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(UBJECT: (Optional)				
FROM: Howard J. Os Director of Se			EXTENSION	NO. DATE 16 May 1973
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	RECEIVED	FORWARDED	INITIALS	to whom. Draw a line across column after each c
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16 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Executive Secretary, CIA Management Committee

SUBJECT : "Family Jewels"

1. The purpose of this memorandum is to forward for your personal review summaries of activities conducted either by or under the sponsorship of the Office of Security in the past which in my opinion conflict with the provisions of the National Security Act of 1947.

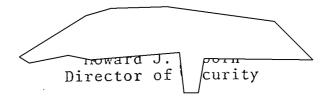
2. These activities cover the period from March 1959 to date and represent as accurate a record as is available in our files. Those activities which took place prior to the date of my appointment as Director of Security on 1 July 1964 have been developed to a certain extent through the recollection of the senior people in this Office who were involved or who had knowledge of the activities at the time they occurred.

3. I have gone back to March 1959 because I believe that the activities occurring since that time still have a viable "flap potential" in that many of the people involved, both Agency and non-Agency are still alive and through their knowledge of the activity represent a possible potential threat or embarrassment to the Agency. I would be glad to provide clarification or an explanation of any of these activities if desired. You have my assurance that unless otherwise stated each of these activities was approved by higher authority--the

00002



Director of Central Intelligence, the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, the Executive Director-Comptroller, or the Deputy Director for Support.



Attachments

00003

SECRE EYES ONLY



Attachment A

00005

#### "FAMILY JEWELS"

1.

- Johnny Roselli -- The use of a member of the Mafia in an attempt to assassinate Fidel Castro.
- 3. Project MOCKINGBIRD -- During the period from 12 March 1963 to 15 June 1963, this Office installed telephone taps on two Washingtonbased newsmen who were suspected of disclosing classified information obtained from a variety of governmental and congressional sources.
- 4. Yuriy Ivanovich Nosenko -- A KGB defector who from the period 13 August 1965 to 27 October 1967 was confined in a specially constructed "jail" at the was literally confined in a cerr pening pars with nothing but a cot in it for this period.
- 5. Various Surveillance and Support Activities --These are briefly summarized and range from the surveillance of newsmen to the provision of specialized support of local police officials in the Metropolitan area. I believe that each one is self-explanatory and, therefore, no further comment is needed here.
- 6. Equipment Support to Local Police -- Attached is a list provided me by the Director of Logistics (he will simply report these items in his report) which we have provided local police in the Metropolitan D. C. area over the past four or five years on indefinite loan. During the period when the Agency's installations in this area appeared to be a target of dissident elements



a conscious decision was made by the Agency to utilize the services of local police to repel invaders in case of riot or dissension as opposed to utilization of our GSA guards, who are not trained in this type of activity. This equipment has been issued over the years to local police, principally Fairfax and Arlington County Police Departments. I do not believe that this is totally illegal under the provisions of the National Security Act of 1947, but I am including it since I am sure that it would be considered as such in light of the recent congressional fuss over our police training activities.

- 7. Audio Countermeasures Support to the United States Secret Service
- 8. Test of Specialized Equipment in Miami Immediately Prior to the Political Convention There

## 00006

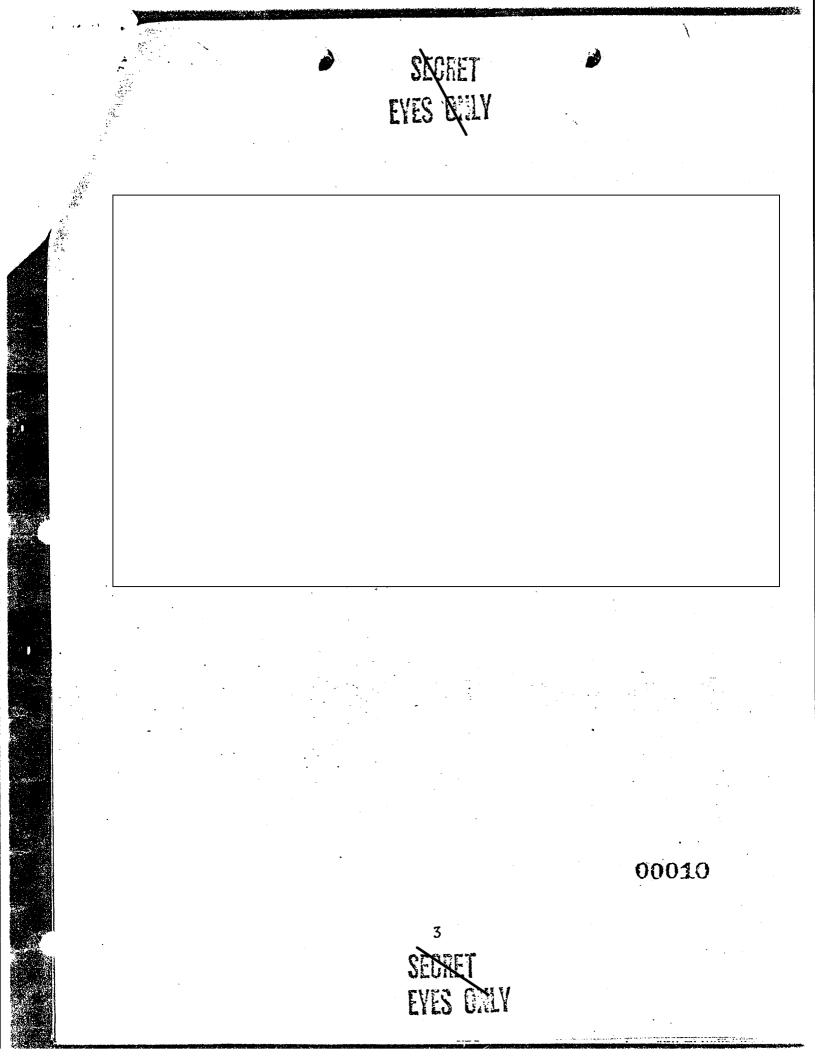


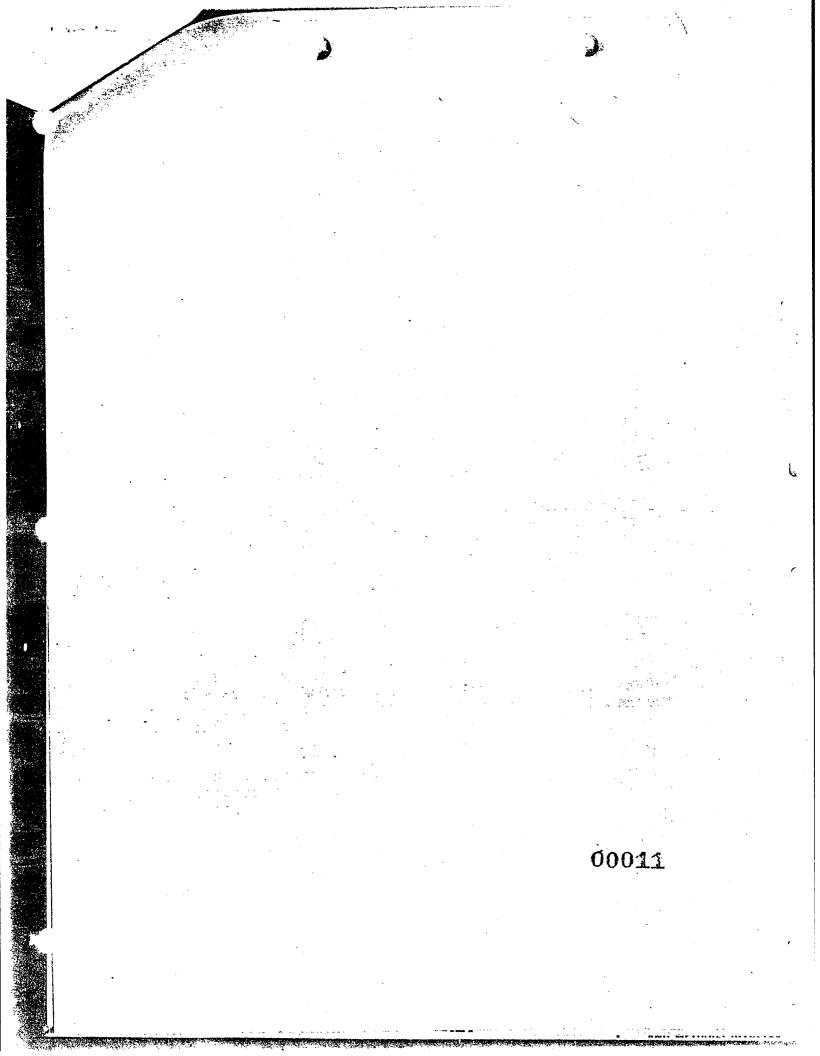
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### SUBJECT: Johnny Roselli

1. In August 1960, Mr. Richard M. Bissell approached Colonel Sheffield Edwards to determine if the Office of Security had assets that may assist in a sensitive mission requiring gangster-type action. The mission target was Fidel Castro.

2. Because of its extreme sensitivity, only a small group was made privy to the project. The DCI was briefed and gave his approval. Colonel J. C. King, Chief, WH Division, was briefed, but all details were deliberately concealed from any of the JMWAVE officials. Certain TSD and Communications personnel participated in the initial planning stages, but were not witting of the purpose of the mission.

3. Robert A. Maheu, a cleared source of the Office of Security, was contacted, briefed generally on the project, and requested to ascertain if he could develop an entree into the gangster elements as the first step toward accomplishing the desired goal.

4. Mr. Maheu advised that he had met one Johnny Roselli on several occasions while visiting Las Vegas. He only knew him casually through clients, but was given to understand that he was a high-ranking member of the "syndicate" and controlled all of the ice-making machines on the Strip. Maheu reasoned that, if Roselli was in fact a member of the clan, he undoubtedly had connections leading into the Cuban gambling interests.

5. Maheu was asked to approach Roselli, who knew Maheu as a personal relations executive handling domestic and foreign accounts, and tell him that he had recently been retained by a client who represented several international business firms which were suffering heavy financial losses in Cuba as a result of Castro's action. They were convinced that Castro's removal was the answer to their



problem and were willing to pay a price of \$150,000 for its successful accomplishment. It was to be made clear to Roselli that the United States Government was not, and should not, become aware of this operation.

6. The pitch was made to Roselli on 14 September 1960 at the Hilton Plaza Hotel, New York City. Mr. James O'Connell, Office of Security, was present during this meeting and was identified to Roselli as an employee of Maheu. O'Connell actively served as Roselli's contact until May 1962 at which time he phased out due to an overseas assignment. His initial reaction was to avoid getting involved, but through Maheu's persuasion, he agreed to introduce him to a friend, Sam Gold, who knew the "Cuban crowd." Roselli made it clear he did not want any money for his part and believed Sam would feel the same way. Neither of these individuals were ever paid out of Agency funds.

7. During the week of 25 September, Maheu was introduced to Sam who was staying at the Fontainebleau Hotel, Miami Beach. It was several weeks after his meeting with Sam and Joe, who was identified to him as a courier operating between Havana and Miami, that he saw photographs of both of these individuals in the Sunday supplemental "Parade." They were identified as Momo Salvatore Giancana and Santos Trafficant, respectively. Both were on the list of the Attorney General's ten mostwanted men. The former was described as the Chicago chieftain of the Cosa Nostra and successor to Al Capone, and the latter, the Cosa Nostra boss of Cuban operations. Maheu called this office immediately upon ascertaining this information.

8. In discussing the possible methods of accomplishing this mission, Sam suggested that they not resort to firearms but, if he could be furnished some type of potent pill, that could be placed in Castro's food or drink, it would be a much more effective operation. Sam indicated that he had a prospective nominee in the person of Juan Orta, a Cuban official who had been receiving kick-back payments from the gambling interests, who still had access to Castro, and was in a financial bind.

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SECRET EVES ONLY



9. TSD was requested to produce six pills of high lethal content.

10. Joe delivered the pills to Orta. After several weeks of reported attempts, Orta apparently got cold feet and asked out of the assignment. He suggested another candidate who made several attempts without success.

11. Joe then indicated that Dr. Anthony Verona, one of the principal officers in the Cuban Exile Junta, had become disaffected with the apparent ineffectual progress of the Junta and was willing to handle the mission through his own resources.

12. He asked, as a prerequisite to the deal, that he be given \$10,000 for organizational expenses and requested \$1,000 worth of communications equipment.

13. Dr. Verona's potential was never fully exploited, as the project was canceled shortly after the Bay of Pigs episode. Verona was advised that the offer was withdrawn, and the pills were retrieved.

14. Of significant interest was an incident which involved a request levied by Sam upon Maheu.

At the height of the project negotiations, Sam expressed concern about his girlfriend, Phyllis McGuire, who he learned was getting much attention from Dan Rowan while both were booked at a Las Vegas night club. Sam asked Maheu to put a bug in Rowan's room to determine the extent of his intimacy with Miss McGuire. The technician involved in the assignment was discovered in the process, arrested, and taken to the Sheriff's office for questioning. He called Maheu and informed him that he had been detained by the police. This call was made in the presence of the Sheriff's personnel.

Subsequently, the Department of Justice announced its intention to prosecute Maheu along





with the technician. On 7 February 1962, the Director of Security briefed the Attorney General, Robert Kennedy, on the circumstances leading up to Maheu's involvement in the wiretap. At our request, prosecution was dropped.

15. In May 1962, Mr. William Harvey took over as Case Officer, and it is not known by this office whether Roselli was used operationally from that point on.

16. It was subsequently learned from the FBI that Roselli had been convicted on six counts involving illegal entry into the United States. Our records do not reflect the date of conviction, but it is believed to have been sometime during November 1967.

17. On 2 December 1968, Roselli, along with four other individuals, was convicted of conspiracy to cheat members of the Friars Club of \$400,000 in a rigged gin rummy game.

18. Mr. Harvey reported to the Office of Security of his contacts with Roselli during November and December 1967 and January 1968. It was his belief that Johnny would not seek out the Agency for assistance in the deportation proceedings unless he actually faced deportation. Roselli expressed confidence that he would win an appeal.

19. On 17 November 1970, Maheu called James O'Connell, Roselli's first Case Officer, to advise that Maheu's attorney, Ed Morgan, had received a call from a Thomas Waddin, Roselli's lawyer, who stated that all avenues of appeal had been exhausted, and his client now faces deportation. Waddin indicated that, if someone did not intercede on Roselli's behalf, he would make a complete expose of his activities with the Agency.

20. On 18 November 1970, Mr. Helms was briefed on the latest development in this case, and it was decided that the Agency would not in any way assist Roselli. Maheu was so advised of the Agency's position, and he was in





complete agreement with our stand. He further advised that he was not concerned about any publicity as it affected him personally should Roselli decide to tell all.

21. Subsequently, Roselli or someone on his behalf furnished Jack Anderson details of the operation. Attached are two Anderson columns dealing with this matter.

22. The last known residence of Roselli was the Federal Penitentiary in Seattle, Washington.

Attachments



### The Washington Merry-Go-Round

#### THE WASHINGTON Monday, Jan. 18, 1971 Ξ7

## Attempts to Kill Castro Laid to C

By Juck Anderson

people have known the terri- Castro to lead them. ble secret. They have sworn After the first attempt relations office. He later poison capsules to slip into a never to talk. Yet we have failed, five more assassination up billionaire Howard Hughes' upposed to take three days to learned the details from sources whose credentials are teams were sent to Cuba. The Nevada operations. beyond question.

tempts. He acknowledged the pened around the last of Feb- derworlds, to arrange the as-imer t idea had been discussed inside ruary or first of March, 1963. sassination. The dapper, hawk-the CIA but insisted it had Nine months later, Presi-faced Roselli, formerly mar-been "rejected immedi- dent Kennedy was gunned ried to movie actress June tro's related to one of Cas-tro's related to one of Caspated in any plot on Castro's viously had agitated for Cas- viction with racketeer Willie livered the capsules to his conlife. Asked whether the at- tro in New Orleans and had Bioff in a million-dollar Holly- tact at : ami Beach's glamortempts could have been made made a mysterious trip to the wood labor shakedown. The ous Fon a nebleau Hotel. with his knowledge, he re- Cuban Embassy in Mexico CIA assigned two of its most A court of weeks later, just plied: "It could not have hap- City. pened."

sources.

dence, however, in our nagging suspicion-unsup-murder mission. Using phony Castro as ill. But he reported by the Warren Com- names, they accompanied Ro- covered where the Bay of Pigs The plot to knock off Castro mission's findings-that Cas- selli on trips to Miami to line invasion . April 17, 1981. began as part of the Bay of tro became aware of the U.S. up the assassination teams. Pizs operation. The intent was plot upon his life and some. The full story reads like the made on distrois life,

ers landed on the island. Their nedy.

cesses of the Central Intelli-gence Agency is the story of six assassination attempts against Cuba's Fidel Casiro.

tor before the motley invadiate against President lon- complete with secret trysts at gilttering Miami Beach hotels-Locked in the darkest re-arrival was expected to touch. To set up the Castro as 1 si- and midnight powerboat cesses of the Central Intelli-off a general uprising which nation the CIA enlisted him dashes to correct hard-

For 10 years, only a few key down without the charismatic cover assignments for the Ci \ For the first try, the CIA out of his Washington public furnished Roselli with special. By the time Castro died.

last team reportedly made it Maheu recruited John Roth system would throw off all We spoke to John McCone, to a rooitop within shooting selli, a ruggedly handsome trives of the poison, so he who headed the CIA at the distance of Castro before they gambler with contacts in both  $w_i \setminus d$  appear to be the victim time of the assassination at were apprehended. This hap the American and Cuban un of a natural if mysterious ail-

trusted operatives. William about the right time for the Among those privy to the Harvey and James (Big Jim) plot to the been carried out, We have complete confi-CIA conspiracy, there is still a O'Connell, to the hush-hush a report of Havana said Four news attempts were

do eliminate the Cuban dicta-thow recruited Oawall to total- system of a James Bond movie, a store a-theorem and areas and

The Washington Herry-Go-Round

### THE WASHINGTON POST Junsday, Feb. 23, 1971

# Castro Stalker Worked for the CIA

By Jack Anderson (job by Robert Maheu, a for Roselli, with deadly poison is still on the CLA pivroll, he mutant men when the mer FBI agent, who admitted capsules which he truck Both belianced to us a function to be a function. The mystery man whom the to us that he had handled un through a relative of Castro's ship with Roselli but relined. Central Intellizence Agency dercover assignments for the chef to plant in the dictator's Harvey said he had a "high re-recruited to assassinate Cuba's CIA. He refused, however, to food. Later, marksmen armed gard" for Recelli and colled Fidel Castro has been laid up discuss the details. This is the with high-powered Belgian righted by the Prior's Club case a "pum in the sick word of the Los' same Maheu, incidentally, who fies attempted to infiltrate rap." Sold Harvey: "The

Angeles County jail. He is handsome, hawk-faced the over phantom billionaire down. John Roselli, once a dashing Howard Hughes' Nevada oper-figure around Hollywood and ations. He is handsome, hawk-faced) the over phantom billionaire down. Las Vegas, now a gray, 66- Roselli was so flattered over the spring of 1963. Through- trying to get clemency for year-old inmate with a respira- being asked to perform a se- out this period. Roselli worked their client, citing our stories tory ailment.

cret mission for the U.S. gov- under the direct supervision about his secret CIA service. Confidential FBI files iden- crament that he paid all his of two secret CIA agents, Wiltify him as "a top Mafia fig. expenses out of his own liam Harvey and James (Big ure" who watched over "the pocket and risked his neck to Jim) O'Connell. concealed interests in Las land the assassination teams Vegas casinos of the Chicago on the Cuban coast. Roselli's Reward

underworld." In James Bond fashion, he | The FBI which got wind of Department has failed to en-Roselli has admitted to held whispered meetings in the assassination plot, has force a vital section of the friends that he was a rum run- Miami Beach hotels with Cu- tried to pump Roselli for in- 1958 federal firearms act. ner during the Roaring Twer-thans willing to make an at-formation. But he was sworn the law was passed after ties. Operating along the East trought on Castro's life. Once, to silence by the CIA, and up the murders of Sen. Robert Coast, he learned how to evade he called on Chicago racket to this moment, he hasn't bro-, the murders of Sen. Robert Coast Guard cutters and po-boss Sam Giancana to line up ken it. lice patrols. His name later became files report that Giancana had partment, as part of its crack-Treasury Secretary to require lice patrols.

linked with the biggest names "gambling interest and an in- down on organized crime, full reports of all firearms and in the Chicago and Los Ange-lerest in the shrimp business tried to nail Roselli. The FBI ammunition sales. les underworlds. He also de-veloped contacts in the Cuban Cuba." However, the Chi-discovered that his Chicago For the two years that the veloped contacts in the Cuban cago gangster took no direct birth records had been forged, law has been in force, the underworld before forged, law has been in force, the underworld before Castro took part in the assassination plot. [that his name was really Fi-] Treasury Department has in-over the Havana gambling ca- Roselli made midnight lippo Sacco and that he had nored this key provision. The made midnight lippo Sacco and that he had nored this key provision. The Roselli sinos

He had the right back assassins in twin powerboats. Italy as a child. He was con- it would be a bookkeeping ground for a hush-hush mis- Once a Cuban patrol ship victed for failing to register as nightmare. sion that the CIA was plan-turned its guns on his dark- an alien. The. federal government, sion that the CIA was plan- turned its guns on his dark- an alien. ning in 1981. As part of the ened boat, tore a hole in the He was also convicted for which would have to comple Bay of Pitz invasion, the CIA bottom and sank the boat. Ro-leenspiracy to rig card games all the sales data, has bottom hoped to havek out Castro and selli was fished out of the at Los Angeles' exclusive been reluctant to spend the S100 million it would cost the leave Cuba leaderless, water by the other boat, which Frier's Club.

escaped into the shadows. In earlier columns, we re-leistes. Harvey has now retired tain the firearms files. Risks Neck Resalli was recruited for the ported how the CIA furnished to Indianapolis and O'Connelly a tort, separate water with

is now involved in a legal bat. close enough to gun Castro Friar's Club indictment is

Firearms Fiasco

B11

Under pressure from the

- firearms lobby, the Treasury

dashes to Cuba with his hired come to this country from Sun industry has complained

| Of Roselli's two CIA asso computers and staff to million

Stall: T Erent

#### PROJECT MOCKINGBIRD

Project Mockingbird, a telephone intercept activity, was conducted between 12 March 1963 and 15 June 1963, and targeted two Washingtonbased newsmen who, at the time, had been publishing news articles based on, and frequently quoting, classified materials of this Agency and others, including Top Secret and Special Intelligence.

Telephone intercept connections were installed at the newmen's office and at each of their homes, for a total of 3. The connections were established with the assistance of a telephone company official who responded to a personal request by the Director of Security, Col. Sheffield Edwards. Col. Edwards' authority for the activity was Mr. John A. McCone, Director of Central Intelligence. The latter conducted the activity in coordination with the Attorney General (Mr. Robert Kennedy), the Secretary of Defense (Mr. Robert McNamara), and the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency (Gen. Joseph Carroll). In addition to Office of Security personnel directly involved in the intercepts and research of materials acquired therefrom, only 3. other Agency officials are on record as witting of the activity: the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence (General Marshall S. Carter), the Inspector General (Lyman Kirkpatrick) and the General Counsel. (Mr. Lawrence Houston).

The intercept activity was particularly productive in identifying contacts of the newsmen, their method of operation and many of their sources of information. For example, it was determined that during the period they received data from 13 newsmen, 12 of whom were identified; 12 senators and 6 members of Congress, all identified; 21 Congressional staff members, of whom 11 were identified; 16 government employees, including a staff member of the White House, members of the Vice President's office, an Assistant Attorney General, and other well-placed individuals. A number of other sources were partially or tentatively identified, but the short span of the activity precluded positive identification. It was observed that through these contacts the newsmen actually received more classified and official data than they could use, and passed some of the stories to other newsmen for release, establishing that many "leaks" appearing under other by-lines were actually from the sources of the target newsmen.

Since the termination of Project Mockingbird, those materials related to it which were retained, have been maintained under strict security access of two Office of Security professionals.

SECREL EVES ONLY



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SUBJECT:

Yuriy Ivanovich Nosenko

Yuriy Ivanovich Nosenko, an officer of the KGB, defected to a representative of this Agency in Geneva, Switzerland, on 4 February 1964. The responsibility for his exploitation was assigned to the then SR Division of the Clandestine Service and he was brought to this country on 12 February 1964. After initial interrogation by representatives of the SR Division, he was moved to a safehouse in Clinton, Maryland, from 4 April 1964 where he was confined and interrogated until 13 August 1965 when he was moved to a specially constructed "jail" in a remote wooded area at \_\_\_\_\_\_ The SR Division was convinced that he was a dispatched agent but even after a long period of hostile interrogation was unable to prove their contention and he was confined at \_\_\_\_\_\_ in an effort to convince him to "confess."

This Office together with the Office of General Counsel became increasingly concerned with the illegality of the Agency's position in handling a defector under these conditions for such a long period of time. Strong representations were made to the Director (Mr. Helms) by this Office, the Office of General Counsel, and the Legislative Liaison Counsel, and on 27 October 1967, the responsibility for Nosenko's further handling was transferred to the Office of Security under the direction of the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, then Admiral Rufus Taylor.

Nosenko was moved to a comfortable safehouse in the Washington area and was interviewed under friendly, sympathetic conditions by his Security Case Officer, Mr. Bruce Solie, for more than a year. It soon became apparent that Nosenko was bona fide and he was moved to more comfortable surroundings with considerable freedom of independent movement and has continued to cooperate fully with the Federal Bureau of Investigation and this Office since that time. He has proven to be the most

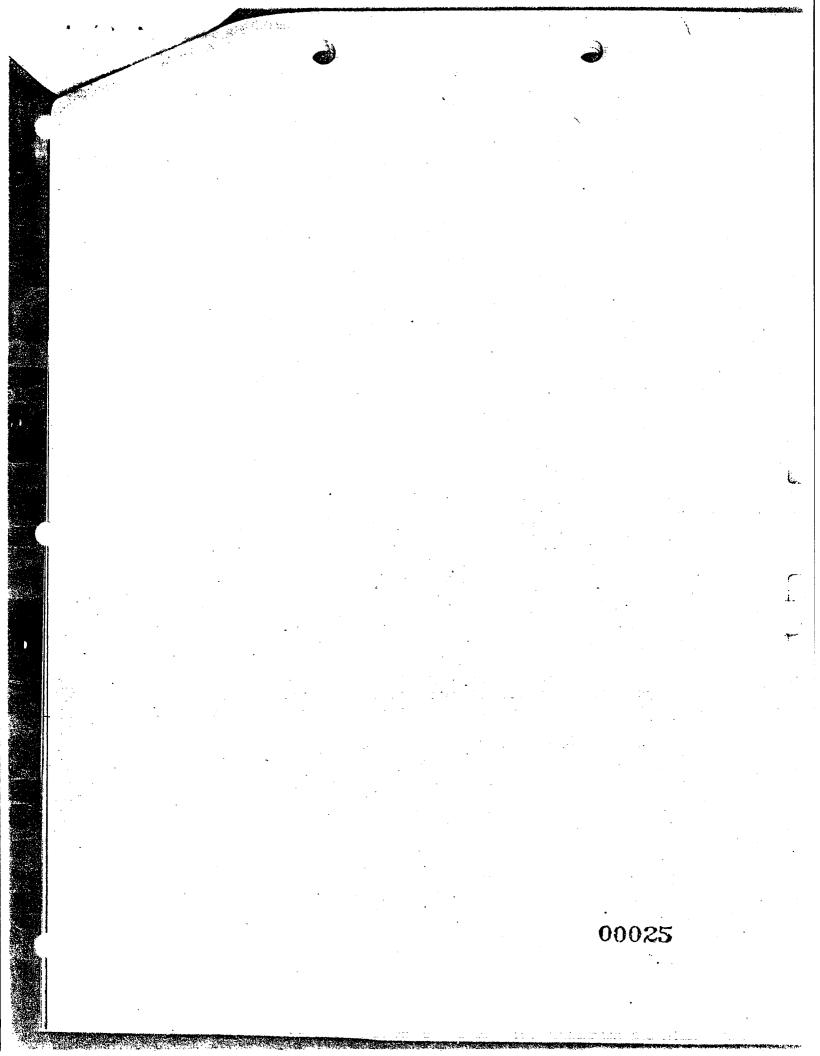
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valuable and economical defector this Agency has ever had and leads which were ignored by the SR Division were explored and have resulted in the arrest and prosecution

He currently is living under an alias; secured a divorce from his Russian wife and remarried an American citizen. He is happy, relaxed, and appreciative of the treatment accorded him and states "while I regret my three years of incarceration, I have no bitterness and now understand how it could happen."

SECI EYES GNLY





#### I. SURVEILLANCES

Α.

During the periods 1-20 February, 12 April-7 May, and 9-20 August 1971, a surveillance was conducted of a former staff employee, and a cuban national with whom become professionally and emo-Surveillance was predicated upon had been seeking from tionally involved. information that employees information in Information Processing Division files, and that employees were visiting a photographic studio operated by jin Fairfax City, Virginia. In addition to physical surveillance, one surreptitious entry of the photographic studio was made, and an attempt to enter the apartment of was aborted because of a door lock problem.

B. \_\_\_\_\_

Pursuant to a request from the CI Staff, approved by the DCI, surveillances were conducted of and her associates at various times from May to September 1971.

had long been a source of the WH Division and had given information regarding a plot to assassinate or kidnap Vice President Agnew and the DCI. Surveillances included coverage of the activities of Miss King during two visits to the United States, technical coverage of debriefings of her by WH Division representatives in New York City, and surveillance, including mail coverage, of several American citizens alleged to be part of the plot. Although most of the surveillance occurred in New York City, surveillance of one of the individuals included extensive coverage of a commune in Detroit.

C. CELOTEX I

At the direction of the DCI, a surveillance was conducted of Michael Getler of the Washington Post during

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the periods 6-9 October, 27 October-10 December 1971 and on 3 January 1972. In addition to physical surveillance, an observation post was maintained in the Statler Hilton Hotel where observation could be maintained of the building housing his office. The surveillance was designed to determine Getler's sources of classified information of interest to the Agency which had appeared in a number of his columns.

#### D. CELOTEX II

At the direction of the DCI, surveillance was conducted of Jack Anderson and at various times his "leg men," Britt Hume, Leslie Whitten, and Joseph Spear, from 15 February to 12 April 1972. In addition to the physical surveillance, an observation post was maintained in the Statler Hilton Hotel directly opposite Anderson's office. The purpose of this surveillance was to attempt to determine Anderson's sources for highly classified Agency information appearing in his syndicated columns.

#### E. BUTANE

At the direction of the DCI, a surveillance was conducted on Victor L. Marchetti from 23 March to 20 April 1972. The purpose of this surveillance was to determine his activities and contacts both with Agency employees and other individuals in regard to his proposed book and published magazine articles exposing Agency operations.

#### II. POLICE SUPPORT

A. During 1969, 1970, and 1971, on several occasions, the Intelligence Division of the Metropolitan Police Department was provided a communications system to monitor major anti-Vietnam war demonstrations in the Washington area. This system consisted of a radio receiver and an Agent at the Intelligence Division Headquarters and several automobiles from the Washington Field Office equipped with radio receivers and transmitters and manned by two WFO Agents, as well as a representative of the Intelligence Division, Metropolitan Police Department. The benefit to the Agency was that the communications over this system were monitored at the Headquarters Building to provide instant notice of possible actions by the dissidents against Agency installations.

-EHES TIMLY



B. During the period from 1968 to 1973, several items of positive audio equipment consisting primarily of clandestine transmitters and touch-tone dial recorders were loaned to the Metropolitan Police Department, Fairfax County, Virginia, Police Department, Montgomery County, Maryland, Police Department, New York City Police Department, and the San Francisco, California, Police Department.

#### III. GENERAL SUPPORT

#### A. SRPOINTER

Since 1953, this office has operated a mail intercept program of incoming and outgoing Russian mail and, at various times, other selective mail at Kennedy Airport in New York City. This operation included not only the photographing of envelopes but also surreptitious opening and photographing of selected items of mail. The bulk of the take involved matters of internal security interest which was disseminated to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This program is now in a dormant state pending a decision as to whether the operation will be continued or abolished.

B. AELADLE

For several years the Office of Security has provided support to Anatole Golitsyn, a Russian defector of interest to the CI Staff.

#### C. REDFACE I

In July 1970, this office made a surreptitious entry of an office in Silver Spring, Maryland, occupied by a former defector working under contract for the Agency. This involved by-passing a contact and





sonic alarm system, entering a vault, and entering a safe within the vault. The purpose of the operation was to determine whether the individual had any unauthorized classified information in his possession.

#### D. BUREAU OF NARCOTICS AND DANGEROUS DRUGS

In January 1971, the Director approved a request from the Director, Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, to provide covert recruitment and security clearance support to BNDD. This has been accomplished through the medium of a proprietary of the Office of Security known as and operating as . Support includes covert recruitment, investigation, polygraph, medical clearance, and training. It has been divided into three phases: (1) A CI operation to place individuals in BNDD field offices to monitor any illegal activities of other BNDD employees; (2)

and (3)

Recruitment of an individual used as an Agent by BNDD but actually employed by BNDD, although this fact is known only to the Director and Chief Inspector, BNDD. In this case, arrangements were made for all pay and other employee benefits to come from CIA on a reimbursable basis.

Ε.

#### F. MERRIMAC

From February 1967 to November 1971, an Office of Security proprietary, recruited and nandled several Agents for the purpose of covertly monitoring





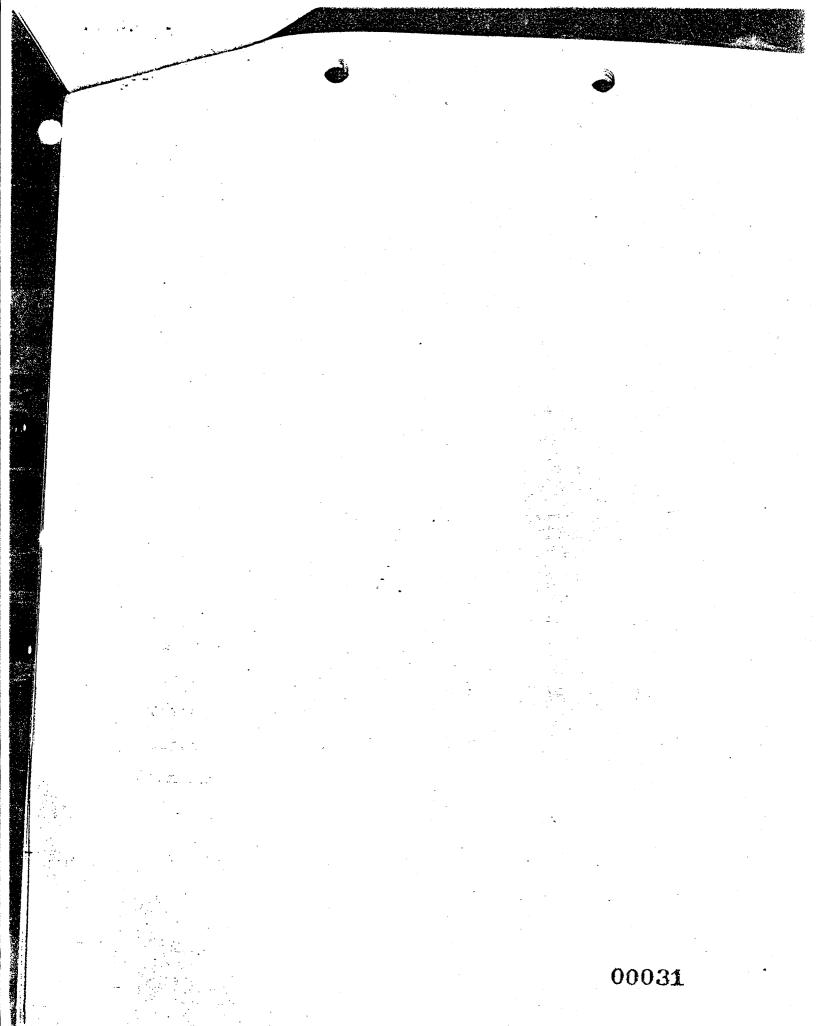
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F.

dissident groups in the Washington area considered to be potential threats to Agency personnel and installations. One of these Agents so successfully penetrated one dissident group that she was turned over to the FBI for handling. In addition, during this period, the Office of Security field offices were tasked with collecting available intelligence on dissident groups. All such information was included in a periodic report distributed to appropriate parts of the Agency and to certain outside Government agencies.

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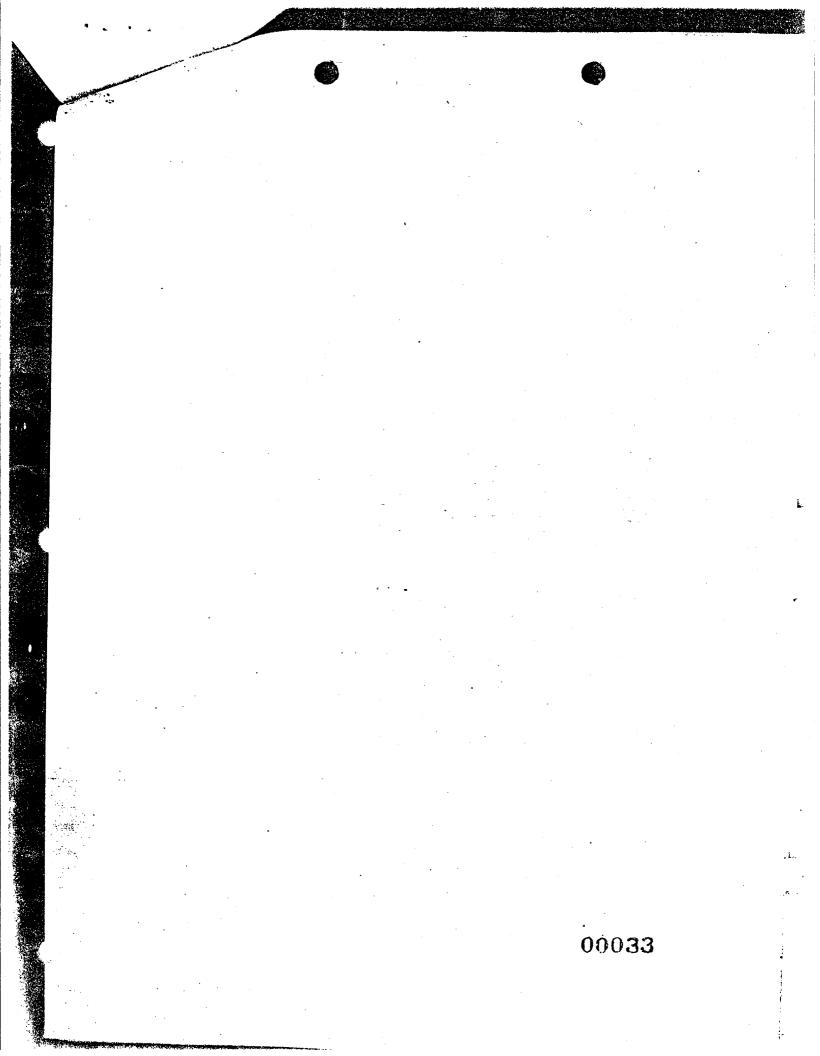
## MATERIAL REQUISITIONED FROM LOGISTICS BY SECURITY FOR ISSUANCE TO LOCAL POLICE

ITEM	QUANITY
Gas Mask M-9	200
Gas Mask M-17	196
Steel Helmet and Liners	231
Vest and Groin Protector	96
Vest, Flak M-52	34
Vest, Protective	46
Vest, Grenade	105
Execuvest	6
Emergency Flashing Red Light	22
*Searchlight, Tear Gas	36
*Chemical Baton 6 1/2"	36
*Chemical Baton 12"	24
*Chemical Baton 26"	24
*Mustang 35 Pistol	. 6
*Searchlight with Shoulder Strap	36
*Stun Gun	3

\*NOTE: Various quantities and types of replacement chemical cartridges, loading kits, and batteries were also ordered for asterisk items.



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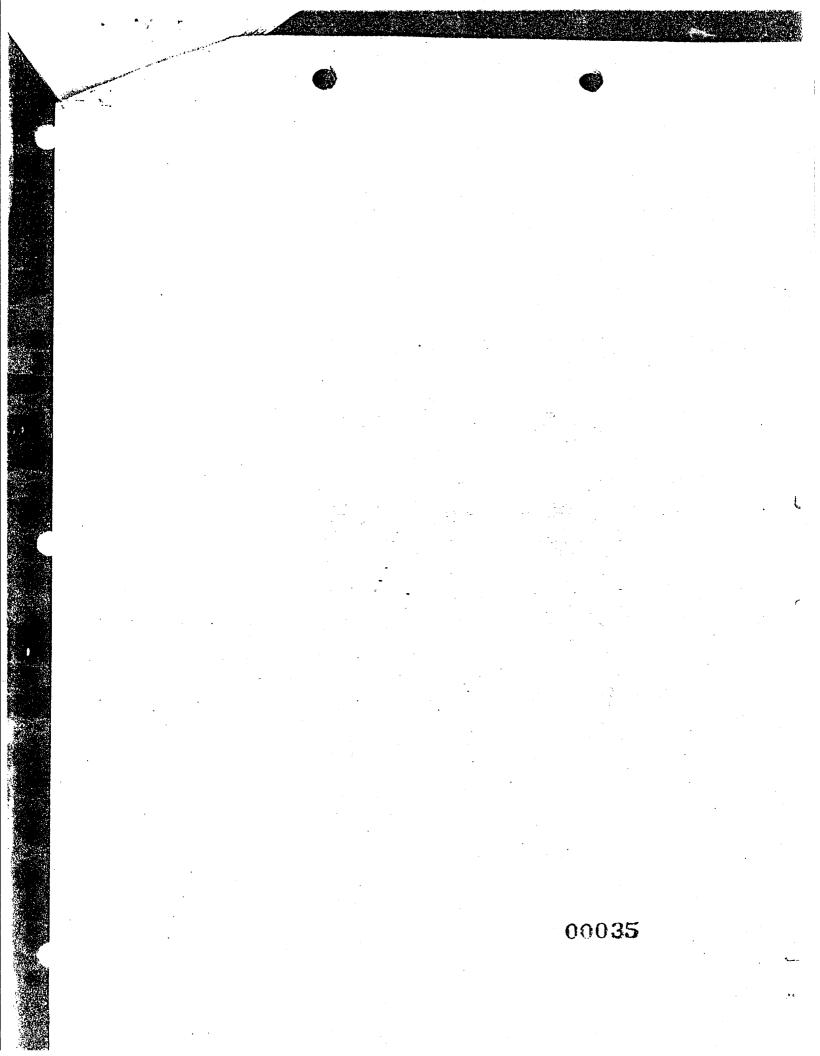
SUBJECT:

Audio Countermeasures Support to the United States Secret Service

On 25 July 1968, and at the specific request of the United States Secret Service, this Office provided two audio countermeasures technicians to the United States Secret Service in connection with the Democratic National Convention held in Chicago, Illinois. This was not an official detail although both men were provided with temporary credentials identifying them as being affiliated with the United States Secret Service.

On 15 August 1968, we detailed the same two men to the United States Secret Service to cover the Republican National Convention in Miami, Florida. On both occasions, the team members were debriefed upon their return and it is clear that their activities were confined exclusively to sweeping the candidates and potential candidates quarters.







15 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR:

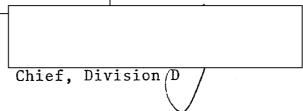
Mr. Howard Osborn Director of Security

SUBJECT : Identification of Activities with Embarrassment Potential for the Agency

1. In responding on 7 May by memorandum to the DDO's request for the identification of any incident which might conceivably have an embarrassment potential for the Agency, I cited the equipment test which is mentioned in the attached memo. The test in question was related to the development of

and in the course of running these tests, our technicians were in and out of some four hotels in Miami, with radio equipment. This was shortly before the political conventions, and at least one of the hotels was within a block of the convention hall.

2. Although this completely innocent--although subject to misconstrual--activity may already have been drawn to your attention by your own staff, it has occurred to us that we should ensure you are aware of it, given the involvement of a Security officer,



M/R dated 7 May 73 by

Test, Miami, Fla., Aug 71

cc:

Att:

00036

N. and

A1, 1:

# 7 May 1973

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

:

SUBJECT

- 15

Equipment Test, Miami, Florida, August 1971

The following details concerning the arrangements for Subject tests were provided by during a telephone conversation with the undersigned, 7 May 1973.

now retired, formerly assigned to
was the for the August 1971 Field
Test of the Security
arrangements for the test were handled on behalf of
and the visitors by in conjunction with the
Security Officer, wno was
at the time. Was in daily contact with
Miami Police in the course of his official liaison
duties.
was reluctant to call at home
over an open telephone line to inquire about the specifics
of the arrangements at this point, and suggested
that the Security Officer by this time might have
been transferred back to Headquarters and be available for
a direct query.
The writer called, DIV/D Security
Officer, who verified the fact that indeed is
stationed at Headquarters, with a current assignment to a
located in
is available via the following tele-
phone connections:

The above details were provided by telephone to Chief, Division D at 1650 hours this date.

