



- a person or thing intended to deceive others, typically by unjustifiably claiming or being credited with accomplishments or qualities.

"mediums exposed as tricksters and frauds"



According to the authoritative [Cornell University Legal Information Institute](#) (LII) is the following about "Frauds and swindles" found at this [link here](#).

**Whoever, having devised or intending to devise any [scheme or artifice to defraud](#), or for obtaining money or property by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises...such person shall be fined not more than \$1,000,000 or imprisoned not more than 30 years, or both.**

To properly frame what are arguably clear examples of [paltering](#) and [posturing](#) that run counter to this or that organization's narrative, *MHPProNews* will critically examine several items. Among those are articles produced by the NAHB in Parts I, II, and III that they previously and recently said as it relates to manufactured housing. Some of it what the NAHB said is quite complimentary and useful. But one will include an apparent 'zinger' that seem to be intended to cause fear or concerns among potential buyers.

That apparent NAHB zinger and much more will be unpacked in Part IV.

This article will also provide items from the Manufactured Housing Institute (past and more recent) to help frame the evolution of MHI from a pro-mainstream manufactured housing focused trade group into one that seems more interested in [consolidation](#) of a "[fragmented industry](#)" while hobbling the potential of independents to enter, persist, or exit the manufactured housing profession.

If that sounds harsh or improbable, keep in mind that [massive schemes and scandals have rocked the U.S. in the 21st century, including Madoff, Enron, WorldCom, Theranos, and the huge mortgage/financial crisis of 2008](#). For the impatient or understandably dubious, it should also be known or recalled that MHI's advocacy has been so problematic in the 21st century that law professor and zoning law expert Daniel Mandelker, J.D., openly declared via a paper for the Lincoln Institute for Land Policy there is a need for a new in manufactured housing trade group that will litigate and advocate on behalf of the industry. Those remarks, while they didn't specifically name MHI, are so sharp and they seem to be best

understood as if MHI didn't exist at all. See what Professor Mandelker said in his own words in the reports in the two reports that follow.

[caption id="attachment\_187216" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/pro-manufactured-home-law-prof-daniel-r-mandelker-says-organization-needed-for-manufactured-housing-advocates-litigation-and-legislative-support-plus-mhvvilles-sunday-wee/>[/caption]

[caption id="attachment\_187196" align="aligncenter" width="600"]

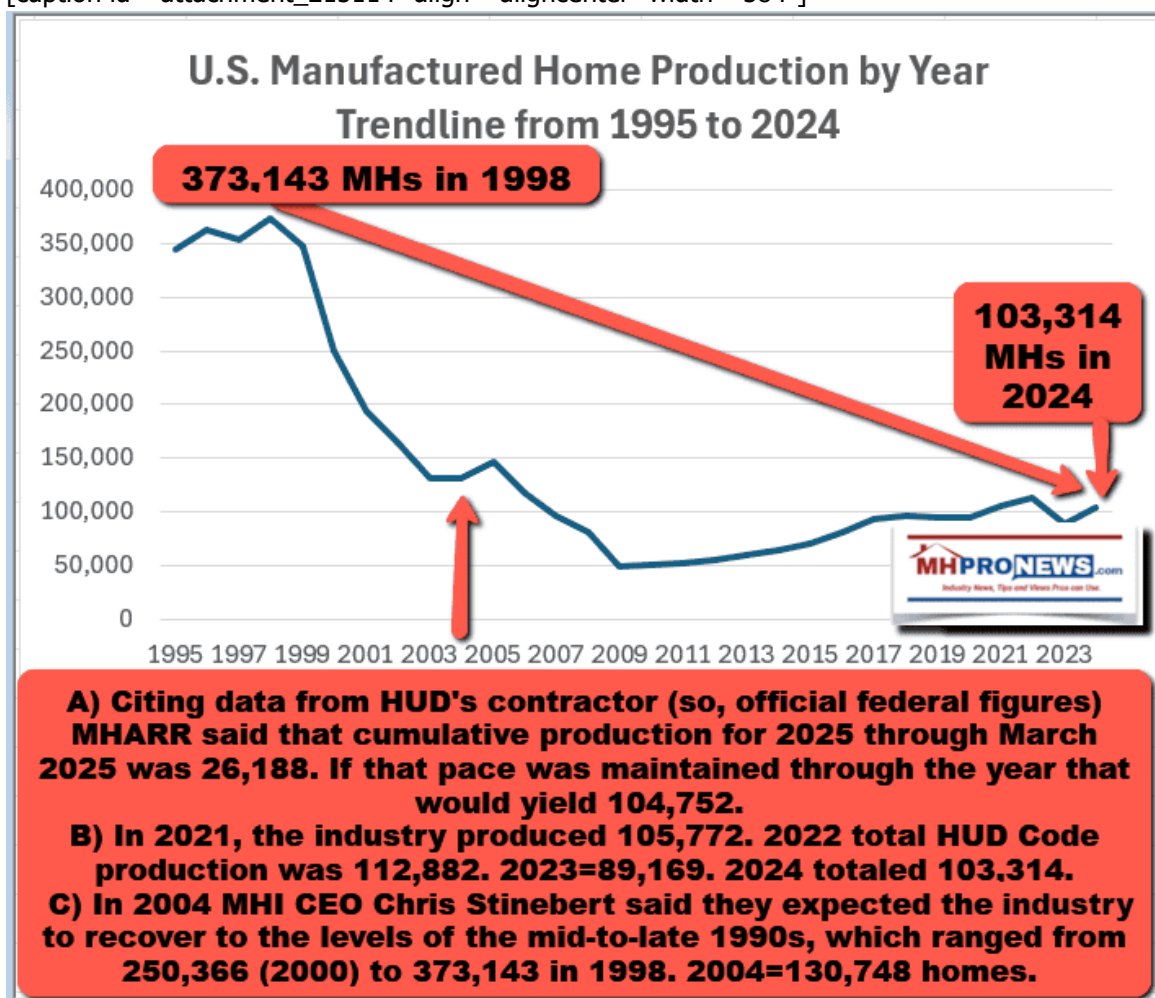


<https://www.manufacturedhomelivingnews.com/statutes-should-prohibit-restrictive-zoning-standards-for->

[manufactured-homes-says-law-prof-daniel-r-mandelker-org-needed-for-manufactured-housing-advocates-litigation-and/](#)[/caption]

Those are among the possible examples of people inside or outside the boundaries of MHVille that reflect MHI's apparently problematic behavior. But those remarks alone do not reveal why MHI is behaving in that fashion. Evidence of motives are arguably as important as the apparent and easily documented history of manufactured housing underperformance in the 21st century.

[caption id="attachment\_215114" align="aligncenter" width="584"]

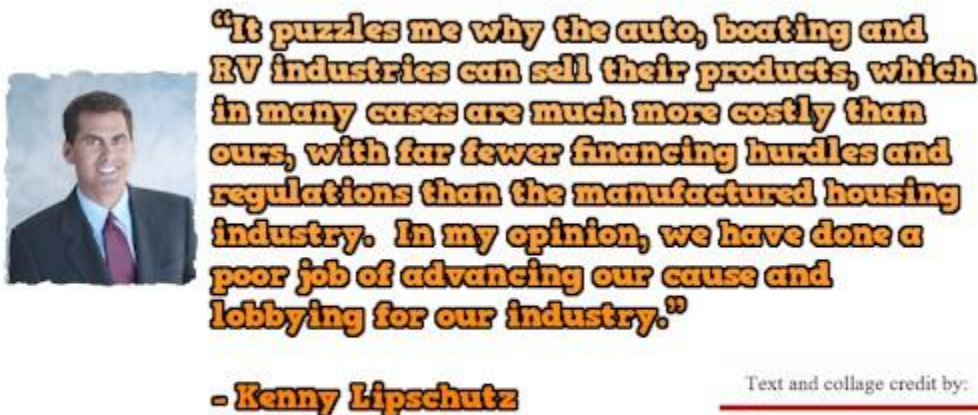


<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/manufactured-home-production-increases-in-march-2025-per-federal-data-cited-by-manufactured-housing-association-for-regulatory-reform-plus-what-mharr-didnt-say-in-their-report-mhville-fe/> MHPProNews Note: depending on your browser or device, many images in this report and others on MHPProNews can be clicked to expand. Click the image and follow the prompts. For example, in some browsers/devices you click the image and select 'open in a new window.' After clicking that selection you click the image in the open window to expand the image to a larger size. To return to this page, use your back key, escape or follow the prompts. [/caption]



Given that MHI claims to represent "[all segments](#)" of the industry, and when even past or present MHI members have mused on MHI's 'inability' to get existing federal laws fully and properly enforced, who else is there besides MHI in MHVille's national advocacy sphere to pin the proverbial donkey tail on?

[caption id="attachment\_132062" align="aligncenter" width="515"]



#48 among MHCs, over 4000 home sites, per NCC.



## 48 HomeFirst Certified Communities Birmingham, MI 4,176

*Past and current MHI members like Kenny Lipschutz, Marty Lavin, Frank Rolfe, the states that have broken away from MHI, are among the signals that no matter how pleasant MHI mixers or networking may be, they are 'not getting their job done' on behalf of the majority of their members. See Kenny Lipschutz's remarks in full context at the link here: <https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/a-cup-of-coffee-withkenny-lipschutz-homefirst-certified-communities/>*



**"Due to the lack of effective representation at a national level, the MHCA withdrew its membership from the national association [re: Manufactured Housing Institute, MHI] to pursue other avenues of representation. We are not the only state association to do so. The MHCA has been exploring other options; including hiring a lobbying firm that is prominent in Washington, D.C."**

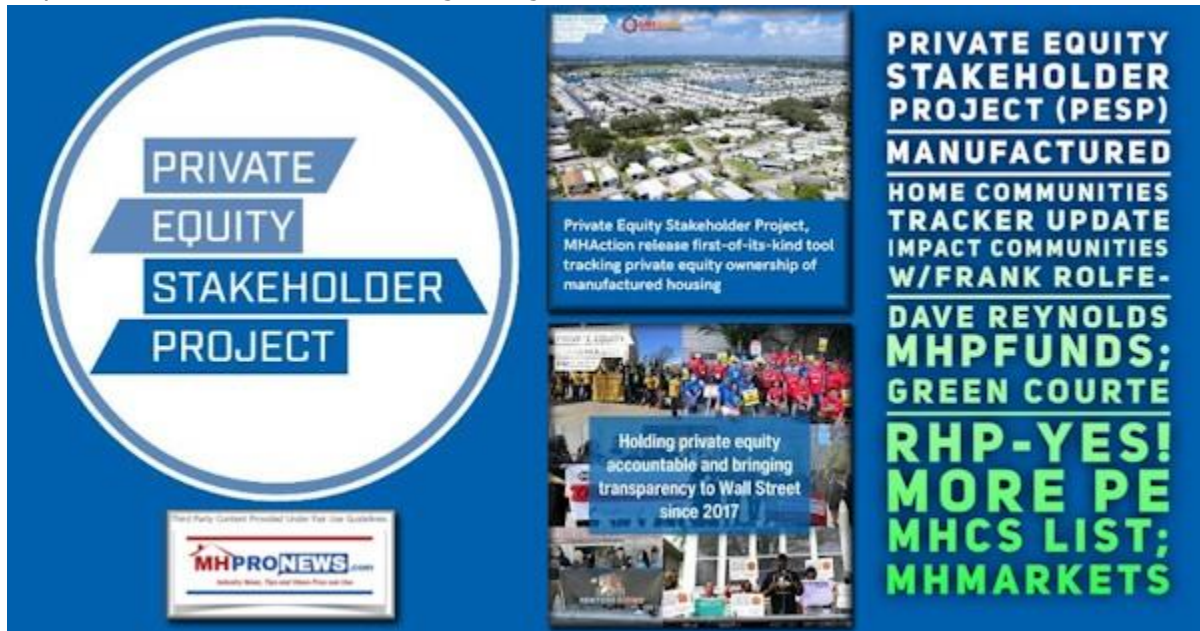
- Neal T Haney, President.



*Former MHI state affiliates broke away and in 2018 formed the National Association for Manufactured Housing Community Owners, NAMHCO. They cited MHI's years of failures as part of their reason for doing so.*

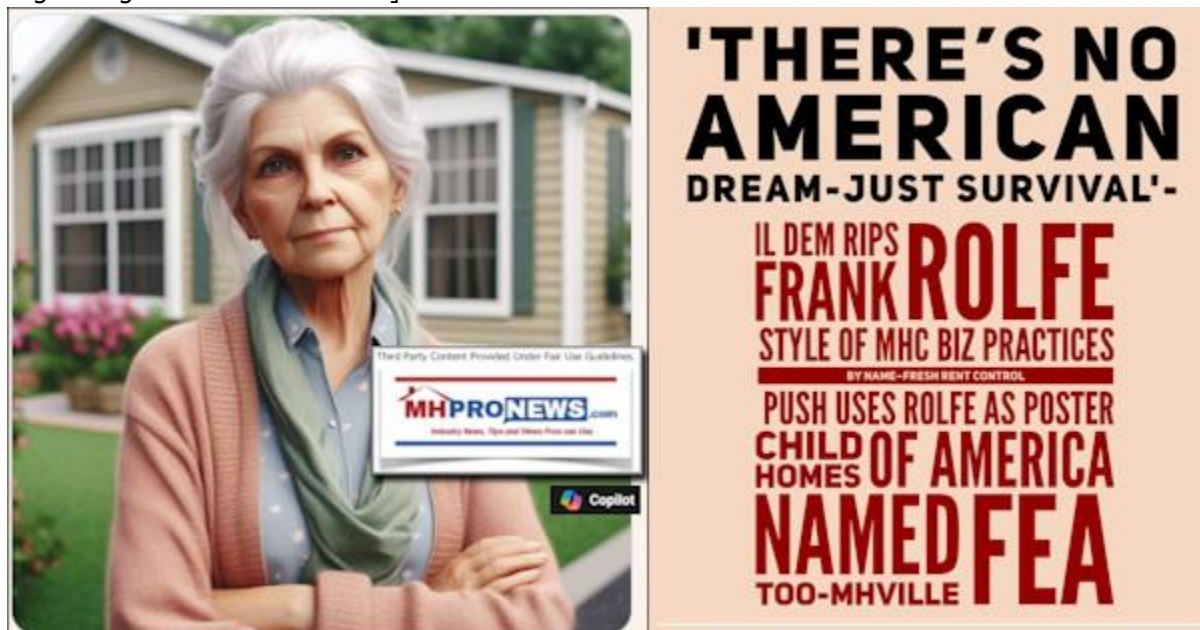
From the vantagepoint of current and potential residents of land-lease communities, there is also an evidence-based case to be made that the business model adopted by numbers of MHI 'insiders' is harmful to their interests. Harm to consumers in turn has ripple effects to producers and retailers of HUD Code manufactured homes.