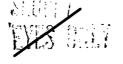
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	ROUTIN	G AND	RECOR	D SHEET	· ·	-
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15 FEB 1972

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: Executive Director-Comptroller

SUBJECT

: ROSELLI, John

1. This memorandum is for your information only.

2. Reference is made to our recent conversation regarding the Agency's participation in political assassinations. Attached hereto is a memorandum dated 19 November 1970 which was furnished to Mr. Helms setting forth the circumstances of the Subject's activities on behalf of the Agency. Initially Roselli was unwitting of Government interest, but as time went on, he suspected that the U. S. Government was involved and specifically the CIA.

3. Roselli is presently serving a prison sentence for conspiracy in a Federal penitentiary in Seattle, Washington and awaits deportation upon completion of his current sentence.

4. This Agency was aware that Roselli intended to expose his participation in the plot should we not intervene on his behalf. The DCI decided to ignore his threats and take a calculated risk as to the consequences that may occur with the disclosure of his story. This was subsequently done by Roselli or someone on his behalf furnishing Jack Anderson details of the incident. Attached hereto are two of Anderson's articles dealing with Roselli. Anderson is also Editor of the Washington Bureau of the <u>Washington Post</u>, Sunday supplemental "Parade."

5. Individuals who were aware of this project were: Messrs. Dulles, Bissell, Colonel J. C. King, Colonel Sheffield Edwards,



William Harvey, and James P. O'Connell. Also included were Robert A. Maheu and his attorneys Edward P. Morgan and Edward Bennett Williams.

6. On 26 February 1971 arrangements were made with Immigration and Naturalization Service Commissioner Raymond Farrell to flag any action that may be taken by his organization regarding deportation proceedings against Roselli. On 26 January 1972 James F. Green, Associate Commissioner for I&NS, advised that they were deferring any deportation action for another year and would again call it to our attention upon expiration of the deferral.

ard J. Director of & durity

Atts

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15 588 1972

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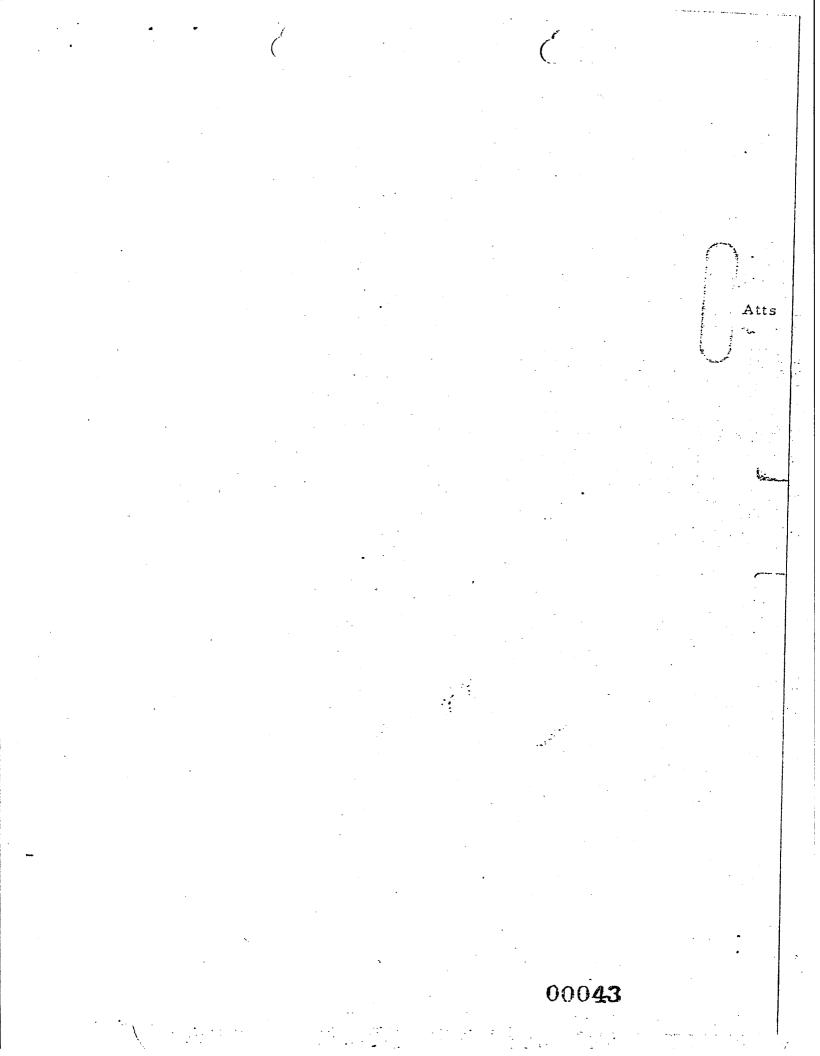
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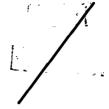
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Howard JLAUsborn Director of Security

Atts







1 9 NOV 1970

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT

: ROSFLLI, Johnny

1. This memorandum is for information only.

2. In August 1960, Mr. Richard M. Bissell approached Colonel Sheffield Edwards to determine if the Office of Security had assets that may assist in a sensitive mission requiring gangster-type action. The mission target was Fidel Castro.

3. Because of its extreme sensitivity, only a small group was made privy to the project. The DCI was briefed and gave his approval. Colonel J. C. King, Chief, WH Fivision, was briefed, but all details were deliberately concealed from any of the JMWAVE officials. Certain TSD and Commo personnel participated in the initial planning stages, but were not witting of the purpose of the mission.

4. Robert A. Maheu was contacted, briefed generally on the project, and requested to ascertain if he could develop an entree into the gangster elements as the first step toward accomplishing the desired goal.

5. Mr. Maheu advised that he had met one Johnny Roselli on several occasions while visiting Las Vegas. He only knew him casually through clients, but was given to understand that he was a high-ranking member of the "syndicate" and controlled all of the ice-making machines on the Strip. Maheu reasoned that, if Roselli was in fact a member of the clan, he undoubtedly had connections leading into the Cuban gambling interests.





6. Maheu was asked to approach Roselli, who knew Maheu as a personal relations executive handling domestic and foreign accounts, and tell him that he had recently been retained by a client who represented several international business firms which were suffering heavy financial losses in Cuba as a result of Castro's action. They were convinced that Castro's removal was the answer to their problem and were willing to pay a price of \$150,000 for its successful accomplishment. It was to be made clear to Roselli that the U. S. Government was not, and should not, become aware of this operation.

7. The pitch was made to Roselli on 14 September 1960 at the Hilton Plaza Hotel, New York City. His initial reaction was to avoid getting involved but, through Maheu's persuasion, he agreed to introduce him to a friend, Sam Gold, who knew the "Cuban crowd." Roselli made it clear he did not want any money for his part and believed Sam would feel the same way. Neither of these individuals was ever paid out of Agency funds.

8. During the week of 25 September, Maheu was introduced to Sam who was staying at the Fontainebleau Hotel, Miami Beach. It was several weeks after his meeting with Sam and Joe, who was identified to him as a courier operating between Havana and Miami, that he saw photographs of both of these individuals in the Sunday supplemental "Parade." They were identified as Momo Salvatore Giancana and Santos Trafficant, respectively. Both were on the list of the Attorney General's ten most-wanted men. The former was described as the Chicago chieftain of the Cosa Nostra and successor to Al Capone, and the latter, the Cosa Nostra boss of Cuban operations. Maheu called this office immediately upon ascertaining this information.

9. In discussing the possible methods of accomplishing this mission, Sam suggested that they not resort to firearms but, if he could be furnished some type of potent pill, that could be placed in Castro's food or drink, it would be a much more effective operation. Sam indicated that he had a prospective nominee in the person of Juan Orta, a Cuban official who had been receiving kickback payments from the gambling interests, who still had access to Castro, and was in a financial bind.





10. TSD was requested to produce six pills of high lethal content.

11. Joe delivered the pills to Crta. After several weeks of reported attempts, Crta apparently got cold feet and asked out of the assignment. He suggested another candidate who made several attempts without success.

12. Joe then indicated that Dr. Anthony Verona, one of the principal officers in the Cuban Exile Junta, had become disaffected with the apparent ineffectual progress of the Junta and was willing to handle the mission through his own resources.

13. He asked, as a prerequisite to the deal, that he be given \$10,000 for organizational expenses and requested \$1,000 worth of communications equipment.

14. Dr. Verona's potential was never fully exploited, as the project was canceled shortly after the Bay of Pigs episode. Verona was advised that the offer was withdrawn, and the pills were retrieved.

15. Of significant interest was an incident which involved a request levied by Sam upon Maheu.

At the height of the project negotiations, Sam expressed concern about his girlfriend, Phyllis McGuire, who he learned was getting much attention from Dan Rowan while both were booked at a Las Vegas night club. Sam asked Maheu to put a bug in Rowan's room to determine the extent of his intimacy with Miss McGuire. The technician involved in the assignment was discovered in the process, arrested, and taken to the Sheriff's office for questioning. He called Maheu and informed him that he had been detained by the police. This call was made in the presence of the Sheriff's personnel.

Subsequently, the Department of Justice announced its intention to prosecute Maheu along with the technician. On 7 February 1962, the Director of





Security briefed the Attorney General, Robert Kennedy, on the circumstances leading up to Maheu's involvement in the wiretap. At our request, prosecution was dropped.

16. In May 1962, Mr. William Harvey took over as Case Officer, and it is not known by this Office whether Roselli was used operationally from that point on.

17. It was subsequently learned from the FBI that Roselli had been convicted on six counts involving illegal entry into the United States. Our records do not reflect the date of conviction, but it is believed to have been sometime during November 1967.

18. On 2 December 1968, Roselli, along with four other individuals, was convicted of conspiracy to cheat members of the Friars Club of \$400,000 in a rigged gin gummy game.

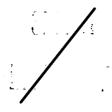
19. Mr. Harvey reported to the Office of Security of his contacts with Roselli during November and December 1967 and January 1968. It was his belief that Johnny would not seek out the Agency for assistance in the deportation proceedings unless he actually faced deportation. Roselli expressed confidence that he would win an appeal.

20. On 17 November 1970, Maheu called James O'Connell, Roselli's first Case Officer, to advise that Maheu's attorney, Ed Morgan, had received a call from a Thomas Waddin, Roselli's lawyer, who stated that all avenues of appeal had been exhausted, and his client now faces deportation. Waddin indicated that, if someone did not intercede on Roselli's behalf, he would make a complete expose of his activities with the Agency.

21. On 18 November 1970, you were briefed on the latest development in this case, and it was decided that the Agency would not in any way assist Roselli. Maheu was so advised of the Agency's position, and he was in complete agreement with our stand. He further advised that he was not concerned about



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any publicity as it affected him personally should Roselli decide to tell all. He stated he would advise us promptly of any developments that he may become aware of in this matter.

> Howard J. Osborn Director of Security



# The Washington Merry-Go-Round

#### THE WASHINGTON POST Monday, 10n. 18, 1971 B7

# 6 Attempts to Kill Castro Laid ŪΟ

By Jack Anderson Locked in the darkest recesses of the Central Intelligence Agency is the story of six assassination attempts against Cuba's Fidel Castro.

people have known the terri- Castro to lead them. ble secret. They have sworn never to talk. Yet we have falled, five more assassination learned the details from sources whose credentials are beyond question.

time of the assassination at-were apprehended. This hap the American and Cuban untempts. He acknowledged the pened around the last of Feb- derworlds, to arrange the asidea had been discussed inside ruary or first of March, 1963.

he CIA but insisted it had Jeen ately." He vigorously denied down in Dallas by Lee Harvey Lang, was a power in the pellets in the dictator's food. that the CIA had ever partici- Oswald, a fanatic who pre- movie industry until his con- On March 13, 1961, Roselli depated in any plot on Castro's viously had agitated for Cas-life. Asked whether the at tro in New Orleans and had life. Asked whether the at- tro in New Orleans and had Bioff in a million-dollar Holly- tact at Miami Beach's glamor-tempts could have been made made a mysterious trip to the wood labor shakedown. The ous Fontainebleau Hotel. with his knowledge, he re- Cuban Embassy in Mexico CIA assigned two of its most A couple of weeks later, just plied: "It could not have hap- City. pened."

sources.

The plot to knock off Castro mission's findings—that Cas-began as part of the Bay of tro became aware of the U.S. up the assassination teams. Four more attempts of began as part of the Bay of tro became aware of the U.S. up the assassination teams. Four more attempts w/ e Pies operation The intent was, plot upon his life and some. The full story reads like the made on Castro's life. to eliminate the Cuban dicta how recruited Oswald to retal- script of a James Bond movie, " g 1971, Ben-McCure Syndicate for 1.....

ers landed on the island. Their nedy.

arrival was expected to touch have had more trouble putting For 10 years, only a few key down without the charismatic

teams were sent to Cuba. The Nevada operations.

Nine months later, Presi-"rejected immedi-dent Kennedy was gunned

for before the motley invad-jate against President Ken-; complete with secret trysts at glittering Miami Beach hotels-

off a general uprising, which nation, the CIA enlisted Rob dashes to secret landing spots the Communist militia would ert Maheu, a former FEI on the Cuban coast. Once, Roagent with shadowy contacts, selli's boat was shot out from, who had handled other under- under him. cover assignments for the CIA For the first try, the CIA

> moved to Las Vegas to head Castro's food. The poison was up billionaire Howard Hughes' supposed to take three days to

sassination. The dapper, hawk-

To set up the Castro assassi-and mid night powerboat

out of his Washington public furnished Roselli with special-I After the first attempt relations office. He later poison capsules to slip into ? act. By the time Castro died, last team reportedly made it Maheu recruited John Ro-his system would throw off all We spoke to John McCone, to a rooftop within shooting selli, a ruggedly handsome traces of the poison, so he who headed the CIA at the distance of Castro before they gambler with contacts in both would appear to be the victim of a natural if mysterious ailment.

> Roselli arranged with a faced Roselli, formerly mar- Cuban, related to one of Casried to movie actress June tro's chefs, to plant the deadly viction with racketeer Willie livered the capsules to his con-

trusted operatives, William about the right time for the pened." Among those privy to the Harvey and James (Big Jim) plot to have been carried out We have complete confi- CIA conspiracy, there is still a dence, however, in our nagging suspicion—unsup-murder mission. Using phony Castro was ill. But he r ported by the Warren Com- names, they accompanied Ro- covered before the Bay of Pirs

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1971 THE WASHINGTON POST B11

Angeles County jail.

figure around Hollywood and ations. Las Vegas, now a gray, 66-

tory ailment.

tify him as "a top Mafia fig-expenses out of his own liam Harvey and James (Big ure" who watched over "the pocket and risked his neck to Jim) O'Connell. Vegas casinos of the Chicago on the Cuban coast. underworld."

ties. Operating along the East tempt on Castro's life. Once, to silence by the CIA, and up Coast, he learned how to evade he called on Chicago racket to this moment, he hasn't bro the murders of Sen. Robert

les underworlds. He also de-veloped contacts in the Cuban cago gangster took no direct birth records had been forged. Iaw has been in force, the underworld before Castro took part in the assassination plot. That his name was really Fi. Treasury Department has is-over the Havana gambling ca-Roselli made midnight lippo Sacco and that he had nored this key provision. The

sion that the CIA was plan turned its guns on his dark- an alien. leave Cuba leaderless,

Risks Neck

Fidel Castro his been laid up discuss the details. This is the with himpowered Belgian ri- the Frior's Club case a "blum in the sick ward of the Los same Mahou, incidentaliy, who fies attempted to infiltrate rap." Said Harvey: "The

John Roselli, once a dashing Howard Hughes' Nevada oper-

cret mission for the U.S. gov, under the direct supervision about his secret CIA service. Confidential FBI files iden-lernment that he paid all his of two secret CIA agents, Wil-

concealed interests in Lasiland the assassination teams

sinos. He had the right back-ground for a hush-hush mis-Once a Cuban patrol ship victed for failing to register as nightmare.

ning in 1961. As part of the enerd boat, tore a hole in the He was also convicted for which would have to comple Bay of Pizs invasion, the CIA bottom and sank the boat Ro- conspiracy to rig card games all the sales data, has a the hoped to knock off Castro and selli was fished out of the at Los Angeles' exclusive, been reluctant to spend the water by the other boat, which (Friar's Club,

escaped into the shadows. In earlier columns, we re- clates, Harvey has now retired tain the firearms files. Roselli was recruited for the ported how the CIA furnished to Indianapolis and O'Connell - 1971, Bell-McClure Syndicate, 7-

All told, six assassination at do with that than I had."

### Roselli's Reward

underworld." Roselli has admitted to held whispered meetings in the assassination plot, has force a vital section of the friends that he was a rum run. Miami Beach hotels with Cu- tried to pump Roselli for in-1968 federal firearms act. ner during the Roaring Twen- bans willing to make an at- formation. But he was sworn

Ilis name later became files report that Giancana had partment, as part of its crack. Treasury Secretary to require linked with the biggest names 'gambling interest and an in-down on organized crime, full reports of all firearms and terest in the shrimp business tried to nail Roselli. The FBI ammunition sales.

By Jack Anderson job by Robert Maheu, a for-Beselli with deadly poisontis still on the CIA payroll. mer FBI agent, who admitted capsules which he tried both admitted to us a friend-The mystery man whom the to us that he had handled un-through a relative of Castro's ship with Roselli but refused Central Intelligence Agency dercover assignments for the chef to plant in the dictator's Harvey said he had a "high re-recruited to assassinate Cuba's CIA. He refused, however, to food. Later, marksmen armed gard" for Roselli and called ngeles County jail. He is handsome, hawk-faced the over phantom billionaire down. The phony. Roselli had no more to

tempts were marie, the last in Reselli's lawyers are now Roselli was so flattered over the spring of 1963. Through trying to get elemency for year-old inmate with a respira- heing asked to perform a se- out this period, Roselli worked their client, citing our stories

Firearms Fiasco

Under pressure from the firearms lobby, the Treasury

The law was passed after Coast Guard cutters and po-hoss Sam Giancana to line up ken it. lice patrols. Kennedy and Dr. Martin Lu-ken it. Kennedy and Dr. Martin Lu-ken it. Kennedy and Dr. Martin Lu-ther King. It authorizes the Treasury Societary to require

The federal government, \$100 million it would cost for Of Reselli's two CIA asso- computers and staff to main-

SUBJECT: (Optional)	ROUTIN	G AND	RECOR	D SHEET
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TO: (Officer designation, room number, and building)	D. RECEIVED	ATE FORWARDED	OFFICER'S INITIALS	COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from whor to whom. Draw a line across column after each comment
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SEGRET SHEETIVE

#### 17 December 1973

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Recent Activities of the Watergate Special Prosecution Staff

1. Early in the evening of 10 December 1973, I received a telephone call from who informed the that he, in turn, had received a call from Intelligence Division, Washington Metropolitan Police Department

2. It seems that had just spent an hour in conversation at his home with a in the Washington Metropolitan Police Department who had reported to him on his interview that afternoon with a Mr. Martin and a Mr. Horowitz, prosecutors of the Watergate Special Prosecution Staff. had been subpoenaed for his appearance and he indicated to that the two prosecutors were principally concerned

with two matters:

- a. What type of training had the Agency given members of the Washington Metropolitan Police Department? how long were the courses? and how often were they given?
- b. What support did the Agency provide to the Washington Metropolitan Police Department during demonstrations occurring in the Washington area in late 1969 and early 1970?

3. said that he had been shown a long list of names and asked if any of them had been involved either with the training given the Washington Metropolitan Police Department or the support to the Washington Metropolitan Police Department during the demonstrations. Could remember only three names on the list. They were:

SECRET/SENSITIVE

SEGNET SELECT

did in fact 4. The three individuals named by participate in both the training and support during the demonstrations. They are only three among others of my special support group who were involved in these activities. Of extreme sensitivity is the fact that these same individuals were engaged in other highly sensitive activities which could cause the Agency severe embarrassment if they were surfaced today in the current 'Watergate climate."

5. I briefed the Director personally on this development and he indicated that if the training and demonstrations surfaced that he would simply acknowledge that this had occurred but as he had assured members of Congress, we would not engage in this type of activity in the future. He agreed with my suggestion that we have the Legislative Counsel brief Congressman Nedzi and Senator Stennis on this since they have already been briefed on all activities of this nature undertaken by the Agency in the past. I briefed Mr. John Warner, Acting General Counsel, and agreed with him that we would until make no effort to brief members of my and if they are subpoenaed. Mr. Warner or members of his Staff will then caution them to only answer questions asked and not volunteer additional information. I am making a copy of this memorandum available of the Inspector General's Staff at the suggestion to of the Inspector General, who I also briefed on this development.

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Howard J. Osborn Director of Security

• cc: IG Staff Attn:

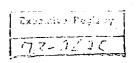
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8 5 MAY 1973,

### MEMORANDUM FOR: Executive Secretary, CIA Management Committee

SUBJECT

: Project TWO-FOLD

1. This memorandum sets forth a recommendation for your approval in paragraph 5.

2. For the past several years, this office has been supporting the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs (BNDD) by spotting, assessing, and recruiting personnel to form an internal security unit whose primary mission is the detection of corruption within the BNDD. Subsequent to the recruitment and training stage, the individuals selected are turned over to the Chief Inspector of BNDD for operational guidance and handling in their various domestic assignments.

3. Recently, this Agency has extended this activity by supporting BNDD in the covert acquisition of individuals who are hired as Staff Agents utilized under nonofficial cover and directed against the principal international drug traffickers. These individuals are true employees of the BNDD and, although all administrative details relative to their employment are handled within the Agency, they`are unaware of any Agency involvement.

4. It is felt at this time that a reaffirmation of our support to BNDD in Project TWO-FOLD is necessary and desirable.

5. Therefore, it is recommended that approval be granted for the continuation of Project TWO-FOLD as originally approved by the Director of Central Intelligence on 12 February 1971.

Director of Security





# SUBJECT: Project TWO-FOLD

APPROVED: \*

**DISAPPROVED:** 

Distribution: Orig. - Return to OS 1 - ER 1 - IG

> \* Per Mr. Colby's recommendation and DCI concurrence, terminate paragraph
>  2 activity and continue paragraph 3 only as the activity pertains to foreign assignments to collect narcotics intelligence abroad. Copy furnished IG.

Ben C. Evans, Jr. O/ES 2.9 MAY 1973



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11 May 1973

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### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: General: Office of Security Survey

1. At the Director's instruction, and with the concurrence of the then DD/P, the Office of Security developed informants in RID to report on the activities of RID employees on whom security questions had arisen. This program, which included upwards of a dozen informants at its peak, has declined to its present level of three, only one of whom is reporting regularly on matters of current interest.

2. The principal object of Security's interest through this informant is a female who was employed in RID for a number of years until she resigned in 1969. Her resignation coincided with the initiation of a security review on her by the Office of Security, but Security does not know whether the employee was aware of this security review at the time of her resignation.

3. Security's interest in this employee was occasioned by reports that she had developed an increasingly intimate acquaintance with a Cuban national. Reporting by one informant, who was also being developed by the Cuban, suggested that the Cuban might have an intelligence interest in the female. The same informant also subsequently reported that the Cuban had numerous other contacts among clerical and secretarial employees of the Agency.

4. Subsequent to her departure from the Agency, the ex-RID employee entered into a common-law marital relationship with the Cuban and joined him as partner in a photographic business. In this capacity she solicited business among CIA employees, especially those requiring passport photos. Recently, she and the Cuban sought to employ Security's informant in this business on a part-time basis. 5. Information on the background of the Cuban is fairly extensive, but it is inconclusive. He is known to have been a member of anti-Castro organizations in this country. There are also reports that his mother was imprisoned in Cuba at one time. There are other episodes in his life that suggest intelligence involvement on his part with some hostile service, but this is not yet definitely established.

6. The Office of Security has had at times a second informant in this case. His reporting has tended to confirm reporting by the principal informant.

8. The Office of Security has been running this operation for over two years, in an effort to obtain conclusive proof of its intelligence nature. CI Staff has been kept informed. The FBI, which was informed of the case at an early stage, has declined to take responsibility for it, on grounds that it concerns CIA's internal security. As a result, the Office ofSecurity has been inhi bited in the actions it can take against the Guban suspect. On the other hand, Security has not taken any action against Agency employees for fear of compromising the operation.

9. It would appear to me that the Office of Security has dallied with this case long enough. Apparently unable through positive measures to resolve doubts about the case, O/S has followed the course of watchful waiting, hoping the Cuban would take precipitant action himself that would give us the evidence we seek. In the meantime, our knowledge of the relationship between the Cuban and the several other current Agency employees with whom he is known to have contact continues



The possib	oility that the	employee	in SB Division	may be pa	issing	
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Memorandum to: The Inspector General

Subject: Office of Security Survey - Office of Security Support to BNDD

1. In December 1970 Robert Ingersoll, head of the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, asked Mr. Helms if the Agency could give him some assistance in shoring up the internal integrity of the BNDD. According to Ingersoll, the old Federal Bureau of Narcotics had been heavily infiltrated by dishonest and corrupt elements, who were believed to have ties with the narcotics smuggling industry. Ingersoll wanted us to halp him recruit some thoroughly reliable people who could be used, not only as special agents in his various offices around the country, but also to serve as informants on the other BNDD employees in these offices.

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# ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

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ADMINISTRATIVE THE ONLY

9 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Management & Services

SUBJECT

: Press Allegations re Use of Agency Polygraph

1. This memorandum is for your information only and confirms a report I made to you by telephone earlier today.

2. On 22 July 1971, an article was carried on American proposals relative to the SALT talks in The New York Times over the by-line of William Beecher. It was devastatingly accurate and contained direct quotes from a Presidential advisory memorandum the White House had sent to Mr. Gerard Smith, Director, Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, a few days earlier. The President was alleged to be furious with this unauthorized disclosure of classified information and directed a sweeping investigation within the United States Government to determine the source of the disclosure. Investigation was conducted under the direction of Mr. Egil Krogh and Mr. David Young, Staff Assistants to Mr. John Ehrlichman, Counsel to the President for Domestic Affairs.

3. On the basis of investigations conducted by State Security and Defense officials, four individuals-one individual in the Department of Defense and three individuals in the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency-were tabbed as leading suspects. Mr. Egil Krogh contacted me on 26 July 1971 and requested that we arrange to polygraph the three suspects in the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency and volunteered the information that the Federal Bureau of Investigation would be asked to polygraph the one suspect in the Department of Defense.



ADMINISTRATIVE-EXPLANT USE BY

4. I informed Mr. Krogh that from time to time in matters involving the national security the Agency had detailed to Mr. G. Marvin Gentile, Director of State Security, a polygraph operator and a polygraph machine for his use in polygraphing State Department employees who were recipients of allegations concerning their loyalty. I emphasized that this procedure had the Director's approval and that State clearly understood that the examination was their total responsibility. I further informed him that this was the only way we could undertake to entertain his request and that even then it would require the specific approval of the Director. Mr. Krogh asked me to obtain such approval and work out such arrangements with Mr. Gentile.

5. Later that same day, Mr. Krogh called Mr. Gentile and inquired as to whether the arrangements had been made. Mr. Gentile indicated they had and suggested that the same polygraph operator be used to examine the Defense suspect. Mr. Krogh informed Mr. Gentile that he considered this an excellent idea and that he would instruct Defense officials to make their man available to Mr. Gentile for a polygraph examination.

6. The four individuals were

The polygraph

00066

examinations resulted in clearing the four men and the results of the examinations were forwarded over my signature to Mr. Gentile on 29 July 1971. A copy of my covering memorandum is attached.

7. Mr. Murrey Marder, a staff writer for The <u>Washington Post</u>, in an article dated 3 September 1971, stated that a State Department spokesman had acknowledged at a news briefing that agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation had polygraphed State Department employees suspected of leaking information on the SALT talks in July. Mr. John Edgar Hoover, then Director of the Federal

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Bureau of Investigation, denied this allegation in a letter to <u>The Washington Post</u> and said that the polygraph examinations had been conducted by another agency. Speculation centered around the Agency, but after a day or so, press speculation in this regard died away.

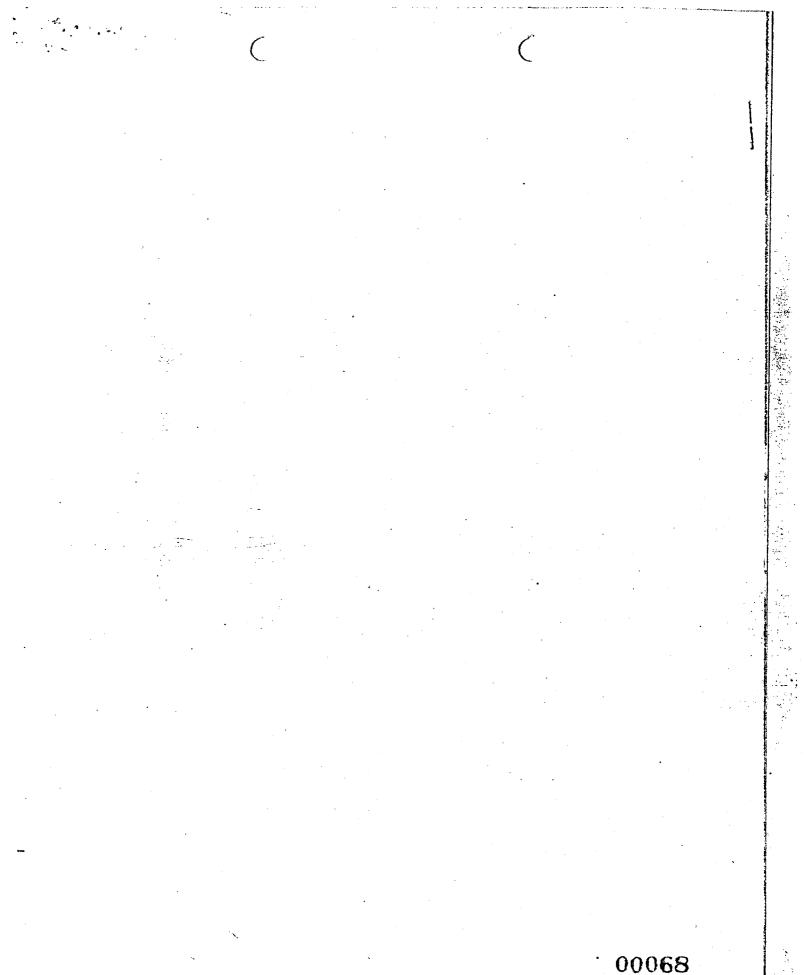
8. Mr. Marder apparently has never been satisfied and has been pressing Mr. Charles Bray, State Department spokesman, for confirmation of Agency involvement. Mr. Bray learned today that Mr. Marder plans to use a press conference to be held at 2:00 p.m. this afternoon to press this point further. Mr. Bray has been given guidance by Mr. Gentile to avoid confirmation but if this is impossible he will indicate the examinations were conducted by State Department Security officials utilizing an operator and a machine detailed to the Department for this purpose. Ι do not know whether or not the fact that the government-wide investigation was directed by Mr. Egil Krogh is known to Mr. Marder but I suspect that it is and that this is the reason why the matter has been raised again. Mr. David Young was instrumental in pushing my office to conduct an internal Agency investigation of this disclosure and the White House was satisfied that no Agency employee was the source.

OWATO J Security Director q

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Attachment

ADMINISTRATIVE-LIFE ONLY



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# 8 9 JUL 1871

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. G. Marvin Gentile Doputy Assistant Secretary for Security Department of State

### SUBJECT

: Special Technical Interviews

1. Attached are the technical interview reports on

2. As in other cases involving the use of polygraph, it is imperative no reference be made to this Agency's involvement in these actions.

3. As you will note, the reports are not classified and I shall defer to your judgment in regard to the level of classification.

FOR THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE:

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5 June 1973

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: Inspector General

SUBJECT

Mr.

: Items in John Clarke Memorandum to the Director of Central Intelligence, dated 9 May 1973

l. Two item	ns in the	attached m	emorandum	had not
previously been re	ported.	The first:	" Use of	CIA funds
and facilities to			for FBI	and pro-
vision of technical equipments by NSA				for use
against a				

2. In a follow-up meeting with Mr. Clarke, he advised that involved here was the use of funds appropriated for CIA being given to the FBI in cashiers checks for the purpose of

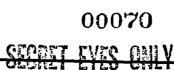
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CIA monies in cashiers checks were g	given to NSA who, with		
some assistance, was working on	1		
Mr. Clarke said he tho	ught the only problem		
here was in the use of funds, not in the operation. He thought			
the only source of additional information on this subject was			

3. The second item: "-- Use of CIA funds to help State Department defer Presidential representational expenses of President Lyndon B. Johnson's trip to Southeast Asia."

of the DDO/CI Staff.

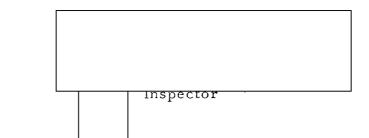
4. Mr. Clarke said the total amount of money requested by State Department was \$3,000,000 but that the Director would not agree to this amount. The Director did supply funds in those instances where some operational activity was involved or could be inferred, i.e.,

Mr. Clarke was not sure of the amount of Agency





funds used. He felt that only Colonel White could supply additional details. He said Senator Russell and Representative Mahon were advised of this Agency activity but asked not to be briefed in detail.



Attachment

- 2 -SECRET-EYES ONLY

#### 9 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT : Per your instructions

1. I have no recollection of specific contacts with the Ellsberg case, Watergate, or Young. Dick Helms' instructions at the time regarding discussion of Hunt's previous employment should be a matter of record.

2. Other activities of the Agency which could at some point raise public questions should they be exposed and on which Bill Colby is fully conversant are:

- CI activity of Dick Ober, DD/Q.

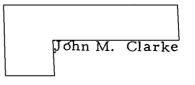
and investments and accumulation of Government capital.



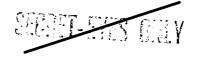
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Use of CIA funds and facilities to acquire U.S. real estate for FBI and provision of technical equipments by NSA for use against

- Use of CIA funds to help State Department defer Presidential representational expenses of L. B. J. trip to SEA.







5 June 1973

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: Inspector General

SUBJECT

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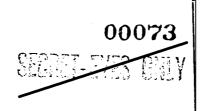
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Inspector

Attachment

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FBI referred to in para 1 is not shown in other documents in the Agency. Yale, has been kept very close with Mr. Yale, Mr. Magnusson, and Possibly Mr. All files have been purged. MEMORANDUM FOR: 00076, and a state of the second second ( 47 ) FORM NO. 101 REPLACES FORM 10.101 WHICH MAY BE USED. 2 r . 14 والمعاقبة والمحارجة المراجع

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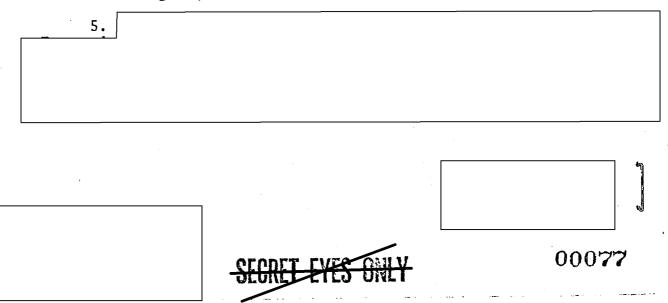
07 MAY 1973

MEMORANDUM 1	FOR:	Director of Central Intelligence
VIA	:	Deputy Director for Management and Services
FROM	•	Director of Finance
SUBJECT	:	Special Other Government Agency Activities

Colonel White, Executive Director-2.

3. <u>Detailees</u> - The Agency has reimbursable and nonreimbursable agreements with the White House, Department of Justice, Defense Agencies, etc., based on signed memoranda between the Director of Personnel and the various Agencies.

4. <u>Project TWOFOLD</u> - Reimbursement from Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs for training of BNDD agents by a domestic Agency Security proprietary.





00078

6. Payment to White House - Reimbursement to White House as approved by Executive Director-Comptroller for \$33,655.68 representing cost of postage, stationery and addressing of replies to letters and telegrams received by the White House as a result of the President's speech on Cambodia in May 1970.

Thomas ale Director/ bf Finance

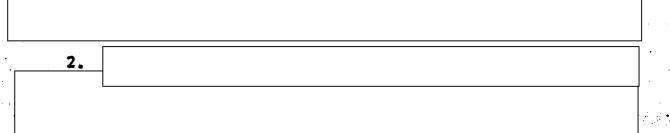
SUBJECT: Special Other Government Agency Activities

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. MEMORANDUM	FOR:	Director of Central Intelligence
VIA	:	Deputy Director for Management and Services
FROM	:	Director of Finance
SUBJECT	:	Special Other Government Agency Activities

Colonel White, Executive Director-



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SUBJECT: Special Other Government Agency Activities

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> (signed) Thomas B. Yale Thomas B. Yale Director of Finance

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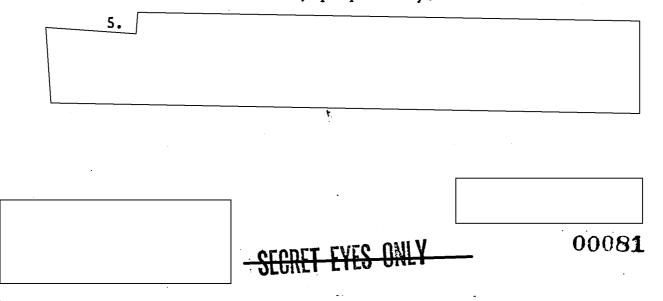
07 MAY 1973

MEHORANDUM FO	R:	Director of Central Intelligence
VIA	:	Deputy Director for Management and Services
FROM	:	Director of Finance
SUBJECT	:	Special Other Government Agency Activities

Colonel White, Executive Director-

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SUBJECT: Special Other Government Agency Activities

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(signed) Thomas B. Yale

Thomas B. Yale Director of Finance

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Mr. Magnusson's phone conversation with Mr. John Brown at approximately 10:20 on 26 May 1970:

- B: Guess we're back together again!
- M: Got more problems?
- B: Yes, don't know how much Watts told you.
- M: I didn't talk to Watts. Think he called Colonel White.
- B: Let me explain background. As a result of the Cambodia speech, we're getting relatively inundated with correspondence and normally all of this is sent to the Department of State for answering. What we're doing -- we're continuing to send all cons correspondence to State. However, the President made determination he'd like to answer support over his signature here and we asked the Department of State to support us on this effort. They're in a position where they can provide only limited support at this time. They're committed for \$10,000 which would probably handle in the area of maybe 60,000 responses.
- M: How many responses altogether counting pros and cons?
- B: The cons are quite a large group that they're handling themselves also.
- M: Are they going to be handling pros too?
- B: <u>\$10,000 is for pros.</u> They're doing cons. On pros they can pick up only \$10,000 worth. We estimate it will be around \$8,000 per 50,000 and it looks like at present time we've got over 100,000 responses in and it could go upwards of 150,000 or greater. Looks like we'll need a minimum of another \$10,000, probably in area of \$15,000, additional. This covers cost of printing, postage and addressing.
- M: Just printing, postage and addressing? Not any overtime for any salaries or anything like that?
- B: No, the posting of the things we'll do ourselves -- by hand. No problem. We're talking about physical costs of job -- cost of stamps, cost of envelopes and cards, and cost of having them addressed by outside firm. We'll handle putting stamp on, inserting, and sealing and mailing. Only talking about cost associated with three aspects of the operation.

00084

- M: Postage, addressing and printing.
- B: Yes, reason I asked NSA to see if they could arrange -- depending on how volume goes -- probably another <u>\$10,000 to</u> \$15,000.
- M: These are just pros? State is handling all cons themselves?

(continued)

Messrs. Magnusson and Brown (continued - Page 2)

- B: Yes, this is just portion of pros we're talking about. My understanding get in touch with you to work out mechanics of how we would handle the billing to make sure it's straight and we do it properly so it fits in with your accounting system.
- M: This is only portion of pros. State doing some too?
- B: They're contributing \$10,000 to the pros as well as doing all the cons. They're picking up quite a load as a result of this. One hell of a lot of response coming in on this.
- M: Bound to be. Tell you, John, let me give you a call back later today if I may. Have to take a look about where I would fit this stuff in. Are you going to be in this afternoon?
- B: I'll be around. If I'm not in my office I'll get back to you as soon as I come back.
- M: I'll give you a call then.
- B: Can't be real definite -- not sure how we're going to peak out. Not sure what backlog is. I'll check into that so when we talk this afternoon I can be little more definite. Probably run into that area, I think.
- M: Okay, I'll get back in touch with you.
- B: Okay, thank you, Warren.

End of Conversation

00085

Mr. Magnusson's phone conversation with Col. White at 15:40 on 26 May 1970:

- M: I talked with John Brown today and it seems like -- as you mentioned -as a result of Cambodia, inquiries going into White House. The State Department is doing all the work on the cons -- there are pros and cons. The State Department is going to answer all the cons and the President has determined that he wants to answer personally all the pros. However, the State has agreed to pick up some of those too in the amount of \$10,000. That will cover maybe 60,000 of the answers. They estimate there's going to be from 100,000 to 150,000 answers that will have to be put out by the White House. Estimate it's going to cost about \$8,000 per 50,000. Think it might go to 150,000. \$10,000 to \$15,000 additional which the White House will have to pay for. The charges are only going to be for printing, postage and addressing by an outside firm. No salaries for overtime or anything like that. They're going to lick the stamps in the White House, paste the stamps on and insert the message into the envelopes. John Brown said he had requested NSC to see if they could arrange, presumably with us, I guess, for another \$10,000 to \$15,000 depending on volume. He was talking as more or less foregone conclusion we would do I made no commitment. Told him I'd look into it. it.
- W: How would we do this?
- M: We would do it by asking them to pay amount and then send over 1080 to us with bill for the postage, bill for the addressing of the envelopes and bill for the printing accompanying this and we would just send check back. They would send short memorandum with it certifying these are the charges.
- W: I think we want to know what we spend our money for but I don't think we want the public records to show that we paid for it.
- M: What we can do, Sir -- I can ask them to send over a 1080 with certification that these are the charges for classified services per our conversation, and if you're willing to take that we can certainly do it that way.
- W: Will this be an outside firm? Couldn't we just pay the firm? What would be better? I'm not sure.
- M: I think a short memo just saying attached 1080 is for charges previously agreed to between this Agency and themselves and that's all and then we send them check for that. Otherwise, there's always chance that an outside firm might realize it was us paying for it.
- W: I guess it's the best way to do it. I'd like to have in our records -nobody else has access to -- exactly what it was for -- all about it; their records, which are audited by the General Accounting Office, as little as possible.

(continued)

Mr. Magnusson and Col. White (continued - Page 2)

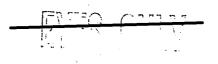
- M: Think I can talk to them and arrange that so he just sends unclassified 1080.
- W: Go ahead and do it. I'll have to sign off on it, I suppose. You go ahead and arrange it in way that will give us full record. As far as any records of their's are concerned, I would prefer to have minimum.
- M: I can write memo and John Brown can refer to this and our phone conversation in a memo accompanying the 1080.
- W: Okay, go ahead and do it. Put limit on it. When they talked to me they said \$10,000.
- M: He said \$10,000 to \$15,000 because they're just pouring in. Might run above \$10,000.
- W: Approximately \$10,000 but in no case will it exceed \$15,000 -- something like that. Okay.

M: All right, Sir.

W: Thank you, Warren.

End of Conversation

145-2.167



Mr. Magnusson's phone conversation with Mr. John Brown at approximately 17:00 on 26 May 1970:

- M: Think we can go ahead and do this. Have to be careful as to way this is documented -- that's the only thing. Would like to suggest that I write memo for the record -- kind of co-sign it -- agreeing to amount and so forth and the way we do this. Memo would have in it what it's for and then you would send us a 1080 for this, referencing this memo and our conversation.
- B: You're thinking in terms of reimbursing us again? Wouldn't it be better for us to have direct charge to you?
- M: No, because of public record. In order to have all the things in our hands. It wouldn't look good for us to pay the bills direct for this sort of thing.
- B: It would not?
- M: No, if you people pay the bills .....
- B: (interrupting) Even to pay a large postage fee? Bulk of expense will be postage.
- M: But we have to document what it's for -- if you people can just pay it, then we'll give you money for it.
- B: What would our memo say?
- M: Say attached is 1080 referencing memo dated such and such.
- B: What does the memo say -- that we're making reference to?
- M: I'll write that up and bring over to you.
- B: What, basically, are we going to say it's about?
- M: Have \$10,000 with limit of \$15,000 and would be for printing of these things and so on.
- B: Just wondering if you have direct billing it seems to me that serves purpose of memorandum.
- M: The direct billing from, let's say, the printer, the addressograph company or something like that, to us might raise questions outside and I think powers that be don't want to have fact that we're paying for this sort of thing anyplace where it can be dug up. Easiest and cleanest way to do this is you people go ahead and pay and we'll reimburse you immediately.