[caption id="attachment\_206356" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/private-equity-stakeholder-project-pesp-manufactured-home-communities-tracker-update-impact-communities-w-frank-rolfe-dave-reynolds-mhpfunds-green-courte-rhp-yes-more-pe-mhcs-list-mhmarkets/>

[caption id="attachment\_212317" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/theres-no-american-dream-just-survival-il-dem-rips-frank-rolfe-style-of-mhc-biz-practices-by-name-fresh-rent-control-push-uses-rolfe-as-poster-child-of-america-named-fea-too-mhville>



[rolfe-style-of-mhc-biz-practices-by-name-fresh-rent-control-push-uses-rolfe-as-poster-child-homes-of-america-named-too-mh/](#)[/caption]

After all, it was prior MHI President and CEO Chris Stinebert that said what at the time seemed to be common sense. Now, it may appear to some to be whimsical or even naive given what numbers of resident advocacy groups have called the "[predatory](#)" behavior of several MHI members.

[caption id="attachment\_167010" align="aligncenter" width="616"]



**"...keeping them [home buyers of manufactured homes] happy after the sale. This means insuring the homeowner builds equity and wealth in their home. And finally, this means providing for stable, viable resale market for when it is time to sell the home. Once the industry delivers this value, the rest will fall into place naturally."**

- Chris Stinebert, while still  
Manufactured Housing Institute (MHI) president.



**Chris Stinebert made a common-sense argument. It is obvious that consumers should be treated properly and in a manner that makes them happy, secure, and makes them want to praise the industry instead of voicing concerns about several industry players that apparently happen to routinely be Manufactured Housing Institute (MHI) members. Stinebert's points should be implemented by all MHI members, so why are several not doing so?**

<https://www.manufacturedhomelivingnews.com/former-manufactured-housing-institute-president-manufactured-home-owners-urban-institute-and-you/>[/caption]

As Bing's artificial intelligence (AI) powered Copilot said yesterday, MHI and their allied bloggers and trade media can't, won't, or don't explore or respond to such evidence or concerns. Copilot offered to

create this illustration below (that obviously, *MHProNews* accepted) to help clarify some of the dynamics that help explain why manufactured housing is underperforming in the 21st century.

[caption id="attachment\_215964" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/have-1-million-illegal-immigrants-self-deported-dhs-renews-1000-offer-with-more-benefits-to-those-who-self-deport-via-cpb-home-ap-release-reports-pros-cons-and-housing-insights-mhville-fea/>[/caption]

With the headline and those foundational insights in mind consider the following about and from NAHB, Clayton Homes (BRK), Champion Homes (SKY), Cavco Industries (CVCO), and MHI. The following are provided [under fair use guidelines](#) for [media](#).



What's arguably missing or misleading in what follows from NAHB linked sources will be considered in Part IV. But in fairness their words are being provided as they published them.

**Part I - Per [ProBuilder.com](https://www.probuilder.com), the official publication of the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB)**

**Off-Site Construction**

**The Case for Manufactured Homes as an Affordable Housing Solution**

Manufactured housing can be a good option for homebuyers who can't afford a traditional home. But negative perceptions and outdated regulations often prevent these types of communities from getting off the ground

June 12, 2025

Manufactured housing communities can help more Americans become homeowners, but negative perceptions often keep these projects from getting off the ground.

Manufactured home communities are the largest source of attainable housing in the U.S., serving millions of people, yet they're often misunderstood and undervalued. Currently, over half of U.S. households are unable to afford a \$300,000 home, and manufactured housing could be the key to rolling out more affordable options at a faster rate, according to [Multi-Housing News](#).

Built offsite, manufactured housing communities often come with lower costs. In addition to their relative affordability, manufactured homes can provide residents with a true neighborhood feel, private yards, and more personal space when built correctly. But despite these benefits, manufactured homes often face a number of challenges, including negative public perceptions and outdated zoning regulations in some parts of the U.S.

*One of manufactured housing's greatest challenges is supply. While demand for affordable housing continues to rise, the development of new MHCs remains hindered by restrictive local zoning codes. These regulations are frequently rooted in the mistaken belief that MHCs lower surrounding property values or pose safety concerns, despite evidence to the contrary. In key regions across the U.S., particularly in the Southeast, supply remains limited despite growing demand.*

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MHPProNews Notes that on the same page that article was posted was a link to the following. In the above and below photos have been omitted. The typo below is in "Development" below is in the original.

**Part II - Per [ProBuilder.com](https://www.probuilder.com), the official publication of the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB)**

**Prefab + Panelized**

## Manufactured Homes as an Affordable Housing Solution

While housing costs have increased across the board, manufactured homes remain a more cost-effective solution

April 8, 2025

2 min read

Manufactured homes offer a more affordable entryway to homeownership.

Manufactured homes make up an important piece of the U.S. housing market, especially for rural and low-income households seeking a more affordable alternative to traditional homes. According to the National Association of Home Builders' Eye On Housing blog, there are currently 7.2 million occupied manufactured homes in the U.S., accounting for 5.4% of all housing.

Unlike mobile homes or trailers, manufactured homes are factory-built to meet the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) standards and must meet specific size and construction criteria. One of the main benefits of manufactured homes, however, is their cost. As of most recent data in 2023, manufactured homes cost about \$86.62 per square foot, compared with \$165.94 for site-built homes—saving homeowners nearly \$119,000 for a typical 1,500-square-foot home. Despite rising costs, manufactured homes have remained the more affordable choice in both their purchase price and monthly expenses. However, many owners of manufactured homes still struggle financially. Over one-third of manufactured home owners are cost-burdened, spending at least 30% of their income on housing, a higher rate than those in other housing types.

*Manufactured homes provide a cost-effective housing solution, particularly in rural areas where the transportation and material costs for site-built homes can be significantly higher. However, restrictive zoning laws often limit their placement in urban areas. Regulations such as bans on manufactured home communities and large lot size requirements can substantially increase costs, making it difficult to establish manufactured housing in cities. Reducing these zoning barriers could not only expand affordable housing options in high-cost urban areas but also improve access to essential services such as healthcare and economic opportunities for lower-income communities. [Read more](#)*

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*MHProNews* notes that that article's "Read More" links to the following from the NAHB "Eye on Housing" article that is posted below in Part III. Note in what follows the mix of what might be considered as faint praise from the NAHB with apparent digs against manufactured housing.

### Part III - From the NAHB "[Eye on Housing](#)"

- [Other Housing Data](#)

### Manufactured Homes: An Alternative Means of Housing Supply

[Catherine Koh April 3, 2025](#)

Manufactured homes play a measurable role in the U.S. housing market by providing an affordable supply option for millions of households. According to the [American Housing Survey \(AHS\)](#), there are 7.2 million occupied manufactured homes in the U.S., representing 5.4% of total occupied housing and a source of affordable housing, in particular, for rural and lower income households.

Often thought of as synonymous to “mobile homes” or “trailers”, manufactured homes are a specific type of factory-built housing that adheres to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development’s (HUD’s) Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards code. To qualify, a manufactured home must be a “[movable dwelling, 8 feet or more wide and 40 feet or more long](#)”, constructed on a permanent chassis.

The East South Central division (Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi and Tennessee) have the highest concentration of manufactured homes, representing 9.3% of total occupied housing. The Mountain region follows with 8.5%, while the South Atlantic region holds 7.7%.

The 1990s saw a surge in manufactured home shipments, peaking in 1998. During this period, manufactured homes constituted 17% to 24% of new single-family homes<sup>1</sup>. However, shipments declined in the early 2000s, coinciding with a rapid increase in site-built housing construction leading up to the 2008 housing crisis. Since then, manufactured homes have stabilized at around 9% to 10% of new housing.

### **Characteristics of the 2023 Manufactured Home Stock**

Given that most manufactured homes were produced in the 1990s, a significant portion of the existing manufactured home stock — approximately 72.2% — was built before 2000. Consequently, 7.7% of these homes are classified as inadequate compared to [5% of all homes nationwide](#). About 2% are considered severely inadequate and exhibit “major deficiencies, such as exposed wiring, lack of electricity, missing hot or cold running water, or the absence of heating or cooling systems”. However, with proper maintenance, manufactured homes can be as durable as site-built homes.

Currently, 57% of the occupied manufactured homes stock are single-section units, while 43% are multi-sections, according to the AHS. Single-section homes are manufactured homes that can be transported from factory to placement in a single piece while multi-sections are transported in multiple pieces and are joined on site. However, data from the Census show that newer shipments indicate a shift toward multi-section homes.

Most single-section homes are less than 1,000 square feet and contain five total rooms in the house — typically two bedrooms and three bathrooms. In contrast, multi-section homes usually range from 1,000 to 2,000 square feet and have six rooms, comprising three bedrooms and three bathrooms.

### **Demographics of Manufactured Homes Residents**

Manufactured homes serve as a crucial housing option, particularly for those living in rural or non-metro areas. AHS data highlight a stark contrast between the locations of single-family and manufactured home residents. While most manufactured home residents (53%) live in rural areas, single-family residents are mostly concentrated (67%) in urbanized areas — defined as territories with a population of 50,000 or more. In comparison, only 33% of manufactured home residents reside in urbanized areas. Residents of both manufactured and single-family homes are less common in urban clusters — areas with populations between 2,500 and 50,000 — comprising just 13% and 9%, respectively.



The median age of a manufactured home householder is 55, the same as single-family householders. However, most manufactured home householders (37.8%) have an education attainment level of high school completion compared to single-family householders whose largest group (24.8%) have completed a bachelor’s degree.

Income disparities are also significant. The median household income for manufactured home residents is \$40,000, far below the \$85,000 median income for single-family householders. The gap widens among homeowners, with manufactured homeowners earning a median of \$41,500 versus \$93,000 for single-family homeowners.

Household Characteristic	Manufactured Homes Household	Single-Family Household
Age (Median)	55	55
Majority Education Attainment Level	High school or equivalency (37.8%)	Bachelor’s degree or higher (24.8%)
Annual Household Income (Median)	\$40,000	\$85,000
Annual Household Income of Homeowners (Median)	\$41,500	\$93,000

Sources: 2023 American Housing Survey (AHS) and NAHB analysis.

**Cost of Buying and Owning Manufactured Homes**

One of the key advantages of manufactured homes is affordability. The average cost per square foot for a new manufactured home in 2023 was \$86.62, compared to \$165.94 for a site-built home (excluding land costs) — a difference of \$79.32 per square foot. This difference in cost has only grown over the decade from \$51.84 per square foot in 2014. For a 1,500-square-foot home, this translates to a savings of approximately \$118,980, and this savings has grown despite the average cost of manufactured homes increasing at a higher growth rate of 7.4% CAGR<sup>2</sup> versus 6.1% CAGR for new single-family homes.

Owning a manufactured home is also more affordable in total housing cost, which includes mortgage payments, insurance, taxes, utilities and lot rent. According to the AHS, owners of a single-section manufactured home have a median total monthly housing cost of \$563, while the cost for a multi-section home is \$805. In contrast, the median monthly cost of owning a single-family home is \$1,410.

Despite the lower costs associated with manufactured homes, affordability remains a challenge for many owners. Among single-section manufactured homeowners, 36.6% are considered cost-burdened, meaning they spend 30% or more of their income on housing. This is slightly higher than the 28.4% of multi-section manufactured homeowners and the 27.6% of single-family homeowners facing similar financial strain. This disparity underscores the reality that even though manufactured homes are a more affordable option, lower-income households are still disproportionately burdened by housing costs.

**Manufactured Home Pricing**

Data on manufactured home appreciation is limited. However, the [Federal Housing Finance Agency \(FHFA\)](#) publishes a quarterly house price index for manufactured homes. Comparing the indices for

manufactured and site-built homes, manufactured homes have closely followed the appreciation trends of their site-built counterparts. Between the first quarter of 2000 and the last quarter of 2024, the index value for manufactured homes increased by a cumulative 203.7%, slightly surpassing the 200.2% increase for site-built homes. This indicates that the manufactured home markets face much of the same demand opportunities and supply challenges of the broader housing market.

It is important to note that this data reflects only manufactured homes financed through conventional mortgages as real property, acquired by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac (the Enterprises). In contrast, the majority of new manufactured homes are [titled as personal property](#), which is not eligible for conventional mortgage financing because the Enterprises do not acquire chattel loans. Nonetheless, it is common for manufactured homes to be placed on private land even though the unit is under a personal property title — a title that applies to [movable assets](#), such as vehicles, tools or equipment, and furniture, whereas a real estate property title includes land and any structures permanently attached to it.

Despite this distinction, there has been a steady increase in the share of manufactured homes titled as real estate. Since 2014, the percentage of real estate-titled manufactured homes has grown from 13% to 20% in 2023, indicating a positive trend toward greater financial recognition and stability for these homes.

### **Zoning Restrictions and the Future of Manufactured Homes**

Manufactured homes provide a cost-effective housing solution, particularly in rural areas where the transportation and material costs for site-built homes can be significantly higher. However, restrictive zoning laws often limit their placement in urban areas. Regulations such as [bans on manufactured home communities](#) and [large lot size requirements](#) can substantially increase costs, making it difficult to establish manufactured housing in cities. Reducing these zoning barriers could not only expand affordable housing options in high-cost urban areas but also improve access to essential services such as healthcare and economic opportunities for lower-income communities.