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B: Do we have to have this memo?

(continued)

Messrs. Magnusson and Brown (continued - Page 2)

- M: I'd keep in my safe here.
- B: Wouldn't it be adequate to send 1080?
- M: Don't forget, you people keep copies of 1080's -- you have to by law. 1080 would have to cite what billing is for because of that, then that would open up to GAO or somebody else as to who's paying for this sort of thing.
- B: We have to cite what it's for?
- M: Let's say it's "XYZ Printing Company" and you pay bill. This looks like you're paying it. You send us 1080 which says nothing and we give you money for this. We ourselves have to have on our records what we're paying for for our own auditors which doesn't get outside of our Agency.
- B: It's for your internal auditors? It would not get outside? Okay, that sounds all right.
- M: I'll draw the memo up and bring it over there and you can see it.
- B: That sounds good, Warren.
- M: Would next Monday be all right with that memo?
- B: Yes, we'll go ahead and order.
- M: You can get going and so on.
- B: Don't know what final cost is going to be. Hate to restrict ourselves. We figure total cost is going to be around \$25,000. Got over 100,000 already that are just pro. 200,000 that haven't been analyzed yet. Of 200,000 they estimate possibly upwards of 50,000 or 60,000 could pertain to Cambodia. Of the backlog of 200,000, 60,000 could be of type that will be answered in this mailing. Our best estimate would be it may run over.
- M: I've got instructions, John, to indicate in memo that it's for approximately \$10,000 but not to exceed \$15,000. If and when it exceeds \$15,000, we'll start over again and I'll inquire further as to whether we can cover the other -- okay?

00089

- B: Okay.
- M: Open to negotiation if it runs higher.

(continued)

Messrs. Magnusson and Brown (continued - Page 3)

- B: It may run higher. If 60,000 letters come out being pro, will take us to \$26,000 or somewhere in that vicinity.
- M: Then I'd have to go back and inquire to see if powers that be will cover the other part. I think it's best to wait 'til that happens.

B: Okay, good enough.

M: What time Monday?

B: Why don't you give us call here Monday? My secretary will line it up.

M: Okay.

B: Thank you, Warren.

End of Conversation

00090

## UEP ME INTIGENCE AGENUT WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505

## 8 JUN 1970

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT:

CT: Reimbursement to the White House for Certain Printing, Postage and Addressing Expenses

1. Reference is made to the telephone conversation between Mr. John Brown, Staff Secretary, White House, and the undersigned concerning the accounting and the reimbursement procedure for White House expenditures in connection with the printing, postage and addressing of replies to certain mail addressed to the President.

2. It was estimated and agreed that these expenditures would amount to approximately \$10,000, but not exceed \$15,000, and the request for reimbursement to this Agency would be based upon receipt of a memorandum categorizing the expenses and certifying to their validity. The memorandum will also transmit a Standard Form 1081 and copies of the vendors' invoices where applicable.

3. Upon receipt of the above memorandum, Standard Form 1081 and copies of vendors' invoices, a U. S. Government Treasury check will be drawn and forwarded to the White House.

WARREN D. MAGNUSSON Deputy Director for Liaison and Planning Office of Finance

CONCUR:

óhn Brown



24 AUG 1970

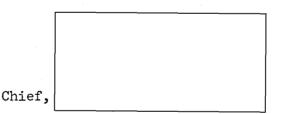
### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

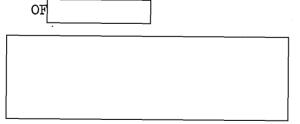
SUBJECT: Reimbursement to the White House for Certain Printing, Postage and Addressing Expenses

1. On 18 August 1970, the undersigned received a telephone call from Mr. John Brown (145-2167) advising that the mailing had been heavier than anticipated (increased to 250,000 pieces) and that the dollar requirement for subject purpose had increased from \$15,000 to \$25,000.

2. I apologetically advised Mr. Brown that since our records showed that prior approval was limited to \$15,000 I would have to advise and confirm with my superiors that the increase to \$25,000 was acceptable, as I was sure it was.

3. In the absence of Col. White (on leave), Mr. Bush immediately contacted Mr. Clarke, , who was not in his office. On 19 August, Mr. Clarke telephonically approved the increased level and Mr. Brown was duly informed.





VET

00092

### THE WHITE HOUSE

#### WASHINGTON

September 10, 1970

Dear Mr. Magnusson:

Pursuant to your telephone call to Mr. John Brown regarding the breakdown of costs in connection with the mailing of the Acknowledgement Cards concerning The President's Speech on The Situation in Southeast Asia, the following costs were incurred:

Computer Marketing Industries,	Inc. \$	12,746.15
Acknowledgement Cards		3,185.07
Envelopes		1,051.20

Total -

\$ 16,982.42

Sincerely yours,

M. Howell

Carson M. Howell Administrative Officer

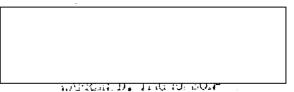
Mr. Warren D. Magnusson Deputy Director for Liaison and Planning Office of Finance Central Intelligence Agency Washington, D. C.

## 1 5 SEP 1970

HUTIORALID <b>UM I</b>	fór:	Director of Clanning, Prograting and Dady Ming
UBJOOT	:	Reisburgerent to the White House for Certain Philolog, Jesuago and Addreading Appendes
N.F.LO.IICE	:	Memorandua for the nucord, deled 24 August 1979, pame project

1. Attached hereto is accounting subsitted from the White House for mailing expenses.

2. It is requested that the original voucher be administratively coproved and certified as to the availability of funds and returned to this office for payment.



Deputy Director for Lisison and Flaming Office of Finance

Attachments Nemo from Mr. Howell dtd 10 Sept 1970 SF 1081 (orig and 2)

•	OF	(15 Sept 70)



00094

## 1 5 SEP 1970

MEMORANDUM	FOR:	Director of Planning, Programming and Budgeting
SUBJECT	:	Reimbursement to the White House for Certain

Printing, Postage and Addressing Expenses

REFERENCE : Memorandum for the Record, dated 24 August 1970, same subject

1. Attached hereto is accounting submitted from the White House for mailing expenses.

2. It is requested that the original voucher be administratively approved and certified as to the availability of funds and returned to this office for payment.

WARREN D MAGNUSSON	11

Deputy Director for Liaison and Planning Office of Finance

Attachments Memo from Mr. Howell dtd 10 Sept 1970 SF 1081 (orig and 2)

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1. It is requested that a churt in the elevant of (16,930.42 be dram payable to the Treasurer of the Valled States.

2. This disburscment is chargetble as follows:

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MOR CODE

3. All documentation concerning this transaction is being held in this office for security reacene and is available to the Aginey auditors.

4. Please forward the check to this office for transition to the appropriate official.

> WARDEN D. MACHUDSON Deputy Director for Liaison and Flauning

OF

Mr. John Brown Staff Secretary The White House Office Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is U. S. Treasury Check No in the amount of \$16,982.42 which represents reimbursement of Bureau Schedule No. copy enclosed. This schedule was forwarded to this Office by Mr. Carson M. Howell, Administrative Officer, on 10 September 1970.

Yours very truly, WARREN D. MAL JUSSON Deputy Director for Liaison and Planning Office of Finance called man str hate: admised That diremmint Receipt mas not sint Enclosures barts mothe Course ( 2, Ce I railed mr. Brown a OF 1 Oct. 70) the met when the g det of on the ration dice inn ど back a And and 5 U.t.h 21. ナイ Atri. 00098 しょしそこので بے قیار یا ا mit -U

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON December 7, 1970

### CONFIDENTIAL

## MEMORANDUM FOR:

## WARREN MAGNUSON

We have finally received the cost breakdown for acknowledging the mail in connection with the President's speech on the situation in Southeast Asia. By copy of this memorandum I am requesting our administrative office to forward that portion of the bill applicable to you.

If there are any problems in handling this, please let me know.

Thank you.

JRK JOHN R. BROWN III

cc: Carson Howell

00099

	Keypunch names, place prepare and affix to transfer labels, and	envelopes heat	\$7,410.35
•	Print acknowledgment	Cards	2,244.27
	Print Envelopes	•	728.00
	Postage	•	6,290.64
	4		\$16,673.26

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Planning, Frogramming and Budgeting

SUBJECT

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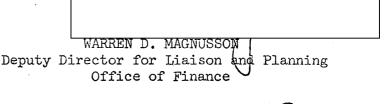
Reimbursement to the White House for Certain Printing, Postage and Addressing Expenses

REFERENCE

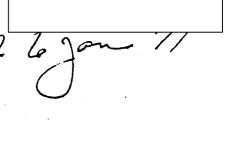
Memorandum for the Record, dated 24 August 1970, same subject

1. Attached hereto is the second accounting, in the amount of \$16,673.26, submitted from the White House for mailing expenses. Check for the first accounting in the amount of \$16,982.42 was forwarded to the White House on 2 October 1970.

2. It is requested that the original voucher be administratively approved and certified as to the availability of funds and returned to this office for payment.



Attachments SF 1081 (orig & 2 w/att) Memo from the White House dated 7 Dec 1970 Memo to D/PPB, transmitting lst accounting, dated 15 Sept 70 Copy of lst 1081 Memo from the White House dated 10 Sept 70 Memo for the Record dated 24 Aug 70



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MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, Certification and Linison Division SUBJECT : Reimbursement to The White House

1. It is requested that a check in the amount of \$16,673.26 be drawn payable to the Treasurer of the United States.

2. This disbursement is chargeable as follows:

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3. All documentation concerning this transaction is being held in this office for security reasons and is available to the Agency auctions.

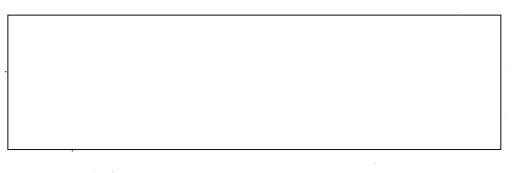
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4. Please forward the check to this office for transmittal to the appropriate official.

WARKENFD. MAGE

Deputy Director for Liaison and Inc. 19

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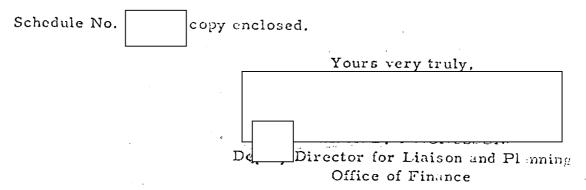
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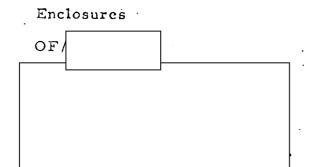
## 10 FEB 1971

Mr. John R. Brown III Staff Secretary The White House Office Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Mr. Brown:

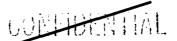
Enclosed is U. S Treasury Check No. \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the amount of \$16,673.26 which represents reimbursement of Bureau







00104



MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Management and Services

SUBJECT : Spe

Special Report

1. This memorandum is in response to a request to provide information on situations or associations that might appear to be irregular on the surface.

Details to the White House and Government Agencies -2. Background: For many years the Central Intelligence Agency has detailed employees to the immediate office of the White House per se and to components associated intimately with the immediate office of the President such as the Council on International Economic Policy and the President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board. We have furnished secretaries, clerical employees and certain professional employees on a reimbursable and non-reimbursable basis. At the present time, we have no clericals or professionals assigned to the immediate White House office, but we do have one young man detailed to their Communications Section. There are detailees to PFIAB and CIEP. I might point out that we had detailed to the White House as late as the fall of 1970 couriers, telephone operators, a laborer assigned to the grounds and a graphics man who designed invitations for State dinners. By October of 1970, more funds were apparently available to run the White House and most of our detailees were hired as bona fide White House employees. CIA is not the only Agency furnishing the White House with detailees. Levies have been made by this Administration and others on Defense and State and other Government entities whose employees have Top Secret clearances.

Professional officers have been and are at the present time assigned to the National Security Council and we have seven clericals on detail to NSC on a reimbursable basis.

In addition to the above, we have technical specialists detailed to NSA, an instructor at the National War College and security officers detailed to the Department of State to



protect foreign visitors. Recently, was detailed to the Secretary of the Treasury along with rour other Agency employees. We have even, in rare instances, detailed our people to Congressional Staffs for short periods of time.

MEINEN HAI

Details to the White House and Government Agencies -Discussion: Details to NSC, the White House, NSA and the National War College are probably quite defensible. On the other hand, there may be those who would question Agency employees currently working at the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs and Mr. Peter Peterson having an Agency employee as his secretary when he was the Secretary of Commerce (she also made a trip with him to Moscow). She is still with him in his present assignment but we expect that she will report to NSC for a new detail sometime this month. served for over ten years as Director of the Office of Public Safety for AID. This information has been kept "close to the vest" during that entire period of time. He has been approved for disability retirement and is presently on sick leave and will retire automatically at the expiration of this leave.

Each detail of an Agency employee to the White House or other Government agency has been carefully considered and approval at a higher level obtained when professionals were involved.

4. <u>Project TWOFOLD</u>: I believe the support we are providing to Project TWOFOLD is an activity that should be reported under your guidelines. Since this is an extremely sensitive Project and the Office of Security is reporting on it, I will not repeat the details in my memorandum.

5. Individuals Engaged in Domestic Activities: In a more general sense, Contract Personnel Division prepares and executes contracts with individuals engaged by the Agency to carry out domestic activities. We also process Staff Agents who are domestically assigned. None of these assignments are decided in OP. I really have no way of knowing with any degree of certainty what the specific duties of these individuals will be.

6.

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8. Hunt Requests a Lockpicker: This is a record of External Employment Assistance Branch's action on a request from Howard Hunt for a lockpicker who might be retiring or resigning from the Agency.

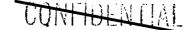
Sometime in the spring of 1972, Frank O'Malley of EEAB received a call from Howard Hunt who asked Frank if he had a retiree or resignee who was accomplished at picking locks. Mr. O'Malley sent him a resume on Thomas Amato who retired 31 July 1971. Mr. O'Malley did not document his EEAB record to show the date of this exchange, but \_\_\_\_\_\_(who also works in EEAB) opines that it occurred sometime between March and May 1972.

All of the above information was reported to the Office of Security on 4 October 1972 following the FBI's contact with the Agency regarding Howard Hunt.

9. <u>Resume Sent to McCord</u>: employee who retired in September 1971, was a client of the External Employment Assistance Branch in his <u>search for</u> a job after retirement. One of the leads given to James McCord's <u>security</u> business. EEAB sent a resume to McCord, but was not hired.

In mid-summer 1972, Chicago. (He had a job there with the Halifax Security Co., a lead provided by EEAB, but until this telephone call he had

3



not notified EEAB that he had the job and had moved from the D.C. area.) He said he had been visited by a Special that his resume had been Agent of the FBI who told found among McCord's papers. The Agent wanted to know if had any connection with McCord. explained how the resume got to McCord. After the Agent left him, lelephoned EEAB. of OP and of US were notified immediately.

Harry B. Fisher Director of Personnel

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and processing the statement of the second of the	ROUTIN	G AND	RECOR	D SHEET		
SUBJECT: (Optional)						
Sensitive Activities Per	found	hv the (	)ffice o	flogistics		
FROM:			EXTENSION			
Director of Logistics			2551	DATE 14 MAY 1973		
TO: (Officer designation, room number, and	D	ATE	OFFICER'S	COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from )		
building)	RECEIVED	FORWARDED	INITIALS	to whom. Draw a line ocross column after each comm		
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14 MAY 1973

00110

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence
THROUGH : Deputy Director for Management and Services
SUBJECT : Sensitive Activities Performed by the
Office of Logistics

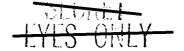
1. This memorandum contains information for the Director of Central Intelligence.

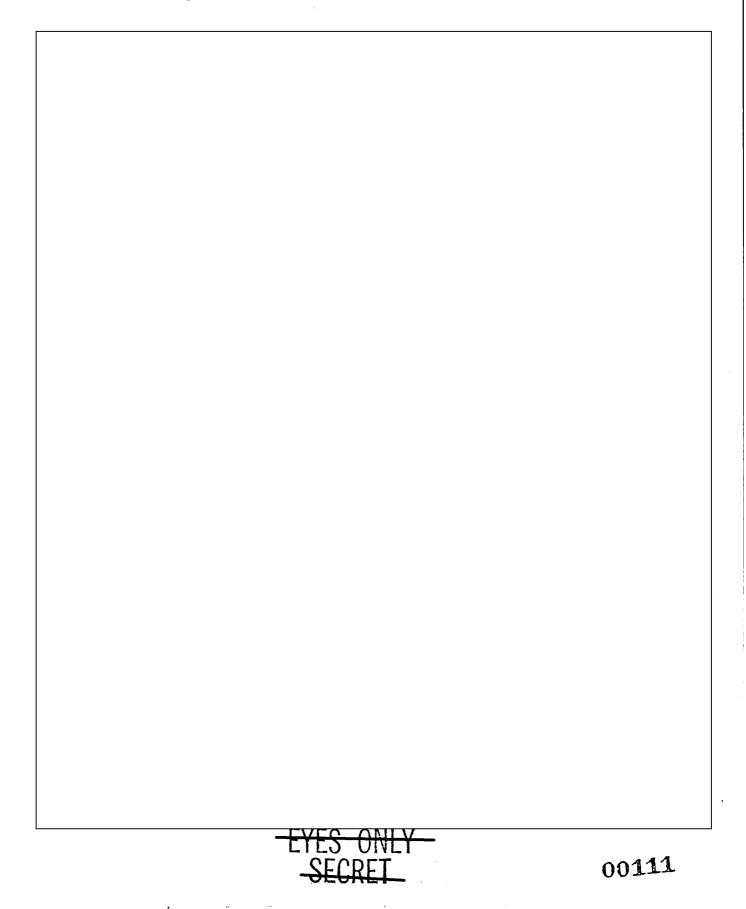
2. This memorandum is submitted pursuant to advice given by the Deputy Director for Management and Services on 7 May that Office Directors report on activities, either under their cognizance or otherwise known to them, the nature of which could possibly need explanation or justification when viewed within the statutory responsibility and authority of the Director of Central Intelligence. The responsibilities of the Office of Logistics (OL) are such that in all matters herein reported, except two, the actions undertaken were at the request of another Agency component. We have prepared a brief description of each action involved and then have included the name of the sponsoring component. The substantive reason for the requests for action by this Office will have to be determined by inquiry to the designated sponsoring component.

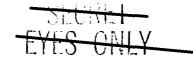
3. Facts pertaining to both actions undertaken at the initiative of this Office are as follows:

ONLY









the DD/O, we will not honor any requisition for surveillance equipment unless it has been approved by the CI Staff of the DD/O.

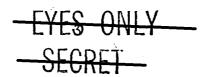
4. Within the area of contractual responsibilities, the following items are pertinent:

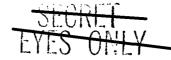
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b. The Procurement Division, OL, currently has two requisitions in hand from TSD which would involve reimbursable sales to the FBI. One such requisition in the amount of \$36,900 is for two Westinghouse television cameras. The second requisition in the amount of \$11,200 is for two wide-angle surveillance probes manufactured by Bausch and Lomb. No action is being taken on either of these requirements pending further instructions which will be sought from the Deputy Director for Management and Services.

c. Over the years, this Agency has often supported other Government agencies from a contractual or materiel standpoint. Upon the submission of an officially approved request, supported by a transfer of funds, the Agency would either enter into "accommodation procurements" for the requesting agency or support the requesting agency by the issuance of materiel from stock. Such actions are legally accomplished under the Economy Act of 1925. This Act authorizes one agency to support the needs of, or provide a service for, another Government agency when such





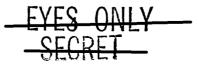
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d. In connection with the disclosures during the summer of 1971 that the Rand Corporation was not properly safeguarding classified documents, this Office undertook two acts. I directed the Security Officer from our West Coast Procurement Office at the Moffet Naval Air Station in California to visit the Rand Corporation and satisfy himself that classified material furnished them by the Agency was both properly safeguarded and accounted for. His report was affirmative. On 23 August 1971, the senior Security Officer assigned to this Office forwarded a letter to the Rand Corporation stressing and reaffirming the procedures Rand must follow in safeguarding classified information furnished them by the Agency. Of residual interest in this matter, there is summarized the contents of a memorandum of 2 July 1971 to the Executive Director-Comptroller from the DD/I which is in our possession.

This memorandum reports that FBIS regularly disseminated reports to the Rand Corporation but that instructions had been issued to cease distribution of classified reports. While no other direct dissemination went to Rand, other USIB agencies, primarily USAF, were passing "many" copies of DD/I products to Rand as authorized under USIB regulations. The memorandum also states that Rand personnel had requested searches and document retrieval from the CRS facility.

5. In connection with action taken for the Office of Security, there are three relevant items:

a. The Printing Services Division, OL, was requested by the Office of Security to print a book written by Harry J. Murphy, Office of Security. The book was prepared by Mr. Murphy under a Brookings Institution Federal



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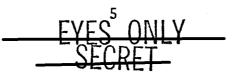
SUBJECT: Sensitive Activities Performed by the Office of Logistics

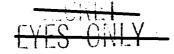
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Sometime in 1972, a representative of the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) requested that the Agency give consideration to our publishing, at LEAA expense, an unclassified version of this volume. It was the intent of LEAA to make broad-scale distribution to Police Departments throughout the country. The Director of Security and I consulted on this matter and jointly determined that the LEAA request should not be honored because the Agency should not put itself in the position of publishing law enforcement material for general and unclassified purposes, and it would be an abuse of our printing facilities.

b. On 5 January 1971, the Director of Security requested that I approve his leasing up to eleven motor vehicles for use in connection with a special support operation which would last approximately 3 months. The Director of Security informed me, in his requesting memorandum of 5 January 1971, that "This support activity has been undertaken at the specific instruction of the Director and has his personal approval." The request was approved.

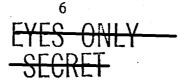
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b. This Office is aware, although it had no cognizance nor responsibility, that an apartment was rented in Miami Beach, Florida, during the period of the Democratic National Convention, 10-14 July 1972, and the Republican National Convention, 21-24 August 1972. The apartment was used as a meeting place

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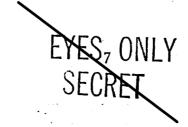
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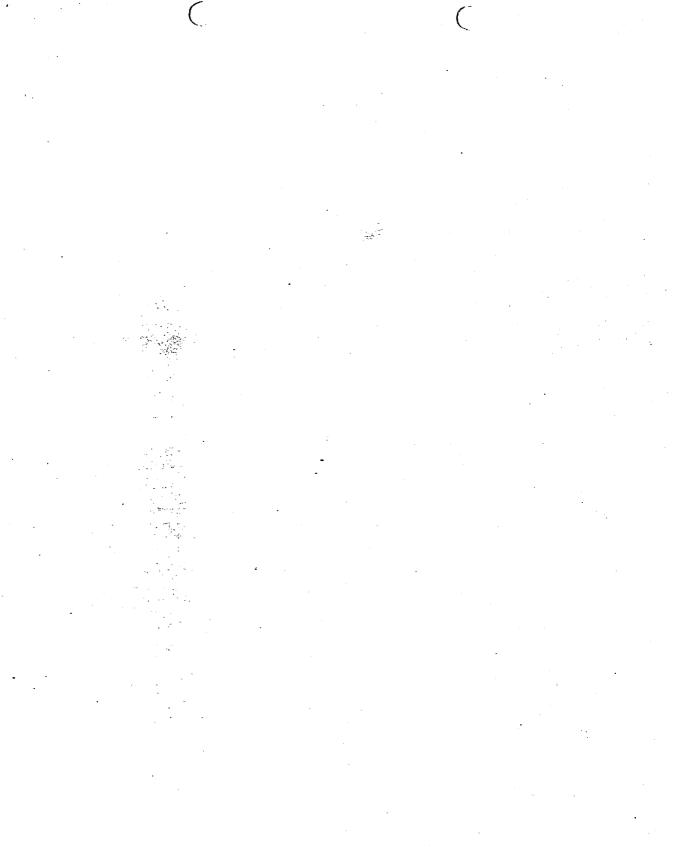
7. The above recitation of facts represents, to the best of my knowledge and memory, those matters which appear to be relevant to subject tasking given by the Director.

> John F. Blake Director of Logistics

2 Atts

cc: DD/M&S





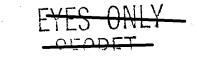


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Requesting Office	Date of Request	Item	Quantity	<u>Unit Cost</u>	Receiving U.S. Depart- ment or Agency
OS	3/23/72	Telephone Analyzer	1	1,350	BNDD
TSD	5/16/72	Transmitters, Radio Beacon	8	313	BNDD
OS	3/23/72	Telephone Analyzer	1	1,350	White House Communications Agency
OS	3/23/72	Telephone Analyzers	13	1,400	Air Force
OS	3/23/72	Telephone Analyzers	10	1,350	State
OS	3/23/72	Telephone Analyzers	2	1,375	AEC
TSD	11/16/72	Camera Sets	20	656	FBI
TSD	4/17/72	Camera Sets	10	700	FBI
TSD	11/18/71	Actuators, Recorders	50	488	FBI
TSD	4/19/72	Tessina Cameras	3	700	BNDD
TSD	12/ 7/72	Camera, Video	1	18,045	FBI
TSD	10/13/72	Tube, Image, Burn-Resistance, Equivalent of W L 30691	1	4,639	FBI
TSD	3/26/71	Tubes, Image, W L 30691	2	4,607	FBI
TSD	4/20/73	Cameras, Television	2	18,300	FBI

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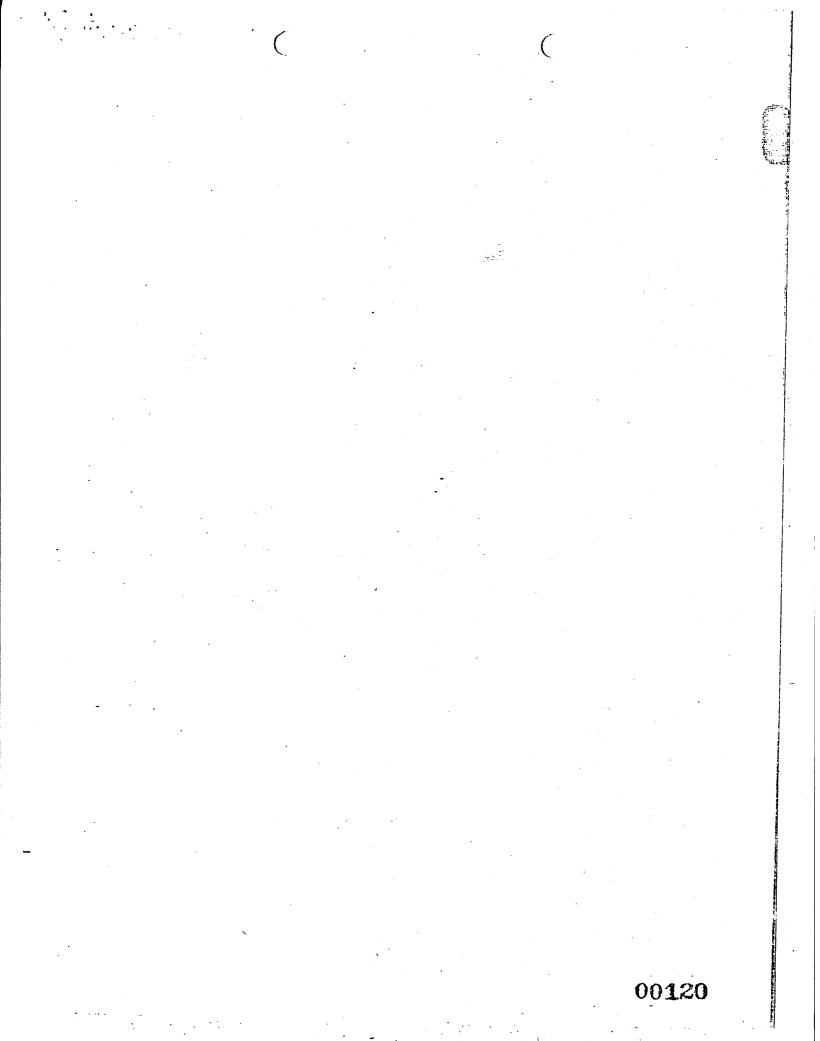
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TSD	4/22/71	Module, Plug-In	1	1,247	FBI
TSD	4/22/71	Power Supply - UWP-39A	1	568	FBI
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OL	8/12/70	Cable, Special-Purpose Electrical	5,000 ft.	. 4 2	White House Communications Agency
TSD	1/10/73	Ink, Special Formula	l lot	1,825	Immigration and Naturalization Service
TSD	6/28/72	Ink, Special Formula	l lot	3,700	Immigration and Naturalization Service
TSD	7/26/71	Transmitter, Radio Beacon	1	728	U.S. Forestry





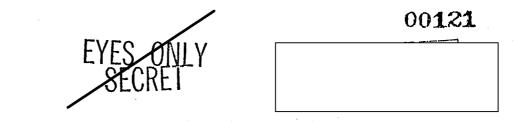


### MATERIAL REQUISITIONED FROM LOGISTICS BY SECURITY FOR ISSUANCE TO LOCAL POLICE

ITEM	QUANITY
Gas Mask M-9	200
Gas Mask M-17	196
Steel Helmet and Liners	231
Vest and Groin Protector	96
Vest, Flak M-52	34
Vest, Protective	46
Vest, Grenade	105
Execuvest	6
Emergency Flashing Red Light	22
*Searchlight, Tear Gas	36
*Chemical Baton 6 1/2"	36
*Chemical Baton 12"	24
*Chemical Baton 26"	24
*Mustang 35 Pistol	6
*Searchlight with Shoulder Strap	36
*Stun Gun	3

\*NOTE: Various quantities and types of replacement chemical cartridges, loading kits, and batteries were also ordered for asterisk items.

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14 MAY 1973

MEMORANHUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

THROUGH

GH : Deputy Director for Management and Services

SUBJECT

: Sensitive Activities Ferformed by the Office of Logistics

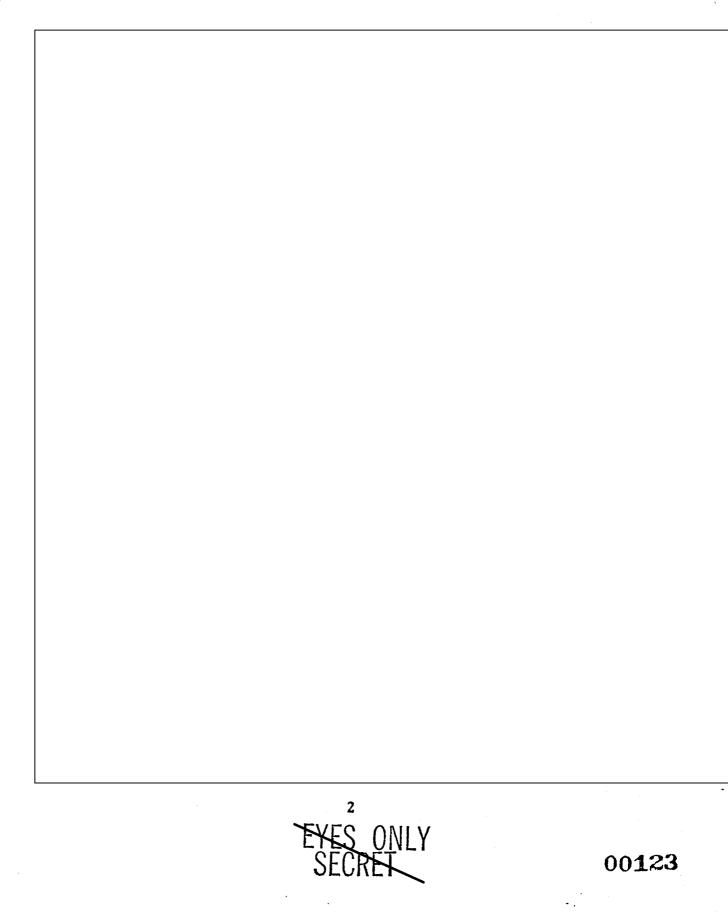
1. This memorandum contains information for the Director of Central Intelligence.

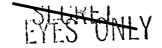
2. This memorandum is submitted pursuant to advice given by the Deputy Director for Management and Services on 7 May that Office Directors report on activities, either under their cognizance or otherwise known to them, the nature of which could possibly need explanation or justification when viewed within the statutory responsibility and authority of the Director of Central Intelligence. The responsibilities of the Office of Logistics (OL) are such that in all matters herein reported, except two, the actions undertaken were at the request of another Agency component. We have prepared a brief description of each action involved and then have included the name of the sponsoring component. The substantive reason for the requests for action by this Office will have to be determined by inquiry to the designated sponsoring component.

3. Facts pertaining to both actions undertaken at the initiative of this Office are as follows:









the DD/O, we will not honor any requisition for surveillance equipment unless it has been approved by the CI Staff of the DD/O.

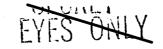
4. Within the area of contractual responsibilities, the following items are pertinent:

In February 1971, Colonel L. K. White, the then а. Executive Director-Comptroller, called me to attend a meeting in his office, also attended by Mr. William Colby. Colonel White explained that the Technical Services Division (TSD) had been requested to provide assistance to the FBI for a sensitive project designated [ (currently designated | Colonel White did not disclose the purpose of the assistance being provided by TSD but did instruct me to assist TSD on purely contractual matters. Since the Office of Logistics has no information concerning the mission or purpose of Project substantive questions concerning the subject should be addressed to TSD. Other procurement actions accomplished for the FBI are reported below. Specific mention is made, however, of because of the dollar magnitude, approximately \$1 million, and the complex technical equipment that has been involved in the undertaking.

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action would be more economical and eliminate the need for one agency of the Government to duplicate facilities readily available from another. A typical example of this procedure is purchasing photointerpretation gear for the Defense Intelligence Agency element located at NPIC. In connection with the current reporting requirement, however, I have had our records researched for the past 2 years and Attachment 1 reflects those transactions which appear to be relevant to the subject of this memorandum.

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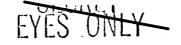
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Requesting Office	Date of Request	Item	Quantity	<u>Unit Cost</u>	Receiving U.S. Depart- ment or Agency
OS	3/23/72	Telephone Analyzer	1	1,350	BNDD
TSD	5/16/72	Transmitters, Radio Beacon	8	313	BNDD
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TSD	10/13/72	Tube, Image, Burn-Resistance, Equivalent of W L 30691	1	4,639	FBI
TSD	3/26/71	Tubes, Image, W L 30691	2	4,607	FBI
TSD	4/20/73	Cameras, Television	2	18,300	FBI

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Requesting Office	Date of Request	Item	Quantity	<u>Unit Cost</u>	Receiving U.S. Depart- ment or Agency
TSD	12/14/72	Transmitters, Radio	3	313	BNDD
TSD	10/20/72	Actuators, Recorder	25	591	FBI
TSD	10/13/72	Tube, Image, Burn-Resistance, Equivalent of W L 30691	1	4,639	FBI
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TSD	4/22/71	Module, Plug-In	1	1,247	FBI
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Gas Mask M-17	196
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Vest, Protective	46
Vest, Grenade	105
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Emergency Flashing Red Light	22
*Searchlight, Tear Gas	36
*Chemical Baton 6 1/2"	36
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*Chemical Baton 26"	24
*Mustang 35 Pistol	6
*Searchlight with Shoulder Strap	36
*Stun Gun	3

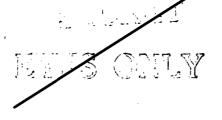
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\*NOTE: Various quantities and types of replacement chemical cartridges, loading kits, and batteries were also ordered for asterisk items.

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				D SHEET
SUBJECT: (Optional)				· · ·
FROM:		<b>P</b> -	EXTENSION	NO. OJCS
D/OJCS,	Hq.			DATE 11 MAY 1973
TO: (Officer designation, room number, and building)			OFFICER'S	COMMENTS (Number each comment to show fro to whom. Draw a line across column after each c
1. DD/M&S	RECEIVED	FORWARDED		1
Hq.				7
3. DCI Hq.				
4.		<u>.</u>		
5.				
6.				Caribon wapy remove
7.				for use ( and des roction) in working
8.				vp check on osc
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9.				programs.
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12.				
13.				•
14.				-
15.				00134
FORM 610 USE PREVIOUS SECRET		CONFIDE	NTIAL	UNCLASSI

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OJCS 1 1 MAY 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director, Central Intelligence Agency

THROUGH

: Deputy Director for Management and Services

SUBJECT

: Activities which might be considered sensitive issues.

I have listed below computer processing projects which the Office of Joint Computer Support has participated in or is aware of and which might be considered sensitive issues.

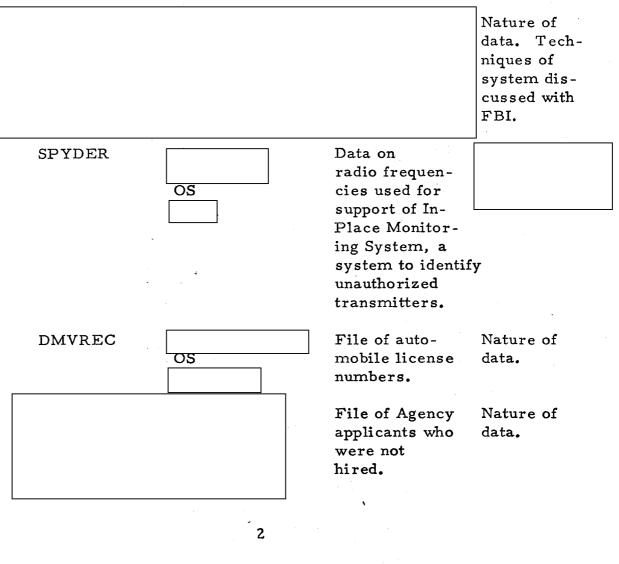
Most Sensitive	e Projects		
OJCS	Project Officer	Nature	OJCS
Project	Organization, &	of	Reason for
Identification	Telephone	Project	Listing
HYDRA	Richard Ober CI Staff	A special pro- ject initiated by DCI	Type of data being collected.
SANCA	OS	Machine index to security files	Type of data in index.
	ORD	Information storage & re- trieval of drug related data (ORD's project OFTEN)	Type of data in files.
Sensitive Proj	ects		
		Computer file of drug data.	Type of data in file.
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DO 72

OJCS	ects (Continued) Project Officer	Nature .	OJCS
Project	Organization, &	of	Reason for
Identification	Telephone	Project	Listing
	TSD	Statistical analysis of psychological data.	Source of data. Con- tractors are involved with project.

Sensitivity Unknown, but Possibly a Matter for Concern





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Sensitivity Unk	nown, but Possibly	a Matter for Co	oncern (Continued)
OJCS	Project Officer	Nature	OJCS
Project	Organization, &	of	Reason for
Identification	Telephone	Project	Listing
			Association with the named organization.

for JOHN D. IAMS Director of Joint Computer Support



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ildin	9)	RECEIVED	FORWARDED	OFFICER'S INITIALS	COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from whom to whom. Draw a line across column after each comment.)
: (	Officer designation, room number, and		ATE		10 May 1975
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			LOGGED BY:	
	• .	VO DOCUMENT NO: NTS:ONE		
	FROM: SI	pecial Programs Divis:	ion, OC DATE: 1	0 May 73
	TO OFFICE	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
	1 D/CO	Mr. Jack J. Keith		ppn.
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	Approval Action Action Comment Concurre Informati Direct Re Preparati Recomm Signature Return Dispatch File	nces <u>are not</u> ion <u>All of</u> ply <u>or ur h</u> on of Reply <u>those f</u> endation <u>Esturan</u>	to : dentify operation clearly within CIA: these Specialisms have my the Directorate of Oper pera 3 have been acc as of opproval by the	<u>i "chartar":</u> been lewicol
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#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Summary, Special Programs Division (SPD), Office of Communications, Operational Contacts with Other U.S. Government Agencies

1. Prior to 1969 the OC COMINT intercept unit, which was then in Miami, had relatively frequent contact with the Miami bureaus of the FBI and FCC, Miami Police and the Miami Beach Police. The staff provided support to these activities in monitoring, identification and DF of specific illegal agent transmissions conducted by foreign nationals and American citizens in the greater Miami area. Arrangements for this support were made through the DDO's

2. In late September 1972, NSA, through Division D/ DDO, requested that the Special Programs Division initiate a hearability survey of certain HF long-distance commercial telephone circuits between the U.S. and South America. The circuits carried drug related long-distance calls of interest to the BNDD and other U.S. agencies. Because of the availability of personnel and technical capabilities,

where the circuits could be satisfactorily intercepted. On 15 January 1973, formal NSA tasking of the intercept was instituted. On 30 January 1973, all coverage was terminated by Division D because of possible legal complications.

3. The Chief and Deputy Chief, SPD and SPD/Special Electronic Operations Branch have been engaged in informal technical liaison with operating components of the FBI for a number of years. Initial contacts and arrangements for support of specific activities have been made by the Division D/DDO. Support has been provided in the form of

> DOWNGRADED TO SECRET UPON REMOVAL OF ATTACHMENT



exchanges of technical information on techniques, technical assistance and training, and the loan of Agency equipment. In the past several years, support has been rendered to sensitive FBI projects and Support has been and is presently being given to FBI projects These projects are described in the attached sealed envelope.

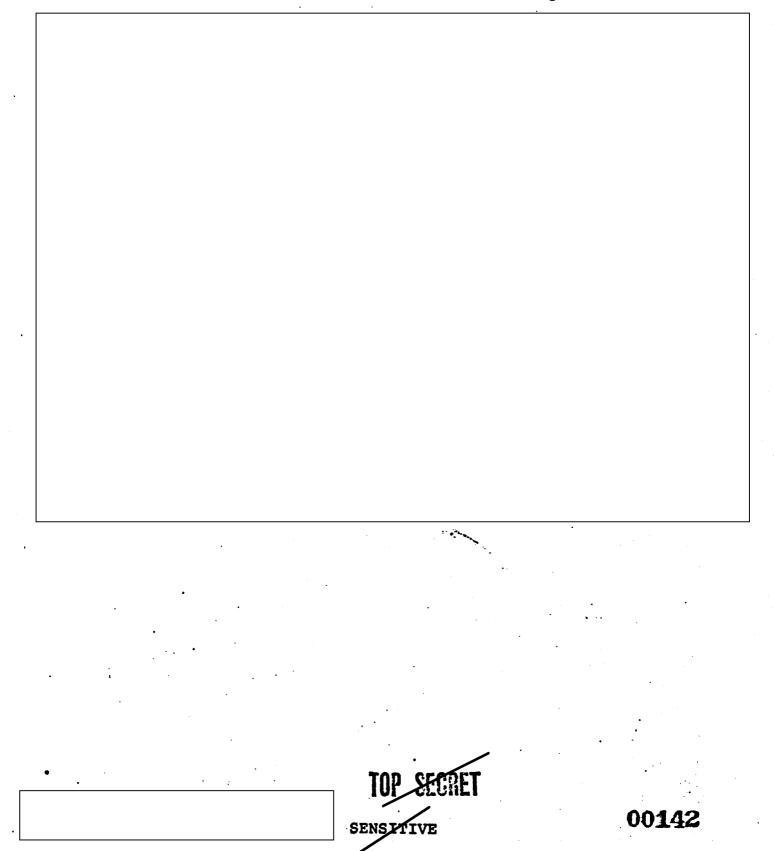
4. An operational test of an HF/DF **]**conducted [ UIVISION D/DDO and system was [ OC-SPD personnel in the early part of the summer of 1972. A location in Miami Beach, Florida was selected for the tests because of similarity to the actual target site and environment in Saigon. Receiving antennas were placed on the roof of the hotel being used as the receiving/DF site. A hotel employee asked why the materiel was placed on the roof. A team member in effect told him that the group was an advance security segment for the Democratic National Convention. No further questions were asked; the tests were completed and the equipment was returned to the Washington area.

Chier, Special Programs Division, OC

Att.







### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Organizational Dealings with Activities Inside the United States

1. This MFR records organizational dealings with activities inside the United States known to this office.

2. In September 1972, requested secure communications in the Miami Area with local offices of BNDD and Customs.

The communications link was never installed advised in April 1973 that there were plans underway in Miami to combine various Federal agencies antidrug efforts under a new Justice Department Division, and at this time it was not known where the new anti-drug office would be located.

3. During the Democratic and Republican conventions, supported requirements levied by the Secret Service concerning name traces and other intelligence information relating to subversive influences which might affect those conventions. provided some technical advice and procedural assistance in establishing a useful means of communicating between the two correspondents. WHD should be able to provide a detailed resume of activities supported in this matter.

Thomas E. O'Donnell

Chief, Americas Staff, OC

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\*\* "Since these notes are on a totally separate sensitive subject, pls pull them from this file -- WEC " (Note to C/MPS)

00144

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# 29 May 1973

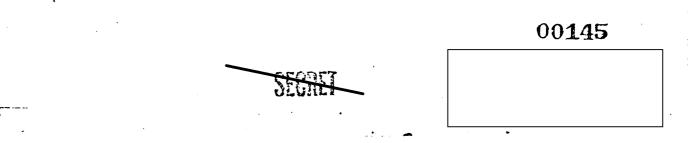
MEMORANDUM FOR:	Inspector General

SUBJECT

: Mr.Colby's Request to Inspector General to Determine Subject Referred to by Two Notes in a PP/B Memo to DD/M&S

REFERENCE

: D/PPB Memo to DD/M&S dated 23 May 1973, Subject: Watergate Principals - Direct or Indirect Involvement



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UNCLASSIFIED FORM NO. 237 Use previous editions SECRET (40)

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Erecutive Replatry

23 May 1973

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73-3567

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Deputy Director for Management and Services

SUBJECT:

Watergate Principals - Direct or Indirect Involvement

1. This memorandum responds to the Director's request for a report of any involvement in any capacity since 1 January 1969 with Messrs. Hunt, McCord, Liddy, Young, or Krogh.

2. I have had none with Hunt, Liddy or Young.

3. My McCord contact was indirect and occurred sometime during the late 1960's when I was Director, Office of Computer Services. I opposed plans for Technical Division, Office of Security (under Mr. McCord) to acquire a separate computer for its In-Place Monitoring System. was the computer individual working with TD and, I think, would have details.

4. The Krogh contact also was indirect and involved his request, first through OMB, that CIA fund foreign travel on behalf of the Cabinet Committee on International Narcetics Control. Individual phone discussions are noted in the attached. The Agency focal points were and I understand has forwarded relevant documentation. Copies of memoranda from Messrs. Krogh, and Colby are attached also.

5. I held a staff meeting yesterday to pass the request to all OPPB employees. One officer who was attending a funeral will not be available until tomorrow.

O/PPB/CAbriggs/mru: 4456(23May73)

J - D/FPB Eyes Only File /2/ Charles V. Buidds

Distribution: Orig & J - addressee 1 - W. E. Colby

Charles A. Briggs Director of Planning, Programming, and Budgeting

Attachment As stated

00149

# Attachment 23 May 1973

4 Feb 72	Call from Jim Taylor, OMB re "Bud" Krogh and his deputy, Walter Minnick, of the Domestic Council who plan foreign travel in connection with their narcotics interests. Jim was alerting us to their intention to ask us for funds for the travel.
7 Feb 72	Follow-up from Taylor: Plan 3-5 trips for 3 individuals all in FY 72. Cost probably \$10K. Minnick ready to make first trip is plugged in. ExDir said OK re Tohran visit.
7 Feb 72	See attached memo from Egil Krogh, Jr. to Bill Colby and follow-on memos from (21 Jul 72) and Colby (2 Aug 72).
12(?) May 72	John Hurley, OMB called, mentioning possible Krogh/ Minnick attendance at a Latin American (Station Chief?) conference on narcotics. He also said Jeff Shepherd, White House, was laying on a high with for himself, Shepherd and Mark Alger, OMB to Europe.
23 Jun 72	commented on Krogh/Minnick interest in getting CA activities, including large-scale PM, on narcotics frontpushing small-scale PP.
6 Jul 72	called. Notes say only: "Minnick-Hurley film. We will send."
2 Aug 72 [	called re Colby letter (attached). Said travel orders ready; need money this PM (No record in my notes as to who was traveling when, but have faint recollection of its being to Mexico City). and contacted by
1 Nov 72	R lated? call. Again notes are cryptic: GAO-Grace Survey BNDD problems/ mexico."

SLERET

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SECRET

00150

D070

# On Mr. Colby's copy only:

- 13 Jan 72 ExDir (Colby) said DCI had approved \$30K for sensitive CS project no details.
- 20 Jan 72 Reminded ExDir re \$32K he said DCI OK'd.

SEGRET

#### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Executive Registry 12-257

February 7, 1972

#### MEMORANDUM FOR BILL COLBY

#### SUBJECT: BUDGETARY SUPPORT FOR THE CABINET COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL

The Cabinet Committee on International Narcotics Control was created September 7, 1971, by the President to centralize his attack on the international drug traffic.

The Committee does not have a separate budget.

Salary and administrative support for its small, full-time staff has been provided by the Executive Office of the President. Other expenses are being charged to the constituent agencies and departments.

The Burcau of Customs, BNDD, and AID/Office of Public Safety have provided support to date.

The CIA should be prepared to defray not more than <u>fifteen thousand</u> dollars in overseas travel expenses for Cabinet Committee staff during the remainder of FY-1972.

Walter C. Minnick, the Committee's Staff Coordinator, can be contacted for further details.

Thank you for your assistance.

Bil Kroch Gr.

Egil Krogh, Jr. Executive Director Cabinet Committee on International Narcotics Control

0015

CC: John Ehrlichman

Assistant to the President for Domestic Affairs Mark Alger

·OMB, Chief, General Government Programs Division

CIA Representative, CCINC Working Group

PPB 72-1063

2 AUG 1972

Count 1 D0-1

# MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Plans

SUBJECT:

Fiscal Year 1973 Budgetary Support for the Cabinet Committee on International Narcotics Control (CCINC)

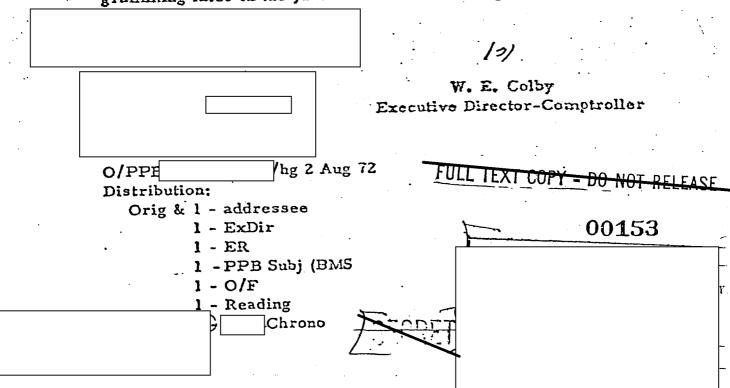
REFERENCE:

Memo to EzDir frm C/DDP/NARCOGdid 21 July 1972; same subject

1. This is in response to the referenced memo regarding use of CIA funds to cover travel expenses for the White House Cabinet Committee Staff for Fiscal Year 1973.

2. You are authorized to obligated up to \$15,000 for the use of the White House Cabinet Committee Staff for travel expenses during FY 1973. Obligation should be recorded against the O/DDP allotment and travel orders issued against your own appropriate fan number.

3. To the extent that you are unable to absorb this requirement within your present allotment, we will have to arrange some reprogramming later in the year to cover this unbedgeted item.



#### 21 July 1972

PPB \_\_\_\_\_

Executive R

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MEMORANDUM FOR:

: Executive Director - Comptroller

Deputy Director for Plans

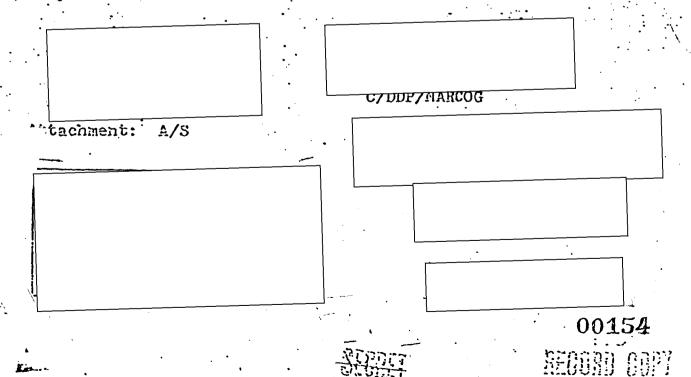
VIA

SUBJECT

Fiscal Year 1973 Budgetary Support for the Cabinet Committee on International Narcotics Control (CCINC)

1. At our invitation, Mr. Walter C. Minnick, Staff Member of the CCINC, is scheduled to attend and participate in the Regional Narcotics Seminar sponsored by [WH] Division on 27-28 July 1972.

2. In accordance with procedures adopted for travel of White House Gabinet Committee Staff in FY 1972, it is requested that funds to cover the cost of Mr. Minnick's trip be released. Attached herewith is a copy of a formal request from Mr. Egil Krogh dated 7 February 1972 to Mr. William Colby requesting travel funds for the balance of FY 1972. Mr. Krogh is now preparing a formal request for \$15,000.00 to cover travel expenses for White House Cabinet Committee staff for FY, 1973. I will forward this request to your office as soon as it arrives.



DD/M&S 73-1809

00155

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Management and Services

SUBJECT

: Contacts with Individuals Named in the Watergate Matter

1. I am addressing this to you instead of to the Director of Central Intelligence since I doubt that the information contained herein is of such significance to warrant his interest and because it has been on record with the Agency since July 1972. However, if you feel that the information is of such interest that it should be forwarded to the Director I shall put it in the proper format to do so.

2. My only contact with anyone named in connection with the Watergate and related matters was through a former Agency employee now retired and living in Winterhaven, Florida. In December 1971 called me from Florida and advised that he wanted to get in touch with Howard Hunt. He said that he did not have Hunt's home phone number and that it was probably unlisted but that since Hunt was a former employee, could I contact Hunt and ask him to give a call. I had only met Hunt once about 10 years before but I agreed to relay the message. I called Howard Hunt at his home and told him that did not have his home phone and requested he call Mr. Hunt thanked me for relaying the message and said that he would call This seemed of little consequence to me in December 1971 but in July 1972 of the Office of Security contacted me in regard to the FBI investigation of the Watergate situation. At that time I informed of the telephone call from in December 1971. Attached is a copy of a Memorandum for the Record prepared by as a result of our conversation.

3. In the summer of 1972 I took my family to Disney World in Florida and took that occasion to drop in to see told me in a private conversation that he had been interviewed three or four times by the FBI in connection with the Watergate affair and he related to me his contact with Howard Hunt. On 19 July 1972 after my return from Florida I reported this conversation to the Director of Security and made it a Memorandum for the Record. This memorandum was sent to Mr. Colby and a copy of the memorandum is attached.

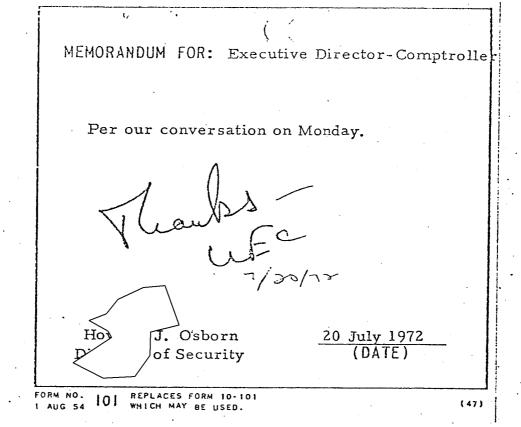
4. Other than knowing Mr. McCord through his employment with the Agency and meeting Howard Hunt once in about 1959, I do not know nor have I had any contact with any individuals named or knowledge of related matters now receiving attention in the press.

Charles W. Kane

Special Assistant to the Deputy Director for Management and Services

Atts

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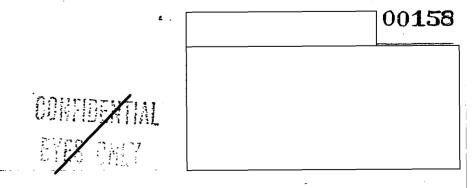
19 July 1972

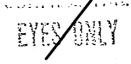
#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Conversation with

 While on leave visiting Disney World in Florida, I dropped in to see who lives in Winterhaven, Florida.
 retired from the Agency about five years ago on disability due to a serious heart condition. He was with the Office of Security for about 20 years prior to his retirement.

3. According to \_\_\_\_\_\_ during the meeting with Mr. Hunt they discussed some of the requirements of the job. At that time they discussed a need for both a positive and a counteraudio program and a need for a good security system both before and during the National Convention. \_\_\_\_\_\_ indicated that he sincerely believed that the Republican Party did need a security officer and a good security programmer but felt that he could not afford to accept the job even though it was a very lucrative offer. Apparently, money was not a problem.





4. When declined, he indicated that Mr. Hunt asked for any other recommendations he might have. According to he told Mr. Hunt that most of the people he knew were still in the Agency, but he did furnish the name of who might be possibly ready to retire from the Agency.

6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ indicated that he had not been in touch with Mr. Hunt since the early part of 1972 and knew nothing of the Watergate operation. He stated that he had gained the impression from the Bureau interview that the technical devices were being removed at the time of the arrest and were not being installed as originally reported.

7. All of the above information was volunteered by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and I really did not get involved in any discussion on the matter other than to comment that I hated to see the Agency's name connected with such an incident in any way. The above conversation took place during a 10 or 15 minute period and no other discussion relating to this incident was held. It is being reported for the record and for information of the Director of Security.

#### 17 July 1972

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

#### SUBJECT: Charles W. Kane

1. Last week Special Agent Arnold Parham of the FBI contacted the Acting DD/OS. He asked whether or not the Subjects worked for the Central Intelligence Agency. Previously, requests of this nature were followed up by the FBI with an interview of the subjects.

2. I briefed Mr. Colby who is the Agency's focal point on the "Watergate" case and the Acting DD/S of the FBI inquiry. Mr. Colby suggested that we determine the extent of involvement and indicated that we advise the Bureau of their employment.

3. When Agent Parham was again contacted and advised of the Subjects' employment with the Agency, he indicated that the Bureau does not wish to interview them. ilready of ]in The file 2 7/21

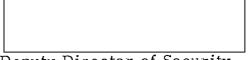
The office of the DD/PS will interview 4. the same fashion as was previously interviewed.

5. I called Mr. Kane both at his office and his residence 'and learned that he is in Florida and will return to duty on 17 July. I called Mr. Kane this morning to advise him of the inquiry.

6. Mr. Kane stated that he has no firm conclusion as to how the Bureau obtained his name. He stated that he has seen Mr. Hunt on only one occasion in 1959. At that time Hunt was the Chief of Station. The meeting was occasioned

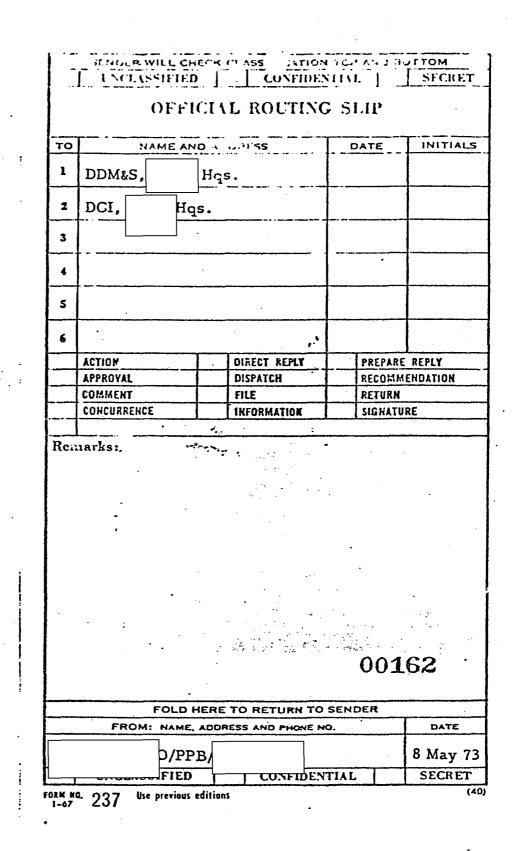
by the fact that Mr. Kane		
	Mr. Kane stated further	that around
Christmas time of 1971 he	received a call from	
who wanted to get in touch	with Mr. Hunt.	asked
Mr. Kane how he could get	t in touch with him. Mr. I	Kane obtained
Mr. Hunt's telephone num!	ber through telephone infor	mation channels
whereupon he passed the n	umber on to	•

7. Mr. Kane stated that he has information that has talked to the FBI on several occasions in connection with the current investigation and that he surmises that the Bureau may have obtained his name from him.



Deputy Director of Security

marke Fit- 18



Not a record

SECDET/SENSITIVE

8 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

THROUGH:

Deputy Director for Management and Services

SUBJECT:

System.

Involvement in Sensitive Domestic Activities

1. As chief of the DDP Systems Group prior to 1969, I was involved in providing data processing support for the following sensitive projects:

a. CI Staff Mr. Richard Ober's program for processing data of U.S. citizens believed to be militants, subversives, terrorists, etc.

b. FI Staff and Office of Medical Services program. for recording data on foreign and U.S. physicians

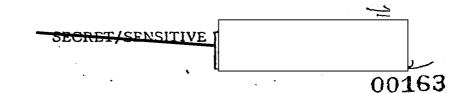
c. A Systems Group sponsored program of common concern listing travel of U.S. citizens to and from Communist countries.

2. In the same capacity my staff and I briefed police officers from New York State and Chicago at the DCI's request (Admiral Rayborn) on data processing techniques related to biographic intelligence (unclassified).

3. As a member of O/PPB, I have been aware of five programs with possibly sensitive domestic overtones.

a. DDS&T/ORD's contract with the The VIP Health and Behavior Prediction

b. DDS&T/ORD's Project OFTEN which involved the collection of data on dangerous drugs from U.S. firms. I believe Mr. Helms terminated this program last Fall.



	· ·		
c. DDS&T/ORD's project			
d. DDS&T/ORD's use of ERT Yields.	<b>FS-A</b> data to a	analyze Soviet wl	heat
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e. DDS&T Special Projects S	Staff - the	program.	
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8 MAY 1973

# MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

VIA:

Deputy Director for Management and Services

SUBJECT:

Watergate/Ellsberg and Like Matters

1. No personal involvement, direct or indirect to my knowledge on my part or my staff, with the Watergate or Pentagon papers cases, with Young on security regulations or with classified releases to RAND. I was aware, many years back when in the DDI, that certain classified papers were released to RAND from the production offices. One staff member, \_\_\_\_\_\_ while a member of the IC Staff, did have a RAND contact which he is elaborating on separately.

2. There are some sensitive activities or projects of which I am aware, which are mighty close to the borderline of legality in terms of Agency mission, including:

#### a. The CI Staff (Ober) project



c. An Office of Security narcotics cover project

d. A CI Staff funding-channel project with the FBI

EYES ONL.

3. One of my staff officers, while in OCI was the briefing officer for the Attorney General, but can recall nothing in his dealing with Mr. Mitchell which would have any relevance to the current issues. A couple other staff officers are reporting separately on some sensitive activities in which they were involved prior to coming to this staff.

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Director of Planning, Programming, and Budgeting

2 SEGDET

00166

SUBJECT: (C					
FROM:	C.V.S. Roosevelt	· ·		EXTENSION	NO.
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# UNITED STATES INTELLIGENCE BOARD TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCE COUNTERMEASURES COMMITTEE

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

TSCC-D-386 8 May 1973

#### MEMORANDUM FOR:

:

Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT

Support Furnished to Elements of the Government Outside of the Intelligence Community

The Interagency Audio Surveillance Countermeasures Training Center (ITC) was established at the instigation of this Committee and opened in late 1968 under the executive management of CIA. The need for such a school had been recognized by the National Security Council's Technical Subcommittee as far back as 1962 and was reemphasized by the Security Committee of the USIB in their October 1964 report titled "Damage Assessment of the Technical Surveillance Penetration of the US Embassy, Moscow."

Membership on the TSCC has been confined to agencies and departments who are represented on the USIB. From time to time other elements of the Government have indicated their concern over the audio surveillance threat and asked for membership on the Committee. In all cases they have been turned down with the suggestion that they take advantage of the TSCC's product either through liaison with the security organizations of the Committee's members or by nominating students to attend the ITC. During CY-72 the following students were trained at the ITC:

Central Intelligence Agency	10
Defense Intelligence Agency	5
Department of the Air Force	25
Department of the Army	50
Department of Justice (BNDD)	· 4
Department of the Navy	-5
Department of State	3





Department of Transportation	3
Internal Revenue Service	3
National Security Agency	1
United States Secret Service	6
White House Communications Agency	2
- , -	117

The ITC has furnished training only to employees of the agencies and departments of the Federal Government. State and local police departments have not been detailed to the ITC.

CUST (rosevelt

Cornelius V.S. Roosevelt Chairman



#### Retirement Information - E. Howard Hunt

1. Date of retirement: 30 April 1970

- 2. System: CIA Retirement and Disability System
- 3. Grade and salary at time of retirement: GS-15, Step 8 \$28,226
- 4. Creditable civilian service used in computing annuity:

17 May 1948 to 8 June 1948 - Economic Cooperation Administration
9 June 1948 to 19 February 1949 - State (ECA)
8 November 1949 to 30 April 1970 - CIA

5. Annuity:

At retirement - \$1,020 per month

At present - \$1,181 per month (which includes cost-of-living increases since date of retirement)

6. At the time of retirement Mr. Hunt did not elect survivorship benefits. This meant that upon his death, his wife would not draw a survivorship annuity. By letter of 5 April 1971 he raised the question of changing his election but was informed by the General Counsel on 6 May 1971 that this could not be done. By letter dated 5 May 1972 Mr. Hunt asked Mr. Houston to raise with the Director the possibility of being recalled to duty for a short period of time, after which he could retire again and elect survivorship benefits. By letter of 16 May 1972 Mr. Houston advised Mr. Hunt that to call him back to duty solely for the purpose of permitting him to change survivorship benefits would be in violation of the spirit of the CIA Retirement Act.

22 May 1973

# MEMORANDUM FOR: Inspector General

Bill--

Attached are the reports Bill Colby asked to see:

1. <u>Restless Youth</u> (September 1968), No. 0613/68, Secret/Sensitive/No Foreign Dissem (Copy 78).

This document was produced in two versions--one with the chapter on radical students in America (pages 25-39) which was sent only to the President, Walt Rostow, and Cy Vance (former Deputy Secretary of Defense); the other version without the references to the American scene was disseminated to twenty people outside the Agency. This document without the material on the US was updated in February 1969 and copies were sent to the Vice President and Dr. Kissinger. A still more abbreviated edition was sent to the Attorney General in March 1969.

- Black Radicalism in the Caribbean (6 August 1969), No. 1839/69, Secret/No Foreign Dissem (Copy 142).
- 3. <u>Black Radicalism in the Caribbean--Another Look</u> (12 June 1970), No. 0517/70, Secret/No Foreign Dissem (Copy 98).

Please note that these are our record copies and should be related.

Deputy Director for Intelligence

TICA

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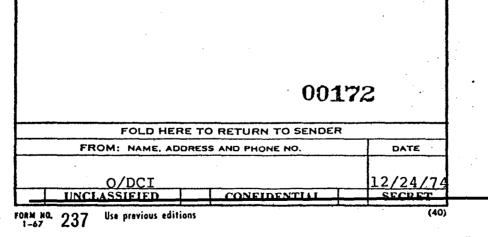
Attachments

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	APPROVAL	DISPATCH	RECOMM	ENDATION	
	COMMENT	FILE	RETURN		
	CONCURRENCE	INFORMATION	SIGNATU	RE	

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Remarks:



#### 17 Structor 1998

#### L MEDZANE-UM

SUBJECT: Direction of CCI Puper on Student Dissidents

1. Dissemination to the Cabinet and within the Intelligence Community-The paper Neutless Youth is sensitive incomes of its address inter, because of the likelihood that public exposure of the Agency's interast in the problem of student dissidence would result in considerable noioriety, particularly in the university world, and because pursuant to Mr. Rostov's instructions, the author included in his text a study of student radicals in the United States, thereby enceeding the Agency's charter. We have sanitized the paper for dissociation to the members of the President's Cabinet and within the Intelligence Community by eliminating altogether the chapter which discusses Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) and by striking from the Prospects section all mention of SDS.

2. Outside the Community but within the Government--Ne believe that the basic test should be further edited for the purpose of eliminating even the most casual reference to the domestic scene--lest someone infer from such a chance reference that the original paper had contained a section on American students. The minoteen country chapters which form Part II of Reatlens Youth can be dissominated within the Government, provided that the controls appropriate to their classification are observed. To do the editing and reprinting re-wired would take several days at least.

3. Release to the academic world or to the public--For the reasons set forth above, we believe that release of the basic test would harm the Agency. The country chapters could not be released without first being rewritten to eliminate all classified information. Once this was done,

TUST

they would duplicate information already available in the op a press. There is no lack of overt literature on the subject of student dissent; virtually every publisher inclodes at least one title on his current listing. Moreover, other agencies of government, such as Health, Féverties and Welfare, have sponsored research on the subject and are propared to publish their findings. Consequently, we recommond egainst public release.

SECRET

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per ADDI 16 September 1968

ADDI's Personal Copy No further dissemination or reading without ADDI's permission.

Di SCANDE J. No Foreign Dissem Senglive

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# Restless Youth

SEPTEMBER 1968 No. 0613/68

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#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Research Project on Robert Vesco

1. On 16 October 1972 Messrs. Breckinridge and in the course of a Survey, were briefed on activities of the Atlantic/Pacific Division of the Office of Economic Reports. One project cited was a query from the Director, apparently at the request of Secretary Shultz, to the effect, "What do we know about Vesco," the man then running IOS. Two of OER's analysts were assigned to the project and, working through the Domestic Contact Service, spent a day going over the files of the Securities and Exchange Commission. There apparently was some contact also with EUR Division of the Deputy Directorate for Plans and with the Office of Current Intelligence.

2. The information above is based on rough notes and obviously is sketchy. It is cited now not to suggest any wrongdoing but because of the current publicity about Vesco and the probability of continuing probes into the subject by the press and the courts.

Scott D. Breckinridge

00178

#### Director of Central Intelligence

Please handle in this channel due to classification of attachment.

# WARNING

This document contains classified information affecting the national security of the United States within the meaning of the espionage laws, US Code, Title 18, Sections 793, 794, and 798. The law prohibits its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person, as well as its use in any manner prejudicial to the safety or interest of the United States or for the benefit of any foreign government to the detriment of the United States.

# THIS DOCUMENT MUST BE KEPT IN COMMUNICATIONS INTELLIGENCE CHANNELS AT ALL TIMES

It is to be seen only by US personnel especially indoctrinated and authorized to receive COMMUNICATIONS INTELLIGENCE information; its security must be maintained in accordance with COMMUNICATIONS INTELLIGENCE REGULATIONS.

No action is to be taken on any COMMUNICATIONS INTELLI-GENCE which may be contained herein, regardless of the advantages to be gained, unless such action is first approved by the Director of Central Intelligence.



#### MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

FROM	:	Deputy Director for Intelligence
SUBJECT	:	Activities Possibly Outside CIA's Legislative Charter

1. This memorandum responds to your instruction to report any activities which might be considered outside CIA's legislative charter.

2. All Office and Staff chiefs in the Intelligence Directorate have reviewed the past and present activities of their components. I have received responses from all of them, and none reported any activities related to either the Watergate affair or the break into the offices of Ellsberg's psychiatrist. Although contacts with three of the people allegedly implicated in these incidents were reported, these contacts were on matters other than the two improper activities:

Hunt:

Col. White, Richard Lehman, and I talked to Hunt in late 1970 regarding his preparation of a recommendation in support of the Agency's nomination of R. Jack Smith for the National Civil Service League Award.

<u>Mitchell:</u> While Mr. Mitchell was Attorney General, an OCI officer was assigned the task of providing him with daily briefings on foreign developments.

CIA INTERNAL USE ONLY

Young:

Harry Eisenbeiss and of CRS had frequent contacts with Young during the summer of 1972 in connection with Executive Order 11652 and the implementing NSC directive. This involved visits by Young to CIA to discuss information storage and retrieval and several meetings of an interagency group dealing with the implementation of the Executive Order and directive.

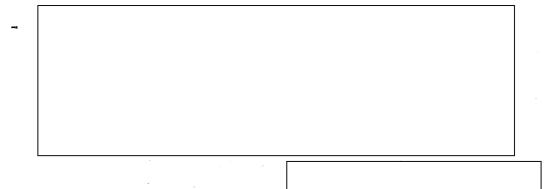
3. In accordance with my instructions, several Offices reported domestic activities which might appear questionable to outsiders. Their responses are attached. Most of these activities are clearly within the Agency's charter, but there are a few which could be viewed as borderline.

- DCS accepts information on possible foreign involvement in US dissident groups and on the narcotics trade when sources refuse to deal with the FBI and BNDD directly.
- DCS, for six months in late 1972 and early 1973, was acquiring telephone routing slips on overseas calls.

- NPIC and COMIREX review satellite imagery from NASA programs to identify photography too "sensitive" for public release.

-2-CIA INTERNALUSE ONLY

- NPIC has examined <u>domestic</u> coverage for special purposes such as natural catastrophies and civil disturbances.
- OCI, in 1967 and 1968, prepared intelligence memoranda on possible foreign connections with the US anti-war movement and world-wide student dissidence (including the SDS) at the request of the White House.
- FBIS has on occasion supplied linguists to work directly for another agency, e.g., to the FBI to translate Arabic in Washington.
- FBIS monitors radio press dispatches and reports covered by copyright. These are circulated within the Government and stamped "Official Use Only". This has gone on for three decades without problems.
- FBIS has monitored and reported on foreign radio broadcasts of statements and speeches of US citizens such as those by US POWs in Hanoi, Jane Fonda, and Ramsey Clarke.



Deputy Director for Intelligence

Attachments

3-3ET CIA INTERNAL USE ONLY

# 00183

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2054

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Intelligence

SUBJECT:

DCS Domestic Activity

To the best of my knowledge, DCS has not engaged in any activity outside the CIA charter or that could be construed as illegal. Some of the functions that we perform under HR 1-13f (i) of providing operational support within the US to all elements of CIA and to the USIB-member agencies, however, are perhaps borderline or could be construed as illegal if misinterpreted. For example:

- 5. Collect information on possible foreign involvement or penetration of US dissident groups, but only in a passive manner and only when the source has refused to pass the information directly to the FBI.
- 6. Collect information on the narcotics trade, but again only in a passive manner when the source has refused to pass the information directly to BNDD or the FBI.

00184

### SUBJECT: DCS Domestic Activity

10. Acquire routing slips recording the fact of overseas telephone calls between persons in the US and persons overseas and telephone calls between two foreign points routed through US switchboards. This activity lasted for approximately six months but has ceased.

JAMES R. MURPHY Director, Domestic Contact Service

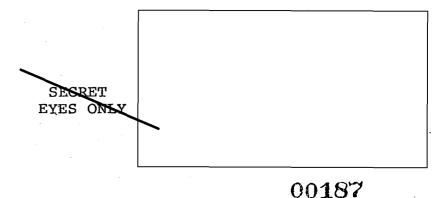
# 43 0( , <del>1</del> 00186

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence VIA : Deputy Director for Intelligence FROM : Director of Current Intelligence SUBJECT : Activity Related to Domestic Events

1. OCI provided current intelligence briefings to John Mitchell as Attorney General. With the approval of the DCI, this practice began in the pre-inaugural period in New York and continued until Mr. Mitchell's resignation as Attorney General. The OCI officer assigned to this duty had a daily appointment with Mr. Mitchell in his office at Justice.

2. The briefings provided were strictly on foreign intelligence, and were a legitimate service for CIA to provide to an official advisor to the President who sat on, among other bodies, the 40 Committee. It must be presumed, however, that our man's daily visits were known and speculated on elsewhere in Justice. The problem comes in the potential press treatment: "CIA Officer in Continuous Contact with Mitchell."

Director of Current Intelligence



00188

MEMORANDUM FC	R:	Director of Central	Intelligence
VIA	:	Deputy Director for	Intelligence
FROM	:	Director of Current	Intelligence
SUBJECT	:	Activity Related to	Domestic Events

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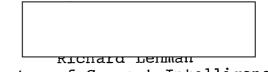
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1. OCI began following Caribbean black radicalism in earnest in 1968. The emphasis of our analysis was on black nationalism as a political force in the Caribbean and as a threat to the security of the Caribbean states. Two DDI memoranda were produced on the subject: "Black Radicalism in the Caribbean" (6 August 1969), and "Black Radicalism in the Caribbean--Another Look" (12 June 1970). In each a single paragraph was devoted to ties with the US black power movement; the discussion primarily concerned visits of Stokely Carmichael and other US black power activists to the Caribbean and other overt contacts.

2. In June 1970, Archer Bush of OCI was asked to write a memorandum with special attention to links between black radicalism in the Caribbean and advocates of black power in the US. The record is not clear where this request originated, but it came through channels from the DCI. The paper was to be treated as especially sensitive and was to include material provided by the Special Operations group of the CI Staff. The CI Staff material was voluminous but did not provide meaningful evidence of important links between militant blacks in the US and the Caribbean. This, in fact, was one of the conclusions of the paper. The memorandum was produced in typescript form and given to the DCI. 3. For several months in the first half of 1968 the Caribbean Branch wrote periodic typescript memoranda on Stokely Carmichael's travels abroad during a period when he had dropped out of public view. Our recollection is that the memoranda were for internal CIA use only, although a copy of one was inadvertently sent to the FBI.

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Director of Current Intelligence

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MEMORANDUM FOR:	Director of Central Intelligence
VIA :	Deputy Director for Intelligence
FROM :	Director of Current Intelligence
SUBJECT :	Activity Related to Domestic Events

1. In late spring of 1968 Walt Rostow, then Special Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, tasked the DCI with undertaking a survey of worldwide student dissidence. Confronted by timult at campuses like Columbia and mindful of the violence accompanying student outbursts at Berlin's Free University and elsewhere, Rostow sought to learn whether youthful dissidence was interconnected: spawned by the same causes; financed and hence manipulated by forces or influences hostile to the interests of the US and its allies; or likely to come under inimical sway to the detriment of US interests.

EYES ONLY

2. The paper was prepared by of OCI with the assistance of the CA and CI Staffs. The DDI, D/OCI, and met with Rostow to elicit the reasons for his or the president's concerns and to agree on the sources to be examined, the research methods to be followed, etc.

3. Written during the summer of 1968, the most sensitive version of <u>Restless Youth</u> comprised two sections. The first was a philosophical treatment of student unrest, its motivation, history, and tactics. This section drew heavily on overt literature and FBI reporting on Students for a Democratic Society and affiliated groups. In a sense, the survey of dissent emerged from a shorter (30 page) typescript study of SDS and its foreign ties the same author had done for Mr. Rostow at the DCI's request in December 1967. (We no longer have a copy.) 00190



4. Because of the paucity of information on foreign student movements, it was necessary to focus on SDS which then monopolized the field of student action here and abroad. A second section comprised 19 country chapters-ranging from Argentina to Yugoslavia--and stood by itself as a review of foreign student dissidence.

EYES ONLY

5. Because SDS was a <u>domestic</u> organization, the full paper <u>Restless Youth</u>, including the essay on worldwide dissent went only to nine readers. A copy may be in the Johnson Library.

6. Following the paper's favorable reception by the President and Mr. Rostow, the DCI briefed the NSC on student dissent. The sensitive version subsequently was updated and sent to the White House in February 1969.

7. The less sensitive text was disseminated in September 1968 and then updated and issued again in March 1969 and August 1970.

Richard Lenman

Director of Current Intelligence

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### WARNING

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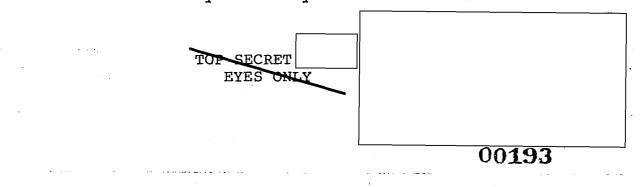
MEMORANDUM FOR:	Director of Central Intelligence
VIA :	Deputy Director for Intelligence
FROM :	Director of Current Intelligence
SUBJECT :	Activity Related to Domestic Events

EYES ONLY

1. In late 1967 OCI participated in the preparation of several short intelligence memoranda dealing with the foreign connections of US organizations and activists involved in the anti-war movement. The main purpose of these reports, prepared at the request of the White House, was to determine whether any links existed between international Communist elements or foreign governments and the American peace movement. The conclusion reached was that there was some evidence of ad hoc contacts between antiwar activists at home and abroad but no evidence of direction or formal coordination.

2. In October 1967 President Johnson expressed interest in this subject and ordered a high level interdepartmental survey. In response to his personal request to the DCI, Mr. Helms asked the CI Staff to collect whatever information was available through our own sources and through liaison with the FBI and to pass it to OCI, which was directed to prepare a memorandum from the DCI to the President.

3. A book message requirement was sent to all stations to report whatever information was on hand relevant to this subject. Although agent reports on Communist front operations overseas were of some value, the primary source of information on the activities of US activists--and that was quite limited--was sensitive intercepts produced by NSA, which had been similarly tasked by the White House.



4. A draft memorandum was jointly prepared by OCI and CI Staff and forwarded to the DCI. He passed this typescript memo, dated 15 November 1967, to the President personally. The White House copy is now in the files of President Johnson's papers at the library in Austin.

SECRET

5. Brief follow-up memoranda were prepared and forwarded to the White House on 21 December and 17 January 1968. According to our best recollection, no further finished intelligence reports on international connections of the peace movement were produced.

Director of Current Intelligence

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MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Intelligence  $\ell^{\mu\nu}$ SUBJECT: Contacts with David Young

In the summer of 1972, I had frequent 1. contacts with David Young. He was in this building under my control once. These contacts related solely to Executive Order 11652 and the NSC directive concerned therewith. Young was apparently at the time in the process of drafting the NSC directive. The visit to the building under my control was for a briefing on CRS processes for storage and retrieval of documents and is apparently reflected in the paragraph of the directive concerned with the Data Index. I visited him in his White House office at least twice in the company of an inter-Agency group concerned with the Data Index.

2. In August of 1972, also visited Mr. Young's office in the company of an inter-Agency group to discuss CIA compliance with the data index instructions. To the best of my knowledge no one in CRS had any contact with Mr. Young in his role as a "plumber."

> H. C. EISENBEISS Director, Central Reference Service

MEMORANDUM FOR: O/DDI

SUBJECT:

Involvement In Domestic Affairs

1. This memorandum responds to the DDI's request for a listing of any questionable involvements in domestic affairs. I do not believe that CRS is doing anything that a reasonable man could construe as improper.

2. CRS does, of course, have several programs to acquire still pictures, movies, videotapes

3. CRS files do not generally bear on U.S. citizens or organizations. The biographic filebuilding criteria specifically excludes U.S. nationals unless the person has become of such major importance in the political life of a foreign country that the file is essential. (To my knowledge, only 2 persons so qualify.

Our Cuban files probably include some persons who are now U.S. citizens but we have no way to separate them; we have files on U.S. defectors to Cuba.)





### SUBJECT: Involvement In Domestic Affairs

4. The CIA Library has several informal snag files intended to aid the librarians in answering the kinds of questions that they know they will get on a continuing basis. An appointments file is a collection of clippings on appointed federal officials: who holds what job when and what is his background? The extremist files are a collection of folders on a variety of organizations and a few people with intricate organizational links. Any sort of extremism is grist for these particular files. And a few persons, e.g., Rap Brown and Eldridge Cleaver, have dossiers consisting almost exclusively of clippings from public media. These files are unclassified and consist mostly of clippings from the public press: U.S., foreign, underground, scholarly.

5. I am not aware of any other kind of involvement in domestic activities that is not related to development of techniques or logistics or legitimate training of CRS personnel.

> H. C. EISENBEISS Director, Central Reference Service



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# Administrating - Long Hog Only

8 May 1973

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### Guestionable NPIC Projects

### . Leaks of Jack Anderson

In January 1972, NPIC performed image enhancement techniques on 'TV tapes of a Jack Anderson show. The purpose was to try to identify serial numbers of CIA documents in Anderson's possession. The request was levisl on NPIC through the Office of Security.

### 2. The Poppy Project

NPIC has provided the services of one PI to assist an interagency effort to detect poppy cultivation. In addition the Center has provided the <u>contractual</u> mechanism in support of the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs for a multispectral crop study by a private company.

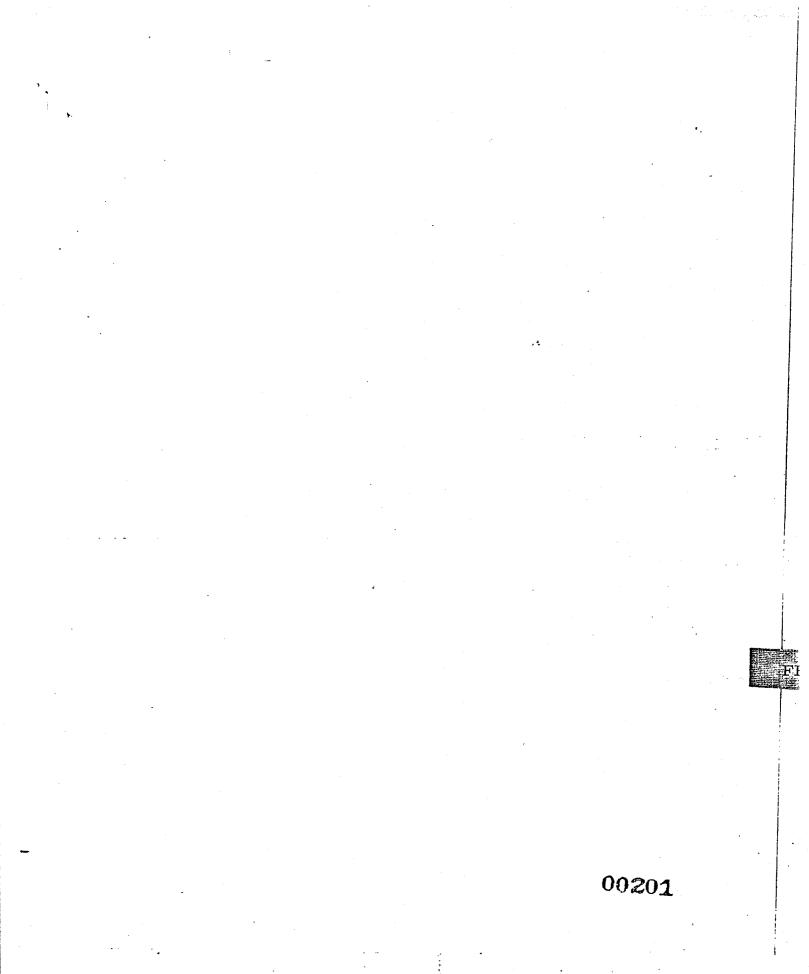
### 3. Reviews of NASA Collected Imagery

NPIC has and continues to conduct deviews of satellite imagery from NASA programs to identify 'sensitive' frames of photography not releasable to the public and to ascertain the intelligence potential of the imagery. This service has been provided for GEMENI and ERTS photography and preparations are underway for review of SMY LAB imagery.

### . Peaceful Uses of Satellite Imagery

NPIC has been requested to provide a number of looks at domestic coverage for special purposes. Examples include:

- Santa Barbara Oil Spill
- Los Angeles Earthquake
- Sierra Snow (flood threat)
- Current Mississippi Floods
- Hurricane Cammile Damage on the Coast of the Gulf of Maxico
- Civil Disturbance in Detroit
- OEP U.S. Data Base



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MEMORANDUM FOR: DDI

SUBJECT

### Sensitive Activities

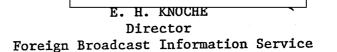
1. FBIS has been engaged in no activities related to the Ellsberg and Watergate cases.

FBIS operations occasionally extend to the domestic arena. 2. From time to time, FBIS linguists are made available to DDO or Office of Communications components for special operations (usually abroad) involving close-support SIGINT work or translation of audio take. On one occasion recently DDO, on behalf of the FBI, requested the services of several FBIS linguists skilled in Arabic to work directly for the FBI on a shortterm project here in Washington. The arrangements were made by Mr. Oberg of the DDO CI Staff. He said the project was very highly classified and that FBIS participation was approved by Mr. Colby and the Director. FBIS participation was approved by the Director of FBIS after a check with the ADDI. Other examples of sensitive linguistic support work are help in the handling and resettlement of defectors, the recent assignment of an employee to the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs to transcribe recordings in a rare Chinese dialect, and the detailing of another Chinese linguist on two occasions to assist in the U.S. military training of Chinese Nationalist cadets.

3. Within its responsibility for monitoring press agency transmissions for intelligence information, FBIS publishes and distributes some material which falls in a "gray" area of copyright protection, libel, and privacy of international communications. Press services controlled by national governments and transmitted by radioteletype without specific addressees, e.g. the Soviet TASS service and the PRC's NCNA, are monitored by FBIS and the material is disseminated without restriction. The legality of this has been affirmed by decisions of the Office of General Counsel.



The routine FBIS monitoring of foreign radio broadcasts often 4. involves statements or speeches made by U.S. citizens using those radio facilities. Examples are statements made or allegedly made by American POW's in Hanoi, by Jane Fonda in Hanoi and by Ramsey Clark in Vietnam. At the request of FBI and the Department of Justice, and with the approval of the CIA Office of General Counsel, we have on occasion submitted transcripts of such broadcasts to the Department of Justice as part of that Department's consideration of a possible trial. In such cases, we have been required to submit names of FBIS monitors involved, presumably because of the possibility they might be required as witnesses. (In one case in 1971, an FBIS staff employee was directed to appear as an expert witness in the court-martial of a Marine enlisted man charged with aiding the enemy in a broadcast from Hanoi.) FBIS views all this with misgivings. Monitoring of such broadcasts is incidental and we rue attribution of their news to FBIS, and we should not be considered policemen maintaining surveillance of traveling Americans.



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i de la companya de l 1 an the second state SUDECT: (0;82:50) EX. CHISION NO. NOM: Director Office of Technical Service DATE 10: (Officer detignation, coom number, and building) DAIE O FIGER S Exections COMMENTS (therebar with command to chow from whom to whom. Draw a line arrais calume after each comment.) RECEIVED 007/44080 Cance Bozar ĩ 1. 31 200 ADD0 2. 3. 6 0 / | G 4 5 ×. 6. . 22 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 00204 15. ١. FORM 610 USE PREVIOUS INTERNAL UNULADDITIED SECKET CONFIDENTIAL 3-62 USE ONLY

### 2 9 MAY 1975

MEMORALDUM FOR: Deputy Disactor for Operations

SUBJECT:

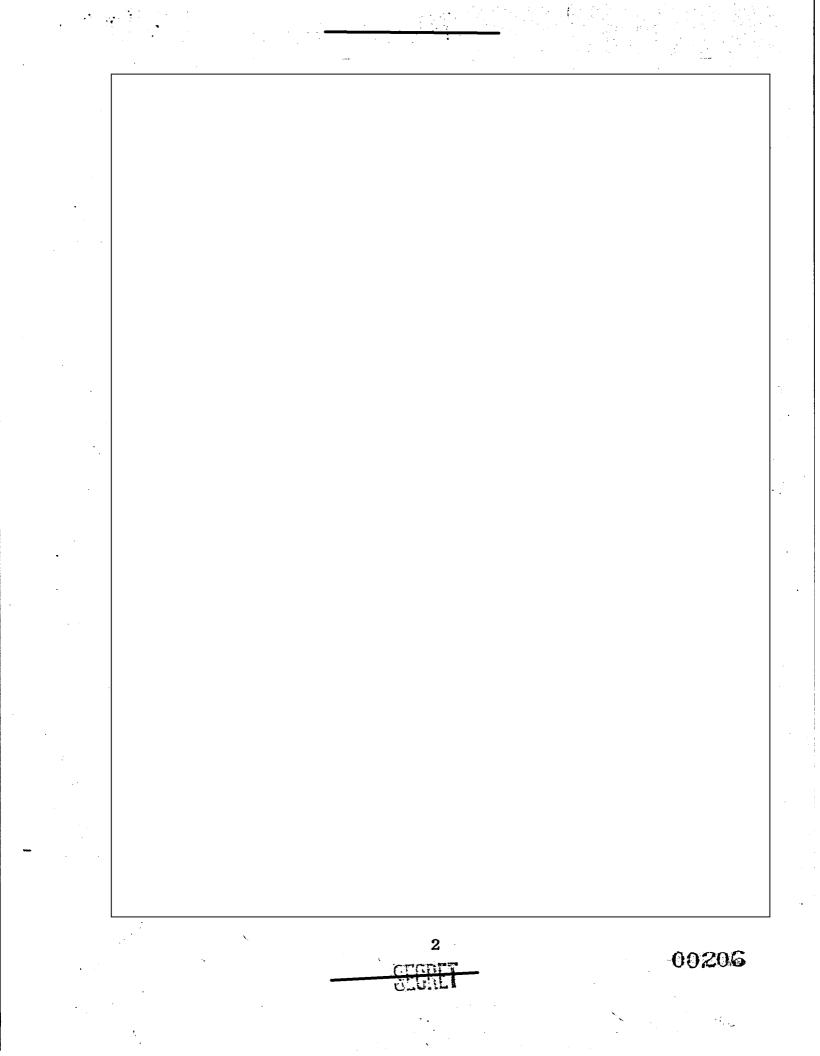
Documentation Support for Use in the United States

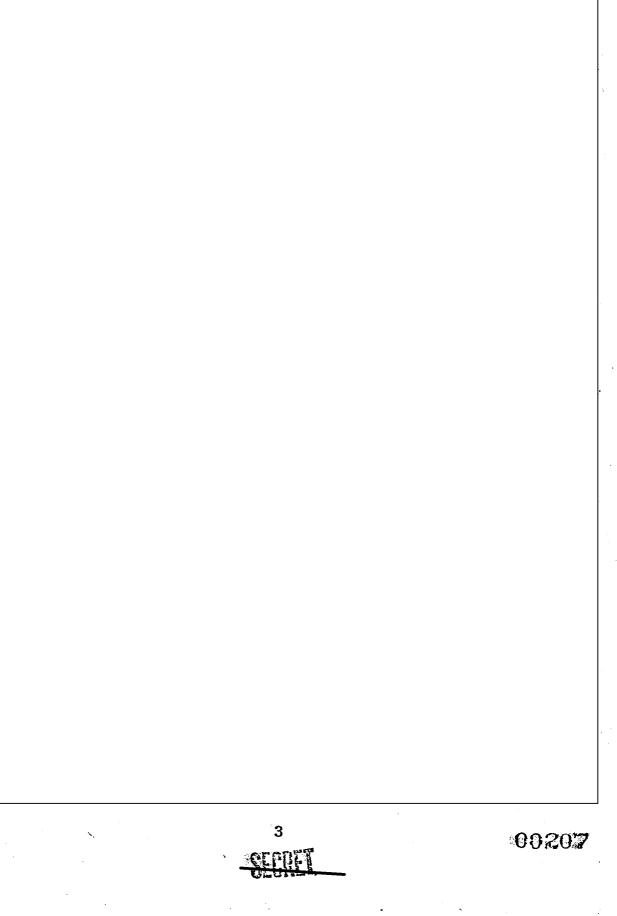
1. As you are aware this office provides document support for a variety of covert activities.

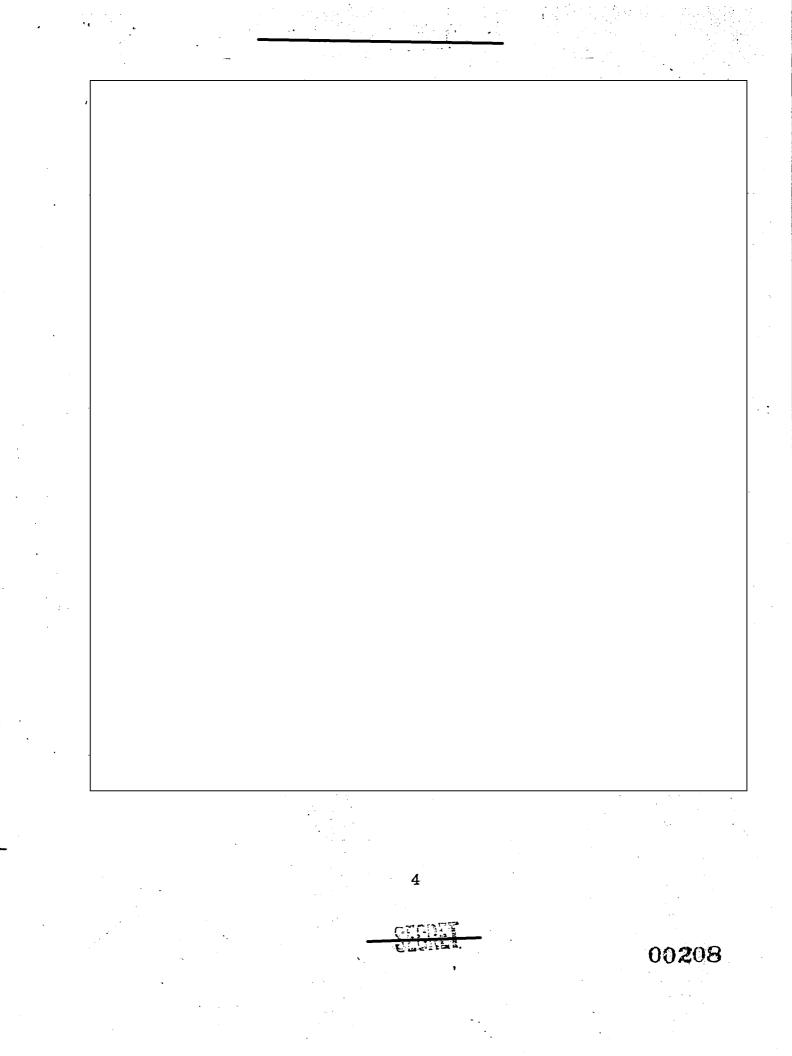
Specific use is not always available to this office and should properly come from the requesting office who can provide the details. U.S. alias documentation use in the United States is approved by the Office of Security and normally has the concurrence of Central Cover Staff or FI and CI Staffs. Requests received by this office from outside the Clandestine Service are approved by an appropriate office of the DDO.

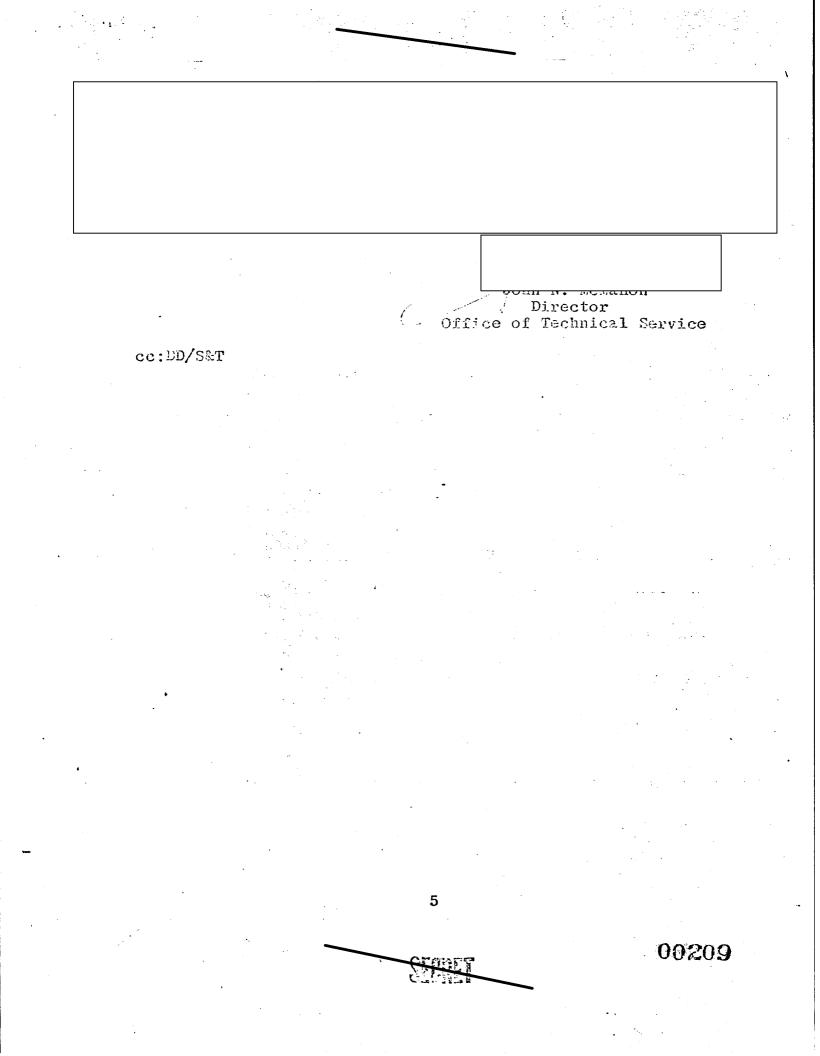
2. A review of this office's document support files for the period 1 January 1972 to date indicates that the following number of U.S. alias document requests were fulfilled for probable use in the United States. The statistics below are broken down by requester:











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### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

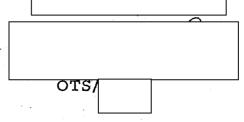
SUBJECT: Loan of Tape Recorder to Bassport Office

1. Late in 1971 (December, I believe) the Deputy Director for the Passport Office, Department of State, (Mr. Robert Johnson) informally guericdume on whether that office might borrow a small type recorder for userby the Director of the Passport Office (Miss Frances Knight) to record a meeting she had scheduled with representatives of a foreign government.

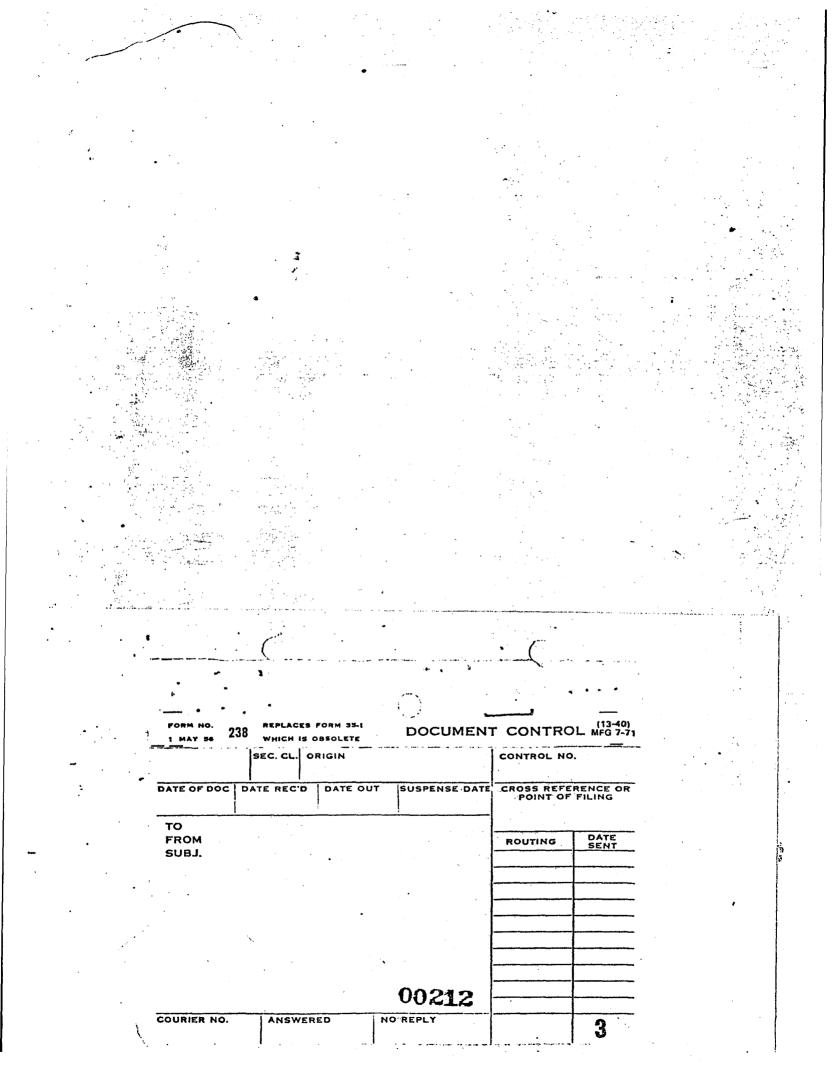
2. I conveyed this request to the then Chief, and subsequently held several circussions with representatives of our pffice. It was decided to loan the Passport Office a small commercial recorder (Norelco Cassette Recorder, Model 150), which we had in stock.

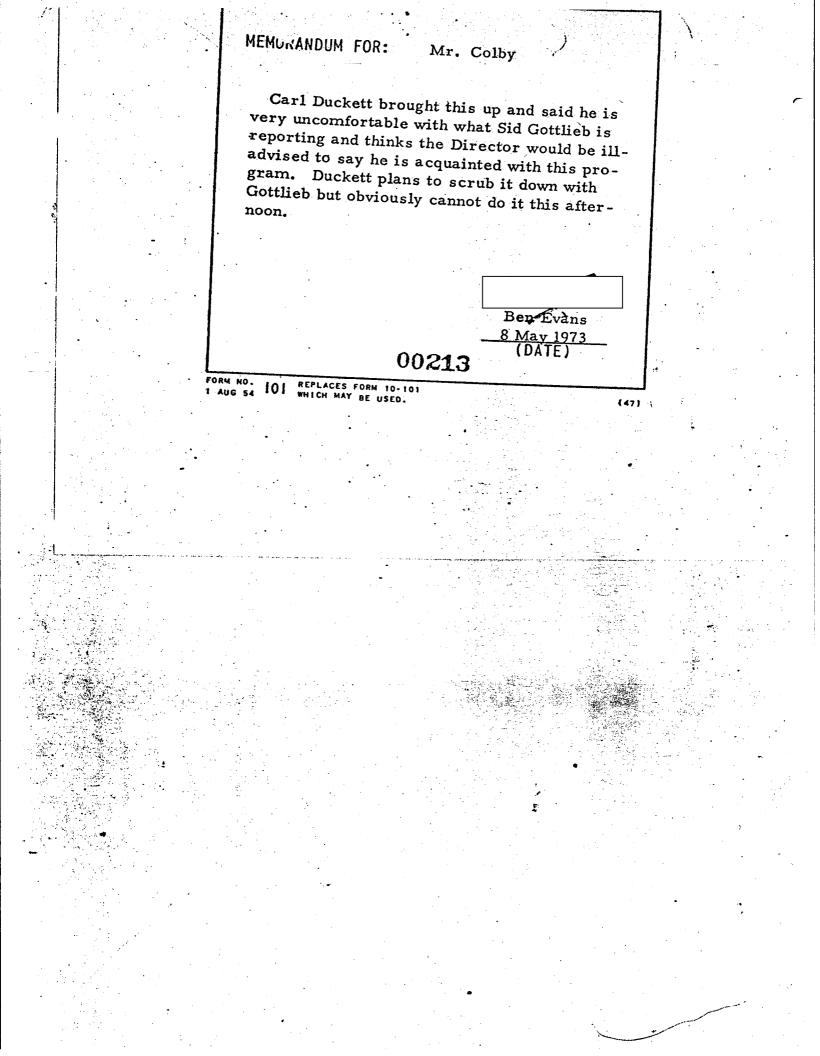
3. A representative of our Training Branch and Lidelivered the recorder to Miss Knight source and demonstrated the recorder's capabilities and instructed her in its use. She did not seem too pleased at the recording quality; however, the recorder was left with her.

4. On this date (21 May 1973) I asked Mr. Johnson to check on the status of the recorder. He said it was never used in any way. I therefore retrieved it from the Passport Office and delivered it to Training Branch









SUBJECT: (Option)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	
FROM: Sidney Gottliel Chief, TSD	b .		Elliverkötü N	NO.
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### MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Science & Technology

SUBJECT

TSD Support to Other Agencies

1. Technical Services Division's charter (CSI 1-8) requires that it provide technical assistance to both CIA operations and other activities as may be directed by the Deputy Director for Operations.

2. Over the years the chief non-CIA recipients of this support have been the Department of Defense, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, Immigration and Naturalization Service, Department of State, United States Postal Service, Secret Service, Agency for International Development, and the White House.

3. While varying widely among the different recipients, these services have included training and materials, and in a few instances participation in the fields of audio and visual surveillance, secret writing and related communications, personal protection, alias documentation and questioned document examination, disguise, concealment devices, electronic beaconry, illicit narcotics detection, and counter-sabotage/terrorism.

4. In most instances requirements for this support are 'received by TSD through higher echelons (Office of the Director or Deputy Director for Operations). Unless the service involved is a trivial or continuing one, the request is referred to the Foreign Intelligence Staff Departmental Coordination Group for coordination and approval at the appropriate Agency levels. Approval within TSD by the Chief of Operations or Development and Engineering and the Chief of TSD or his Deputy also is required.

5. The attachment lists the primary services provided to the organizations named in Paragraph two.



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6. Issuance of forged personal identity documentation by [15D is controlled according to two broad criteria: type of requester; and type of documentation requested. A request for denied area documentation from a DDO Area Division is honored after proper validation. Free world documentation may require some extra coordination however.

7. Unless ordered otherwise by higher Agency authority, no U.S. documentation is issued by TSD Headquarters without prior coordination with the Office of Security and the Central Cover Staff. TSD Regional Bases require at least the validation of U.S. documentation requests by the COS, or his designated representative, of the requesting Station. Because it could be used no U.S. Birth Certhicate is issued without approval of the DDO via Central Cover Staff. Backstopped major credit cards are issued by Office of Security, not TSD.

8. Provision of forged documentation to non-DDO requesters, whether they be CIA or other Agency requesters, always requires approval of non-TSD offices. Support to the military for instance would be validated by FI Staff/Departmental Coordination Group at Headquarters or by the COS overseas having responsibility for coordination of the operation. BNDD requests are coordinated with DDO/NARCOG. Requests for documentation of Immigration and Naturalization Service is coordinated via the Alien Affairs Staff.

9. Authentication items are issued on a loan basis and must be returned to TSD or accounted for. After any documentation has been issued, TSD retains photographs and records of such support until the documentation has been returned to TSD. If the material is not returned after a reasonable time, the requester is reminded of the outstanding documentation.

Sidney Gottlieb Chief Technical Services Division

Attachment Distribution: O & 1 - Addressee, w/att

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ATTACAMENT

### Department of Defense

Documents, disguise, conceahment devices, secret writing, flaps and scals; counterincurgency and counter cabotage courses have been furnished to all intelligence elements of the Department of Defense and certain elements of the Special Forces. All requests are coordinated with the FI Departmental Coordination Group at Headquarters and with the Chief of Stations overseas. In turn these elements furnished TSD with exemplars of foreign identities documents, foreign cachets, foreign intelligence secret writing systems, foreign intelligence concealment devices. Selected audio requirements have been furnished overseas for CI -type cases.

#### Federal Bureau of Investigation

At the request of the FBI we cooperate with the Bureau in a few audio surveillance operations against sensitive foreign targets in the United States.

#### Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs

Beacons, cameras, audio and telephone devices for overseas operations, identity documents, car-trailing devices, SRAC, flaps and seals and training of selected personnel responsible for use thereof has been furnished this Bureau. All requirements are sent to DDO/NARCOG for coordination with area divisions and for action by TSD if appropriate. Requests overseas are coordinated with the COS or his designee before action by TSD is taken.

#### Immigration and Naturalization

CI analyses of foreign passports and visas, guidance in developing tamperproof alien registration cards,

have been furnished the Service. Requests are forwarded directly to TSD for coordination within TSD if technical, with the FI Departmental Coordination Group if operational.



#### Department of State

Technical graphics guidance on developing a new United States Dassport, analyses of foreign passports, car-admoring and personnel locators (beacons) for Ambassadors have been supplied the State Department. In addition analyses and exposure of black letter operations against the United States abroad are made. All graphics requirements are forwarded to TSD for further coordination within the Division. The Department of State furnishes enemplars of foreign passports, foreign visas and in & past passports on a priority basis.

#### Postal Service

The Office of Chief Postal Inspector has had selected personnel attend basic surveillance photographic courses, has been furnished foreign postal information and has been the recipient of letter bomb analyses, furnished

typewriter analyses. Requirements are coordinated with the DDO and DDO/EA. The Post Office has furnished TSD with exemplars of letter bombs and

We also have

00218

an arrangement with the Post Office to examine and reinsert a low volume of certain foreign mail arriving in the United States.

#### Secret Service

Gate passes, security passes, passes for Presidential campaign, emblems for Presidential vehicles; a secure ID photo system have been furnished this Service. Blanket approval for graphics support has been granted to the Deputy Director for Operations. In each case TSD requests approval from the DDO.

U. S. Agency for International Development

We furnish instructors to a USAID-sponsored Technical Investigation Course (Counter Terror) at

- 2 -

#### White House

Stationery, special memoranda, molds of the Great Seal have been furnished the Social Secretary. The Deputy Director for Operations is apprised of those requirements.

Police Respresenting Washington, Arlington, Fairfax and Alexandria

During the period 1968 - 1969 a series of classes reflecting basic and surveillance photography, basic audio, locks and picks, countersabotage and surreptitious entry were given to selected members from the above mentioned cities. Overall training was approved by the Director of Centeral Intelligence and in turn validation was required for each course from the Director of Security.

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FR/DM:	Sidney Gottlicb Chief, TSD	•		EXELANS DAN	C-1
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1.	DDS&T				Attached berewith are additional explanations of TSD support to
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# ATTACHMENT

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TSD has had a close working relationship with the FBI ever the past few years. The FBI is the only organization that has been fully briefed on TSD audio techniques and equipment. The following are situations where TSD equipment and guidance were involved in operations:

00221

SECR 

CLEO #138-73 8 Ilay 1973

C/TSD/OPS/SDB

00223

#### LEDORINDUM FOR: Chief, WSD

#### ATTENTION:

#### Executive Officer

SUBJECT:

Contacts with Domestic Police Organizations

1. In Dec. ber 1963, July 1969 and December 1970, SDB provided basic countersabotage familiarization training for selected members of the Washington metropolitan area police departments. The training was given at the Fairfax County police pistol and rifle range. Authorization for the training came from DDP and Chief, Office of Security.

RB

2. On occasion during the past few years, under the auspices of the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration of the Department of Justice and with the approval of CI Staff and Office of Security, SDB provided training and familiarization to police officers of several domestic police departments in the uses of the Explosives Residue Detection Technique and Trace Metals Detection Technique. These techniques had been declassified and are currently available to the law enforcement community. The National Bomb Data Center publishes periodic quidance in their uses.

3. In order to augment the SDB mission responsibilities in the field of countersabotage and counterterror, SDB officers have in the past two years visited, under appropriate covers, the explosives disposal units of the New York City police department, Dade County (Miami) Florida Dept. and the Los Angeles Police Dept. Also, in March 1973, two SDB officers attended the Explosives and Ordnance Disposal Conference in Sacramento, California, sponsored by LEAA. When the recent letter bomb menace began in September 1972, our liaison with the NYCPD bomb squad paid off in that we had complete information on letter bomb construction in hours, enabling the Agency to make worldwide dissemination within a day. SUCTOR SERVICE

In addition to printing of various passes and identification cablems, TSD has also supplied the Secret Service with some U.S. allas documentation:



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00224

# Technical Training for Leogl Police Symptopeat

- I. The first segrent of technical training by Training Branch was conducted during the period 7 October - 26 Notember 1968. The following schedule and subjects were used in the training of six members of the Metropolitan Police Department.
  - A. 7-18 October Surreptitious Entry Content of Subject tought:
    - 1. Familiarization and identity of American locks.
    - 2. Method of manipulation of locks.
    - 3. Methods and techniques of conducting Surreptitious Entry Survey.
  - B. 21-29 October Photo Surveillance Content of Subject taught:
    - 1. Familiarization with cameras: Pentax Spotmatic, Leica, Nikon F, Robot and Polaroid.
    - 2. Lens, telephoto and wide angle.
    - 3. Exposure Meter, Tripods; Bowum, etc.
    - 4. Film, film processing and print processing.
    - 5. Document copy exercises.
    - 6. Night Photography and night exercises.
    - 7. TV Surveillance.
  - C. 18-23 November Audio Surveillance Content of Subject taught:
    - Microphones, wire impedances and line amplifiers. (Shure MC-30, Sennheiser MM-22, RCA - BK - 6B and RCA BK-12a all commercially available)

00225

2. RF commercial transmitter. (Research Products, Tracer Inc., Scientific Research Corp.)

- Succession (Differing and Colomatic Colorate USR-4) and Neuse (Jurke respectfolly.)
- 4. Telephone Tops. (Obsolute model DR-2 equiphent which the available to government and low enforce cost agametes).
- 5. Recorders (Appex-601-2 Stereo, Revere T-204 Mona, Uber 4000L, all commercially obtainable).

6. Plastering and Wall Restoration.

D. 24-26 November - Operational Problem and Exercise

1. This problem entailed an operational exercise against three of our Safesties. The students had to survey, case and peetrate these locations using surreptitious entry, photography and audio surveillance.

2. All these safesites, two apartments in and one on have been turned back to Agency Real Estate and have since then been terminated. Formal class instruction was conducted at

- II. After this first MPD group other police departments personnel trained using the identical safe sites and employing the same subject matter and commercial equipment as indicated above were taught on the following dates. The Fairfax Police Department and Arlington Police Department. Date - 21 October - 10 December 1968. Six officers, 4 from APD and 2 from FPD.
- III. In 1969 additional officers from the Metropolitan Police Department, Fairfax Police Department and Arlington Police Department received identifical training as that stated above. In total 24 police officers were trained in our facilities.

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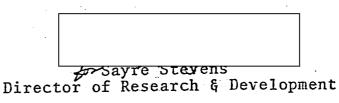
(1) 公司 法保证 2 24 . . . . N 1 a 74 (Cr. 1996) - 59 Repeated Stavey of U.D. for Mon-Persign Intelligence Activities  $\sim 2.6$ Э. 020-2328-73 ·· D/ORD SATE 9 May 1973 Bill (Officer derignation, each reacter) aid. Solding) 0.415 CONTINES (Number e de constant to situal from thom to whom. Dow a line opens column uter each que ventj CARACER'ST DATAIS EDWARDO PLC::VED 1. DDS&T This is 10 3 2. anusi <u>.</u> 5/14 Mr. Colby 3. 5/4 you y bet 4. well DC 5. ٥. 2-3 د ふくく ર્ત્ત રહે 7. 8. 9. يد ز د. د. tial 10. LE 11. 12. 13. 14. 00227 15. INTERNAL USE ONLY FORM 610 USE PREVIOUS SECRET CONFIDENTIAL UNCLASSIFIED []] 3-62

# ORD-2528-73

# MENDYNADUM FOR: Depaty Director for Science and Technology

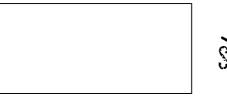
#### SUBJECT : Repeated Survey of ORD for Non-Foreign Intelligence Activities

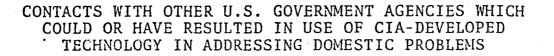
The 7 May survey has been repeated and refined with respect to all ORD services or dealings with other agencies on domestic, non-foreign matters. In addition, this report covers all our activities dealing with the research and development of intelligence equipment for foreign use which has been tested in the United States and might have collected domestic information. Again, each member of ORD available today was asked either directly or through his supervisor to provide the above requested information, whether he was directly involved or not. We have used all diligence to search our records available to us during this time period to ensure this is a complete and factual list.



Attachments:

- 1 Contacts with Other Government Agencies
- 2 Domestic Tests





# Executive Office of the President

ORD represents DD/S&T on the R&D Sub-Committee of the Cabinet Committee for International Narcotics Control that is concerned with research support of the narcotics control problem.

(Dr. Leonard Laster, OST)

#### Office of Telecommunications Policy

Technical surveillance countermeasures and physical security information was exchanged with them.

#### Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs (BNDD)

Techniques and equipment for navigation and tracking was discussed with BNDD.

BNDD)	
вмррј	
Audio tapes were processed to intelligibility. The source of th	improve their e tapes was unknown.
BNDD)	
	<b>6</b> 5200

VBJEUT: Contacts With Other U.S. Coveriment Agencies Which Could or Have Resulted in Use of CIA-Developed Technology in Addressing Demestic Problems

# BNDD (cont'd)

2EDD was given permission in the fall of 1972 to receive proposals from Aero-proce, Inc., concerning a Radar People Detector developed for ORD.

BNDD)	

# USIB Technical Surveillance Countermeasures Committee

Continuing contacts were maintained with the intelligence community regarding technical surveillance countermeasurs and physical security. This exchange of information, reports, and equipment has been conducted under the auspices of USIB TSCC and involves State, FBI, Secret Service, NSA, DIA, Army, AF, and Navy.



# State Department

Two contracts for development of countermeasures techniques were funded jointly with the State Department.



00230

SUBJECT: Contacts With Other U.S. Cotornocat Agencies Which Could or Have Resulted in Use of CIA-Developed Technology in Addressing Demostic Problems

#### Atomic Energy Commission (AEC)

Some of the ABC Laboratories, e.g., Savanhah River Laboratory, are supported by CIA to develop radio nuclide sampling and detection techniques and devices. These Laboratories have used sampling techniques developed for CIA to measure CONUS nuclear plant releases.

(Mr. B. Benson, AEC)

At the request of AEC Security Officer, Mr. Richard Cowan, the walls of the office of the Chairman of the AEC (then Mr. Schlesinger) were X-rayed. The operation occurred one evening and was an attempt to resolve some anomalies created by the use of the

(Mr. Richard Cowan, AEC)

#### Law Enforcement Assistance Agency (LEAA)

Reports and information about the ORD-developed Adhesive Restraint, Non-Lethal Incapacitation System were made available to Department of Justice, LEAA in August 1972. If they developed the system, it would be used for civilian crowd and riot control.

(Mr. Les Schubin, LEAA)

Technical surveillance countermeasures and physical

00231

3

security information were exchanged with LEAA.

SEBJECT: Contacts With Other U.S. Sevenment Agencies Which Could or Have Resulted In Use of CIA-Developed Technology in Addressing Domestic Problems

Treasury

is being detailed to Treasury Department to assist in vormulating their R&D program and organization in anticipation of the establishment of the new drug enforcement administration. The request for his services was made by \_\_\_\_\_\_ the Agency's Narcotics Coordinator. Mr. \_\_\_\_\_\_ discussed the request and cleared the detailing through Mr. Colby.

#### Customs/Treasury Department

Technical discussions were held with Customs relating to detecting illicit nighttime aircraft intrusions over the U.S.-Mexico border.

(Mr. Martin Pera, Customs)

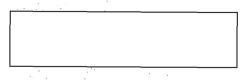


About five years ago, assistance was requested in domestic search of "moonshine" stills using CIA infrared scanners. This was turned down.



#### Secret Service

We have had numerous discussions with the Secret Service regarding navigation and tracking techniques and equipment.





SUBJECT: Contacts With Other U.S. Continuent Agencies Which Could or Have Resulted In Use of CIA-Developed Tachaology in Addressing Demestic Problems

# Federal Aviation Agency (FAA)

The results of our research work in the detection of metals were reported to FAA for possible use in the detection of hijacker weapons.



#### National Institute of Health (NIH)

At the request of ORD, OCS assigned a staff technician to undertake to write a computer program for the Wisswesser Line Notation (WLN) chemical notation method. This work was done in cooperation with NIH.

(Ms. Coniver, NIH)

#### Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (ACDA)

ORD met frequently with ACDA personnel in order to structure ORD's BW/CW research programs to support ACDA needs.

# Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Technical information relating to detection of radio nuclides in the environment was exchanged with them.

(Mr. Charles Weaver, EPA)





SUBJECT:

Containts With Other U.S. Coverbucht Agencies Which Could or Have Resulted In Use of CIA-Developed Technology in Addressing Denestic Problems

EPA (cont'd)

Technical discussions relating to using IR scaming equipment to detect underground fires in a sanitary land fill have been conducted.

(Mr. Gene James, EPA)

#### Federal Bureau of Investigation

At their request, we described Imagery Enhancement techniques germane to removing distortions from some photography they had on an alleged bank robber. Request for specific support in processing the imagery was turned down.



Secret Service FBI

U.S. Customs

total contact with other agencies in terms of assistance with domestic operations has been in the field of audio surveillance countermeasures, antihijacking, or drugs.

6

(Mr. Robert Burnell, SS) (Mr. Thomas Allen, FBI) (Mr. Martin Pera, Customs)

NASA and USDA

We have an on-going program,

tor earth resources assessments.

(Mr. William Ruble, USDA) (Mr. Leonard Jaffe, NASA) (General Smart)

00234

to

MURDECI:

Contacts With Other U.S. Government Agencies Which Could or Have Resulted In Heelof CIA-Reveloped Technology in Addressing Penestic Problems

Proposed Use of NASA ERTS Satellite (Agency association would be SECRET)

The Agency is proparing a proposal for an experimental program to aid in estimating the Soviet wheat crop. A part of the information would be obtained from a satellite launched for other announced programs. Groundtruth data will be collected on North American crops.

U.S. Department of Agriculture and Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs

CIA has requested the establishment of a two-acre plot of opium poppies at a USDA research site in Washington state, to be used for tests of photo-recognition of opium poppies.

Army, Military Police Agency, Ft. Gordon Air Force, Office of the Inspector General Army, Office of Provost Marshall General

We have exchanged technical surveillance countermeasures and physical security information with them.

U.S. Army

Rocky Mountain Arsenal, Newport Army Ammunition Plant, Toelle Ordnance Depot

ORD tested environmental samples from testing, storage and production facilities in the U.S.

SUBJECT: Contacts With Other U.S. Government Agencies Which Could or Have Resulted In Use of CIA-Developed Technology in Addressing Demostic Fieblens

# U.S. Army, Edgewood Arsenal

ORD is sharing expenses with EA	<u>n an angto testang</u>

U.S. Navy

# U.S. Coast Guard

About six years ago, CIA infrared equipment was made available for USCG tests to evaluate IR as a means for night search of life boats.

(then-Lt. James McIntosh, USCG)

# San Mateo County Sheriff's Office

ORD conducted polygraph tests on all applicants. Polygraph security findings were compared with the Sheriff's own security findings.

(Sheriff)

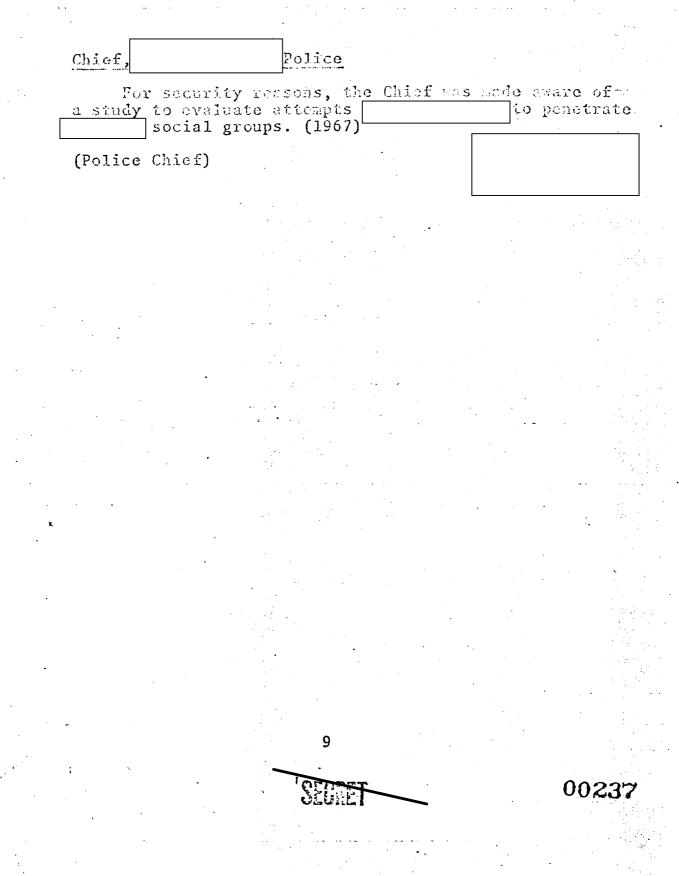
A study was made on con-men techniques and assessment methods in 1967-68.

(Sheriff)





CHRENCT: Contacts With Other U.S. Covernment Agencies Which Could or Have Resulted in Use of CIA-Devolged Technology in Addressing Domostic Problems

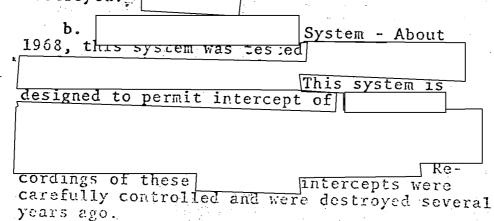


# DOMESTIC TESTS FOR AGENCY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS

1. As a normal part of ORD's efforts in the research and development of equipment and techniques for Agency applications in foreign intelligence, we conduct experiments and tests in the United States. Clearly, the design and development of our intelligence equipments can be done more economically and more securely in this country. Although most of the tests of our R&D equipments are performed in closed laboratories or in secure areas simulating the foreign environment, some of the tests and experiments, of necessity, reveal domestic information.

2. A review of the surveillance equipment or techniques which have at some time or other been exposed to domestic testing is as follows:

a. Laser Probe - About 1967, the laser probe developed by ORD was tested by TSD in San Francisco under very closely controlled conditions. The ORD Project Officer witnessed portions of the test. Recordings that were made of laser probe output were carefully controlled as classified material and it is believed that the tapes have long since been destroyed.



ATTACHMENT 2

SUBLACT: Desettle Fists for Agancy Research and Development Efforts

c. Telephone Intrusion Study -

Many of these are patterned atter the U.S. system and, for this reason, limited monitoring to test the operation of intercept equipment in the United States is planned. Message content is the of no interest and will not be recorded. Overseas testing is planned at a subsequent date. To date, some domestic testing of this concept has been carried out at the contractor's plant. No recordings have been made of such data. Extremely brief tests exercising U.S. and foreign telephone systems have been carried out to verity initial concepts. The duration of testing was less than one-half hour. d. Other Sensor Testing - Examples of engineering development tests of special sensors within the United States include and

In all these cases, the data output of such testing has been used for engineering development and the content has been restricted to dissemination to those in Government involved with the engineering design.



S BURCT: "Demostic Tests for Agency Decompediated

•	2 Penete Physic	iological Measu	rements -
	In ORD-Seveloped		īs
	being tosted at a co	ontra <u>ctor's sit</u>	e for use
	as a repote cardiogr	raph	
	Some test subjects a		
	are on naive subject	ts (they do not	know they
	are being tested).	The	is com-
	pletely harmless to	the subject and	the test
	results are closely	held.	
	f. Personality	Structure of De	efectors
	Study - ORD undertoo		
	sonality structure of		
	period 1966-69. The		
	an analycic of the c	non litoratura	on Ichown

an analysis of the open literature on known defectors. An ancillary effort was concerned with a study of the phenomenon of defection itself, i.e., leaving one religion for another, or changing one set of political beliefs for another. The work was conducted at Stanford University.

g.

h. Communications Link Loading Study -

3

Under carefully controlled conditions, some U. S. microwave communications were recorded and passed through the intercept system under test to prove quality of performance. All intercept material connected with this was destroyed within a few weeks of the time of intercept and the material was never checked for substantive content.

0 00-2274-73

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Science and Technology

# SUBJECT : Survey of ORD for Non-Foreign Intelligence Activities

At 11 a.m. today, each division and staff chief or his representative was instructed to query all of his people and report back by this afternoon whether or not they had provided any services or dealt with any other agencies on domestic, non-foreign matters. The attached list is an inventory of all items we were able to uncover. If additional information on any of these topics is desired, we can provide either a verbal or a written report on very short notice.

> Scientific Advisor to Director of Research & Development

> > 00241

Attachment: As stated Project on on-going program which may be politically scale live.

A proposed OER wheat estimate program which may be politically sensitive.

Narcotics--our foreign activities are well knownin DDS&T.

A negative report from the Support Staff.

ORD's work was reported to the FAA about three years ago. No action was taken, to cur knowledge.

Performed intelligibility enhancement of audio tapes for BNDD. Source of tapes unknown.

- At the request of FBI, we described imagery Enhancement Techniques germane to removing distortions from some photography they had on an alleged bank robber. Request for specific support in processing the imagery was turned down.