A [successful example of zoning reform](#) comes from Jackson, Mississippi, where city officials partnered with the Mississippi Manufactured Housing Association (MMHA) to launch a pilot program highlighting the potential of prefabricated and manufactured homes as affordable housing solutions. As part of the initiative, the city revised its zoning regulations to distinguish manufactured and modular housing from pre-1976 “mobile homes,” which had long been banned. Previously, manufactured homes were classified under the same category, restricting their placement. The new ordinance now permits manufactured housing within city limits, albeit with a discretionary use permit, paving the way for greater affordability and accessibility in urban housing.

### **Conclusion**

Manufactured homes make up only 5% of the total housing stock but provide an alternative form of housing that meets the needs of various households, particularly in rural areas. Although they offer a lower-cost option compared with site-built homes, factors such as an aging housing stock, financing limitations and zoning restrictions could influence their accessibility and long-term viability.

Trends such as the increasing prevalence of multi-section homes and a growing share of units titled as real estate suggest a gradual shift in consumer preferences toward housing options that more closely resemble site-built homes in size, functionality and financing. As housing affordability remains a key concern, manufactured homes continue to play a role as an affordable supply in the broader housing

landscape, and expanding their use through education, innovation and [zoning reform](#) could improve access to cost-effective housing.

Footnotes:

1. Calculated as the share of total single-family housing starts and total new manufactured home shipments.
2. Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) is the annualized average rate of growth over a period of time.

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#### **Part IV - What MHI's Big Three Arguably Ought to Routinely Reveal or Disclose to Investors and MHVille Professionals - More [FEA](#) and Commentary.**

*1) MHPNews* notes that much of what the NAHB said in the items posted above appear to be fine or may even sound complimentary from the vantagepoint of someone lightly pursuing those items. That said, it must be kept in mind what NAHB said in that regulatory comments letter cited in the preface. The highlighting in what follows is added by MHPNews for emphasis.

**"While NAHB applauds the Trump Administration's initiative to modernize regulations to reduce unnecessary and duplicative barriers to the construction of affordable housing, we remain critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted competitive advantage and risks the health and safety of the occupants."**

That's the NAHB in their own words (see that letter [linked here](#)). Other pull quotes from that [formal NAHB regulatory letter](#) are as follows. The reference to the Department means HUD.

...the Department should refrain from making any changes that would result in furthering the divide between the code requirements for manufactured homes and those that apply to homes that are stick-built or built using engineered building systems.

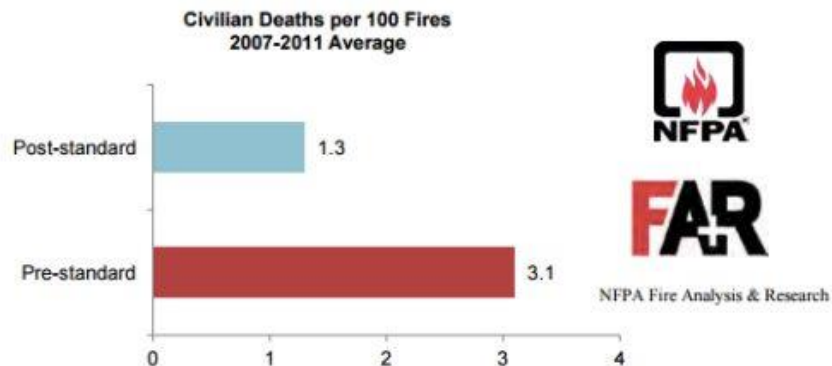
This is also from that [NAHB comments letter](#).

**NAHB is concerned that the use of a standard HUD code and elimination of the AC process for manufactured housing that utilizes design elements of site-built homes could affect the health and safety of the manufactured housing occupants.**

These sorts of remarks can best be seen as thinly veiled fear tactics. First, HUD Code manufactured homes have a fire safety record that mirrors or may be better than conventional site built housing. Who says? The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) report that included this illustration.



Compared to pre-HUD-standard manufactured homes (built before 1976), post-standard homes had a 57% lower rates of civilian deaths per 100 fires in 2007-2011.





Next, is the NAHB seriously suggesting that HUD (or manufactured home builders) would utilize a construction method that risks lives and thus would open up a firm to tremendous liability? The claim is clearly exaggerated if not absurd on its face. But there is more.

**Expanding the use of manufactured housing, which does not have to meet most state and local building codes, would result in an unfair competitive disadvantage for other sectors of the home building industry.**

Simply put, NAHB clearly fears the potential of manufactured housing would "would result in an unfair competitive disadvantage" for conventional site builders. There is no mention there of the subsidies that site builders get which their own zoning expert Nicholas Julian in a later report linked below clearly stated is essential to keep conventional housing from becoming "untenable."

[caption id="attachment\_207736" align="aligncenter" width="600"]





NAHB National Association of Home Builders

Nicholas Julian, CAPM  
Senior Program Manager, Land Use at National Association of Home Builders  
Washington, District of Columbia, United States

Third Party Images Shown Under Fair Use Guidelines  
MHPRONews.com  
Industry News, Tips and More from our Site

**National Association of Home Builders (NAHB) 'How Zoning Regulations Affect Affordable Housing' 'Without Subsidies Developing and Building Untenable' Hits-Misses re: Manufactured Housing FEA**

<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/national-association-of-home-builders-nahb-how-zoning-regulations-affect-affordable-housing-without-subsidies-developing-and-building-untenable-hits-misses-re-ma/>

It should be recalled that James A. "Jim" Schmitz Jr. and his often-Federal Reserve System linked colleagues pointed out that NAHB and HUD have been 'sabotaging' manufactured housing since its inception in the early to mid-1970s. Schmitz et al used as an example of the removable chassis that he said the NAHB has long formally opposed. Schmitz and his colleagues also pointed to the benefits conventional builders get in the form of subsidies.

[caption id="attachment\_208281" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



**Elena Falcettoni**

Senior Economist

Ph.D., Economics,  
Univ of Minnesota



**James A. Schmitz, Jr.**  
Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis

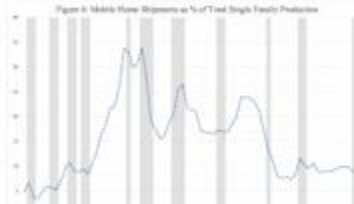


Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis  
**Mark L. J. Wright | St. Louis Fed**

Mass Production of Houses in Factories in the United States:  
The First and Only "Experiment" Was a Tremendous Success\*

**Mass Production of Homes in U.S. Factories 'First and Only Experiment Was Tremendous Success' by Elena Falcettoni-James A. Schmitz Jr-Mark L. J. Wright;**

**PLUS**  
**SUNDAY**  
**WEEKLY**  
**MHVILLE**  
HEADLINES RECAP



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/mass-production-of-homes-in-u-s-factories-first-and-only-experiment-was-tremendous-success-by-elena-falcettoni-james-a-schmitz-jr-mark-l-j-wright-plus-sunday-weekly-mhville-head/>[/caption][caption id="attachment\_179300" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomelivingnews.com/monopolies-inflict-harm-in-many-ways-merger-guidelines-are-a-free-pass-historic-lessons-in-sabotaging-monopoly-economics-in-doj-ftc-guidelines-by/>  
[/caption]

To their point, consider this from that same [NAHB regulatory comments letter](#).

Furthermore, while NAHB appreciates that this proposed rule will only apply to manufactured homes that remain on a permanent chassis, in the event that the chassis of a manufactured housing unit is removed, NAHB urges the HUD to require that unit to meet all state and local building codes, including higher energy standards, required for conventionally built housing.

Note that the Eye on Housing NAHB article shown in Part III said this in part.

**"However, with proper maintenance, manufactured homes can be as durable as site-built homes."**

In the sentence before the above, that same post claimed this.

About 2% are considered severely inadequate and exhibit "major deficiencies, such as exposed wiring, lack of electricity, missing hot or cold running water, or the absence of heating or cooling systems".

The implication or possible takeaway from some readers would be that manufactured homes have "major deficiencies" as if those are a result of the design or construction process, instead of those potentially being the result of failure to properly maintain. But failure to maintain a conventional house can also result in "major deficiencies." It is an apparently misleading statement that for some casual readers not familiar with the fact that the HUD Code is a performance code and that the home must perform in a dynamically similar fashion as a site-built house. NAHB has from the outset of the genesis of HUD Code manufactured housing, per Schmitz and others, attempted to thwart manufactured housing because the pre-HUD Code mobile home industry was threatening conventional building. Note in the graphic below that in the early 1970s, manufactured homes topped 500,000 new homes a year and were approaching the 600,000 units per year production levels. Per that same graphic below, nearly 1 out of 3 single family homes being built during that period were pre-HUD Code mobile homes. In recent years, that market



share for HUD Code manufactured housing hovers around 9 to 11 percent of all U.S. single-family housing starts.

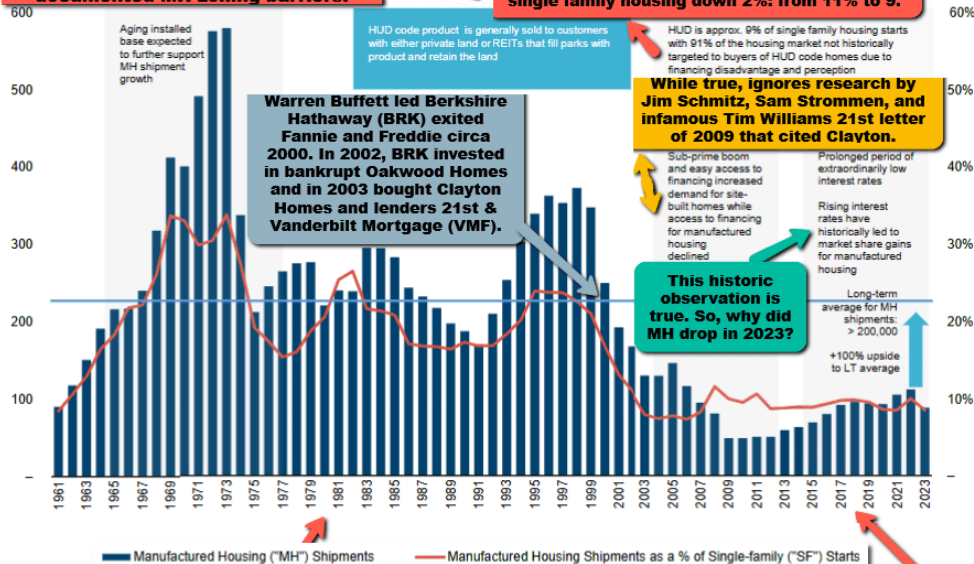
[caption id="attachment\_209244" align="aligncenter" width="603"]

## HUD Industry Overview

**The Manufactured Housing Industry (HUD Product) has Significant Upside as Financing Returns**

**While true, this remark ignores well documented MH zoning barriers.**

**Based on May 2023 SKY IR pitch, MH share of single family housing down 2%: from 11% to 9.**

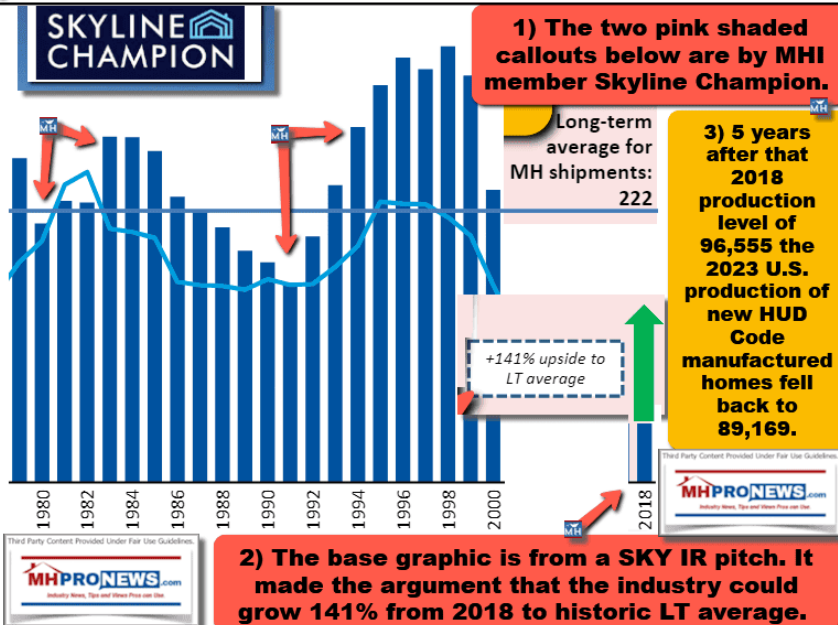


**Per fellow MHI member Cavco Industries (CVCO) 12.2023 IR pitch deck: "188K Average annual home shipments since HUD Code adoption in [6.15] 1976"**

**The lack of reference by SKY to the Manufactured Housing Improvement Act (a.k.a.: MHIA, 2000 Reform Law, 2000 Reform Act) raises concerns about Champion's corporate and similarly MHI's fiduciary responsibilities due to apparently missing material facts.**

**Champion reportedly has over '\$500 million in free cash.' They have multiple idled plants. They claim they want to grow organically and via acquisitions.**

**Why aren't they using their legal and financial resources to sue to get the 2000 Reform Law enforced? Especially post Loper Bright decision, the odds for success and increased opportunities for sales are per MHARR better.**



**ADU production in CA soared after statewide preemption kicked in. Similarly, if federal preemption under the 2000 Reform Law were enforced by HUD routinely manufactured housing production could soar nationally. That would ease affordable housing crisis. Enforcement could save tax dollars over time.**

*MHProNews Note: depending on your browser or device, many images in this report can be clicked to expand. For example, in some browsers/devices you click the image and select 'open in a new window.' After clicking that selection, you click the image in the open window to expand the image to a larger size. To return to this page, use your back key, escape or follow the prompts. [/caption]*

According to [RebuildingTogether.org](https://rebuildingtogether.org).

**"...rising costs and growth in the number of occupied housing units increased the estimated cost of addressing physical housing deficiencies nationwide to \$149.3 billion in 2022, an 18 percent nominal increase from the 2018 estimate." The report goes on to state that these repair needs were concentrated among lower-income households, which accounted for an estimated \$57.1 billion of that total.**

What the above from [RebuildingTogether.org](https://rebuildingtogether.org) clearly reveals is that there are far more conventional housing units that have "physical housing deficiencies" than there are manufactured homes that have such needs for repairs. The NAHB's remarks in Part III that numbers of manufactured homeowners are cost-burdened helps explain why some repairs (no matter how useful or even possibly desired by its owners) have repairs deferred due to costs.

Put differently, it is not just manufactured homes, but all forms of housing that have sizable numbers of units that need repairs that owners can't, won't, or don't address. That's not a flaw in manufactured housing. That's apparently an economic or educational dynamic that applies to both factory-built homes as well as conventional site-built housing.

2) That said, remarks like those in that NAHB regulatory comments letter Keep in mind that HUD said last year that it took 30 years to get certain updates for manufactured housing. That is due in part to the opposition from conventional housing as exemplified in that [NAHB regulatory comments letter](#).

[caption id="attachment\_206034" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/masthead/hud-admits-decades-of-delay-as-election->



[\*approach-manufactured-housing-association-for-regulatory-reform-mharr-say-hud-took-10yrs-to-ok-multi-family-manufactured-homes-after-they-raised-issue\*](#)[/caption]

Which those pull quotes beg the question. Given the fact that they are clearly attempting to slow progress for manufactured housing, why is [MHI 'partnering' with NAHB](#) in the first place?

Hold that question in mind.

3) Stating the obvious can bring clarity. MHI is made up in large part by member firms. Clayton Homes is an MHI member. But Clayton Homes is also an apparent member of the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB). One might wonder, **why would Clayton Homes tolerate the kind of remarks about HUD Code manufactured housing that were expressed in that [NAHB regulatory comments letter](#)**? Hold that thought and keep it in mind for what follows in Part IV #3 and #4 below.

[caption id="attachment\_215938" align="aligncenter" width="604"]

nahb.org/blog/2024/10/nahb-members-take-home-top-epa-awards

## NAHB Members Take Home Top EPA and DOE Awards

This post has been updated.

During the [Energy and Environmental Building Alliance \(EEBA\) High Performance Home Summit](#) in Salt Lake City, Utah, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) announced the winners of the [Indoor AirPLUS Leader Awards](#) and the Department of Energy (DOE) announced the winners of the [Zero Energy Ready Home \(ZERH\) Housing Innovation Awards](#).

The EPA's Indoor AirPLUS Leader Awards recognize market-leading Indoor airPLUS partners who design and promote safer, healthier, and more comfortable indoor environments by offering enhanced indoor air quality protections for new home buyers. The ZERH Housing Innovation Awards, managed by DOE, honor the best in innovation on the path to zero energy ready homes by recognizing forward-thinking builders delivering homebuyers with a better homeowner experience.

Presentations of the awards took place earlier this month and NAHB members dominated both.

NAHB members receiving Indoor AirPLUS Leader Awards:

- [Beazer Homes](#), National
- [Meritage Homes](#), National
- [Charis Homes](#), Ohio
- [Providence Homes](#), Florida
- [Thrive Homes](#), Colorado
- [Tri Pointe Homes](#), Arizona
- [EnergyLogic Inc.](#), Colorado
- [Steven Winter Associates](#), Connecticut

NAHB members honored with a Housing Innovation Award:

- [Addison Homes](#)
- [Beazer Homes](#)
- [Charis Homes](#)
- [Clifton View Homes and Zero Energy Home Plans](#)
- [Deltec Homes](#)
- [Howard Building Science](#)
- [Insight Homes](#)
- [K. Hovnanian Phoenix Division](#)
- [Noyes Development](#)
- [Powerhouse Designs and TC Legend Homes](#)
- [Providence Homes](#)
- [Red Tree Builders](#)
- [Thrive Home Builders](#)
- [Woodside Homes](#)
- [Clayton Homes](#)

Sustainability and Green Building

Published Oct 21, 2024

Share:

5:26 PM 6/16/2025

**According to this post on the NAHB website on the date and time as shown, Clayton Homes is a member of the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB).**

MHProNews.com

MHProNews Note: depending on your browser or device, many images in this report and others on MHProNews can be clicked to expand. Click the image and follow the prompts. For example, in some browsers/devices you click the image and select 'open in a new window.' After clicking that selection you

*click the image in the open window to expand the image to a larger size. To return to this page, use your back key, escape or follow the prompts. [/caption]*

4) Apparently, Champion Homes (SKY- previously known as Skyline Champion) is also an NAHB member.

Mar 16, 2021 — The **National Association of Home Builders** has recognized **Skyline Champion** as an industry leader with two **Building Systems Councils (BSC)** ...

From the then Skyline Champion Press release via Berkshire Hathaway (BRK) owned *Business Wire*.

### **Skyline Champion Corporation Honored by the National Association of Home Builders for its Excellence in Offsite Construction Designs**

...

**ABOUT:** Skyline Champion Corporation (NYSE:SKY) is the largest independent, publicly traded, factory-built housing company in North America and employs more than 7,000 people. With almost 70 years of homebuilding experience and 40 manufacturing facilities throughout the United States and western Canada, Skyline Champion is well positioned with a leading portfolio of manufactured and modular homes, ADUs, park models, and modular buildings for the single-family, multi-family, hospitality, senior and workforce housing sectors.

...

**ABOUT THE BSC:** The Building Systems Councils of the National Association of Home Builders is made up of manufacturer, builder, and associate members who advocate building with concrete, log, timber, modular, or panelized systems. Systems-built homes are constructed to the same code standards and reflect the same, and often enhanced, quality levels as any site-built construction.

**ABOUT NAHB:** The National Association of Home Builders is a Washington-based trade association representing more than 140,000 members involved in home building, remodeling, multifamily construction, property management, subcontracting, design, housing finance, building product manufacturing and other aspects of residential and light commercial construction. NAHB is affiliated with 700 state and local home builders associations around the country. NAHB's builder members will construct about 80 percent of the new housing units projected for this year.

Note that while then Skyline Champion (SKY) provided information about the NAHB and the BSC, which they are apparent members of the NAHB (association's do not typically give awards to non-members), the firm DID NOT mention their membership or connection to the Manufactured Housing Institute (MHI). But [Champion Homes \(SKY\)](#), like [Clayton Homes \(BRK\)](#) or [Cavco Industries \(CVCO\)](#), they are [MHI members](#).

5) From the Cavco website as shown is the following that documents their membership in the NAHB.

Cavco - Martinsville modular home designs span the marketplace spectrum, from affordable single-family and multi-family housing to high-end luxury homes. **Cavco - Martinsville is a member of the Building Systems Councils** of the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB).

**About Nationwide Homes | Modern Modular Home ... - Cavco**



Cavco Homes

<https://www.cavco.com> > nationwide > about

6) For clarity, with respect to the above, *MHProNews* is providing facts and evidence. What that may or may not mean (i.e.: expert [analysis](#)) will follow later below.

7) Let's step back and look at some history for MHI member firms and MHI's coverage of them. As *MHProNews* and/or our *MHLivingNews* sister site have repeatedly shown over the years, there has long been 'residential' style HUD Code manufactured homes that may appear to be a site-built house to a drive-by typical American of almost any non-housing background. The first photo below is from [New Durham Estates](#) in Indiana. Years before the MHI trademarked [CrossMod](#)® became a thing for MHI and its big three, those HUD Code manufactured homes were in some cases being 'ground set,' had an attached garage, and boasted a more residential style roof pitch among other 'residential' features. Note too that [CrossMods](#) may not have a roof pitch much (or any) different than the homes shown. See the photo (or full report) below the New Durham photo, which is a picture of a CrossMod. Which would you rather have for looks? The home in New Durham, or the CrossMod shown below it?

[caption id="attachment\_118035" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



*Still from a video captured at New Durham Estates, IN.*[/caption]



[caption id="attachment\_171901" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/masthead/texas-real-estate-center-its-real-crossmods-manufactured-housing-institute-mhi-finance-comments-texas-manufactured-housing-association-tmha-news-analysis/>[/caption]

8) Ron Thomas Sr. and his son that bears his name operated a manufactured home retail center and land-lease community for years. Among their boasting points were several HUD Code manufactured homes on a residential street near their location. They were difficult to distinguish from their neighboring 'site built' homes. Another example involving Thomas Sr. (left) was this photo below with the now late Dennis Hill (right) outside of the RV MH Hall of Fame. That home also predates the Clayton-Champion-Cavco backed and MHI branded [CrossMod](#).®



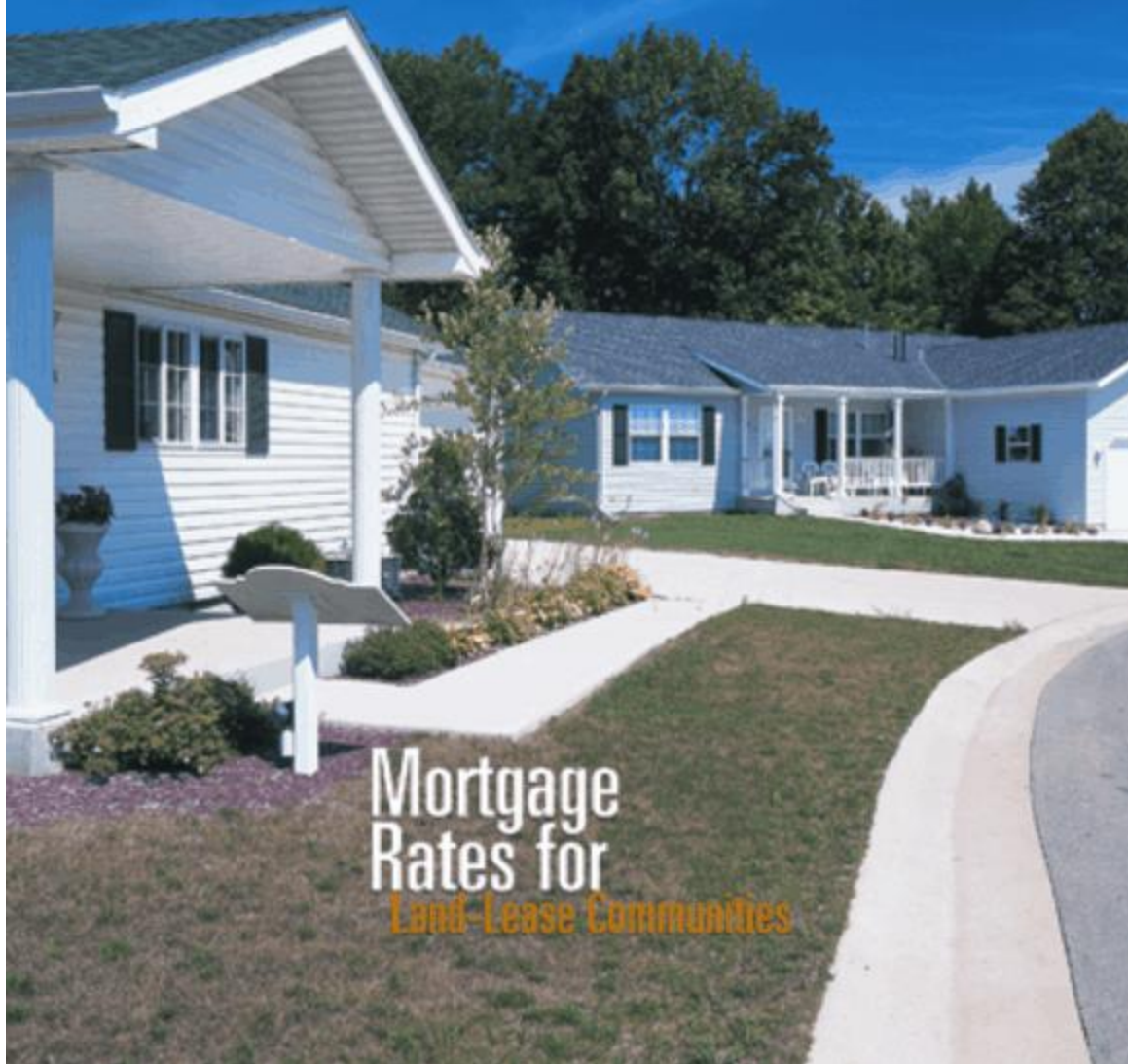
9) Another blast from the past that was featured by MHI in the Modern Homes (years before the [CrossMod®](#) was announced) is the following. Note that photo is their September/October 2001 edition. Note too the statement below the photo: "**Mortgage Rates for Land Lease Communities.**" That's another topic covered by MHPProNews that has been downplayed or ignored by others in the MHI-orbit and is better suited to a different follow up. But let's ask for now, **why did MHI drop that initiative?** Did dropping that pilot program (which sources have told MHPProNews appeared to be successful at that time) benefit [Clayton-linked 21st Mortgage Corporation](#) and Vanderbilt Mortgage and Finance?