My total contact with other agencies in terms of assistance with domestic operations has been in the field of audio surveillance countermeasures, anti-hijacking, or drugs. Specifically, I participated in TSCC and R&D Subcommittee meetings which included technology exchanges and some equipment exchanges on a temporary basis ostensibly for testing or trial. I also assisted in x-raying the office walls of the Chairman of the AEC (then Mr. Schlesinger) at the request of Mr. Richard Cowan of AEC Security. The operation occurred one evening (date unknown) and was an attempt to resolve some anomalies created by the use of the

7 May 1973

Other persons contacted over the years have been: Mr. Robert Burnett, Secret Service Mr. Martin Pera, U. S. Customs Mr. Marvin Beasley, DASA Mr. Thomas Allen, FBI Major Jack Nelson, OSI/USAF Major John Langager, ONI/USN Mr. Richard Cowan, AEC



5/7/73

1. Continuing contacts with intelligence community regarding technical surveillance countermeasures and physical security. This is an exchange of information and reports and has been conducted under the auspices of the USIB Technical Surveillance Countermeasures Community.

> State Air Force Army

Navy

US Secret Service

NSA

DIA

FBI

2. Joint funding of two contracts with State Department (TRW/LLL). Two electret microphones were furnished to State Department for test purposes. Joint funding of one contract with NSA (Sandia). Participation in DNA/DOD contract (Bureau of Standards).

3. Other DOD and Government contacts for information collection or exchange only.

ARPA

LEAA/Dept. of Justice

DNA/DOD

Office Telecommunications Policy Office of Army/Provost Marshal General Army/Military Police Agency, Ft. Gordon Air Force/Office of the Inspector General Air Force/Electronic Systems Division

leas had comminications with the Secret

Service and the Fur autof Narcotics regarding navigation

# and tracking.

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SISSET

US\$P-Contacts with Other U.S. Covernment Agendics which the Could Have Resulted in Use of CTA-Pereitped Technology in Addressing Decestic Problems

# $\mathbb{E}\mathbb{P}\Lambda$

- Exchange of technical information relating to detection of radio nuclides in the environment
- Technical discussions relating to using IR scanning equipment to detect underground fires in a sanitary land fill.

#### BNDD

- Exchange of technical information relating to the development of

#### USDA & BNDD

- CIA has requested the establishment of a two-acre plot of opium poppies at a USDA research site in Washington state, to be used for tests of photorecognition of opium poppies.

#### US COAST GUARD

- About six years ago, CIA infrared equipment was made available for USCG tests to evaluate IR as a means for night search of life boats.

#### ALCOHOL & TOBACCO TAX DIV/IRS

- About five years ago assistance was requested in domestic search of "moonshine" stills using CIA infrared scanners. This was turned down.

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# WICHS/ITEASIRY DEPT.

<u>acC</u>

- Technical discussions beloting to detecting illicit nightfine aircusit intrusions over the U.S. Maxico bolder.

- Some of the ABC Laboratories, e.g. Savannah River Laboratory, are supported by CIA to develop radio nuclide sampling and detection techniques and devices. These Laboratorics have used sampling techniques developed for CTA to measure CONUS nuclear plant releases.



OFD CONFACTS WITH DOMESTIC CONFORM AGENCIES

7 May 1973

1. BNDA(Charles Caskin) was given permission to receive proposals from Aerospace, Inc., concerning a Radar People Detector developed for ORD. Time: Fall of 1972. Action was approved by D/ORD.

2.

3. Developed Adhesive Restraint, Non-lethal Incapacitation System. Reports and information was made available to Department of Justice, LEAA in August 1972. If they developed the system, it would be used for civilian crowd and riot control.

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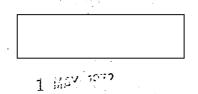
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1971 (1971

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1. On 1 Dovember 1971, Mr. Charles Gaskins of the Bunco of Marnetics Congerous Drug Civision called to request the assistance of ORD/Ar/SAW to improve the intelligibility of several tage recorded conversations. Mr. Gaskins had been exployed by the Agency in the Technical Security Division and had become aware of the speech processing capability in the SAW laboratory through his Agency work. I suggested that he bring the tages to the laboratory to determine the feesibility of anhancing the subject conversations.

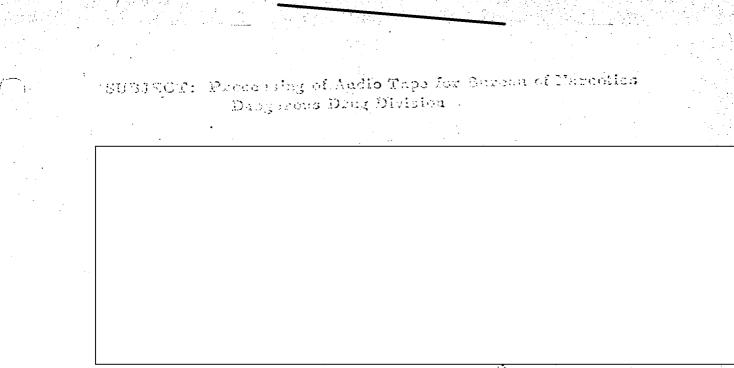
2. On 2 November 1971, Nr. Gaskins appeared at the SAM laboratory with a tape containing a number of conversations recorded through legal wiretapping. The tape was to be used in the prosecution of one of the subject speakers on or about 4 November 1971. A cursory analysis indicated that most of the conversations could be made more intelligible through the processing available in the laboratory. In view of the time writical nature of the request, processing was begun immediatel However, Mr. Gaskins was informed that future processing might need to be handled more formally, i.e., with approval from Signer levels within the Agency. If similar requests would be occuring on a frequent basis I suggested that ENDOD personnel could be trained in the use of the processing system.

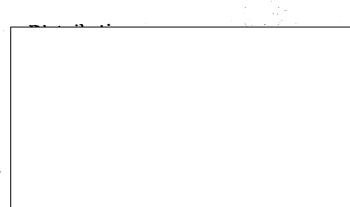


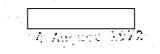
# MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Processing of Audio Tape for Bureau of Narcotics Dangerous Drug Division

1. On 13 April 1972 Mr. Charles Gaskins of the Bureau of Marcotics and Dangerous Drugs requested SAW/Au/ORD essistance to improve the intelligibility of an audio tape that had been acquired by BNDD agents.



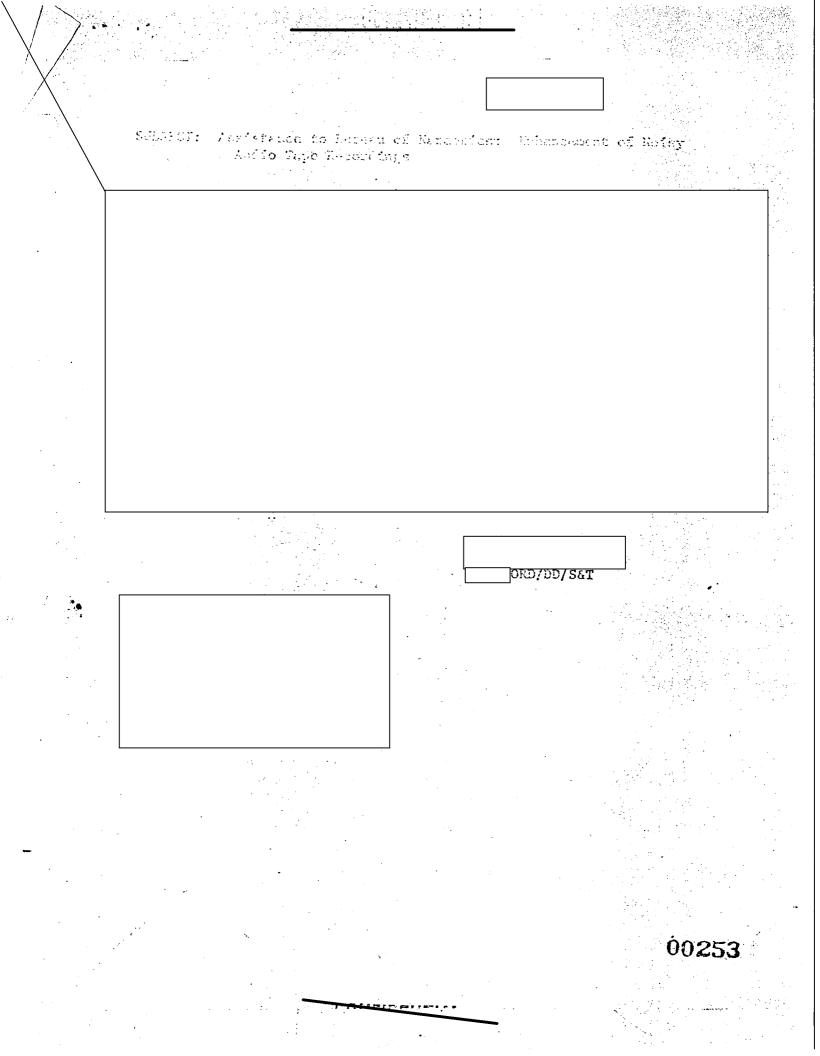




#### MINOR NORM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Assistance to Bureau of Marcetics: Inhancement of Noisy Aufio Tape Recordings

1. On 7 June 1972, Mr. Marc R. Weiss of Federal Scientific Corp. (FSC) requested the cooperation of SAW in the processing of a noicy sudio tape he had received from the Baltimore Regional Office of BNDD. Mr. John Bullard, Regional Director, had contacted Mr. Weiss to sid BNDD in the enhancement of the conversations on the tape recording which were masked by background music. The results of the processing will be used in a grand jury investigation and possible follow-on trial. Mr. Bullard did not indicate how he had become aware of Mr. Weiss's expertise in this area.



WORKING DARER

#### 7 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Science and Technology

SUBJECT:

Telecon this morning concerning any OSA activities which could put the Agency into an embarrassing situation.

1. There are no missions which we have flown during the last four years with which I can associate the result directly to any activity potentially embarrassing to the Agency. There were a number of missions flown that indirectly have the potential for this embarrassment. Bear in mind that once we turn the film over to NPIC or any other agency, we have no control over subsequent distribution.

2. The missions listed on the attachment are in three categories:

a. Category A: These are missions flown in the U.S. that are very similar to the potential that you discussed with me using the example of the Santa Barbara oil disaster.

b. Category B: The detection of illicit poppy grove) is a separate category because of the high sensitivity of this subject.

c. Category C: When we were developing LONG SHAFT, the In effect, we were Although to our

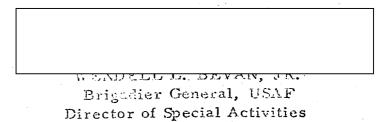
knowledge nothing sensitive was picked up, in the broad sense this activity could be labeled illegal.

3. I have specifically looked to see where our U-2's were operating during the Watergate break-in discovery, Democratic National

TOP SECRET

Convention and Republican National Convention. All the above events occurred in the East and our aircraft on their missions during this time period was in the vestern part of the U.S.

TOP



Attachment - 1 As noted above



# CATEGORY A

Santa Barbara Oil Disaster

TASK

HILLTOP  $(S_{N})$ 

Snow Survey (Wester)

Hurricane Base Line

Earthquake Damage

Minneapolis -Kansas City

00256

ORD/NASA Earth Resources Programs. Spring/Fall 1969

Dept. of Interior. Feb 1969.

BY WHOM/WHEN

Environmental Science Services Administration (ESSA), Dept. of Commerce thru COMIREX. Spring 1969.

Office of Economic Preparedness. Spring 1970.

Self generated, NPIC processed. Feb 1971.

OSI/AEC Division. Jan - Mar 1972.

# POSSIBLE IMPLICATION

Potential for providing basis for criminal law suits. Pressure on oil company to change operation.

Possible use for industrial exploitation. Crop production control & estimates future market.

Industrial exploitation. Water resource allocation.

Political leverage for disaster area funds.

Political leverage. Criminal negligence suits. Reconstruction exploitation.

Environmental applications, urban planning; exploitation.

TOP SECRET

#### TOP SECRET

# TASK

# BY WHOM/WHEN

# POSSIBLE IMPLICATION

# CATEGORY A (continued)

RIVER BOAT  $(\nu_{0}, \dots, \nu_{n}, k)$  NRO - ICRS. April 1973.

West Virginia Dam Site Coverage

NRO - Army Corps of Engineers. Jan/Feb 1973.

# CATEGORY B

(Puerto Rico), Multi Spectral Sensor

# CATEGORY C

LONG SHAFT

00257

BNDD, DDI/CIA, NPIC, ORD. Dept. of Agriculture. Fall 1972.

NSA/CIA COMINT collection.

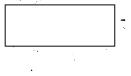
Political leverage. Industrial exploitation, civil damage suits.

Potential for real estate exploitation, water control.

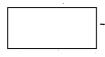
CIA extension of dope tradicking from SEA to CONUS. Better techniques to avoid detection of growth.

TOPSECRET

The Watergate question of this morning, the following colled in:

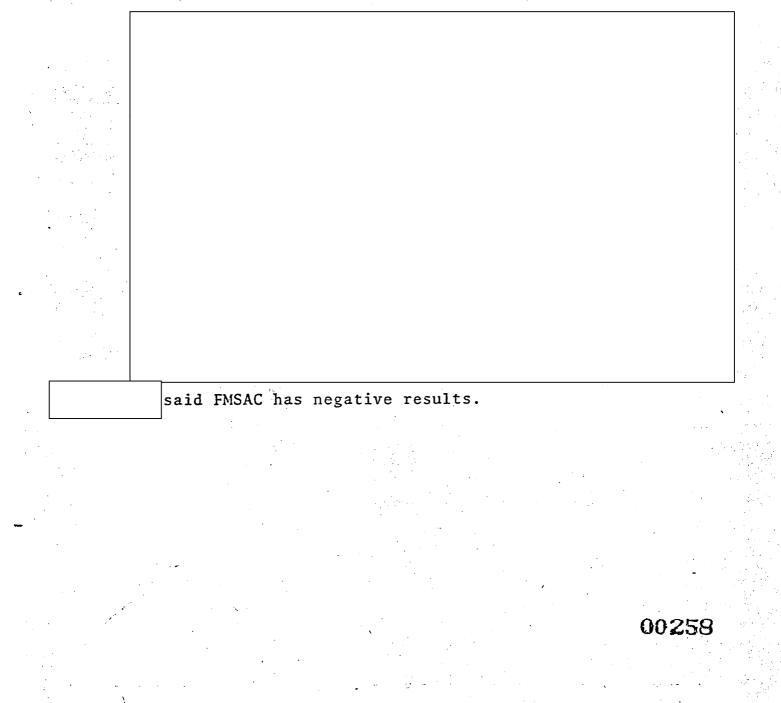


contacted all in office with exception of Cour on TDY-results negative



- contacted all but two who were on leave--negative.

Parangosky -- negative on those he could contact. Following are people he could not reach:



OLC 73-0535

6 June 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Science & Technology

SUBJECT:

Atts.

Correspondence Received by Chairman Hebert, House Armed Services Committee, Concerning

The attached letter from Chairman Hebert, House Armed Services

Committee, together with the enclosure from

is forwarded for your information and such action as you deem

appropriate. I have rechecked the Committee staff and have been advised

that absolutely no response to Hebert's letter is expected.

Assistant Legislative Counsel

NOTE: This memo dtd 6 June 73 (OLC 73-0635) (pgs 259 thru 265) was sent to the IG for his information and was not considered a part of the DDS&T components' submissions to the IG in response to the Director's request on "Questionable Activities" and, therefore, it is believed that these documents should not be included in the Halperin request.

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES ULESIJINGTON, D.C. 20515 NINSTY-THIRD CONGRESS FREDWARD HEBERT, CHARMAN

May 29, 1973

U.S. Pouse of Representatives

LOUT CARSHILLS HOA WILLON, CALL CHANLES S. GURSTA, CIL TATA A STATE WILLIAM L. DEDICICN, AL . ........... G. WILLIAM WINTLIPHITT. C. W. (BAL) -FORMAL FL FLOYD O. SPENCE, S.C. WALTER E. POWE \_\_ C> TAT PRICE TOL DAYLO C. TATAN WILLIAM L. ARMSTROPIO GOARGE M. GIBHINEL PORINEL BEARD, TENN. DOMALD & METCHERLE H.Y. MARIONE S. Lon OBIAT W. DA

FRANK M. SLATINGHOC CHIP CONSIL

00260

The Honorable	James R. Schlesinger	•
Director		
Central Intel	ligence Agency	
Washington, D		
and the second second		1
Dear hr Schl	esinger:	-

Attached is correspondence from

which is forwarded for information and whatever action

might be appropriate.

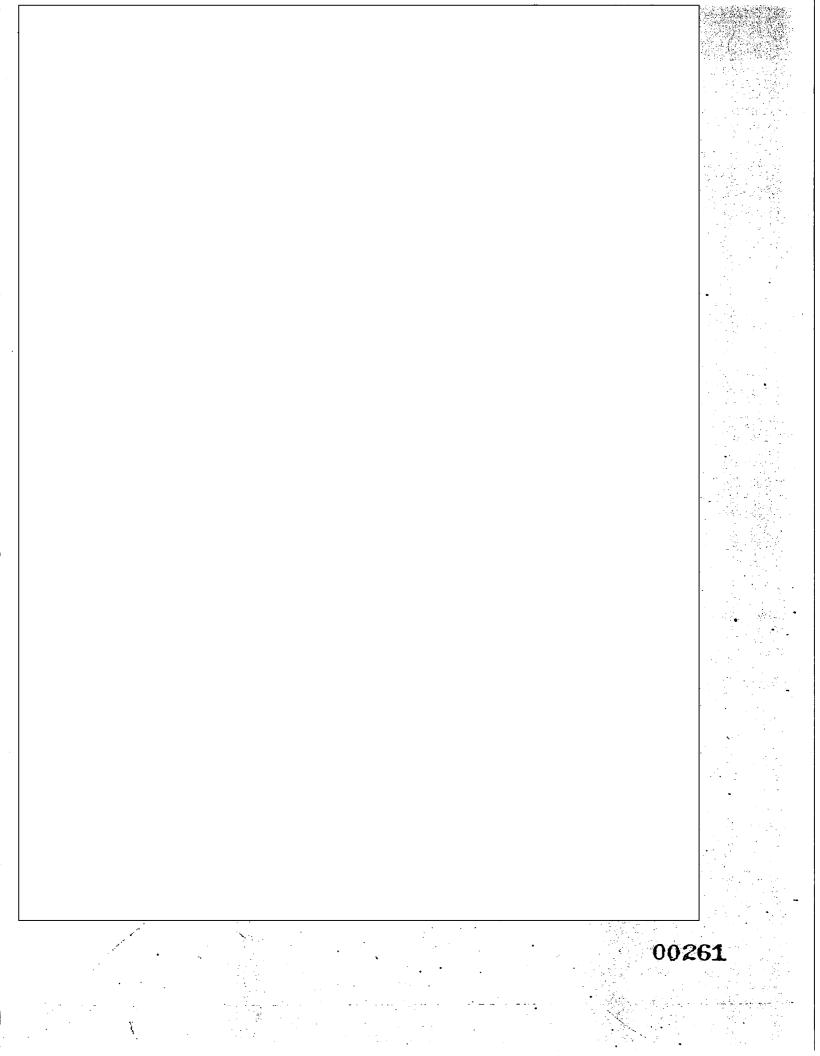
With best regards.

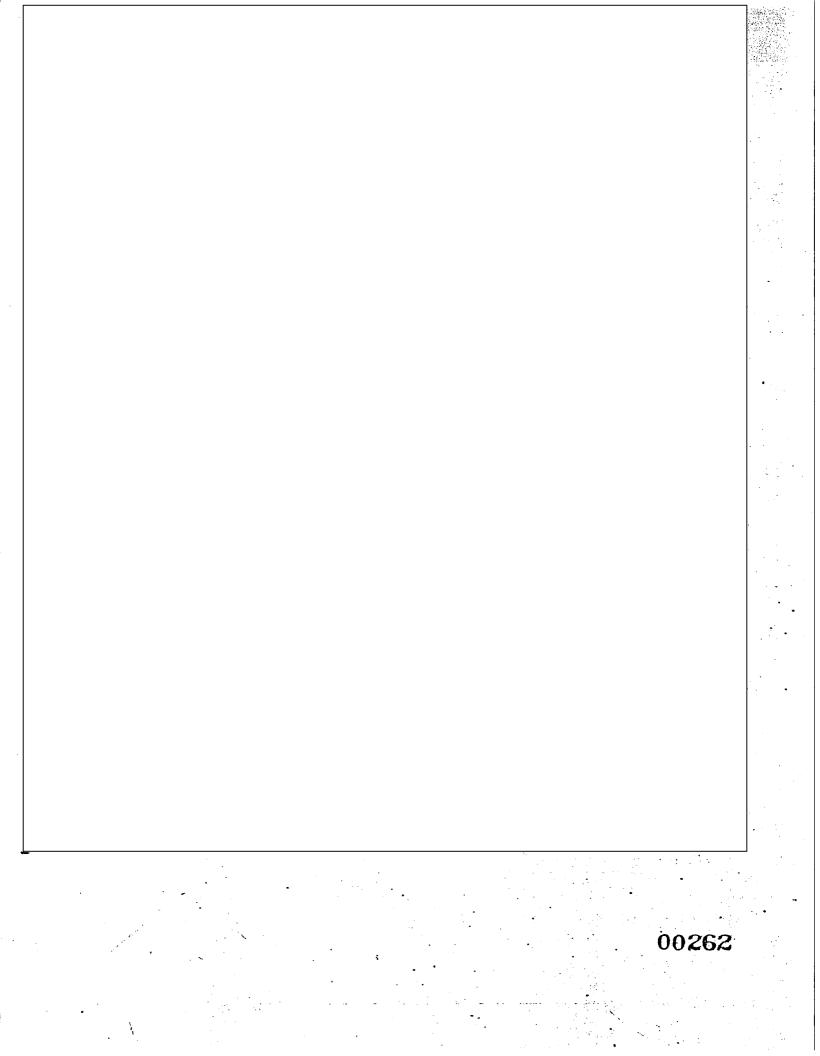
Sincerely, Joest.

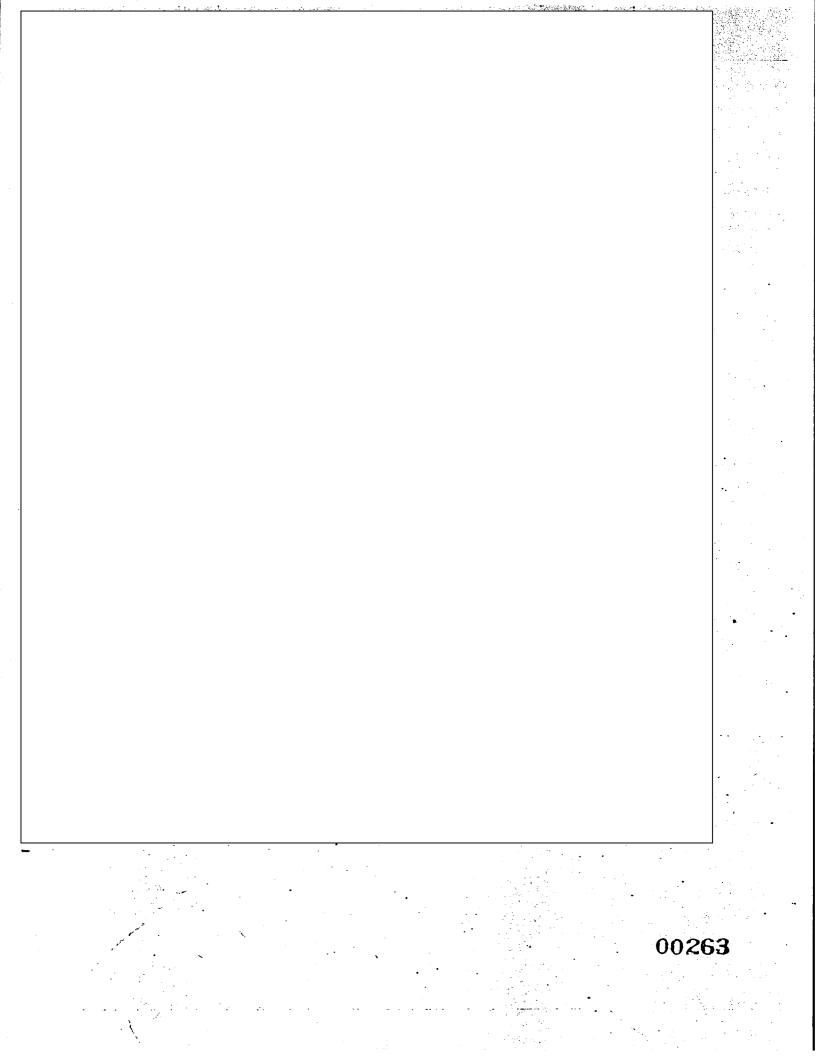
F. Edw. Hebert Chairman

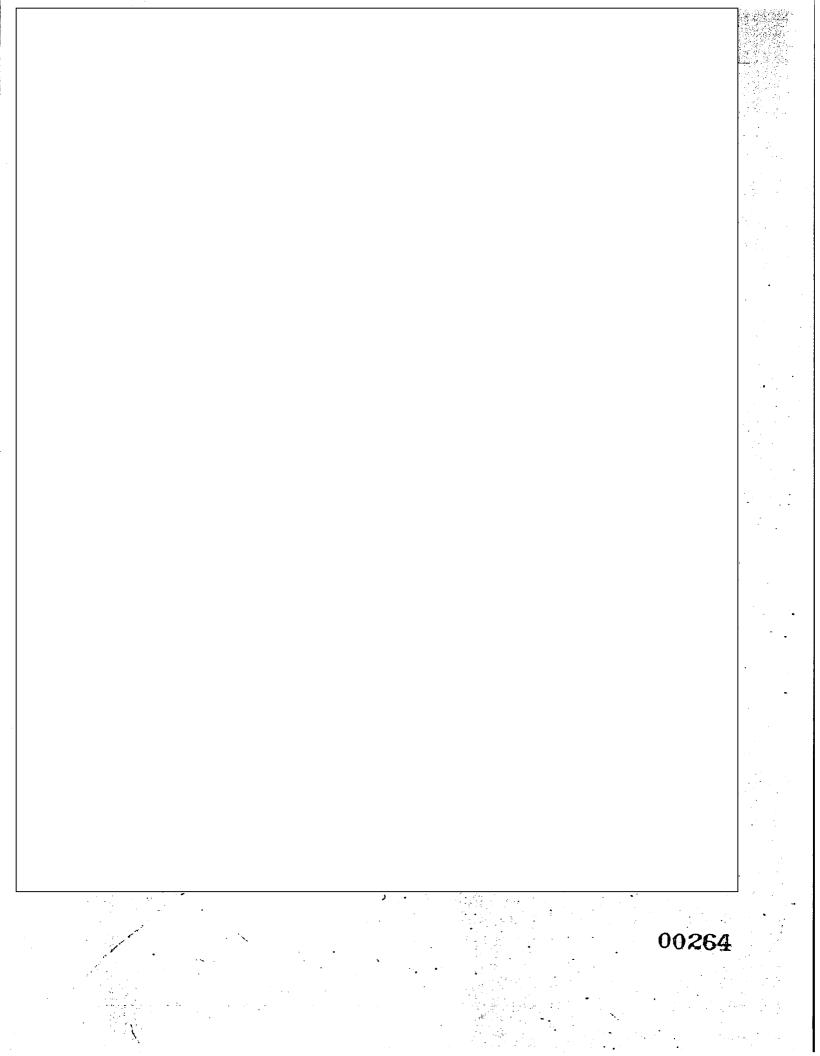
FEH:whb

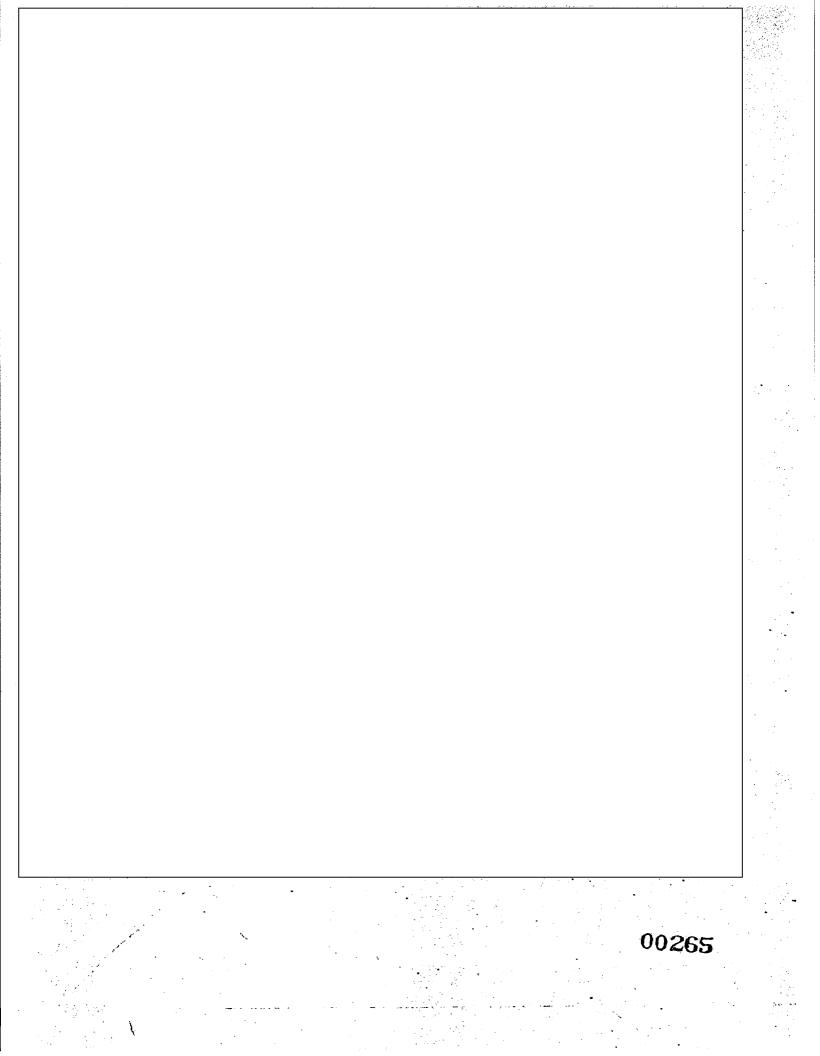
Attachment











OEL-010-73

1155-24

00266

# MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Science and Technology

SUBJECT:

Policy Regarding Assistance to Agencies Outside the Intelligence Community on Speech Processing Problems

1. Recent public concern over Agency affiliations with law enforcement activities has made me wary of offering speech processing assistance to various other government agencies. My concern here is restricted to government activities outside the intelligence community. Because of a scientific community awareness of the expertise of members of OEL in speech processing problems, we are often asked by individuals in government for help on various speech problems. The requests are usually informal on a person-to-person basis. While most of these contacts involve only an exchange of unclassified information, several have involved the use of laboratory resources.

2. Contacts have come from the FBI, Attorney General's office, Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs (BNDD), Post Office, and the Treasury Department. Of the above, assistance to BNDD had been specifically sanctioned by Mr. Helms. In one recent instance where a noisy tape was to be used in a court case, care was taken to insure that the processing of the tape was done entirely by a BNDD employee even though it was done in an Agency laboratory using the Agency's Coherent Spectrum Shaper equipment.

OEL-010-73 Page 2

Director of ELINT

00267

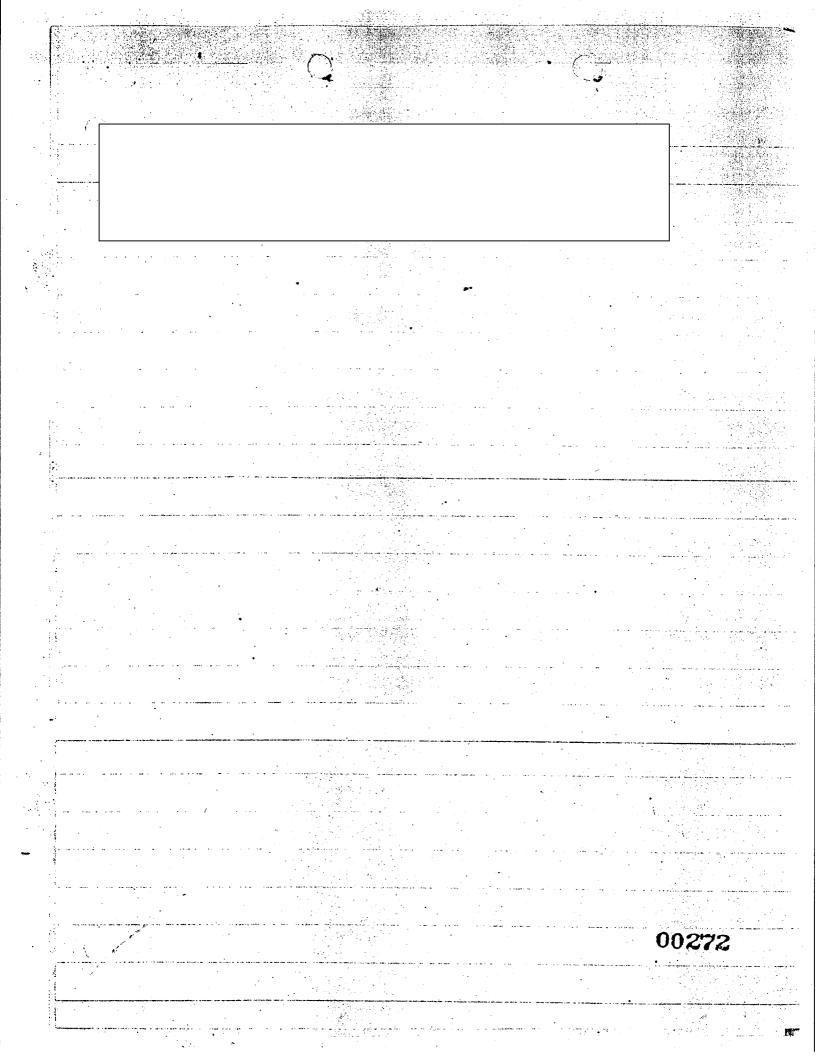
3. Providing services of this kind to other agencies has not as yet imposed a significant worklead on us and there is a benefit to us in that such contact enables the staff to test techniques and equipment on a variety of speech problems. Informal interactions at the technical level are fruitful in terms of helping us to accomplish Agency goals. Hence we would be willing to continue to support other departments on an ad hoc basis, but would appreciate your guidance re the wisdom of OEL's involvement in "domestic" activities.

1 Olby 13 05 Whitle if meed people News acct on bunglary at Chritenn Emb., Any net to Went? 5-cud capy to 00268

- Against whom do these agents work, on what do they report, and to whom? Get copies of the reports on "Restless Youth" and black radicalism. How is the cryogenic magnetometer used, on whom, and for what purpose? 2 Get copies of the reports on IOS. Why does DCS collect information on What is done with it? 8 Why is DCS getting for whom, and for what purpose? Get a rundown on G Give me a couple of paragraphs on Tofte. + 3 Include the submission of FR Division. L Get the full story on providing alias documentation to the Secret 10 Service. Why did we pay the costs of the responses to letters received about the President's speech on Cambodia? Supplying beacons to Ambassadors seems like a good idea. How many MMMMMM are there in use and where? Why is Logistics procuring police-type equipment for local police forces? N What is a telephone analyzer? SY Why is it necessary M to continue 4 More on Vesco. How did it get started? What was done? Why was it stopped? Z What were the multiple channels to CIA on the IOS matter?

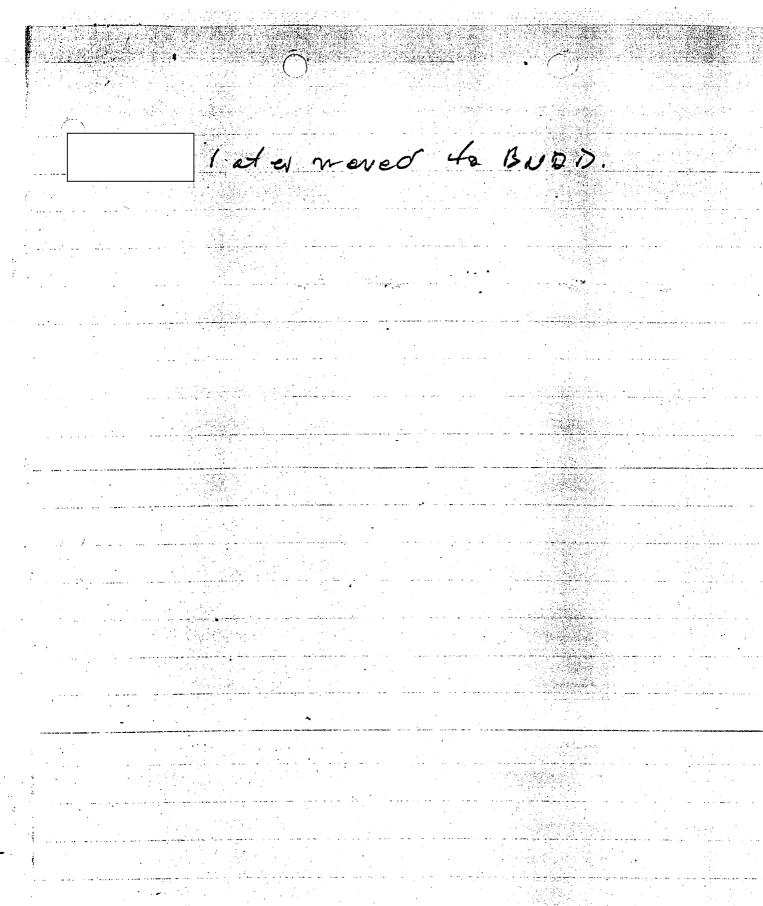
BD -1972 - 8 sets NS alios Doas to Secret Jarvico. (05) BEACONS to Ambassadors. 105-OS-what is a telephone analyzer DDI. Why continue OS TE Visco. How started ? Why Stopped. what were multiple channels re 105. USE CI Submission Fili Coleman. 00270

Follow-ups\_ ZFEROX CI ne 105. Attach the six reports VEROX FRD in its entirety. 00271



Ten Yale-Will rend copies re dous en pestade for Cambadia speech letters. 00273

TUSUED None ario cesers still have. All Not Junfaced to locals event in \_\_\_\_\_necent highest levet. HAVIN Ded was of CIA notes when well consurtant 1277 Dummer. CIA in to coch with 00274



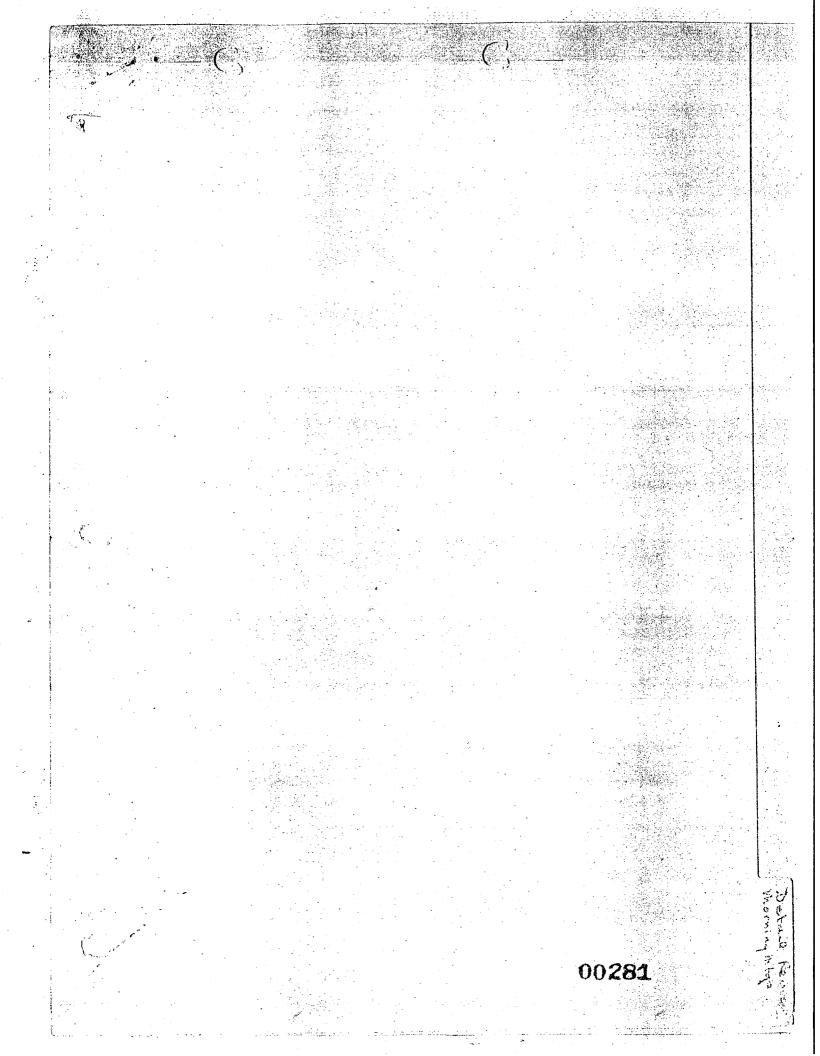
Osborn April 71 - Wanted to cese in convention. Wouted I mare No Joup who letter. 00276

8 Jobs of US alias doos to 5/5 Called How and Osbanni Out. 1315 13 Apr 72 mana foron 12/55, Need for alias pretent litted. & sets as soon as pass will be String sty centrelled. 12 July 72 T3D pessed dack to Non backstapped. 14. Sets. Pagsed 14 July 72. by CSCI mene. mest be Noturned No tell beaver CrA Flosh only. Dhis not to ment. or og noter vehicle. - 5/5 has underdover agents, Partician of Promiticia both Nat - Conto 00277

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Barice Clarke -Bill Christeson, SAUA, in BIdo'. Clarke called Bill. He knew subject + would take arre 00279

Anuega. it including It el mp. All overscar. 2 COJ in part but not now. Chocked self montally. All whong with livison to air support. Jeres Fight, with confirm. morthalland .... Nes nepot to DCI ne Vesco. Will -> copy. Walsh -Will come up w. Ky some thing on Voc 0' Neill --- 1577 Houston: content of meno in Colky's Jorder and the second 00286



The Director advised the DD/I that White House staffer Houston and Presidential Counsellor Pat Moynihan thought well of the memorandum on "Black Radicalism in the Caribbean."

30 May 73

# 10 July 1970

Maury briefed on his meeting yesterday with Congressman Richard Ichord, Chairman of the House Internal Security Committee, who had asked what we are doing to investigate "security leaks" connected with press accounts of Lon Nol's having sold rice to the Communists and having engaged in an attempted deal with Hanoi. Maury briefed on his explanation of why we are doing nothing, since such reports are not exclusively confined to our information.

#### 1 September 1970

Maury noted that the Director sent a letter to Congressman Moss on telephone monitoring practices.

#### 3 September 1970

The Director noted a 1 September memorandum from John Bross on Daniel Elsperg (sic). He asked the DDS to lift his clearances and to make this fact known in security channels.

#### 15 October 1970

DDS reported that the Weathermen have declared this month for their fall offensive and have mentioned the Agency as a target for bombings and kidnapping. He briefed on precautionary measures adopted and asked senior officers to vary their route to and from work, and to report any peculiar telephone calls or unusual events around their residence.

#### 28 October 1970

DDP reported that the FBI desires to check for fingerprints on all cryptogram messages mailed to high Government officials. The messages will then be passed to NSA for exploitation. DDP requested that Agency personnel who receive such messages pass them to him for transmittal to the FBI.

> Copy given to Bon Evens 5730/13

#### 10 December 1970

DDI noted press accounts of FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover's 19 November statement that the Black Panthers are supported by terrorist organizations. He said that we have examined the FBI's related files and our own data **a**nd find no indication of any relationship between the fedayeen and the Black Panthers. He provided the Director with a memorandum on this topic.

#### 23 December 1970

Executive Director called attention to the President's 21 December memorandum on "Disclosares of Classified Information and Coordination and Clearnce of Official Statements," which is believed to be the result of representations by the Director and Admiral Anderson. Executive Director said that he will meet with selected Executive Committee Members next week to discuss the memorandum's implications and to develop recommendations for action by the Director in view of the special responsibilities placed on him by the President.

#### 29 December 1970

Executive Director reminded Executive Committee participants about the meeting involving most of them this morning on the President's directive on disclosure of classified information.

#### 30 December 1970

Executive Director briefed on the results of yesterday's meeting on what the Director now needs to do in pursuance of the Presidenc's directive on disclosure of classified information. He will outline in the Director's briefing book actions which are to be taken.

#### 14 January 1971

Bross said that he and Bronson Tweedy will have lunch today with General Bennett, Director of DIA. The Director said that he might ask Bross to take along a copy of his letter and guidance on the Disclosures of Classified Information and Coordination and Clearance of Official Statements but that he first wishes to clarify with the Executive Director some of the language in the guidance section.