INTEGRITY IN LENDING ■ BUILDING ON THE PAST

# MODERN HOMES

SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER 2001

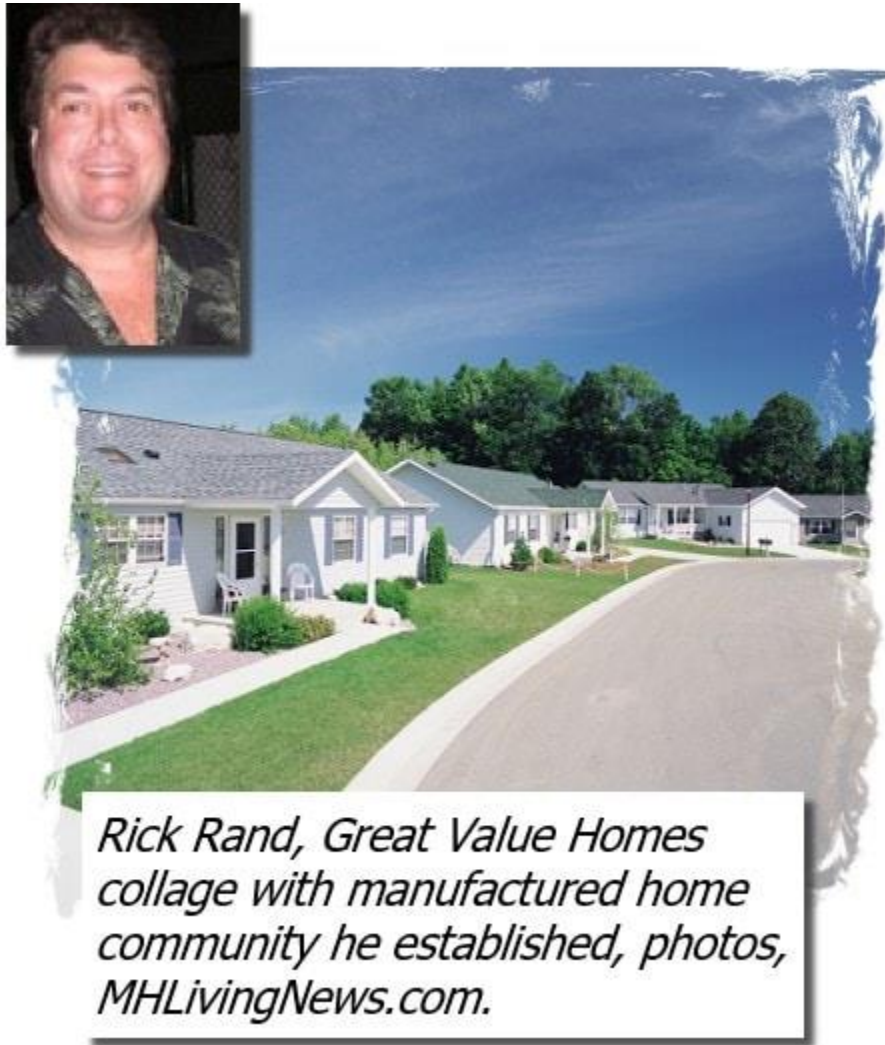
THE VOICE OF THE MANUFACTURED HOUSING INDUSTRY



Mortgage  
Rates for  
Land-Lease Communities



Back to the headline related topics. From previous reporting, it is known that the photo above is from Germantown, WI. It was a land-lease community that involved longtime MHI and WHA member Rick Rand. Note that the photo below might have been a better choice for the cover of MHI's publication, even though both include two of the same homes near the curve.



10) With that backdrop, let's dash back to the opening paragraph. Per that NAHB regulatory comments letter [linked here](#):

**"While NAHB applauds the Trump Administration's initiative to modernize regulations to reduce unnecessary and duplicative barriers to the construction of affordable housing, we**



remain critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted competitive advantage and risks the health and safety of the occupants."

11) That was 2020. Since then, MHI has 'partnered' with NAHB numerous times, including in the instance detailed in the report linked below. Note in the third line of logos is MHI on the left (of [course](#)) and NAHB on the right.

[caption id="attachment\_201252" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/masthead/cats-out-manufactured-housing-institute-housing-coalition-letter-to-congress-fact-check-analysis-reveals-what-mhi-nar-nahb-mba-others-did-didnt-request-ai-affordable-housing-surprises-await/>

12) Beyond what *MHProNews* has revealed in that NAHB regulatory comments letter [linked here](#), there are multiple reports that include James Schmitz Jr. and several of his Federal Reserve System linked colleagues. Many if not all of their detailed research reports clearly make the evidence-based statement that NAHB and HUD have colluded to "sabotage" manufactured housing as part of a "sabotaging monopoly" tactic.

[caption id="attachment\_212150" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/minneapolis-fed-economic-writer-jeff-horwich-learning-from-first-and-only-manufactured-housing-boom-spotlights-elena-falcettoni+mark-wrightjames-schmitz-jr-research-where/>[/caption]

[caption id="attachment\_169622" align="aligncenter" width="603"]



**“Monopolies [oligopolies] are difficult to detect...they form power relationships of infinite complexity that are hard to untangle...” ~ “Sabotaging Monopolies” researchers.**

<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/sabotaging-monopolies-minneapolis-fed-researchers-charge-hud-collusion-w-builders-to-sabotage-manufactured-housing-independents-created-u-s-housing-crisis/>[/caption]

[caption id="attachment\_167537" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/monopolies-silent-spreaders-of-poverty-and-economic-inequality-insights-from-henry-simons-thurman-arnold-applied-by-schmitz-and-fettig-to-hud-manufactured-housing-economic-inequality-and-poverty/>[/caption]

13) It is well known that MHI has multiple staffers that monitor *MHProNews/MHLivingNews* and have for years. Besides multiple tips to that effect, there is the published remarks of MHI outside attorney David Goch. MHI monitors others to see if they are "disparaging" that trade group. Perhaps their silence in the face of years of reports like this one is a tacit admission that *MHProNews* has never disparaged them and has clearly addressed what the evidence revealed? So, there are [years of evidence](#) that [MHI is well aware of](#) our reporting and manufactured housing expert editorial views.



[caption id="attachment\_172179" align="aligncenter" width="606"]



DAVID P. GOCH

Partner

#### AREAS OF PRACTICE

Antitrust

Charitable Registration Law

Corporate

Employment

Lobbying and Government Relations

Tax Law



**"MHI actively monitors and proactively addresses any attempts by third parties who wrongfully disparage the organization. Therefore, to the extent any third party communicates (orally, in writing, electronically) untrue, false, fabricated deleterious statements regarding MHI, the Institute is firmly committed to pursue every legal remedy available to preserve the reputation it has worked so hard to establish and maintain. This includes statements made from its membership as well..."**

~ David P. Goch, J.D. Partner -

Webster, Chamberlain and Bean LLP law firm

on behalf of the Manufactured Housing Institute

National Communities Council (MHI/NCC)

**MHProNews note:** Tim Williams, prior MHI Chairman and the president and CEO of Berkshire Hathaway owned 21<sup>st</sup> Mortgage Corp, made the point that there is a good case to be made that the industry should aggressively refute every Incorrect or false claim. Where is the evidence that MHI has done that? By contrast, Goch's statement makes it plain that MHI is **"actively monitoring"** those that disparage – MHI. By implication, apparently our years of fact checks, analysis, and commentary must not fit that concern. Ergo, our analysis stands publicly uncontested. If MHI want to debate their arguably poor performance, bring it on. **By contrast, why isn't MHI taking every legal remedy to get good laws enforce?** Isn't their hypocrisy ever more apparent in the light of the evidence?

*Goch is a paid mouthpiece for MHI. This pull quote from a letter from Goch is fascinating. On the one hand, Goch says that MHI is working for the interests of all and they want all points of view. But then, Goch threatens in writing a then MHI member who dared question the association. They cannot have it both ways. Part of the irony is that in hindsight, as the evidence mounts, it becomes obvious that MHI has postured efforts for some 20+ years, since the start of the Berkshire era of manufactured housing began. Coincidence? Or just part of a broader plan that has benefited a few at great cost and harm to the many? ICYMI, or need a reminder, this message quoted above was to another [SECO linked](https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/manufactured-housing-institute-mhi-outside-attorney-david-gochs-statement-to-angry-threatening-member-speaks-volumes-plus-sunday-weekly-mhville-headlines-in-review/) figure, Spencer Roane. <https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/manufactured-housing-institute-mhi-outside-attorney-david-gochs-statement-to-angry-threatening-member-speaks-volumes-plus-sunday-weekly-mhville-headlines-in-review/>[/caption]*

14) MHI went from demonstrably and publicly praising *MHProNews* to apparently attempting to marginalize and - if possible - put this publication under.



[caption id="attachment\_142590" align="aligncenter" width="607"]



From "Engaging the Media" Seminar, during an MHI Congress and Expo.

*That presentation was well received and repeated by Bob Stovall and Tony Kovach at other MHI linked state association events. Left to right on the top right photo is L. A. "Tony" Kovach, Mark Bowersox (currently MHI's president, then a state association director), Matthew Silver, and the now late Bob Stovall. There were other presentations by this writer for MHI events too. [caption]*



Dear Tony,

Thank you for organizing and participating in the workshop on Engaging the Media during the Congress+Expo. I know that preparing for this type of presentation takes a lot of time and hard work. The session reviews were very positive, so all the hard work paid off!

Thanks again for all of your contributions toward this year's Congress+Expo.

Ann

[caption id="attachment\_192263" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/the-great-mh-boycott-vs-the-illusion-of-motion-versus-and-real-world-challenges-manufactured-housing-industry-paradoxes-and-stumbling-blocks-plus-sunday-weekly-mhville-headlin/>[/caption]

15) Despite the "very positive" "reviews" of the "presentation" MHI has failed to do a key element of what that educational session was in part supposed to achieve. Namely, to get MHI itself to properly promote the manufactured housing industry.

[caption id="attachment\_138571" align="aligncenter" width="500"]



**"There are good arguments that we should respond to every story, refute every statistic, and make our case to the public. Certainly we can make the case that the PBS story was not fair and balanced reporting. Just one example is the interview with Dick Ernst. Dick spent several hours with PBS representing our industry as an official spokesman. The reporter had about one hour of taped interview with Dick and used only 45 seconds of that interview."**

– Tim Williams, President, and CEO  
of Chairman Warren Buffett's  
Berkshire Hathaway owned 21<sup>st</sup> Mortgage Corp.



*With all due respect*

*to Tim Williams and MHI leaders, can you spell disconnect? [Paltering](#)? Or [hypocrisy](#)? Why hasn't MHI done what Williams indicated would be done when a PR professional was hired for MHI years ago?*



*Hindsight with MHI is highly revealing. Especially when their words are contrasted with their deeds. For the context of Williams' remarks, see his remarks to MHPProNews linked here:*

<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/industryvoices/about-responding-to-pbs-newshours-bad-bargain-report-by-stephen-fee/>[/caption]

[caption id="attachment\_129543" align="aligncenter" width="575"]



***"MHPProNews.com and MHLivingNews.com are both good communications resources for the Manufactured Housing Industry. I and many others at 21st Mortgage and at MHI logon to see the latest news, interviews, debates, videos, opinions and reports they publish. Having a trade publisher that presents thoughtful, respectful commentary independent of any association's perspective – as important as an association's view can be – can be a big asset to advancing the MH Industry's cause. Let me explain why..." - Tim Williams, 21<sup>st</sup> Mortgage Corp, then MHI Chairman.***

*This is just one of several reasons that the powers that be in manufactured housing have a tactical challenge in dealing with MHPProNews' reporting. Frankly, the powers that be have rattled the sabers numerous times in writing. MHPProNews advised inside and outside attorneys as to what would follow.* [/caption]

16) MHI can't have it both ways.

MHI praise on the one hand the need to "engage the media" and "respond to every story" and then routinely fail to do so. That is either apparently hypocritical, a signal that everyone in MHI's leadership failed at common-sense in their respective educations, and/or that they have a plan. Multi-year MHI member Frank Rolfe has already called MHI leaders' hypocrites. That obscured MHI plan, per the facts-checks that followed, is to posture efforts while the industry is steadily [consolidated](#) into ever fewer hands that routinely end up in growing portfolios of acquisitions made by those who happen to be [MHI board members](#).

[caption id="attachment\_139438" align="aligncenter" width="500"]

**At that time... "Nathan Smith is the Chairman of the Board of Directors of MHI. His company is being sued in a huge class action lawsuit on several counts...SSK's lawsuit puts all park owners in jeopardy."**



**Now what was that about me being bad for the industry and MHI? Hypocrisy anyone?"**

**- Frank Rolfe**

*One MHI member holding another MHI member to account. Hmmm, okay. But who besides MHPProNews reported this?*  
[/caption]

**"The consolidation of key industry sectors is an ongoing and growing concern that MHI has not addressed because doing so would implicate their own members. Such consolidation has negative effects on consumers (and the industry) and is a subject that MHPProNews and MHLivingNews are quite right to report on and cover thoroughly. This is important work that no one else in the industry has shown the stomach or integrity to address." Mark Weiss, J.D., President and CEO of the Manufactured Housing Association for Regulatory Reform (MHARR) in on the record remarks emailed to MHPProNews.**

17) *MHPProNews* has demonstrated several times, including using publicly available AI systems like [Google's Gemini](#) and [Bing's Copilot](#), that MHI for some 2 decades has failed to properly promote the industry, which is another way of saying that they do not engage with the media in the ways that the RV industry, the NAHB, the NAR, or others in a similar league do. But hold these thoughts as we pivot back to the NAHB and another curious common point with MHI.



[caption id="attachment\_202317" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/masthead/seco-linked-community-operator-david-roden-questions-manufactured-housing-institute-leaders-where-is-national-manufactured-home-marketing-program-like-gorving-or-got-milk-emails-facts-analysis/> [/caption]

18) Putting a search term into quotes creates a more focused result, eliminating much of the noise that can creep into a search inquiry without quotation marks being used. That said, on 6.17.2025 there are 8 results for the search "Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000" and "NAHB.org." One is that regulatory comments letter on NAHB letterhead. But there are NO results on the NAHB.org website.

[caption id="attachment\_215951" align="aligncenter" width="609"]

The image shows a Google search results page for the query "Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000". The search bar at the top contains the query in quotes. A red arrow points from the search bar to a red callout box on the right. The search results list several items, including a NAHB Letterhead, a HUD User publication, and a manufacturedhomepronews.com article. A small MHPRONEWS.com logo is also visible. The red callout box contains text explaining the search strategy and the date of the search.

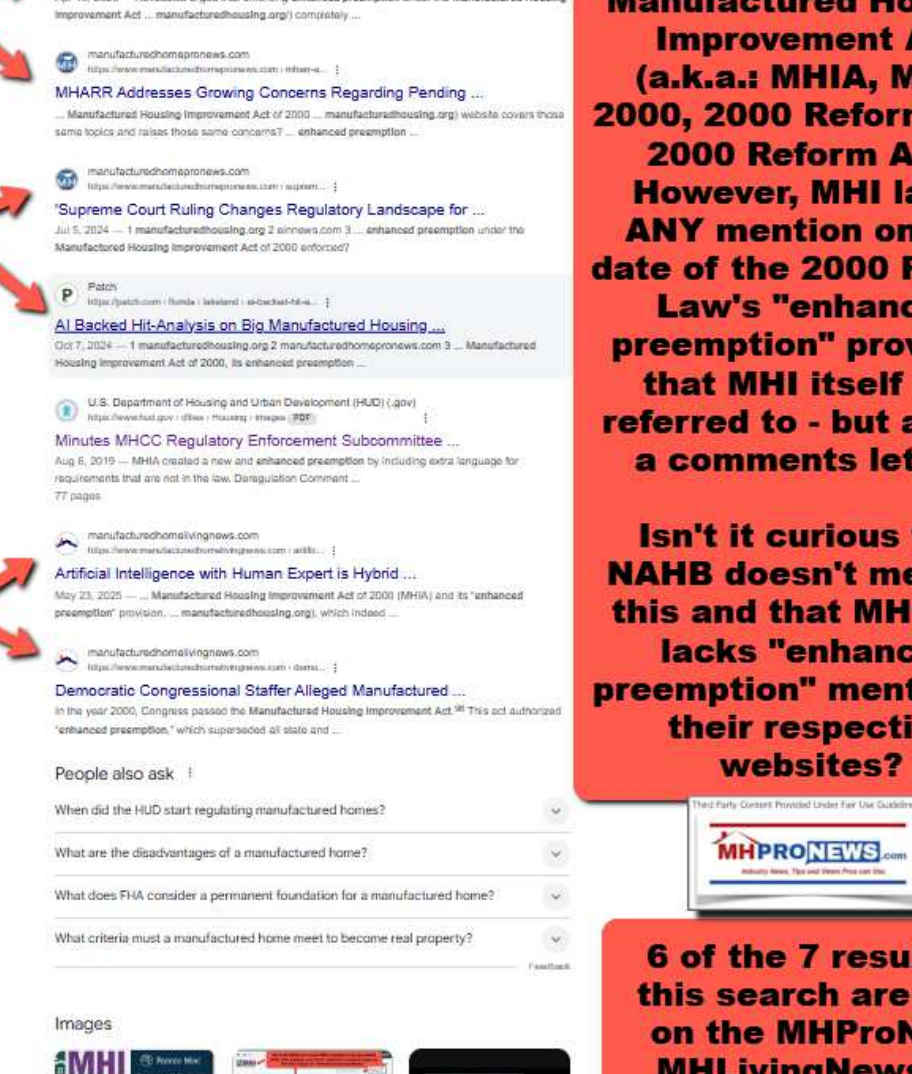
**Putting a search term into quotes creates a more focused result, eliminating much of the noise that can creep into a search inquiry without quotation marks being used.**

**That said, on 6.17.2025 there are 8 results for the search "Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000" and "NAHB.org." One is that regulatory comments letter on NAHB letterhead. But there are NO results on the NAHB.org website.**

*In order to show you the most relevant results, we have omitted some entries very similar to the 8 already displayed.  
If you like, you can repeat the search with the omitted results included.*

Clearly, the NAHB knows about the Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000 because they referred to it in a regulatory comments letter [linked here](#). So, why is that missing from their own website.⌘[caption]





**The MHI website DOES have some links on their site to the Manufactured Housing Improvement Act (a.k.a.: MHIA, MHIA 2000, 2000 Reform Law, 2000 Reform Act). However, MHI lacks ANY mention on this date of the 2000 Reform Law's "enhanced preemption" provision that MHI itself has referred to - but also in a comments letter.**

**Isn't it curious that NAHB doesn't mention this and that MHI also lacks "enhanced preemption" mention on their respective websites?**

**6 of the 7 results on this search are found on the MHPProNews, MHLivingNews and Patch columns by L. A. "Tony" Kovach.**

The screenshot shows a Google search for "Manufactured Housing Improvement Act" with the following results:

- Patch** (https://patch.com/florida/tallahassee/manufactured-housing-improvement-act) - 5:12 PM 6/17/2025. Title: **Manufactured Home Groups Split in Transparency Amidst ...**. Snippet: Apr 15, 2025 — Advocates argue that enforcing enhanced preemption under the Manufactured Housing Improvement Act ... (manufacturedhousing.org) completely ...
- manufacturedhomeprnews.com** (https://www.manufacturedhomeprnews.com/mhiat-4-15-25/). Title: **MHARR Addresses Growing Concerns Regarding Pending ...**. Snippet: ... Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000 ... (manufacturedhousing.org) website covers those same topics and raises those same concerns? ... enhanced preemption ...
- manufacturedhomeprnews.com** (https://www.manufacturedhomeprnews.com/suprem-1-15-25/). Title: **"Supreme Court Ruling Changes Regulatory Landscape for ...**. Snippet: Jul 5, 2024 — 1 manufacturedhousing.org 2 einnews.com 3 ... enhanced preemption under the Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000 enforced?
- Patch** (https://patch.com/florida/tallahassee/si-backed-hi-4-15-25/). Title: **AI Backed Hit-Analysis on Big Manufactured Housing ...**. Snippet: Oct 7, 2024 — 1 manufacturedhousing.org 2 manufacturedhomeprnews.com 3 ... Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000, its enhanced preemption ...
- U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) (.gov)** (https://www.hud.gov/dhsa/planning/images/PDF). Title: **Minutes MHCC Regulatory Enforcement Subcommittee ...**. Snippet: Aug 6, 2019 — MHIA created a new and enhanced preemption by including extra language for requirements that are not in the law. Disregulation Comment ... 77 pages
- manufacturedhomelivingnews.com** (https://www.manufacturedhomelivingnews.com/artificial-1-15-25/). Title: **Artificial Intelligence with Human Expert is Hybrid ...**. Snippet: May 23, 2025 — ... Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000 (MHIA) and its "enhanced preemption" provision, ... (manufacturedhousing.org), which indeed ...
- manufacturedhomelivingnews.com** (https://www.manufacturedhomelivingnews.com/democratic-1-15-25/). Title: **Democratic Congressional Staffer Alleged Manufactured ...**. Snippet: In the year 2000, Congress passed the Manufactured Housing Improvement Act.<sup>30</sup> This act authorized "enhanced preemption," which superseded all state and ...

**People also ask**

- When did the HUD start regulating manufactured homes?
- What are the disadvantages of a manufactured home?
- What does FHA consider a permanent foundation for a manufactured home?
- What criteria must a manufactured home meet to become real property?

**Images**

- MHI (Manufactured Housing Improvement Act) logo.
- Proven Best (Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000) logo.
- Search Results (Enhanced Preemption) logo.
- Manufactured Home Groups logo.

**Footer:** AH-UH of News.com, MHI of News.com, Patch

*MHPProNews Note: depending on your browser or device, many images in this report and others on MHPProNews can be clicked to expand. Click the image and follow the prompts. For example, in some browsers/devices you click the image and select 'open in a new window.' After clicking that selection you click the image in the open window to expand the image to a larger size. To return to this page, use your back key, escape or follow the prompts. [/caption]*

19) When attempting to figure out who did what and for what reasons, investigators are supposed to ask (literally or metaphorically) the question: *cui bono?* **Who benefits?**

Certainly, the 'benefit' to the NAHB is logically clear enough. They don't want to promote a notion (i.e.: the 2000 Reform Law and thus its "enhanced preemption" provision). They all but said as much in their comments letter that was previously referenced. Per [the NAHB](#):

***"we remain critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted competitive advantage"***

With 140,000 members and most are in the conventional site-builders category, why would NAHB help give a competitive advantage to manufactured housing? Given a choice of listening to, let's say, [MHARR that specifically does mention "enhanced preemption"](#) repeatedly or listening to the NAHB, which will regulators and lawmakers likely listen to, given such a choice? Hold that thought.

20) With those facts-evidence-[analysis](#) (FEA) in mind, is either radical disconnects in reasoning, or perhaps some sly agenda, that would explain why MHI and its "big three" builders would join forces with the NAHB.

[caption id="attachment\_201252" align="aligncenter" width="600"]




<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/masthead/cats-out-manufactured-housing-institute-housing-coalition-letter-to-congress-fact-check-analysis-reveals-what-mhi-nar-nahb-mba-others-did-didnt-request-ai-affordable-housing-surprises-await/>[/caption]

As Copilot observed last year in that report linked above, if MHI is serious about industry growth the logical thing to do is to press for the enforcement of existing federal laws. See the Copilot quotes at the base of the image below.



[caption id="attachment\_201256" align="aligncenter" width="608"]

**"You do not take years to design and build a looping ramp onto a bridge for an elevated highway that circles a city when all you have to do is walk across the street."**  
*- L. A. "Gony" Kovach.*




Designer: **Microsoft**

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**MHPRONEWS**  
Manufactured Housing News, Tips and More From our Site

Bing's AI powered Copilot, in response to *MHPRONews* facts and points said this on 5.1.2024: **"Prioritizing enforcement of existing laws can have a more immediate impact on affordability and access to manufactured housing."**

**"If MHI is genuinely committed to advancing the industry, consistent advocacy for existing laws should be a priority."** Copilot analysis of questionable and ineffective Manufactured Housing Institute (MHI) tactics.

 **Copilot**

Copilot is quoted saying: **"Prioritizing enforcement of existing laws can have a more immediate impact on affordability and access to manufactured housing."** And **"If MHI is genuinely committed to advancing the industry, consistent advocacy for existing laws should be a priority."** <https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/masthead/cats-out-manufactured-housing->

[\*institute-housing-coalition-letter-to-congress-fact-check-analysis-reveals-what-mhi-nar-nahb-mba-others-did-didnt-request-ai-affordable-housing-surprises-await\*](#)<sup>[/caption]</sup>

21) Furthermore, Schmitz observed that the press by NAHB and HUD to limit manufactured housing has created monopolistic behavior within the industry.

[caption id="attachment\_183589" align="aligncenter" width="611"]



Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis

James A. Schmitz, Jr. | Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis



**“This [pattern of obscured sabotaging monopoly tactics] leads to whole new set of monopolies, those in [the] manufactured housing industry itself.” ~**

James A. “Jim” Schmitz Jr., in an presentation to university students. See that full presentation and these

comments in context at the link below.

*Schmitz in a separate but related research report on the topic of sabotage monopoly and its impact on manufactured housing said: “This [pattern of obscured sabotage monopoly tactics] leads to whole new set of monopolies, those in [the] manufactured housing industry itself.”*

[\*https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/affordable-homes-for-low-income-must-produce-in-factory-years-to-unravel-sabotage-grad-students-interest-in-manufactured-housing-factory-home-solutions-plus-sun\*](https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/affordable-homes-for-low-income-must-produce-in-factory-years-to-unravel-sabotage-grad-students-interest-in-manufactured-housing-factory-home-solutions-plus-sun)<sup>[/caption]</sup>

22) While it is nice that NAHB has produced information that is superficially supportive of manufactured housing (see examples in Parts I, II, III above), that regulatory letter and the research by (alphabetically by last names) 'sabotaging monopoly' researchers Elena Falcettoni, David Fettig, James A. "Jim" Schmitz Jr., Arilton Teixeira, and Mark L. J. Wright point to deliberate efforts to thwart the development and

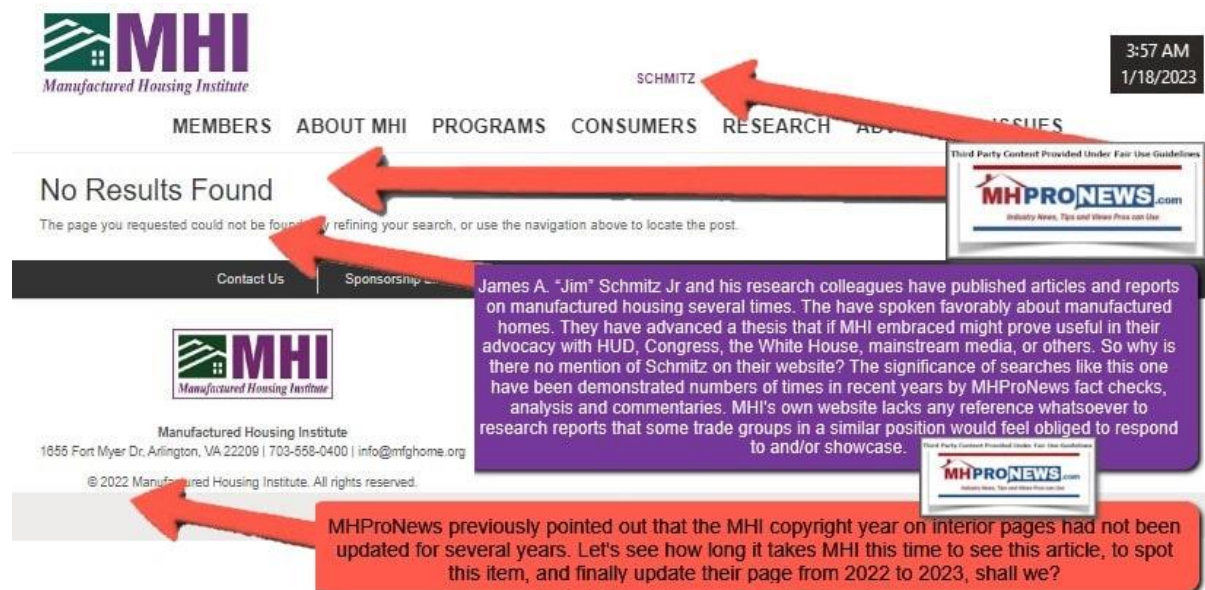


deployment of manufactured housing. When the NAHB (see Parts I, II, III) says that there are local zoning barriers that thwart the development and use of more manufactured housing that is a bit akin to an arsonist yelling "fire!" After all, as NAHB itself says, they have 140,000 some members that routinely operate at the local level. Those local builders are part of the NIMBY problem that manufactured housing faces.