#### 18 January 1971

Maury said that he anticipates a number of questions from the Hill on the attached article by Jack Anderson in today's <u>Washington</u> Post, "6 Attempts to Kill Castro Laid to CIA."

Houston related that he will have lunch today with Assistant Attorney General Robert C. Mardian to discuss the Director's guidelines on the disclosure of classified information.

Bross related that Parrott met with General Bennett to review the Director's letter on disclosure of classified information and said that General Bennett will now discuss it with Deputy Secretary Packard, who may in turn review it with Secretary Laird. The Director asked to be advised of Secretary Packard's reactions and said that he wants to check the final guidance with Secretary Laird and with someone in the White House before it is issued.

#### 23 February 1971

DD/P called attention to Jack Anderson's column in today's Washington Post, "Castro Stalker Worked For The CIA."

"Carver noted that Secretary Laird had requested that our printing plant assist in reproducing the forty-seven-volume secret Pentagon study on Vietnam for distribution to the press and others this morning. This request was aborted by the President." (DDCI in the chair)

# 2 July 1971

"DD/S said that in the absence of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_attended a meeting at the White House yesterday of the interagency group which is reviewing classification and declassification policy. The President spent an hour with the group and said that he wants: ... and (6) the revocation of all clearances and the return of all classified material held at Harvard, Brookings, Rand, and Cal Tech, as well as the withdrawal of Q clearances held by the Regents of the University of California. A brief discussion followed, and the Executive Director noted that DOD has asked us to provide information on all our contracts with Rand, as well as all clearances held by Rand personnel for our purposes. Acting Director asked that we assemble data pertaining to the President's remarks but that we take no action until the President's guidance has been confirmed and the DD/S has provided a memorandum on it." (DDCI in the chair)

"Carver reported that they will probably complete their detailed review of the secret Pentagon papers by 6 July."

"Warner called attention to Secretary Rogers' request that the press permit the Government to review in advance potentially damaging documents from the Pentagon papers."



#### <u>6 July 1971</u>

"Carver said that their review of the secret Pentagon study on Vietnam has almost been completed."

"Carver said that he will be attending a meeting today called by Assistant Secretary of Defense for Public Affairs Daniel Henkin. He added that he assumes it will concern the declassification of some of the secret Pentagon papers and that, if it does, he will seek the Director's advice." (DDCI in chai

"At the Executive Director's request, the DD/S agreed to get together with the DD/S&T and General Counsel to prepare a briefing paper for the Director on where we stand with respect to classified materials at Rand and efforts to safeguard them."

"Maury reported that Congressman Mahon would like to meet with the Director on 9 July to discuss the Pentagon papers and various world hot spots Carver said that he will prepare a briefing paper for the Director on the Pentagon study."

"Carver briefly noted \_\_\_\_\_\_ :oncern over the revelations in the Lansdale memorandum, which was surfaced as part of the Pentagon papers."

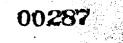
#### 8 July 1971

"DD/S reported that a DOD security team is going to Santa Monica to repossess classified Defense materials held at Rand. He suggested that,

rather than take parallel action, we send a Security Officer to observe the operation and inventory Agency materials in the possession of Rand. In response to the Director's question he explained that we have seven contracts with Rand; only one is classified, and it is with Rand's Washington office, although some material could have been sent to Santa Monica. The Director concurred and requested a review to determine the essentiality of current proposed contracts with Rand. Houston commented that according to DOD General Counsel Buzhardt, DOD is technically under instructions to lift the security clearances of Rand contractors but has taken no action. <u>DDCI reported that John Ehrlichman had telephoned to</u> advise us that the White House is appointing former CIA employee Howard Hunt as a security consultant. Later in the meeting the Director asked all Executive Committee members to review their lists of consultants to determine whether each is really needed."

"Carver briefed on his meeting yesterday with Assistant Secretary of Defense for Public Affairs Daniel Henkin and noted that any further excisions from the text of the secret Pentagon papers must be provided by Monday. He added that no decision has yet been made on whether to release to the public the volumes or a version thereof. The Director noted that we should oppose any such course of action."

Carver said that was most appreciative of the time which Houston spent with him yesterday.



"In response to the Director's question Carver reported that none of contained in the secret Pentagon papers has yet appeared in the New York Times. He added, however, that the Soviet Embassy has a complete copy of the forty-seven volumes

# <u>16 July 1971</u>

"Carver reported that the book which General Lansdale has been writing for a year and a half is now in the hands of the publisher, with some minor changes being made in light of revelations resulting from the publication of the secret Pentagon papers. In response to the DD/P's question Carver said that he might be able to arrange for us to read the text." (DDCI in the chair)

"Tweedy noted that at White House request a PFIAB committee composed of Franklin Lincoln, Dr. William Baker, and Frank Pace will undertake a damage assessment of the publication of the secret Pentagon papers. He added that the committee will want to hear from us and spoke of plans for Houston and Carver to undertake this task."

#### 20 July 1971

"Tweedy reported on a telephone call from Andy Marshall and said that Marshall and Rand President Henry Rowen are brooding about the security problem in Rand. Marshall expressed a desire to talk with one of our senior security officers when he next visits Washington in order to get a feel for security practices in general. Executive Director advised against our getting out front in terms of advising a major DOD contractor on security. The Director approved and requested that re respond to Mr. Marshall's request in low key and that the meeting be held in this building."

22 July 1971 (the day Howard Hunt came to see General Cushman)

"Carver highlighted his session yesterday with NSC staffer David Young, who is assisting John Ehrlichman in reviewing the secret Pentagon papers."



# 23 July 1971

"Carver highlighted his, Houston's, and session with the PFIAB committee which is undertaking a damage assessment of the publication of the secret Pentagon papers. (See Morning Meeting Minutes of 16 July 1971.)

# 6 August 1971

The Director called attention to the article by Michael Getler in today's Washington Post, "CIA Patrols Into China Said Halted," and directed (1) that Maury write a letter for his signature to Senator Stennis making it clear that Senator Case was briefed on this topic and obviously leaked it; (2) that Maury brief Carl March on the background, including the fact that these operations were not terminated because of the President's projected trip to Communist China but because certain aspects of them were previously exposed in the press; (3) that the Director of Security (who was present at the Morning Meeting) get additional background from Maury and see White House staffer David Young; (4) that Goodwin reply to queries by saying that we know nothing about this matter; (5) that Houston and Maury utilize this incident in any material prepared for his use in opposing the Cooper bill; and (6) that the DDCI brief Dr. Kissinger or General Haig on this matter today.

# \*\* 13 August 1971

Knoche called attention to the article by Tad Szulc in today's New York Times, "Soviet Move to Avert War Is Seen in Pact with India," and said that the material contained therein on the reason for Foreign Minister Gromyko's visit to New Delhi is clearly from highly classified CS material. The A-DDP noted his concern over this breach of security.

# 16 August 1971

A-DDP noted that the article by Tad Szulc in Sunday's <u>New York Times</u>, "Attempted Pro-Soviet Coup in Yemen is Reported," contains information from a TDCS. The Director asked that he call this to the attention of White House staffer David Young.

# 18 August 1971

A-DDP noted that he has reported to White House staffer David Young on the results of the Deputy Director of Security's survey of those who saw the classified assessment upon which Tad Szulc based his 13 August article (see Morning Meeting Minutes of 13 August 1971). \*\*

# 19 August 1971

"Maury briefed on White House staffer John Lehman's request for our assistance in determining what four volumes of the secret Pentagon papers Senator Gravel reportedly provided to Beacon Press for publication. He noted that Paul Chretien of OTR is an acquaintance of the Senator and may be able to assist. Carver said that the four volumes probably pertain to efforts to negotiate a settlement and outlined the sensitive material contained therein. Houston recommended against our involvement in this matter and suggested that the Department of Justice query Beacon Press. Maury said that the Director instructed that we do nothing until Maury consults with Clark MacGregor, Counsel to the President for Legislative and Congressional Affairs, who is out of town and will not return until the first of next week. In the meantime, Maury noted that he will determine from John Lehman whether they have considered consulting the Department of Justice on this matter."

# 20 August 1971

"Maury said that he called White House staffer John Lehman yesterday and cited the Code which would permit the Justice Department to go after the four volumes of the secret Pentagon papers reportedly given to Beacon Press. Lehman's reaction was that, since there is an existing policy preventing the use of subpoenas on this matter, he still hopes we will assist in determining what Senator Gravel may have given Beacon Press. The DDCI asked Maury not to utilize Paul Chretien's entree to the Senator without prior consultation with the Director, and Carver commented that he is opposed to our involvement (see Morning Meeting Minutes of 19 August 1971." (DDCI in the chair)

# 23 August 1971

"The Director reviewed for Houston a conversation he had with a young lawyer who has reviewed the secret Pentagon papers in response to the Justice Department's efforts to prosecute. According to this attorney, Justice did not cite the appropriate provisions of the Code and has presented its case poorly."

#### 10 November 1971

Lehman said that this is "leak day" in the Washington Post and called attention to the following articles: "Mao's Heir, Lin, Apparently Out in Power Shuffle" by Stanley Karnow, "North Vietnam's Next Move" by Evans/Novak, and "lin Piao is 'Finished'" by Joseph Alsop (attached). He noted that, while the article by Stanley Karnow provides good coverage of the topic, it has a State Department flavor. He also recalled that on 25 October we disseminated information similar to that contained in the Evans/Novak article. He mentioned that the Alsop article is probably the most damaging, since it includes material

The Director noted plans to do something about this problem but advised the A-DDP to cope with any adverse reaction by noting the large volume of reports on the political situation in Communist China.

# 11 November 1971

In response to the Director's question Carver said that some work requested by John Ehrlichman is pending. The Director asked to be filled in later on the details.

#### 20 December 1971

Lehman said that Jack Anderson's column in today's Washington Post, "Hussein: 'Help or I'll Go on a Ghazou'," contains verbatim language from an ExDis message from King Hussein to the President and added that he is looking into the distribution of this message.

#### 28 December 1971

A-DDI called attention to Jack Anderson's columns in yesterday's and today's Washington Post (attached). He noted that the 27 December piece contained material from three SALT ExDis memcons and added that today's column contains quotes from a State LimDis cable and two TDCSs. A brief discussion followed, the DDP observing that, if these security breaches continue, we will have to limit severely the distribution of sensitive intelligence information.



Maury said that according to Frank Slatinshek, Chairman Nedzi will rely on us rather heavily for support during his hearings on the problem of classification and handling of Government information (see Morning Meeting Minutes of 6 January 1972). The Director encouraged Maury to see Chairman Nedzi next week, and Houston suggested that the Chairman be provided with the Rehnquist study.

DDP briefed on work under way to limit distribution of reports and noted that C/FI is completing a review of steps which might be taken to restrict dissemination of sensitive reports from all sources.

# 11 January 1972

Maury related that Frank Slatinshek is pressing for background materials pertaining to past efforts or studies related to the classification and control of information. He added that he and Houston will meet with the Director later today to discuss the availability of the Rehnquist study.

# 12 January 1972

Maury A Briefed on his and Houston's session with Frank Slatinshek and their provision of a large volume of material on past efforts to develop effective espionage M laws.

Houston noted the President's nomination of Henry E. Petersen to become Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Ciminal Division of the Justice Department. He observed that Mr. Petersen has been most helpful to the  $A_g$ ency in the past, particularly on the Itkin case.

#### 13 January 1972

Maury noted that the draft revision of Executive Order 10501, "Security Classification Procedures," which is being circulated by the NSD staff for comment, is a follow on to the Rehnquist study.

#### 18 January 1972

DDI called attention to the article in today's New York Times, "Nixon Acts to End Security Leaks." (Excerpt: "Last July, two members of the White House staff, David R. Young of the National Security Council and Egil Krogh Jr. of the Domestic Council, were asked to investigate earlier leaks and prevent recurrences.")

# 3 February 1972

A/DDS reported the House Appropriations Committee request for a finance officer to assist them in work on the budget. He added that we have provided such assistance in the past, and the Director interposed no objection.

#### 7 February 1972

Houston explained that no action will be taken in the near future with respect to the Hans Tofte case, since the judge has been stricken with hepatitis.

## o February 1972

DDI noted the article by Michael Getler in Today's Washington Post, "New Spy Satellites MAM Planned for Clearer, Instant Pictures." Later in the meeting the Director asked the DDS to advise the Director of Security to undertake an investigation of this leak of EOI-related information and to convene the USIB Security Committee.

# 11 February 1972

Carver noted his handling of White House staffer Sven Kraemer's request to FBIS for material concerning U.S. POW's. The Director reminded Executive Committee members of Dr. Kissinger's request that any inquiries from elements of the White House staff be referred to his staff for conveyance to the Agency.

Houston highlighted the meeting with John Ehrlichman on the NSC draft Executive Order on security classification. He noted the related article by Sanford Ungar in today's Washington Post, "NSC Urges Stiffer Law On Secrets."

#### 16 February 1972

Lehman noted plans to continue briefing Attorney General Mitchell, whose resignation is effective 1 March.

Houston related that White House staffer David Young has invited him to review another NAMXMANNAM draft of the new Executive Order on security classification.

# 28 February 1972

Houston said that he and Deputy Director of Security, recommend the Director concur in the N new Executive Order on classification, in light of their undertanding with NSC staffer David Young, that some of the features of the Executive Order may not materialize. A brief discussion followed and the Director asked Houston to review the matter with him.

#### **BXMAMXMKMXBX**M

# 2 March 1972

Houston reported that the draft Executive Order on classification has undergone a few minor changes. He noted Director's letter to John Ehrlichman, dated 7 December 1971, with respect to our position on problems related to declassification and suggested that a copy be provided David Young, NSC staffer. After a brief discussion, the Director interposed no objection.

#### 6 March 1972

The Director noted his memorandum to the Deputies and Independent Office Heads, subject: "Allegations of Assassinations." He asked that it be mentioned at Staff Meetings.

#### 21 March 1972

The Director said that the President has seen his 17 February memorandum on reducing disclosures of classified intelligence and directed the White House staff to prepare a memorandum urging that all agencies comply with proper disclosure procedures.

#### 22 March 1972

Houston reported that he is scheduled to meet with John Ehrlichman this morning.

# 23 March 1972

Maury reported that, after checking with Egil Krogh of the White House staff, he has made arrangements to brief Congressman Leser Wolff of New York on the Agency's role in international narcotics control.

# 1 May 1972

DDS related that the Director of Security has received a request from the Secret Service to provide two technicians in support of the Vice President's trip to Tokyo. The Director concurred.

#### 2 May 1972

DDS reported that the Director of Security has received a request from the Secret Service for counteraudio technicians to support the President's trip to Moscow. The Director concurred.

# 11 May 1972

Houston noted his correspondence with White House staffer David Young pertaining to our problems with Executive Order 11652 and added that Mr. Young has accepted our position on about 90 percent of our problems with the implementing draft directive.

#### 24 May 1972

Houston explained that he had obtained White House Staffer David Young's understanding that we will not meet the 1 June deadline for producing internal Agency regulations implementing the NSC directove on Executive Order 11652. A brief discussion followed on the cumbersome bookkeeping and declassification authorities which may be required. The Director observed that the topic was sufficiently important for us to be in no great rush to meet a 1 June deadline and Houston assured him that Mr. Young understands.

# 6 June 1972

Thuermer explained that he will continue working with the General Counsel in response to Charles Nesson's efforts to serve a subpoena on him in connection with the Ellsberg case. He noted the related article by Robert A. Wright in today's New York Times, "Hearing Is Asked In Ellsberg Case."

# 7 June 1972

Houston noted a letter from the Justice Department conveying a subpoena directed to Angus Thuermer in connection with the Ellsberg case. He highlighted the schedule of documents requested, most of which were mentioned in footnotes to the Pentagon papers. He noted plans to ask Justice to declare the material irrelevant to the case.

#### **ö** June 1972

Houston said that he will be attending a meeting called by DOD General Counsel Buzhardt, who is recommending that Justice drop the case against Daniel Ellsberg.

# 19 June 1972

The Director noted the 17 June arrest of James W. McCord and four others who were apprehended at the Democratic National Committee headquarters at the Watergate. With the Director of Security present to provide biographic details, the Director made it perfectly clear that responses to any inquiry with respect to McCord or Howard Hunt, who may be implicated, are to be limited to a statement that they are former employees who retired in MAMS August and April 1970 respectively. The Director asked that this guidance be disseminated via staff meetings. The Director asked that any inquiry from other elements of the government be referred to the Director of Security who is to be the focal point. Inquiries from the press are to be referred to Mr. Unumb who may say that McCord worked in the Office of Security. The Director noted that we have no responsibility with respect to an investigation except to be responsive to the MM FBI's request for name traces. It was noted that Howard Hunt may have done some work since retirement in connection with the preparation of supporting material for some awards. The Executive Director was asked to review this topic and report to the Director.

# 20 June 1972

In response to the Director's request, the Director of Security highlighted developments over the past twenty-four hours with respect to the McCord/Hunt, et al., situation. He noted that the late edition of the New York Times carries a different story by Tad Szulc than that which appeared in the edition received here (attached). The Director of Security anticipates some inquiries on Bernard L. Barker's situation, and it was noted that Mr. Barker was hired by the Agency in 1960 and terminated in 1966. The Director c omplimented Unumb on his handling of inquiries and asked that future inquiries be met with a response confined to the fact that, now that we have acknowledged that both McCord and Hunt are former Agency employees, we know nothing more about the case and the caller should be referred to the FBI as appropriate.

# 20 June 1972

DDS noted that in response to State's request its chauffeurs who drive the Secretary of State and other senior State officers will be given a one-day defensive driving orientation at

# MM

# 20 June 1972

The Director noted receipt of a paper on a safehouse in Miami which is being made available to the Secret Service in support of its work in connection with the Republican and Democratic National Conventions. He asked the ADDP and the DDS to make it absolutely clear that our cooperation in this undertaking is to be confined to provision of the safehouse and that it is not to be used as a site for investigations, interrogations, or "walk-ins", etc. The Director added that we will not loan people to the FBI or Secret Service in connection with their responsibilities at the Conventions nor will we provide equipment unique to the Agency.

# 21 June 1972

In view of the coverage in today's New York Times and Washington Post, Maury recommended that Chairman Nedzi be briefed on the McCord affair and that this briefing include all our information about the of thers involved. The Director asked Maury to touch base with the Director of Security and prepare a briefing paper on this topic for his review. Citing the number of distorted rumors about this matter, the Executive Director said that during the course of the day he hopes to provide a suggested Headquarters Bulletin for all employees for the Director's review.

Unumb noted a number of inquiries from the press with respect to the Cuban-Americans involved in the bugging attempt at the Democratic National Committee headquarters and their alleged involvement in the Bay of Pigs, etc. The Director asked that such inquiries be met with an explanation that we are not prepared to be helpful on this matter.

# 22 June 1972

Unumb observed that inquiries on the McCord/Hung situation seem to be slackening off.

# 23 June 1972

The Director called D/OCI's attention to coverage of the McCord affair in the Metro Section of today's Washington Post and asked that future issues of the "CIA Operations Center Morning Newspaper Highlights" include press items on this topic.

Maury noted that he briefed Chairman Nedzi on the McCord/ Hunt situation and on a security case.

# 26 June 1972

Houston noted the Fensterwald Freedoms of Information case. The Director endorsed his plans to concur in the FBI's release of three photos, one being of Lee Harvey Oswald, which were acquired in Mexico and previously furnished to the Warren Commission.

# 5 July 1972

Houston called attention to the judge's ruling in the Ellsberg/ Russo case denying the NMMMMM defense motion for an evidentiary hearing, as a result of which the subpoena directed at CIA is suspended.

# 11 July 1972

DDI noted press attention attached to Secretary of Commerce Peterson's planned trip to the Soviet Union and observed that

It was also noted that Peterson's office when ne was Assistant to the President for International Economic Affairs, continues to work for him and may go to the Soviet Union. She will be in a LWOP status during the remainder of her tenure with the Secretary.

#### 14 July 1972

Carver recalled that we have provided some briefings to Senator Eagleton on Vietnam. The Director said that in time we will receive instructions from the White House on briefing Senators McGovern and Eagleton.

# 20 July 1972

Houston reported that the Justice Department is anxious that no comment be made on the Ellsberg/Russo trial and that any inquiries should be referred to the Justice Department's Public Relations Office.

# 24 July 1972

Houston noted that he had called David Young's attention to the fact that the White House (NSC Staff) is not utilizing the new classification procedures.

# 25 July 1972

Maury reported that according to White House Staffer John Lehman, David Young is of the opinion that Estimates are subject to declassification after ten years. Houston will see Mr. Young to straighten him out on this topic.

# 26 July 1972

The Director . . . went on to ask the DDS for the background of a decision to have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Office of Security accompany Fred Flott on a White House survey of the drug scene in Southeast Asia. The Director said that in the future his or the DDCI's prior approval will be required in all cases where the Agency is asked by the White House or any other element of the Government to send an Agency officer on a narcotics-connected mission.

# 27 July 1972

DDP reported that Cord Meyer advised Bud Krogh of the White House staff of our unwillingness to have accompany a new narcotics survey team to Southeast Asia and the possibility that Krogh may call the Director to reclama. The Director briefed on the background of this decision and noted his conversation with Al Haig on this topic.

# 1 August 1972

DDS related that Mr. of the CI Staff received a call from the Secret Service requesting our training film on defensive driving. The Director interposed no objection to making this film available.

# 8 August 1972

Houston reported that Judge McArdle granted a motion for summary judgment in the Tofte case.

# 21 August 1972

Houston noted a telephone call from Howard Hunt who explained that his attorney was with him and had a question about a friend's past affiliation with the Agency. DD/Sec, has reviewed the employment, and Houston reported that he replied directly to Hunt's friend, Mr. that his old affiliation should create no problems in connection with his appearance before a grand jury.



# 22 August 1972

Thuermer reported on a call from a Mr. Crewdson of the New York Times who said he was "formally requesting" a photograph of Howard Hunt. The DDP observed that we are under no obligation to provide a photograph, and Thuermer said he had declined.

# 23 August 1972

DDI noted a letter from the McGovern campaign headquarters requesting the FBIS NNAM daily white book and any recent studies on Southeast Asia. A brief discussion followed and the litter will be disregarded.

# 14 September 1972

Maury reported on his conversation with Messrs. Flug and Epstein of Senator Kennedy's staff in response to the MAMINIXM Senator's 18 August letter to the Director <u>alleging improper</u> contact

(for details see OLC'S

00301

Memorandum for the Record).

Thuermer noted that White House staffer David Young will hold a meeting today to brief the press on the implementation of Executive Order 11652.

# 21 September 1972

Warner reported that Marchetti's lawyers have been in touch with Justice in connection with ACLU's filing a secret brief with the Supreme Court and said that the Office of Security will pick it up as a convergience to Justice.

Warner noted that the Director is one of several defendants in M/M a civil case filed by Ellsberg and Russo.

Unumb moted a request from the National Observer for biographic data on Howard Hunt and James McCord in connection with a story they are doing on the Watergate incident. The Director endorsed his having provided only the dates these individuals left the Agency.

#### 25 September 1972

The Director noted a call from Assistant Secretary of State Sisco

# 18 October 1972

Maury noted his response to a request from CSC General Counsel Anthony Mondello, who was reacting to a request for the personnel files of those former Agency officers involved in the Watergate incident from Senator Kennedy's Subcommittee on Administrative Practices and Procedures. He added that we are exempted from related CSC regulations, and the Director endorsed his plan to provide only the deates of their departure from the Agency in the event the Senator's office calls us on this matter.

#### 3 November 1972

Houston recalled that last August he reported on a call from Howard Hunt and his subsequent guidance to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on how to handle affiliation with the Agency,

The Director highlighted his conversation with David Kraylow of the Washington Star News and his flat denial of a proposed story that the Agency was asked to report on the Democratic Party which led to the Watergate incident and others. The Director noted his plans to issue a statement of denial if such a story were to appear and suggested that Thuermer consider drafting one for contingency use.

#### 15 November 1972

DDP noted a report from Chief, WH Division that on 9 October a Mr. Harper of the New York Times was working on a story which tries to link the Agency with Cuban emigres, the break-in at the Chilean Embassy, action against Daniel Ellsberg, and the Watergate case. Thermer observed that this is the first he has heard about this topic, and the DDP concluded that such a story could have no basis in fact and it would be inadvisable to try to straighten out Mr. Harper.

#### 20 November 1972

DD/I called attention to Jack Anderson's column in today's Washington Post and the quotes contained therein from an Agency report on a famous singer. The Director highlighted his brief conversation with Jack Anderson and explained that the Director of Security is looking into this matter.

#### 22 November 1972

Warner related that according to Assistant Attorney General Henry Petersen, U.S. Attorney Earl Silbert has several questions on the Watergate case. The Director indicate he will review this matter later.

# 12 December 1972

Thuermer noted an inquiry from Dave Burnham of the New York Times, who appears to be writing a story on the twelve New York Police officers who were briefed by the Agency on information processing. A brief discussion followed, and Thuermer will advise Burnham that we have occasionally provided briefings at the request of various police organizations, but the se are exceptional cases.

#### 13 December 1972

The Director noted the article by Thomas B. Ross in yesterday's Evening Star-News, "New Watergate Domension?," and the impression left therein that the Agency was involved in the Watergate incident because a passport bearing the name Edward Hamilton was found on Frank Sturgis. Any inquiries from the press or elsewhere are to be met with a "this is nonsense" reply. The Executive Director noted work under way to identify the genesis of the passport story.

#### 29 December 1972

Unumb reported that Seymour Hersh of the New York Times, who is preparing a story on the Watergate incident, had asked if Martinez had been employed by the Agency. Acting DCI recommended that the Agency not assist Mr. Hersh's efforts.

Maury related that we will be on firm ground in responding to Congressman Koch if we indicate that our assistance to the NY City Police Dept. was not training but a briefing on an essentially unclassified basis undertaken in response to the suggestion of a consultant to the N.Y.P.D. Thuermer reminded those concerned that is a former Agency employee.

12 January 1973

# 15 January 1973

Maury noted press stories that Watergate defendant Martinez was on the Agency pay roll until 17 June and anticipated some inquiry on this topic. The DDP endorsed his view that N Whereas Martinez was intermittently used as a source to report on Cuban exile matters, this relationship should cause no serious difficulty.

# 17 January 1973

The Director called attention to the article by James Reston "The Watergate Spies" contained in the <u>New York Times</u>, and wondered how Reston got the errogeous impression that Hunt was "... Operational head of the CIA's Cuban Bay of Pigs ... "

#### 18 January 1973

Maury reported that when he and Dave Blee, Chief/SB, saw Chairman Nedzi with respect to the Chairman's forthcoming trip to Finiland, Leningrad, Sofia and Aghens, Chairman Nedzi briefed on his November conversation with New York Times correspondent Seymour Hersh. Maury went on to highlight the several topics and allegations Hersh claims he has with respect to Agency activities, particularly allegations that we are engaged in extensive domestic operations. Maury will circulate a memorandum on the information Hersh claims he has. The Director explained that we should assemble a senior team to meet with Chairman Nedzi and clearly outline what we do and do not do in the United States. The Executive Director called attention to his 29 February 1972 memorandum to the deputies, Subject: Allegations of Agency involvement in the US, and suggested that it might serve as an outline for material to be covered with Chairman Nedzi.

Maury noted that in response to Tom Korologis' (Special Assistant tMM to the President for Legislative Affairs (Senate)) request for materials on instances where classified information had been leaked to the press, he assembled a paper on this topic and provided it with a note than an examination of most leaks reveals that MM the White House and Executive Branch are the guilty parties.

# 19 January 1973

Maury reported that Chairman Nedzi would like the full Subcommittee on Intelligence Operations to hear a presentation by us on Agency activitity in the United States sometime in mid-February. The Director noted that his decision of yesterday to turn out a senior team for this briefing stands.

# 22 January 1973

General Walters noted H<sub>o</sub>ward Hunt's appearance on television last night. Thuermer will obtain a transcript of the program, and the Executive Director noted his concern over Hungt's suggestion that he is no longer bound by his secrecy agreement.

# 23 January 1973

Executive Director noted that the terminal secrecy agreement which Howard Hunt signed said that he will be acknowledged as an Agency employee. His assettion that he is not bound by the agreement because we did in fact acknowledge his employment here is therefore ill-advised.

The Director noted a call from Elliot Richardson asking about some information that Seymour Hersh has developed to the effect that HEW automatically provides the Agency with travel orders on its employees and that this agreement was made in Secretary Ribicoff's time. The DDI will determine what this is about and advise.

# 24 January 1973

Maury noted that he met with Congressman Koch on our minimal assistance in briefing the New York City police officers. The Congressman would like something in writing on this, which Maury will prepare and sign.

Thuermer noted advice from a former Agency employee that Seymour Hersh has been assigned full time to the Watergate story, but in the meantime, Mr. Hersh claims he has evidence of Agency interest in an arsenal in the Midwest, a map-making facility in Vermont, and in Camp Peary.

# 26 January 1973

The Director noted he has advised the Director of Training of Mrs. Lyndon Johnson's request for Marie Chiarodo to handle the large volume of mail she has received.

DDI reported that he has been unable to turn up any information which would lead Seymour Hersh to allege that we have a map-making facility in Vermont.

#### 30 January 1973

Thuermer reported that the Virginia Gazette seems to be persisting in its efforts to embarrass Case Peary and has been in touch with Victor Marchetti and Patrick McGarvey, who have tended to confirm allegations that the Phoenix program was supported by contract assassins.

# 7 February 1973

Maury noted that Mr. Helms is appearing before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee this morning on police training, KMM ITT, and the Watergate incident. He also noted that he has solicited the support of Senators Humphrey, McGee, and Scott to make appropriate public statements following Mr. Helms' appearance.

Mary advised that in response to Chairman Holifield's investigation of Agency training pf policemen, he will meet with Herbert Roback, Counsel of the House Government Operations Committee, to explain our briefing of various police departments.

#### 8 February 1973

The Director noted his scheduled meeting tomorrow with Defense Secretary Richardson and asked Executive Committee members to give him a note on any item they wish him to raise with the Secretary. Candidates are . . . Secretary Richardsons' earlier concerns with respect to HEW providing the Agency with travel plans of officers going to Communist Bloc countries. On the latter item the DDI explained that since Secretary Richardson's inquiry to Mr. Helms (see minutes of 23 Jan 73), a survey had been undertaken and reviewed with HEW, which had no problems with these old arrangements but is shifting the point of pickup to its public affairs staff where such information is available to anyone.

# 8 February 1973

Maury noted the statement by Senator Fulbight following Mr. Helms' appearance yesterday before the Senate Foregin Relations Committee in which the Sentator expressed his opposition to the whole concept of the Agency getting involved with the police even in an innocuous way. Maury added that he will see Chairman Holifield's staff assistant Herbert Roback today. Maury said that a stement had been transmitted to the White House yesterday for John Ehrlichman's possible use (attached). The Director asked that a contingency document be prepared along the lines that we will continue to comply with the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 which approves of our assistance to various police forces when KMMMMMM authorized by the Justice Department. In response to the DDI's suggestions, the DDS will review what assistance to police forces had been given prior to 1968 and advise.

Manry concurred in the Director's judgment that it is impossible to keep all congressional elements happy and that we face a period of increased criticism from this quarter which must be met with firm assurances that what we are being criticized for is fully authorized and justified. Unless the facts justify such a statement, we would be well advised to terminate the octivity in question.

Maury recalled that we are obligated to sit down with Chairman Nedzi and review what we do and don't do in the U.S. (see Momming Minutes of MMMM 18 and 19 January). The Director concurred. The DDI suggested that we undertake an in-house review of what it is we are doing within the U.S. and identify and eliminate the marginal.

# 9 February 1973

Maury said he spent an hour yesterday with Congressman Holifield and they decided to have their respective staffs work on a letter for Holifield to send to the Director suggesting restrictive, but not prohibitive, guidlines regarding such activities in the future. Maury noted Chairman Nedzi's current concerns about this topic and said the proposed MMMM letter may satisfy his worries.

# 14 February 1973

Thuermer noted advice from Hicholas Horrock of Newsweek that a "soft story" is floating around Newsweek on the general topic of political espionage and ex-CIA agents. Mr. Horrock asked what constraints we have on former employees. A lengthy discussion followed, noting in particular that the only legal constraint imposed is the terminal secrecy agreement as reinforced by the MMMMM could in the Marchetti case. Other than this, there are no constraint except moral ones. Thermer will advise Horrick that thousands of employees have gone through CIA, and it is a matter of considerable pride that only a handful have deported themselves improperly. **00307** 

# 15 February 1973

. . . . Maury added that he went over (with Nedzi) Seymour Hersh's charges with respect to the Agency and our position on each. DDI recalled our obligation to greef Chairman Nedzi on Agency activities in the US.

## 20 February 1973

Maury related that Herb HM Roback of Senator Holifield's staff is being asked by David Burnham of the New York Times for the names of those city police departments we have briefed in the past. The DDS called attantion to our obligation to clear with these police departments any mention of their having been briefed. In response to the Director's suggestion that the Agency issue a press release on this topic, a lengthy discussion followed and the Director asked the DDS to report to him on what our understanding with various police departments has been prior to our agreement to brief same. He also asked that editorial comment on any past Agency briefing of the press or press releases be assembled and explained that in principle we should from time to time make it known that we are part of the U.S.Government.

# 23 February 1973

Maury noted that Herb Roback of Senator Elifield's staff and Chairman Nedzi have concurred in a letter for the Director's signature which will indicate that we will undertake training of U.S. police"only for the most compelling reasons." April discussion followed and the Director observed that it is important for us to decide what we do and then advise the Hill accordingly.

#### 27 February 1973

The Director noted a call from Senator Jackson, who asked him to meet with Senator McClellan sometime next week with regard to Congressman Holifield's inquiry concerning Agency training of U.S. police departments.

#### 1 March 1973

Maury related that former Director Richard Helms has been asked by Senator Fulbright to reappear before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Maury said that Mr. Helms would probable be queried on the Watergate incident, Agency training of police, and ITT and went on to describe Mr. Helms' anticipated reponse.

# 1 March 1973

Maury reported that Congressman Holifield's staff is anxiously awaiting a letter from the Director in response to the Congressman's written inquiry on police training. The Director noted plans to foward it.

# 2 March 1973

Maury highlighted yesterday's LIG meeting at the White House and his recommendation that we not provide examples of Congressional leaks of classified information for White House use in reacting to Congressional criticism of the Administration's "indiscretions." The DDS advised that the Office of Security is keeping a reasonably complete record of obvious leaks of intelligence information in the press and elsewhere.

# 5 March 1973

Maury highlighted the statement Congressman Holifield will introduce into the Congressional Record today on Agency briefing of U.S. police forces. He also noted a related news release that will be issued by the Congressman's office.

#### 6 March 1973

Maury highlighted Congressman Koch's reaction to our esponse to Congressman Holifield's letter concerning police training, as reported in today's press. Maury noted that Congressman Koch plans to ask GAO for a ruling on this matter, and the Director suggested that Colby provide some guidance to Comptroller General Elmer Staats.

The Director noted device that Hugh Sidey of Time magazine plans to write a story alleging that Howard Hunt was employed by a cover organization, i.e., Robert R. Mullen Company, when he left the Agency. Colby noted that this company is a completely private concern but has provided cover for one or two officers overseas. The Director asked Thuermer to be prepared to copie with any inquiries when the story appears.

# 9 March 1973

DDI called attention to Joseph Alsop's article in today's Washington Post, "Analyzing the CIA's Analysts," which erroneously refers to Sam Adams as a former employee. Later in the meeting, Houston explained why the allegation that the Agency has tried to muzzle Adams is false. He went on to brief on communications with Justice and the fact that the Juage ruled Adams' material was not exculpatory. In response to the Director's question, the DDI reported that Mr. Adams has not been placed on probation. The Director found this unsatisfactory.

Houston explained the legal implications of the subpoena served on Thermer for documents related to the Ellsberg case and advised that the Director may have to claim executive privilege.

# 15 March 1973

Houston said that the judge squashed the subpoena served on Thuermer (see Morning Minutes of 7 March). Included in this folder are miscellaneous items, including the following:

Chuck Briggs' submission, including support of the Committee on narcotics

Review of Minutes of Morning Meetings

1

Agency funding of heroin study.

Tom Parrott's involvement with David Young

Cary's memo on briefing of Special Subcommittee on Intelligence Of House Armed Services Committee (this relates to the McCord letters to the Agency)

00311

Broe's report of his and Colby's meeting with Nedzi

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**1**8 JUN 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Inspector General

SUBJECT

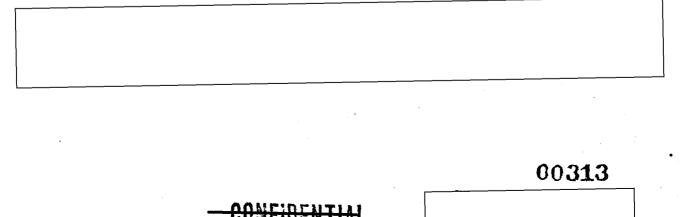
Use of Disguise Materials and Alias Documentation Within the U.S.

REFERENCE

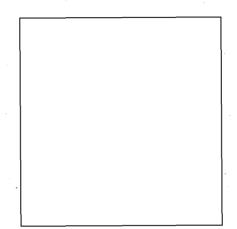
Memo dtd 30 May 73 to DTR fm Subj: Issuance of Disguise Materials for Probable Use Within U.S. or It's Territories

1. The Associate Deputy Director for Operations has asked that we give you a detailed report of the actual use that the Office of Training has made within the U.S. of all disguise materials and alias documentation we have obtained for our staff members and students.

2. Disguise Materials



# CUNFIDENTIAL-



The sole use of disguise materials by these instructors has been or will be in support of the training exercise noted above. At no time have the materials been used for other purposes.

3. Alias Documents

U.S. alias documents consisting primarily of business and social cards, but also including drivers' licenses and social security cards, have been used for more than a year by students

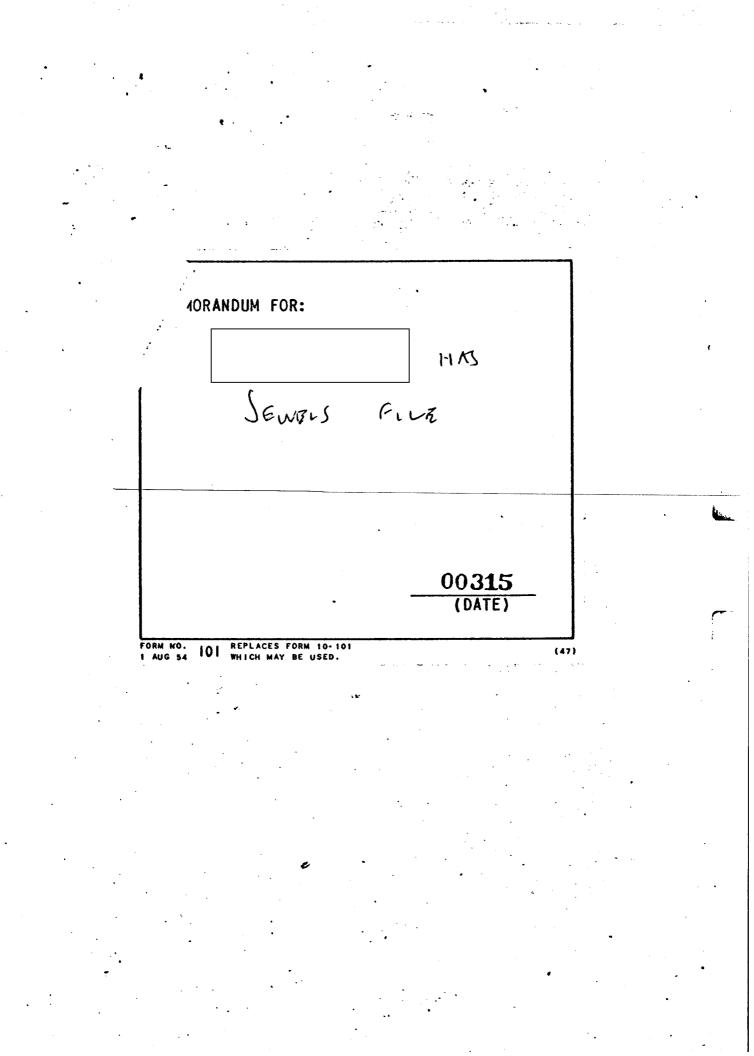
Such use is limited to establishing bona fides, if required, during the human assessment problem that is a part of the comprehensive exercise,

At the conclusion of the course, the alias documents are collected from the students and returned to OTS. Again, these documents are used only under carefully controlled conditions in an environment where adequate liaison with local authorities exists to contain any flap; and the documents are used only for the purposes stated.

4. A thorough canvass of all elements of OTR discloses no other instance in recent years in which we have used disguise materials or alias documentation within the U.S. or obtained such materials for that purpose.

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00317



20 June 1973

# MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: John Dean Allegations to Newsweek Magazine

1. Mr. William Jorden, the Latin American referent on Dr. Kissinger's Staff, called today in reference to State cable No. 112189, dated 11 June (attached). He said that he had specific reference to paragraph 2 of that cable and would like to have "everything and anything we know" on that subject in the Agency.

2. The undersigned indicated to Mr. Jorden that he had checked out the allegation that some low level White House officials had considered assassinating Torrijos when the story first appeared in Newsweek and despite checking outside WH Division also, could find no one in the Agency who could recollect or find anything relating to such a plan on the part of any portion of U.S. officialdom. I told him that I felt sure that nothing of this nature had come to WH Division's attention because for the period in question I had been Deputy Chief of WH Division and had heard nothing about any such plan. Mr. Jorden asked if the Agency knew anything about Howard Hunt having had a team in Mexico "before the mission was aborted" and I indicated that as far as I knew, the Agency had no information on Hunt being in Mexico on such a mission. I also indicated, however, they could have been and the Agency might well not know it simply because he could have used an alias and he is an American citizen, which is outside the Agency's province and really the FBI's business. I suggested that it might be best if he checked the FBI on that particular angle. Subsequently I checked with Mr. William V. Broe, the IG, and Mr. John Horton, recently returned

SECRET



and both indicated that they had not run across any information concerning this latter allegation of Hunt and a team in Mexico on a mission related to Panama.

3. It was apparent that Mr. Jorden was under some pressure to refute these allegations and was casting about in all directions to make as certain of his ground as he possibly could before he tried to do so.