That said, if MHI were doing its job properly, they would parse those remarks - in some fashion akin to this report - and shove it back at the NAHB. MHI should be partnering with [MHARR, which is how the Manufactured Housing Improvement Act of 2000](#) (a.k.a.: MHIA, MHIA 2000, 2000 Reform Act, 2000 Reform Law) became federal law in the first place.

23) MHPProNews has repeatedly pointed out that MHI for years failed to even mention the name of Schmitz on its website, even though he and his colleagues research could be useful with regulators, media, public officials and others. Let's note that MHPProNews has used "James Schmitz" in such searches instead of other names from that circle of 'sabotaging monopoly' economic researchers because he is a common author in each of the reports shown. Searching for Schmitz would likely find the others too, *if* they were present.

[caption id="attachment\_185519" align="aligncenter" width="601"]



**"In the business world, the rear-view mirror is always clearer than the windshield."** - Warren Buffett. That begs a key question. Why don't more people LOOK at the rearview mirror more so they can learn more about the patterns that influence what's ahead? Note: depending on your browser or device, many images in this report can be clicked to expand. or example, in some browsers/devices you click the image and select 'open in a new window.' After clicking that selection, you click the image in the open window to expand the image to a larger size. To return to this page, use your back key, escape or follow the prompts. <https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/in-the-business-world-the-rear-view-mirror-is-always-clearer-than-the-windshield-warren-buffett-mhville-leader-showcases-efforts-to-renew-american-dream-plus-sunday-weekly/>[/caption]

MHI didn't mention Schmitz at all until the Lee Ohanian and Jim Schmitz op-ed on the *Washington Post*. [MHI CEO Lesli Gooch responded by slamming them for the "tone" of their letter](#) instead of focusing on the fact that they and others had been pointing out for years the possible benefits in allowing for a removable the chassis.

[caption id="attachment\_202058" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/want-affordable-housing-take-the-chassis-off-manufactured-houses-and-dont-call-them-mobile-homes-prof-lee-ohanian-and-james-a-schmitz-wapo-op-ed-echoes-andrew-justus-a/>[/caption]



[caption id="attachment\_189868" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/masthead/prof-lee-ohanian-testimony-boost-affordable-housing-supply-and-manufactured-homes-more-manufactured-housing-research-what-senator-tim-scott-and-road-to-housing-act-supporters-should-consider/>

*MHProNews* notes that the removable chassis bill is a nuanced topic that merits its own focus. That focus is provided in articles like the one below and the one on the [MHARR website](#).

[caption id="attachment\_215270" align="aligncenter" width="600"]

**MHARR** Gemini

**MHARR Engages Congress on Pending Manufactured Housing Legislation**

**Grotine Tor Henry**

**DOE Energy Rule Case Update**

**National Homeownership Month**

**Once You See and Recognize the Truth... AI Boosted MHville FEA**

**MHARR REVEALS POSITION ON 3 PENDING BILLS IN CONGRESS IMPACTING MANUFACTURED HOUSING PLUS ANNOUNCES FOIA OF TERESA PAYNE RELATED HUD RECORDS**

<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/mharr-engages-congress-on-pending-manufactured-housing-legislation-doe-energy-rule-case-update-national-homeownership-month-once-you-see-and-recognize-the-truth-ai-boosted-mhville-fea/> [/caption]

[caption id="attachment\_215166" align="aligncenter" width="600"]

**MHARR**  
Manufactured Housing Association for Regulatory Reform  
Preserving the American Dream of Home Ownership Through Regulatory Reform

**MHARR REVEALS POSITION ON 3 PENDING BILLS IN CONGRESS IMPACTING MANUFACTURED HOUSING PLUS ANNOUNCES FOIA OF TERESA PAYNE RELATED HUD RECORDS**

<https://manufacturedhousingassociationregulatoryreform.org/mharr-reveals-position-on-3-pending-bills-in-congress-impacting-manufactured-housing-plus-announces-foia-of-teresa-payne-related-hud-records/> [/caption]

24) That said, NAHB per the searches using their various platform's search tools - like MHI for so many years - has no mention of James Schmitz on its various platforms. From NAHB's Eye on Housing.

[caption id="attachment\_215978" align="aligncenter" width="608"]



*MHProNews Note: depending on your browser or device, many images in this report and others on MHProNews can be clicked to expand. Click the image and follow the prompts. For example, in some browsers/devices you click the image and select 'open in a new window.' After clicking that selection you click the image in the open window to expand the image to a larger size. To return to this page, use your back key, escape or follow the prompts. [/caption]*

From NAHB's publication website, *ProBuilder*.



[caption id="attachment\_215978" align="aligncenter" width="604"]

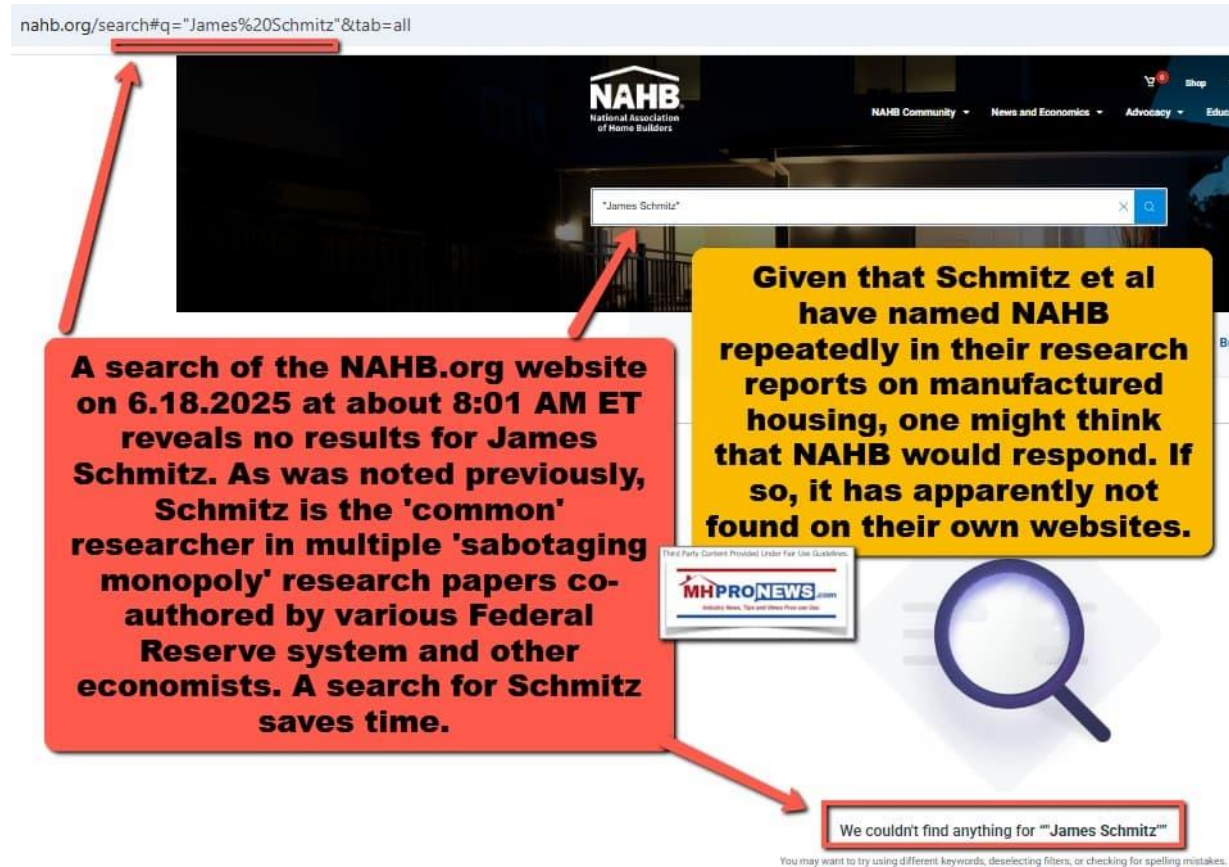


*MHProNews Note: depending on your browser or device, many images in this report and others on MHProNews can be clicked to expand. Click the image and follow the prompts. For example, in some browsers/devices you click the image and select 'open in a new window.' After clicking that selection you click the image in the open window to expand the image to a larger size. To return to this page, use your back key, escape or follow the prompts. [/caption]*

A search of the NAHB.org website on 6.18.2025 at about 8:01 AM ET reveals no results for James Schmitz. As was noted previously, Schmitz is the 'common' researcher in multiple 'sabotaging monopoly' research papers co-authored by various Federal Reserve system and other economists. A search for Schmitz saves time. Note too the reason to search for Schmitz at all is because Schmitz and his colleagues have repeatedly named the NAHB and HUD in their research on why manufactured housing is underperforming despite its many advantages. One would think that NAHB may respond to them on their own website. As this exercise has reflected, they have seemingly not done so via one or more of their own websites.



[caption id="attachment\_215981" align="aligncenter" width="611"]



*MHProNews Note: depending on your browser or device, many images in this report and others on MHProNews can be clicked to expand. Click the image and follow the prompts. For example, in some browsers/devices you click the image and select 'open in a new window.' After clicking that selection you click the image in the open window to expand the image to a larger size. To return to this page, use your back key, escape or follow the prompts. [/caption]*

25) With that array of factual-evidence-[analysis](#) (FEA) based insights, let's review.

- a) Clayton Homes (BRK), Champion Homes (SKY), and Cavco Industries (CVCO) are obviously involved in the NAHB.
- b) The NAHB has demonstrably opposed the interests of HUD Code manufactured housing for decades, as Schmitz et al and that [NAHB regulatory comments letter](#) reflects.
- c) Clayton, MHI, as well as Champion and Cavco keep pushing their apparently market-failed CrossMod<sup>®</sup> scheme. To be clear, while those firms may have a legal right to push market failed products. But that behavior nevertheless should call into question why firms or a subsidiary that is publicly traded are pressing a product and agenda that has not worked for over 7 years. For details on that, see the below.

[caption id="attachment\_214929" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomeproneews.com/berkshire-owned-clayton-homes-press-release-and-media-coverage-of-new-crossmod-in-harvest-meadow-neighborhood-near-knoxville-tn-regional-news-hits-misses-in-mhville-facts-evidence-analysis/>[/caption]

[caption id="attachment\_215057" align="aligncenter" width="587"]

**Champion Homes, Inc. (SKY)**

**65.62 -4.83 (-6.86%)**

At close: 3:59:59 PM EDT



**CHAMPION  
HOMES**

**yahoo!finance**



**Champion Homes (SKY) to Acquire Iseman Homes-Consolidation Continues;  
\$2.5B Sales; CEO's Larson Comments Undercuts CrossMod Pitch & Confirms  
Tipster Insights; Unpacking Champion Earnings Call-MHVille FEA**

<https://www.manufacturedhomeproneews.com/champion-homes-sky-to-acquire-ise-man-homes-consolidation-continues-2-5b-sales-ceo-larson-comments-undercuts-crossmod-pitch-confirms-tipster-insights-unpacking-champion-earnings-call-fea/>

[/caption]



[caption id="attachment\_195173" align="aligncenter" width="600"]



<https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/manufactured-housing-institute-gives-updates-urban-infill-crossmods-claim-new-production-up-pitch-membership-meetings-ed-spending-on-mhi-in-12-6-2023-email/> [/caption]

- d) As the examples shown earlier demonstrate, residential style HUD Code manufactured homes have existed for decades. They have been ground set, or boasted hinged roofs that offered higher roof pitches years before CrossMods were announced. Clearly, NAHB is nervous about the lower price point of HUD Code manufactured housing. They are apparently part of the pushback against manufactured homes locally and nationally.

26) With the above in mind, MHPProNews asked the following of [Google](#)'s AI powered Gemini on this date. Note there is an apparent typo by Gemini on the data for 1972 (too high, mobile home shipments approached but never achieved 600,000 for two years, as the graphic provide above illustrated). Gemini also failed to link results as requested. That said, the thrust of its response following the MHPProNews inquiry below is arguably fine.

As the NAHB letter linked here: [https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/wp-content/uploads/2025/06/HUD-2020-0015-0029\\_attachment\\_1-](https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/wp-content/uploads/2025/06/HUD-2020-0015-0029_attachment_1-NationalAssociationOfHomeBuildersNAHB.pdf)

*NationalAssociationOfHomeBuildersNAHB.pdf and the various research reports by James A. "Jim" Schmitz Jr. and other often Federal Reserve System colleagues have demonstrated in multiple reports since 2018 reflect, there are apparent efforts at the local and federal levels by National Association of Home Builders and their members to limit the production of manufactured housing, isn't that fair and based upon known evidence? Isn't it also fair to note that those builders are often involved with local zoning officials to establish what amounts to standards that act as barriers to more manufactured housing? And while NAHB has said some nice things about manufactured housing, the fact that they seem to want to limit manufactured homes to rural areas or to land lease communities, doesn't that strongly suggest that NAHB has paid polite lip service to manufactured housing while they have taken active steps to limit the*

*production of HUD Code manufactured homes? Correct, confirm, or clarify as warranted by online evidence and link results.*

Gemini

2.5 Flash ▼

Based on the provided information and linked resources, it is fair to say that there is considerable evidence and research suggesting efforts at local and federal levels, sometimes involving the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB) and their members, that may limit the production and placement of manufactured housing.

Here's a breakdown of the points you raised:

- **Apparent efforts to limit manufactured housing production:**
  - **James A. Schmitz Jr.'s research:** Multiple sources refer to Schmitz's work (often with colleagues from the Federal Reserve System), which specifically claims "sabotaging monopoly" tactics by traditional building sectors, including sometimes mentioning NAHB, that have limited manufactured housing. His research highlights a historical shift where manufactured housing (formerly "mobile homes") saw significant growth in the mid-20th century before facing regulatory barriers that stifled its expansion.
  - **Impact of Regulations:** NAHB itself, while advocating for reduced regulations on housing construction broadly, also acknowledges that regulations (including zoning and building codes) contribute significantly to the cost of new homes. While their statements often focus on overall housing affordability, critics argue that these broad regulatory efforts disproportionately affect more affordable housing types like manufactured homes.
  - **Production Decline:** The contrast between historical manufactured home production (e.g., 373,000 in 1998, 664,000 in 1972) and more recent figures (103,000 in 2024) is cited as evidence of a significant decline, which Schmitz attributes to deliberate barriers.
- **Involvement with local zoning officials to establish barriers:**
  - **Zoning as a Barrier:** Numerous reports, including those commissioned by HUD and academic studies, confirm that local zoning ordinances, subdivision regulations, and architectural design standards are significant barriers to the placement of manufactured housing. These barriers often stem from a lingering stigma associated with "mobile homes" despite the adherence of modern manufactured homes to the national HUD Code.
  - **NAHB's Stance on Regulations:** While NAHB advocates for reducing "excessive regulations" to ease the housing affordability crisis, their focus is often on general housing construction. However, the *effect* of these regulations, particularly at the local level, can be to create higher standards that are difficult for manufactured homes to meet, thus acting as de facto exclusionary practices. The NAHB's own policy priorities often highlight the high cost of regulations, including zoning issues, as hindering construction.
- **NAHB's "polite lip service" while taking active steps to limit production:**



- **Focus on Rural Areas/Land Lease Communities:** The assertion that NAHB seems to want to limit manufactured homes to rural areas or land-lease communities is supported by the historical context and ongoing challenges faced by manufactured housing. While manufactured homes are a vital source of affordable housing in rural areas and land-lease communities, restricting them primarily to these locations inherently limits their overall market penetration and ability to address broader housing needs.
- **Ambiguity in NAHB's Public Statements:** While NAHB occasionally includes manufactured homes in broader discussions about affordable housing supply, their primary advocacy often centers on reducing regulations for *site-built* housing and their members. The provided NAHB Policy Handbook discusses energy codes and construction standards more broadly without specific, strong advocacy for expanding manufactured housing beyond its current niche.
- **Schmitz's "Sabotage" Argument:** Schmitz's strong claim of "sabotaging monopoly" tactics by traditional builders, including NAHB, implies that any "nice things" said about manufactured housing might indeed be lip service if active measures are simultaneously taken to limit its competitive threat. The argument is that by driving up costs through regulations or limiting placement, the market for traditional, site-built homes is protected.

#### **In summary:**

Yes, it is fair to note that research, particularly from James A. Schmitz Jr. and his colleagues, strongly suggests apparent efforts to limit the production of manufactured housing. This research often implicates traditional builders and their associations, including NAHB, in influencing local zoning and federal regulations that act as barriers. While NAHB does speak to the need for affordable housing and the impact of regulations, the specific outcomes and historical trends in manufactured housing production, coupled with the ongoing prevalence of restrictive local zoning, can be interpreted as evidence that their actions or influence have, perhaps unintentionally or indirectly, limited the growth and broader acceptance of HUD Code manufactured homes beyond rural areas or land-lease communities. The argument is that while NAHB may express general support for diverse housing options, their more direct advocacy and the cumulative effect of regulations often benefit traditional construction methods over factory-built alternatives.

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MHProNews notes that the screen capture that documents the accuracy of the Q&A above is as posted below.

[caption id="attachment\_215987" align="aligncenter" width="604"]



As the NAHB letter linked here:  
[https://www.manufacturedhomeprnews.com/wp-content/uploads/2025/06/HUD-2020-0015-0029\\_attachment\\_1-NationalAssociationOfHomeBuildersNAHB.pdf](https://www.manufacturedhomeprnews.com/wp-content/uploads/2025/06/HUD-2020-0015-0029_attachment_1-NationalAssociationOfHomeBuildersNAHB.pdf) and the various research reports by James A. "Jim" Schmitz Jr. and other often Federal Reserve System colleagues have demonstrated in multiple reports since 2018 reflect, there are apparent efforts at the local and federal levels by National Association of Home Builders and their members to limit the production of manufactured housing, isn't that fair and based upon known evidence? Isn't it also fair to note that those builders are often involved with local zoning officials to establish what amounts to standards that act as barriers to more manufactured housing? And while NAHB has said some nice things about manufactured housing, the fact that they seem to want to limit manufactured homes to rural areas or to land lease communities, doesn't that strongly suggest that NAHB has paid polite lip service to manufactured housing while they have taken active steps to limit the production of HUD Code manufactured homes? Correct, confirm, or clarify as warranted by online evidence and link results.

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27) The follow up with Gemini is as shown.

Gemini, while I largely concur, there is something that is

significant that it seems to me that you've missed. Specifically: "While

specific details of NAHB "openly taking steps to oppose" manufactured

housing within the context of these partnerships are not explicitly detailed in

the provided snippets, reports suggest that NAHB's focus on conventional

housing and certain research (like "Priced Out" reports) are not

widely promoted by MHI, implying potential underlying divergences or inherent

competition despite collaboration." In the first Q&A today, you scanned

that regulatory comments letter from the NAHB, right? [https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/wp-content/uploads/2025/06/HUD-2020-0015-0029\\_attachment\\_1-NationalAssociationOfHomeBuildersNAHB.pdf](https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/wp-content/uploads/2025/06/HUD-2020-0015-0029_attachment_1-NationalAssociationOfHomeBuildersNAHB.pdf)

And that NAHB letter said: "While NAHB applauds the Trump

Administration's initiative to modernize regulations to reduce unnecessary and

duplicative barriers to the construction of affordable housing, we remain

critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted

competitive advantage and risks the health and safety of the occupants."

The words "...we [i.e.: NAHB] remain critical of any policy that may give one type

of housing [i.e.: manufactured homes, which is the topic of the letter] an unwarranted

competitive advantage..." clearly is an open step to oppose manufactured housing,

correct? Doesn't that beg the question, why would MHI embrace NAHB over MHARR

in partnering for industry advocacy if organic growth industry is the authentic

(vs. postured) goal? <https://www.manufacturedhomepronews.com/wp-content/uploads/2025/04/ManufacturedHousingInstituteMissionStatementPerIRSform990SignedByRichardDickJennisonPresCEOManHousingInstMHProNewsFactCheck.jpg>

Isn't all that supported by known evidence? If so, doesn't that apparently shed

new light on the prior question and thus the need to logically amend your



response?

Gemini

2.5 Flash ▾

Show Thinking

### **Reviewing Trump's NAHB Letter**

*I'm focused on the user's point about the NAHB letter and that quote. "While NAHB applauds the Trump" is what they specifically mention. I'm carefully reviewing the document, making sure the argument is based on what's actually written there. The challenge is understanding the context. I'm looking for the key arguments of the NAHB, and how they relate to the user's concerns.*

### **Dissecting NAHB's Stance**

*I'm now zeroing in on the specific quote from the NAHB letter that the user highlighted. The phrase "remain critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted competitive advantage" is particularly interesting. I'm carefully analyzing how this statement, within the letter's context, can be interpreted regarding manufactured housing. I'm considering whether this statement, combined with the previous information, truly justifies questioning MHI's strategies. I'm exploring the nuances of "unwarranted competitive advantage."*

### **Interpreting NAHB's Stance**

*I'm now clarifying the NAHB's stance on manufactured housing as a result of reviewing the letter. Specifically, the line "remain critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted competitive advantage" is what's truly at the heart of this. It strongly suggests a cautious stance at best, and opposition to manufactured homes at worst. This crucial detail has prompted me to analyze the impact of their explicit opposition. I'm focusing on how this information might clarify the previous discussion about MHI's partnership with NAHB.*

### **Confirming the Interpretation**

*I've carefully examined the NAHB letter, particularly the quoted section. I concur that "remain critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted competitive advantage" directly signals opposition to policies that benefit manufactured housing. This new detail significantly clarifies the previous discussion about MHI's strategic partnerships and their potential implications for industry advocacy and authentic growth. This reinforces questions about MHI's authentic goals.*

You are correct to highlight that specific quote from the NAHB letter, which indeed sheds new light on the dynamics of the relationships discussed.

### **Clarification on NAHB's Stance and MHI's Partnership**

- **NAHB's Opposition:** The statement from the NAHB letter: "While NAHB applauds the Trump Administration's initiative to modernize regulations to reduce unnecessary and duplicative barriers to the construction of affordable housing, we remain critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted competitive advantage and risks the health and safety of the occupants" does indeed constitute an open and explicit stance by the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB) to oppose policies that might give manufactured housing a "competitive advantage." Given that the letter was a regulatory comment specifically concerning manufactured

housing (as you noted), this directly implies opposition to measures that could significantly boost manufactured housing's market position relative to site-built homes. This confirms your observation that NAHB takes steps to oppose, on a practical level, broader access or competitive advantage for manufactured housing.

- **Implications for MHI's Advocacy and Goals:** This explicit stance from NAHB makes it even more pertinent to question why the Manufactured Housing Institute (MHI) would choose to embrace NAHB as a primary partner for industry advocacy, seemingly over consistently aligning with the Manufactured Housing Association for Regulatory Reform (MHARR), particularly if MHI's authentic goal is the organic growth of the manufactured housing industry to prior levels (e.g., 1998 production figures).

Given the NAHB's expressed concern about "unwarranted competitive advantage" for manufactured homes, MHI's partnership with NAHB can be seen by some as:

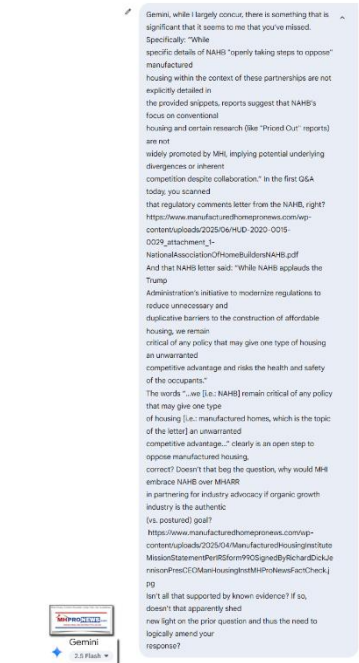
- **Prioritizing Other Agendas:** Suggesting that MHI's advocacy may be influenced by broader housing coalition goals that do not necessarily prioritize the unique competitive growth of HUD Code manufactured homes.
- **Facilitating Consolidation:** Reinforcing the argument that MHI's actions, or inactions regarding the enforcement of the 2000 Reform Law's enhanced preemption, align with a trend towards industry consolidation benefiting larger firms, some of whom also operate in the conventional site-built sector (as confirmed by Clayton Homes' acquisitions). If policies that could grant manufactured housing a "competitive advantage" are implicitly or explicitly opposed by a partner like NAHB, and MHI maintains that partnership, it could be seen as contributing to the manufactured housing industry's underperformance relative to its potential.

## Conclusion

Yes, all of this is supported by known evidence. The specific quote from the NAHB letter you referenced is a critical piece of evidence that strengthens the assertion that NAHB takes active steps to limit manufactured housing's competitive position. This, in turn, amplifies the logical question of MHI's strategic choices in advocacy partners and their ultimate goals for the manufactured housing industry's growth, especially when contrasted with MHARR's consistent focus on full federal preemption and broader market expansion. It reinforces the view that MHI's stated efforts might indeed be more about "optics" if their partnerships and actions appear to inadvertently contribute to the industry's consolidation rather than its widespread organic growth.

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MHProNews has documented the accuracy of the above with the screen capture shown below.



**Reviewing Trump's NAHB Letter**

I'm focused on the user's point about the NAHB letter and that quote: "While NAHB applauds the Trump" is what they specifically mention. I'm carefully reviewing the document, making sure the argument is based on what's actually written there. The challenge is understanding the context. I'm looking for the key arguments of the NAHB, and how they relate to the user's concerns.

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**Clarification on NAHB's Stance and MH's Partnership**

- NAHB's Opposition:** The statement from the NAHB letter: "While NAHB applauds the Trump Administration's initiative to modernize regulations to reduce unnecessary and duplicative barriers to the construction of affordable housing, we remain critical of any policy that may give one type of housing an unwarranted competitive advantage and risks the health and safety of the occupants" does indeed constitute an open and explicit stance by the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB) to oppose policies that might give manufactured housing a "competitive advantage." Given that the letter was a regulatory comment specifically concerning manufactured housing (as you noted), this directly implies opposition to measures that could significantly boost manufactured housing's market position relative to site-built homes. This confirms your observation that NAHB takes steps to oppose, on a practical level, broader access or competitive advantage for manufactured housing.
- Implications for MH's Advocacy and Goals:** This explicit stance from NAHB makes it even more pertinent to question why the Manufactured Housing Institute (MHI) would choose to embrace NAHB as a primary partner for industry advocacy, seemingly over consistently aligning with the Manufactured Housing Association for Regulatory Reform (MHAARR), particularly if MH's authentic goal is the organic growth of the manufactured housing industry to prior levels (e.g., 1980 production figures). Given the NAHB's expressed concern about "unwarranted competitive advantage" for manufactured homes, MHI's partnership with NAHB can be seen by some as:
  - Prioritizing Other Agendas:** Suggesting that MHI's advocacy may be influenced by broader housing coalition goals that do not necessarily prioritize the unique competitive growth of HUD Code manufactured homes.
  - Facilitating Consolidation:** Reinforcing the argument that MHI's actions, or inactions regarding the enforcement of the 2000 Reform Law's enhanced preemption, align with a trend towards industry consolidation benefiting larger firms, some of whom also operate in the conventional site-built sector (as confirmed by Clayton Homes' acquisition). If policies that could grant manufactured housing a "competitive advantage" are implicitly or explicitly opposed by a partner like NAHB, and MHI maintains that partnership, it could be seen as contributing to the manufactured housing industry's underperformance relative to its potential.

**Conclusion**

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[caption id="attachment\_215991" align="aligncenter" width="599"]

*MHProNews Note: depending on your browser or device, many images in this report and others on MHProNews can be clicked to expand. Click the image and follow the prompts. For example, in some browsers/devices you click the image and select 'open in a new window.' After clicking that selection you click the image in the open window to expand the image to a larger size. To return to this page, use your back key, escape or follow the prompts. [/caption]*

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