2

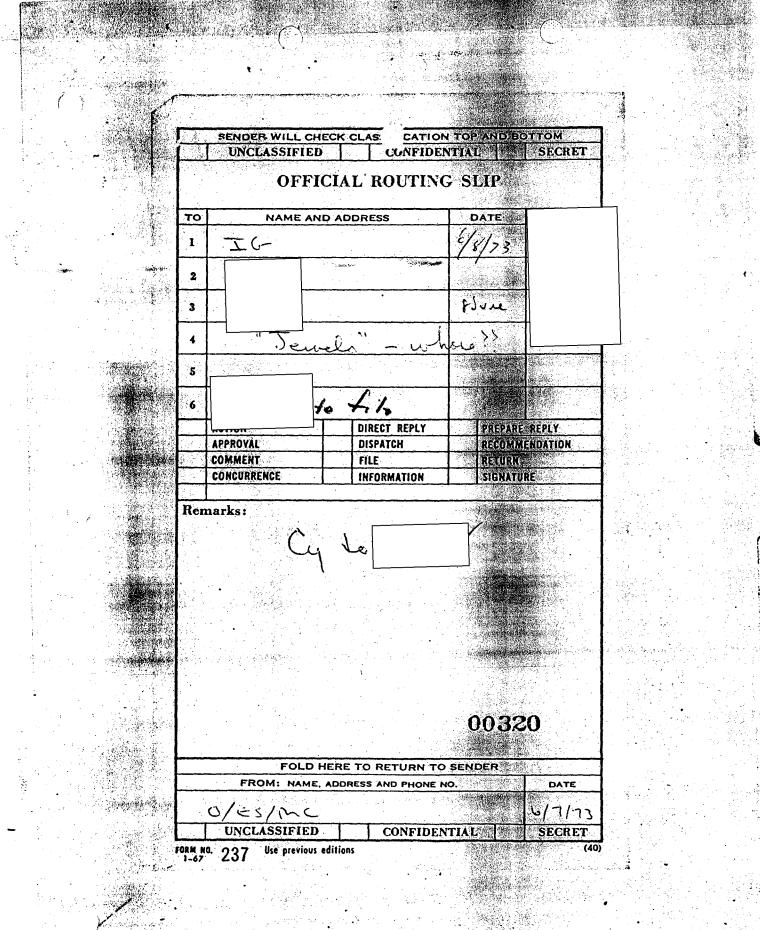
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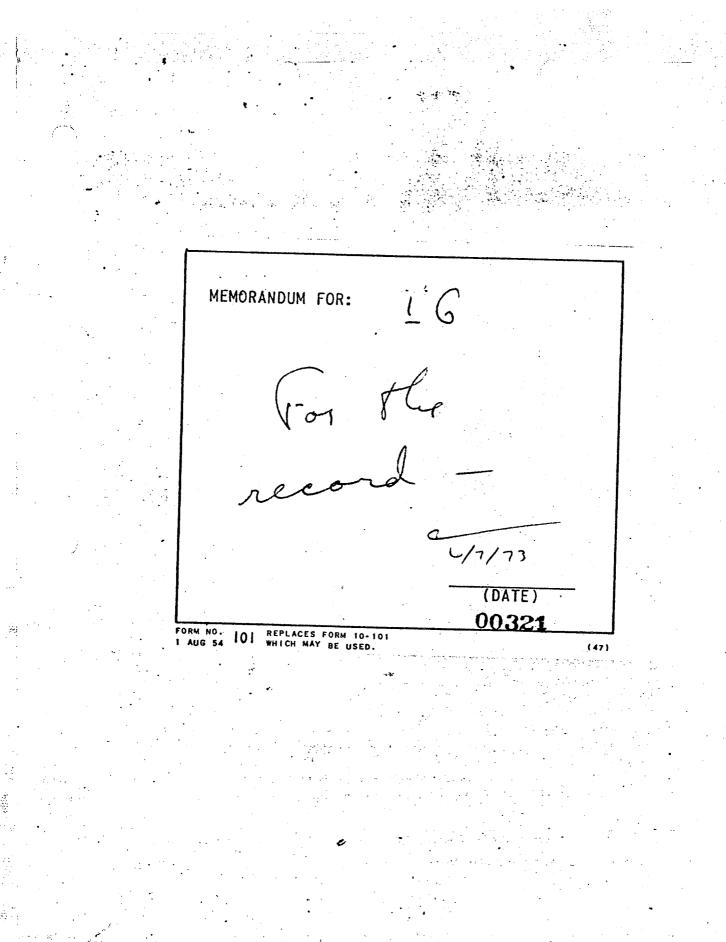
Deputy Chief Western Hemisphere Division	-

Attachment: As Stated Above



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# NEW YORK TIMES 2 9 MAY 1973

# Chilean Break-Ins Puzzle Watergate Investigators

#### By MICHAEL C. JENSEN

One unsolved puzzle that! Watergate investigators studying is the identity of in- later at the East 38th Street truders who broke into the apartment in Manhattan of Ja-offices and residences of vier Urrutia, president of the Chilean diplomats in Washing- Chilean Development Corporaton and New York at least four tion and a close economic adtimes from April, 1971 to May, viser to Chile's president, Dr. 1972.

Four break-ins against Chileans took place in the 14 months immediately preceding the Mr. Urrutia told the police break-in at the Democrats that a .25-caliber Bernardelli Watergate headquarters last pistol had been stolen. How-June. They also occurred at a ever, a fur coat in a closet time when the Chilean Govern- was reportedly untouched. Govment was negotiating with the ernment papers were said to International Telephone and have been disturbed, and chew-Telegraph Corporation compensation for Chile's takeover of the huge conglomerate's telephone subsidiary.

Because of far more sensational disclosures, Watergate investigators have not actively pursued the Chilean case in took place on Feb. 10, 1972. recent wecks, beyond asking a juestion or two about the preak-ins during interrogations) Street of Victor Rioseco, for-

ors have informed both the television set were reportedly Senate Watergate committee taken and papers disturbed. and the Watergate prosecutors in Washington about the details licized break in took place over ed that, if granted immunity, of the four break ins at the the weekend of May 13, 1972, Mr. de Diego might shed new offices and residences of the Chileans.

#### 3 Occurred in New York

Furthermore, a member of the special intelligence unit of the New York Police Department was said to have concluded that the three break-ins that occurred in Manhattan were no routine burglaries. And investigators in Washington said that the four break-ins had followed similar patterns.

They were apparently done by professionals, with a few items taken to make the breakins appear to be burglaries, investigators said. Other valuable items were left behind, however, and sensitive papers were disturbed. possibly in the course of being photographed. Investigators reconstruct the break-ins as follows:

Then, first known break-in occurred on the afternoon of pril 5, 1971 at the Manhattan esidence on Lexington Ave-nue of Humberto Diaz-Casanueva, Chile's Ambassador to the United Nations. The Ambassador reportedly told the police that the intruders had stolen such iems as a hair-dryer and a pair of boots and distur-i

The next break-in was said are to have taken place six days Salvador Allende Gossens.

#### Pistol Stolen

over ing gum was edged into the apartment's lock, a familiar practice of professional intruders that gives them time to escape if they are surprised during the course of an entry.

The third reported break-in investigators said, at the New York residence on East 46th of the Watergate burglars. merly a Chilcan official at the However. Senate investigat- United Nations. A radio and a

The fourth and most pubat the Chilean Embassy in light on other surreptitious op-Washington. Files of the Am-|erations in Washington, Invesbassador and his first secre- tigators in Miami later indicat-tary, Fernando Bachelet, were ed that these operations might reportedly rifled and two radios taken.

Chilean officials have been ordered by their Government not to discuss the matter, but sources close to the case said that the former Chilean Ambassador, Orlando Letelier, had confirmed that the Washington intruders apparently were seeking sensitive Government documents.

#### Speculation by Investigators

Capitol Hill investigators have speculated that the intruders might have been seeking evidence of links between Cuba and Chile, or looking for politically sensitive documents relating to the take-over by Chile of I.T.T. properties.

No evidence has turned up that members of the team that broke into the Watergate were involved in the entries, although hints that some of them may have participated have come from the authorities in Florida.

First reports about a breakin at the Chilean Embassy be-

gan to circulate in Miami a week or so after the Watergate break-in of June 17, 1972, and there was speculation that the two might have been related. That link never has been proved, and some investigators doubt that it exists.

One explanation offered for the Chilean break-in was that if any Cuban-Americans participated, as was the case in the Watergate, they might have been looking for documents that would indicate collusion between the Chilean and Castro governments.

Shortly after the specula-

tion began in Miami, Chilean officials acknowledged the break-in and reported it to the city police, who started an investigation that has been inconclusive.

Earlier this month, a Cuban named Felipe de Diego was interrogated by State Attorney Richard E. Gerstein in Florida regarding participation in the break-in at the offices of Dr. Daniel Ellsberg's psychiatrist in Los Angeles.

He and his attorney indicatinclude the Chilean break-in or break-ins.

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Remarks:

Nothing startling, but something you perhaps should be aware of.

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# 25 May 1973

00324

# MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Disposal of Classified Trash for the National Security Council (NSC)

1. A memorandum for the record by the Executive Officer of the Office of Logistics points out that this Agency is disposing of classified trash for the NSC. The material contains documents from the White House, Situation Room, "codeword and other documents from the Intelligence community. This practice began in December 1971 and is still in effect. Pick-up of 30 bags of trash is made each Thursday.

2. Under normal times and circumstances such a routine matter would not be raised, but given the recent furor caused by the destruction of documents by the Acting FBI Director Patrick Gray it is felt that the matter should at least be highlighted for further consideration.



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30 May 1973

# MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. William E. Colby

SUBJECT

MHCHAOS and

I call to your attention the attached sensitive annexes to our 1972 report of survey of EUR Division. You have seen them before, but a fresh look at them might be in order in the light of current developments.

The recent revelations about the activities of the Intelligence Evaluation Committee are getting close to our MHCHAOS program. We are particularly concerned about MHCHAOS because of the high degree of resentment we found among many Agency employees at their being expected to participate in it.

Broe

TS

Copy 1 of 4

00326

Inspector General

Attachments (SEE LURSOREEN FOLDER) TS 185228/72/2, 9 Nov 72 TS 185228/72/3, 9 Nov 72

ECUINO AND TECOD SHAT SURPCT: (Optonal) DD/M&S Requirements - Watergate Incident Reward J. Osborn ENERSION +0. FROM: Director of Security F.com 4-E-50 LITE 6777 Headquarters TO: (Officer designation, room number, and Suilding) DATE COMMENTS (Number each content to show from OFFICER S to whom. Draw a line occuss column after each commer HOH WARDED THORNED Deputy Director 1. for Mgmt. & Services For Your Information 1. Room 7-D-26 2. Herald\_ This is 3. papilance laf. W.e may have mare as our emplayed んじい < bredge I hen vienere SDB 6. lot like 1. 7. 8. Char het me have 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 00327 INTERNAL FORM 3447 610 LISE PREVIOUS EDITIONS UNCLASSIFIED SECREF CONFIDENTIAL  $\square$ USE ONLY 

6 JUN 1973

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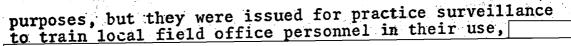
MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Management and Services
FROM : Director of Security
SUBJECT : DD/M&S Requirements - Watergate Incident

1. This memorandum is for information only.

2. In July 1971, the New York Times featured an article under the by-line of William Beecher which contained an exposition of the then current status of the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT). It was evident from this delineation of these talks that William Beecher had obtained the information from highly classified U.S. Government documents or from a person or persons having had access to such documents.

3. In this regard, Mr. Egil E. Krogh, Jr of the White House telephonically contacted the Director of Security of this Agency and requested that this Agency provide a polygraph examiner to conduct polygraph tests on four Department of State employees. In conjunction with Mr. G. Marvin Gentile, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Security, Department of State, this Office arranged for a polygraph examiner to conduct these examinations but with no CIA involvement to be acknowledged. In other words, this Office loaned the polygraph examiner to the Department of State and the polygraph examinations were conducted for Mr. G. Marvin Gentile.

4. This Office in 1970, requested approval to have disguise kits issued to approximately fourteen people. The disguise kits were never issued for operational



Of these fourteen

disguise kits, four were returned to the Office of Technical Services.

SECRET

5. In regard to other activities that this Office has conducted domestically, the following two projects are submitted:

A. <u>Project WESTPOINTER</u>: In September 1969, February 1970, May 1970, and October 1971, a project, similar to Project SRPOINTER, was conducted by the Office of Security, East Asia Division, and the Office of Technical Services in the San Francisco, California, area. The target was mail to the United States from Mainland China.

6. an Office of Security employee, who will retire effective 29 June 1973, had a chance meeting with Mr. James W. McCord, Jr. on 24 May 1973 near the Senate Office Building. According to Mr. the substance of the chance meeting was an exchange of pleasant ries.

oward J

Director of Security

00329



#### Fage 1 SDS and other student activist groups

OCI produced in December 1967 at Walt Rostow's request a 30-page typescript study of the SDS and its foreign ties.

In the summer of 1968 CCI produced--again at Rostow's request-a paper on <u>Restless Youth</u>. The first, and most sensitive section, was a philosophical treatment of student unrest, its motivation, \*\*\* history, and tactics. "It drew heavily on overt literature and FBI reporting on SDS and affiliated groups. The second section comprised 19 chapters on foreign student dissidence.

#### Pages 11 & 12 Black radicalism

OCI began following Caribbean black radicalism in earnest in 1968. Two papers were produced on the subject, one in August 1969 and the other in June 1970.

OCI was asked in June 1970 to write a memo with special attention to links between black radicalism in the Caribbean and advocates of black power in the US. The memo was produced in typescript and given to the DCI.

CCI in 1968 wrote periodic typescript memos on Stokely Carmichael's travels abroad during a period when he had dropped from public view.

#### Prohibition against COMINT vs. US citizens

In September 1972 Commo to conduct hearability tests of certain HF long-distance commercial telephone circuits between the US and South America. The circuits carried drugrelated traffic.

Was terminated on 30 Jan 73 following OGC determination that they were illegal.

We conduct an intercept operation in targeted targeted on radio telephone conversations

These intercepts contain a large number of unrelated conversations often involving US citizens.

Testing in the US of CRD-developed electronic collection systems occasionally result in the collection of domestic telephone conversations. When the tests are complete, the intercepted material is destroyed.

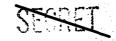
CIA technicians conducted tests, in the Miami area in August 1971 of DF gear intended for use against a Soviet agent in South Vietnam. While wholly innocuous, the tests preceased the holding of the conventions there and could be construed as being somehow related to them.

In February 1972 CIA asked an official of AT&T for copies of telephone call slips relating to US-Chima calls. The operation lasted for three or four months and then dried up. CGC stated its belief that the collection of these slips did not violate the Communications Act since eavesdropping was not involved.

Page 29 Mail coverage

Page 23

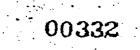
Since 1953, CIA has operated a mail intercept program of incoming and outgoing Russian mail and, at various times, other selected mail at Kernedy Airport in New York City. This program is now dormant pending decision on whether to continue or to abolish it.

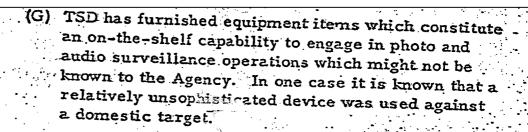


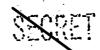
# ATTACHMENT

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

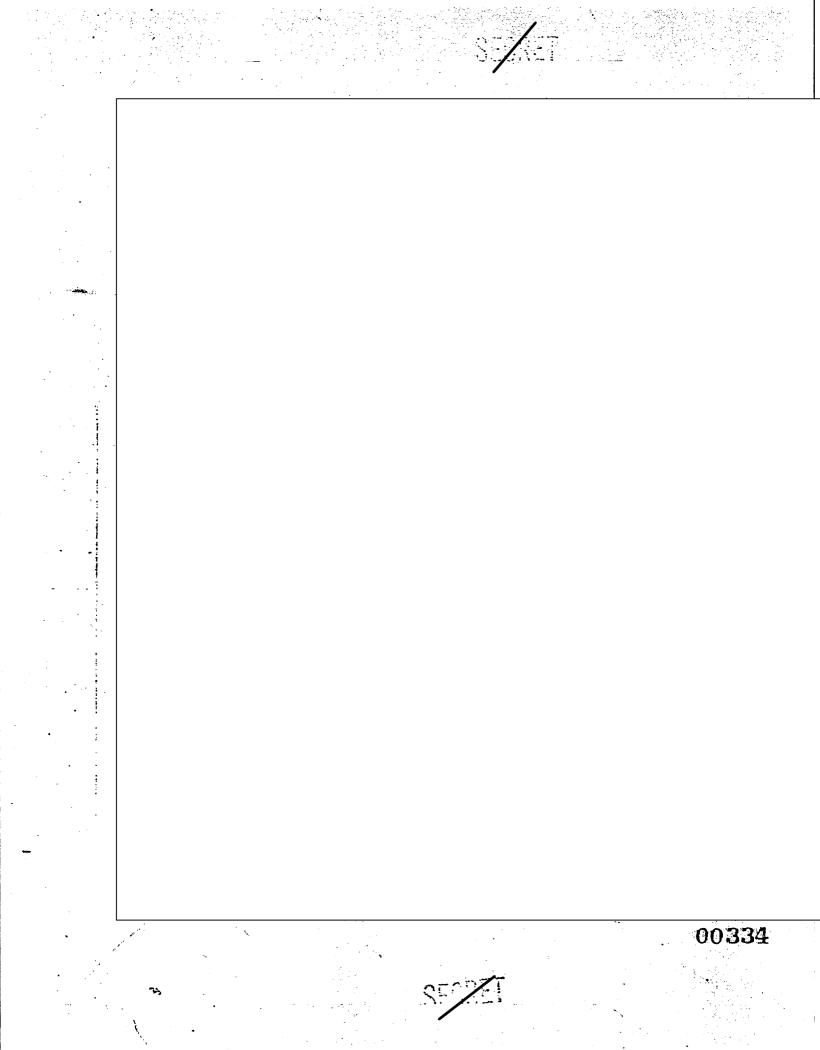
(TSD has had a close working relationship with the FBI over the past few years. The FBI is the only organization that has been fully briefed on TSD audio techniques and equipment. The following are situations where TSD equipment and guidance were involved in operations:

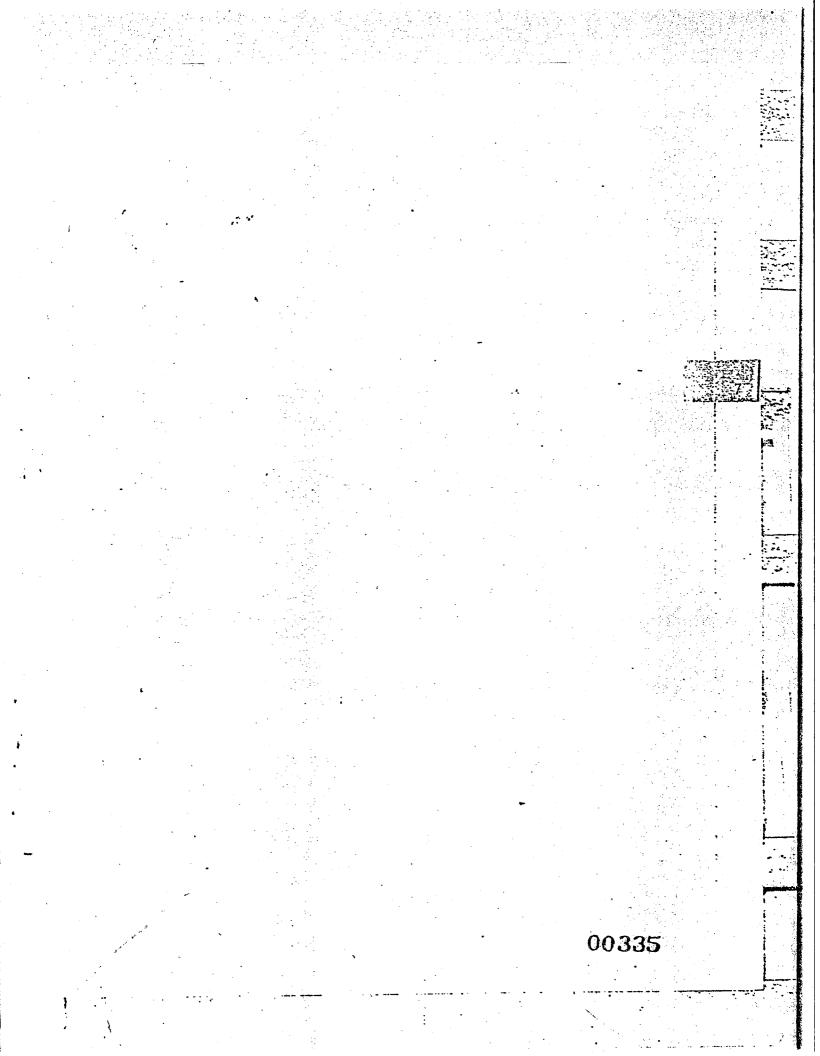












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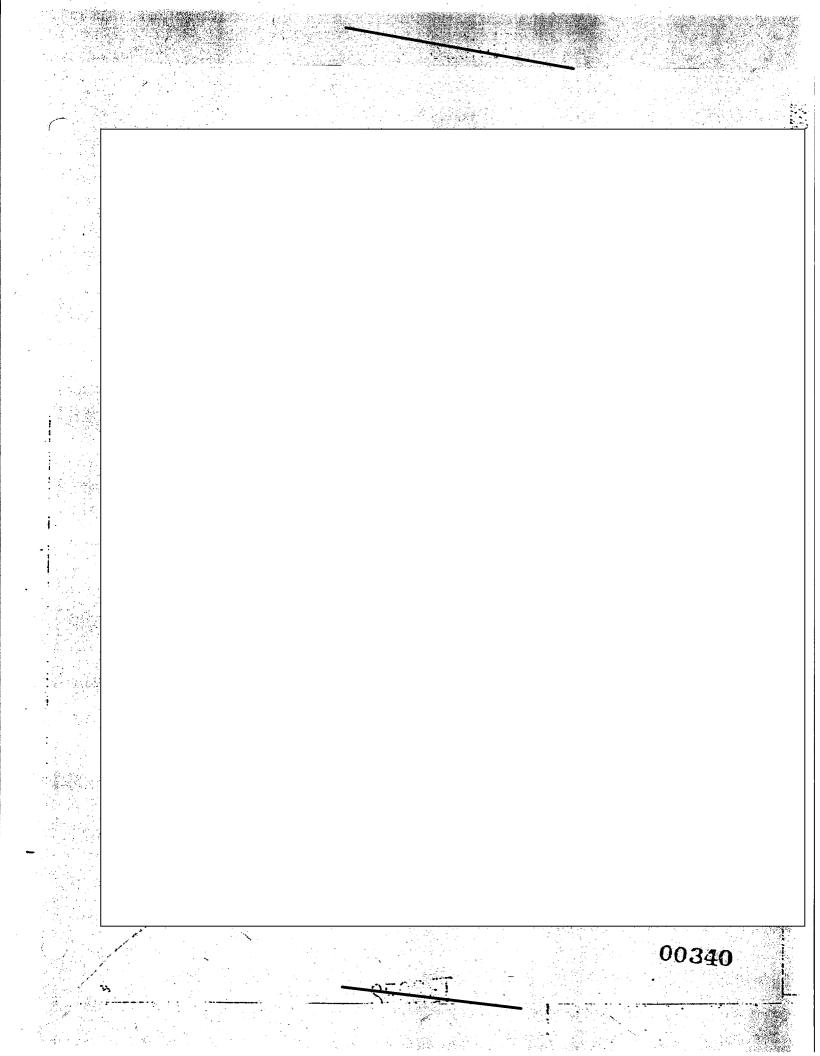
# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TSD has had a close working relationship with the FBI over the past few years. The FBI is the only organization that has been fully briefed on TSD audio techniques and equipment. The following are situations where TSD equipment and guidance were involved in operations: (G) TSD has furnished equipment items which constitute an on-the-shelf capability to engage in photo and audio surveillance operations which might not be known to the Agency. In one case it is known that a relatively unsophisticated device was used against a domestic target.

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#### 10/Jely (973

I talked with Ben Dvans after the months moting today, about the skoletons assignment, nontioned protocday morning by Mr. Colby. He and I both understood it to be a status report on where these items stand. I had spoken with Mr. Colby yosteday afterneon and gathered that it was based on the Nedzi briefing.

I proposed, and he agreed, that we prepare a status report on where the items covered in the Nedsi briefing stand now. A separate section would cover those things not included in the Nedsi briefing. He got the rough notes dictated by Mr. Colby on tape and transcribed. I had zerox copies made and returned the originals to

when apparent that he was isuing instructions on what to do with the various items. This, in effect, pre-empted the status report we were preparing. I phoned Evans, saying that this was the case and that we proposed simply to edit the material for Colby (Colbr had told me he planned to send it to us for editing after reviewing it himself). Evans said he would put a note on the papers telling Colby of this.

SDB

WORLHOUM FOR: Jer. Jo fil los 8.3 MAY 1973 (DATE) 00342 (47) FORM NO. [0] REPLACES FORM-10-101 1 AUG 54 WHICH MAY BE USED.

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#### 23 May 1973

00344

ACCHORATION FOR:

Deputy Director for Management which Services

SUBJECT:

Watergate Principals - Direct or Indirect Involvement

1. This manorandum responds to the Director's request for a report of any involvement in any capacity since 1 January 1969 with Messrs. Hunt, McCord, Liddy, Young, or Krogh.

2. I have had none with Hunt, Liddy or Young.

3. My McCord contact was indirect and occurred sometime during the late 1960's when I was Director, Office of Computer Services. I opposed plans for Technical Division, Office of Security (under Mr. McCord) to acquire a separate computer for its In-Place Monitoring System. of DD/S&T (then ORD) was the computer individual working with ID and, I think, would have details.

4. The Krogh contact also was indirect and involved his request, first through OMB, that CIA fund foreign travel on behalf of the Cabinet Committee on International Narcetics Control. Individual phone discussions are noted in the attached. The Agency focal points were \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ I understand has forwarded relevant documentation. Copies of memoranda from Messrs. Krogh, \_\_\_\_\_ and Colby are attached 'also.

5. I held a staff meeting yesterday to pass the request to all OPPE employees. One officer who was attending a funeral will not be available until tomorrow.

O/PPB/CABriggs/inru: 4456(23May73)Distribution:Distribution:O/PPB/CABriggs/inru: 4456(23May73)Distribution:Cuig & 1 - M. E. ColbyCrig & 1 - M. E. ColbyCharles Y. BriggsI - W. F. ColbyCharles Y. BriggsDistribution:Distribution:Distribution:Level (23May73)Distribution:Distri

Attachment As stated

## Attachment 23 May 1973

4 Feb 72 Cell from Sim Taylor, OMB we "Bud" Kregh-and his deputy, Walter Minnick, of the Descentic Council who plan Servign travel in connection with their nercotics interests. Jim was plarting us to their intention to ask us for funds for the travel.

7 Feb 72

Follow-up from Taylor: Flan 3-5 trips for 3 individuals-all in FY 72. Cost probably \$10K. Minnick ready to make first trip. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is plugged in. ExDir said OK re Tehran visit.

7 Feb 72

See attached memo from Egil Kroch, Jr. to Bill Colby and follow-on memos from (21 Jul 72) and Colby (2 Aug 72).

 May 72 John Hurley, OMB called, mentioning possible Krogh/ Minnick attendance at a Latin American (Station Chief?)
 conference on narcotics. He also said Jeff Shepherd,
 White House, was laying on a high with for himself, Shepherd and Mark Alger, OMB to Europe.

23 Jun 72 \_\_\_\_\_\_ commented on Krogh/Minnick interest in getting CA activities, including large-scale PM, on narcotics front.

called. Notes say only: "Minnick-Eurley film. We will send."

2 Aug 72 called re Colby letter (attached). Said travel orders ready; need money this PM (No record in my notes as to who was traveling when, but have faint recollection of its being to Mexico City). and Ben Evans contacted by

1 Nov 72

6 Jul 72

72 Related? call. Again notes are cryptic: Survey ENDD problems/ Mexico."



00345

# Cn Mr. Colby's copy only:

13 Jan 72 ExDir (Colby) said DCI had approved \$30K for sensitive CS project - no details.

20 Jan 72 Reminded ExDir re \$32K he said DCI OK'd.

SEGREI

# WASHINGTON February 7, 1972

# MEMORANDUM FOR BILL COLBY

SUBJECT: BUDGETARY SUPPORT FOR THE CABINET COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL

The Cabinet Committee on International Narcotics Control was created September 7, 1971, by the President to contralize his attack on the international drug traffic.

The Committee does not have a separate budget.

Salary and administrative support for its small, full-time staff has been provided by the Executive Office of the President. Other expenses are being charged to the constituent agencies and departments.

The Bureau of Customs, BNDD, and AID/Office of Public Safety have provided support to date.

The CIA should be prepared to defray not more than <u>fifteen thousand</u> dollars in overseas travel expenses for Cabinet Committee staff during the remainder of FY-1972.

Walter C. Minnick, the Committee's Staff Coordinator, can be contacted for further details.

Thank you for your assistance.

Egil Kroch Gr.

Egil Krogh, Jr. Executive Director Cabinet Committee on International Narcotics Control

00347

CC: John Ehrlichman

Assistant to the President for Domestic Affairs Mark Alger

OMB, Chief, General Government Programs Division

CIA Representative, CCINC Working Group

PPB 72-1063

2 AHG 152

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Plans

SUBJECT:

Fischl Year 1973 Budgebary Support for the Cubinet Committee on International Narcotics Control (CCINC)

REFERENCE:

Memo to ExDir frm C/DDP/NARCOG std 21 July 1972; same subject

1. This is in response to the referenced memo regarding use of CLA funds to cover travel expenses for the White House Cabinet Committee Staff for Fiscal Year 1973.

2. You are authorized to obligated up to \$15,000 for the use of the White House Cabinet Committee Staff for travel expenses during FY 1973. Obligation should be recorded against the O/DDP allotment and travel orders issued against your own appropriate fan number.

3. To the extent that you are unable to absorb this requirement within your present allotment, we will have to arrange some reprogramming later in the year to cover this unbedgeted item.

W. E. Colby Executive Director-Comptroller

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# 21 July 1972

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MEMORANDUM FOR: Executive Director - Comptroller

VIA

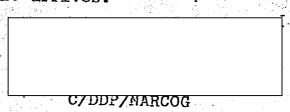
Deputy Director for Plans

SUBJECT

Fiscal Year 1973 Budgetary Support for the Cabinet Committee on International Narcotics Control (CCINC)

1. At our invitation, Mr. Walter C. Minnick, Staff Member of the CCINC, is scheduled to attend and participate in the Regional Narcotics Seminar sponsored by WH Division on 27-28 July 1972.

2. In accordance with procedures adopted for travel of White House Cabinet Committee Staff in FY 1972, it is requested that funds to cover the cost of Mr. Minnick's trip be released. Attached herewith is a copy of a formal request from Mr. Egil Krogh dated 7 February 1972 to Mr. William Colby requesting travel funds for the balance of FY 1972. Mr. Krogh is now preparing a formal request for \$15,000.00 to cover travel expenses for White House Cabinet Committee staff for FY 1973. I will forward this request to your office as soon as it arrives.



00349

ECON COPY

Attachment: A/S

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Colby

#### SUBJECT

#### : Review of Minutes of Morning Meetings

Per your request relayed through Ben Evans, we have read the minutes of the Director's morning meetings covering the period from 1 July 1970 through 31 March 1973 looking for items appearing to relate in any way to Watergate, the "plumbers," Agency involvement in the nominating conventions, or any other sensitive matters surfaced in the course of our present inquiries. We sifted rather finely and ended up with some 25-30 pages of material that we have in rough typescript. I doubt that it is worth while typing them in final, since you would be little enlightened by wading through them. We gave Ben Evans a copy at his request. The following are highlights:

There are about 25 entries during July and August 1974 relating to the Pentagon papers.

#### 3 September 1970

The Director noted a 1 September memorandum from John Bross on Daniel Elsperg (sic). He asked the DDS to lift his clearances and to make this fact known in security channels.

#### 23 December 1970 (DDCI in the chair)

Executive Director called attention to the President's 21 December memorandum on "Disclosures of Classified Information and Coordination and Clearance of Official Statements," which is believed to be the result of representations by the Director and Admiral Anderson. Executive Director said that he will meet with selected Executive Committee Members next week to discuss the memorandum's implications and to develop recommendations for action by the Director in view of the special responsibilities placed on him by the President.

#### <u>8 July 1971</u>

DDCI reported that John Ehrlichman had telephoned to advise us that the White House is appointing former CIA employee Howard Hunt as a security consultant.

Another account of the Morning Meeting of this date reads:

It was also announced that Howard Hunt has been named security consultant to the White House. General Cushman told Ehrlichman that Mr. Hunt would have full cooperation from CIA.

#### 16 July 1971

Carver said that was most appreciative of the time which Houston spent with him yesterday.

22 July 1971 (the day Howard Hunt came to see General Cushman)

Carver highlighted his session yesterday with NSC staffer David Young, who is assisting John Ehrlichman in reviewing the secret Pentagon papers.

#### 18 August 1971

A-DDP noted that he has reported to White House staffer David Young on the results of the Deputy Director of Security's survey of those who saw the classified assessment upon which Tad Szulc based his 13 August article.

#### 11 November 1971

In response to the Director's question Carver said that some work requested by John Ehrlichman is pending. The Director asked to be filled in later on the details.

#### 18 January 1972

DDI Salled attention to the article in today's New York Times, "Nixon Acts to End Security Leaks." (Excent from the article: "Last July, two members of the White House staff, David R. Young of the National Security Council and Egil Krogh, Jr., of the Domestic Council, were asked to investigate earlier leaks and prevent recurrences.")

00351

SECRET SEMANTIME

## 8 February 1972

DDI noted the article by Michael Getler in today's Washington Post, "New Spy Satellites Planned for Clearer, Instant Pictures." Later in the meeting the Director asked the DDS to advise the Director of Security to undertake an investigation of this leak of EOI-related information and to convene the USIB Security Committee.

#### 11 February 1972

The Director reminded Executive Committee members of Dr. Kissinger's request that any inquiries from elements of the White House staff be referred to his staff for conveyance to the Agency.

### 16 February 1972

Lehman noted plans to continue briefing Attorney General Mitchell, whose resignation is effective 1 March.

#### 6 March 1972

The Director noted his memorandum to the Deputies and Independent Office Hea's, subject: "Allegations of Assassinations." He asked that it be mentioned at Staff Meetings.

#### 21 March 1972

The Director said that the President has seen his 17. February memorandum on reducing disclosures of classified intelligence and directed the White House staff to prepare a memorandum urging that all agencies comply with proper disclosure procedures.

#### 8 June 1972

Houston said that he will be attending a meeting called by DOD General Counsel Buzhardt, who is recommending that Justice drop the case against Daniel Ellsberg.

3

# 19 June 1972

The Director noted the 17 June arrest of James W. McCord and four others who were apprehended at the Democratic National Committee headquarters at the Watergate. With the Director of Security present to provide biographic details, the Director made it perfectly clear that responses to any inquiry with respect to McCord or Howard. Hunt, who may be implicated, are to be limited to a statement that they are former employees who retired in August and April 1970 respectively. The Director asked that this guidance be disseminated via staff meetings. The Director asked that any inquiry from other elements of the government be referred to the Director of Security who is to be the focal point. Inquiries from the press are to be referred to Mr. Unumb who may say that McCord worked in the Office of Security. The Director noted that we have no responsibility with respect to an investigation except to be responsive to the FBI's request for name traces. It was noted that Howard Hunt may have done some work since retirement in connection with the preparation of supporting material for some awards. The Executive Director was asked to review this topic and report to the Director.

#### 20 June 1972

In response to the Director's request, the Director of Security highlighted developments over the past twenty-four hours with respect to the McCord/Hunt, et ~1., situation. He noted that the late edition of the New York Times carries a different story by Tad Szulc than that which appeared in the edition received here. The Director of Security anticipates some inquiries on Bernard L. Barker's situation, and it was noted that Mr. Barker was hired by the Agency in 1960 and terminated in 1966. The Director complimented Unumb on his handling of inquiries and asked that future inquiries be met with a response confined to the fact that, now that we have acknowledged that both McCord and Hunt are former Agency employees, we know nothing more about the case and the caller should be referred to the FBI as appropriate.

#### <u>20 June 1972</u>

The Director noted receipt of a paper on a safehouse in Miami which is being made available to the Secret Service in support of its work in connection with the Republican and Democratic National Conventions. He asked the ADDP and the DDS to make it absolutely clear that our cooperation is undertaking is to be confined to provision of the safehouse and that it is not to be used as a site for investigations, interrogations, or "walk-ins", etc. The Director added that we will not loan people to the FBI or Secret Service in connection with their responsibilities at the Conventions nor will we provide equipment unique to the Agency.

#### 21 June 1972

In view of the coverage in today's New York Times and Washington Post; Maury recommended that Chairman Nedzi be briefed on the McCord affair and that this briefing include all our information about the others involved. The Director asked Maury to touch base with the Director of Security and prepare a briefing paper on this topic for his review. Citing the number of distorted rumors about this matter, the Executive Director said that during the course of the day he hopes to provide a suggested Headquarters Bulletin for all employees for the Director's review.

Unumb noted a number of inquiries from the press with respect to the Cuban-Americans involved in the bugging attempt at the Democratic National Committee headquarters and their alleged involvement in the Bay of Pigs, etc. The Director asked that such inquiries be met with an explanation that we are not prepared to be helpful on this matter.

#### 23 June 1972

Maury noted that 's briefed Chairman Nedzi on the McCord/ Hunt situation.

#### 21 August 1972

Houston noted a telephone call from Howard Hunt who<sup>\*</sup> explained that his attorney was with him and had a question about a friend's past affiliation with the Agency. DD/Sec, thas reviewed the employment, and Houston reported that he replied directly to Hunt's friend, Mr. that this old affiliation should create no problems in connection with his appearance before a grand jury.

#### 18 October 1972

Maury noted his response to a request from CSC General Counsel Anthony Mondello, who was reacting to a request for the personnel files of those former Agency officers involved in the

Watergate incident from Senator Kennedy's Subcommittee on Administrative Practices and Procedures. He added that we are exempted from related CSC regulations, and the Director endorsed his plan to provide only the dates of their departure from the Agency in the event the Senator's office calls us on this matter.

#### 3 November 1972

Houston recalled that last August he reported on a call from Howard Hunt and his subsequent guidance to hn how to handle affiliation with the Agency.

The Director highlighted his conversation with David Kraslow of the Washington Star News and his flat denial of a proposed story that the Agency was asked to report on the Democratic Party which led to the Watergate incident and others. The Director noted his plans to issue a statement of denial if such a story were to appear and suggested that Thuermer consider drafting one for contingency use.

#### 15 November 1972

DDP noted a report from Chief, WH Division that on 9 October a Mr. Harper of the New York Times was working on a story which tries to link the Agency with Cuban emigres, the break-in at the Chilean Embassy, action against Daniel Ellsberg, and the Watergate case. Thuermer observed that this is the first he has heard about this topic, and the DDP concluded that such a story would have no basis in fact and it would be inadvisable to try to straighten out Mr. Harper.

#### 22 November 1972

Warner related that according to Assistant Attorney General Henry Peterson, U.S. Attorney Earl Silbert has several questions on the Watergate case. The Director indicated he will review this matter later.

- 0 -

#### 13 December 1972

The Director noted the article by Thomas B. Ross in yesterday's Evening Star-News, "New Watergate Dimension?" and the impression left therein that the Agency was involved in the Watergate incident because a passport bearing the name Edward Hamilton was found on Frank Sturgis. Any inquiries from the press or elsewhere are to be met with a "this is nonsense" reply. The Executive Director noted work under way to identify the genesis of the passport story.

#### 15 January 1973

Maury noted press stories that Watergate defendant Martinez was on the Agency payroll until 17 June and anticipated some inquiry on this topic. The DDP endorsed his view that, whereas Martinez was intermittently used as source to report on Cuban exile matters, this relationship should cause no serious difficulty.

#### 18 January 1973

Maury reported that when he and Dave Blee, Chief/SB, saw Chairman Nedzi with respect to the Chairman's forthcoming trip to Finland, Leningrad, Sofia, and Athens, Chairman Nedzi briefed on his November conversation with New York Times correspondent Seymour Hersh. Maury went on to highlight the several topics and allegations Hersh claims he has with respect to Agency activities, particularly allegations that we are engaged in extensive domestic operations. Maury will circulate a, memorandum on the information Hersh claims he has. The Director explained that we should assemble a senior team to meet with Chairman Nedzi and clearly outline what we do and do not do in the United States.

#### 19 January 1973

Maury reported that Chairman Nedzi would like the full Subcommittee on Intelligence Operations to hear a presentation by us on Agency activity in the United States sometime in mid-February. The Director noted that his decision of yesterday to turn out a senior team for this briefing stands.

### 22 January 1973

General Walters noted Howard Hunt's appearance on television last night. Thuermer will obtain a transcript of the program, and the Executive Director noted his concern over Hunt's suggestion that he is no longe: bound by his secrecy agreement.

### 23 January 1973.

Executive Director noted that the terminal secrecy agreement which Howard Hunt signed said that he will be acknowledged as an Agency employee. His assertion that he is not bound by the agreement because we did in fact acknowledge his employment here is therefore ill-advised.

# 7 February 1973

Maury noted that Mr. Helms is appearing before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee this morning on police training, ITT, and the Watergate incident. He also noted that he has solicited the support of Senators Humphrey, McGee, and Scott to make appropriate public statements following Mr. Helms appearance.

#### 8 February 1973

Maury recalled that we are obligated to sit down with Chairman Nedzi and review what we do and don't do in the U.S. The Director concurred. The DDI suggested that we undertake an in-house review of what it is we are doing in the U.S. and identify and eliminate the marginal.

#### 14 February 1973

Thuermer noted advice from Nicholas Horrock of Newsweek that a "soft story" is floating around Newsweek on the general topic of political espionage and ex-CIA agents.

#### 1 March 1973

Maury related that former Director Richard Helms has been asked by Senator Fulbright to reappear before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Maury said that Mr. Helms would probably be queried on the Watergate incident, Agency training of police, and ITT and went on to describe Mr. Helms' anticipated response.

#### 2 March 1973

Maury highlighted yesterday's LIG meeting at the White House and his recommendation that we not provide examples of Congressional leaks of classified information for White House use in reacting to Congressional criticism of the Administration's "indiscretions." The DDS advised that the Office of Security is keeping a reasonably complete record of obvious leaks of intelligence information in the press and elsewhere.

## 6 March 1973

The Director noted advice that Hugh Sidey of Time magazine plans to write a story alleging that Howard Hunt was employed by a cover organization, i.e., Robert R. Mullen Company, when he left the Agency. Colby noted that this company is a completely private concern but has provided cover for one or two officers overseas. The Director asked Thuermer to be prepared to cope with any inquiries when the story appears.

> (Signed) William V. Bros William V. Bros Inspector General

#### Excerpt, WVB Daily Log of 30 May 1973.

1100:called WVB, to bring to his attention the fact thatKissinger has asked for some papers he'd received in summer of 1970;now wants to see them again. One, Restless Youth (June 1970). OCI wrotea whole set of country chapters; andof the CS (since leftCIA) wrote a more sensitive piece drawing on US and other countries forexamples to make its point. OCI balked--didn't want to do anything on theUS side.The whole project eventually was turned over to CA.worked undersupervisionalso left--in Boston).

Thereafter XXXXXXXX, in August 1970, because we had done so much work we published a separate paper "Student Unrest Abroad"---compilation of the country studies.

WVB: There was a 3rd---on the Caribbean--black aspects.

WVB is familiar with the 3---but didn't know about the aspects.

Per Kissinger had told Latimer "You guys sent me a pepry paper; I sent it back with some nice words on it--would like to see again" (not a direct quote). WVB said he had the DDI's copy. Whitman says Latimer has copies of both reports. His records suggest that paper was carried to San Clemente perhaps by Gen. KKKK Cushman, but gathered Cushman had been unable to deliver it to Kissinger. Could be that Kissinger didn't see only the others. Records do not confirm this in detail. Latimer is struggling with Kissinger's request.

WVB said he'd check with

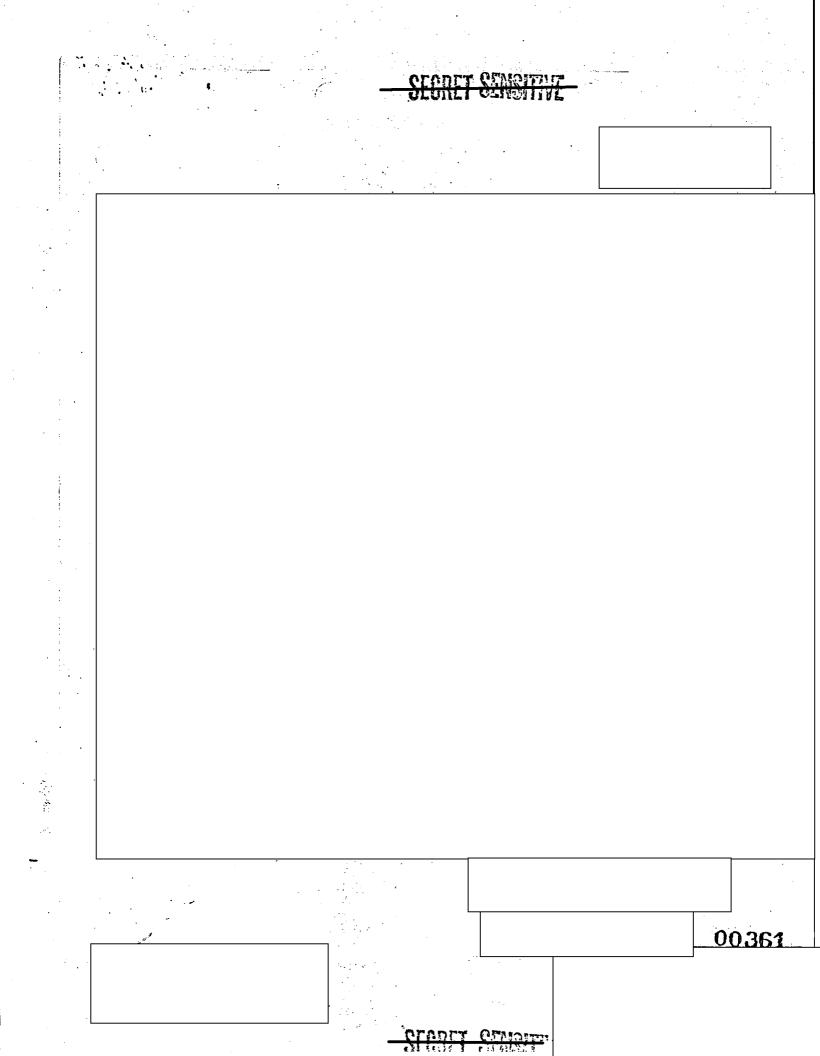
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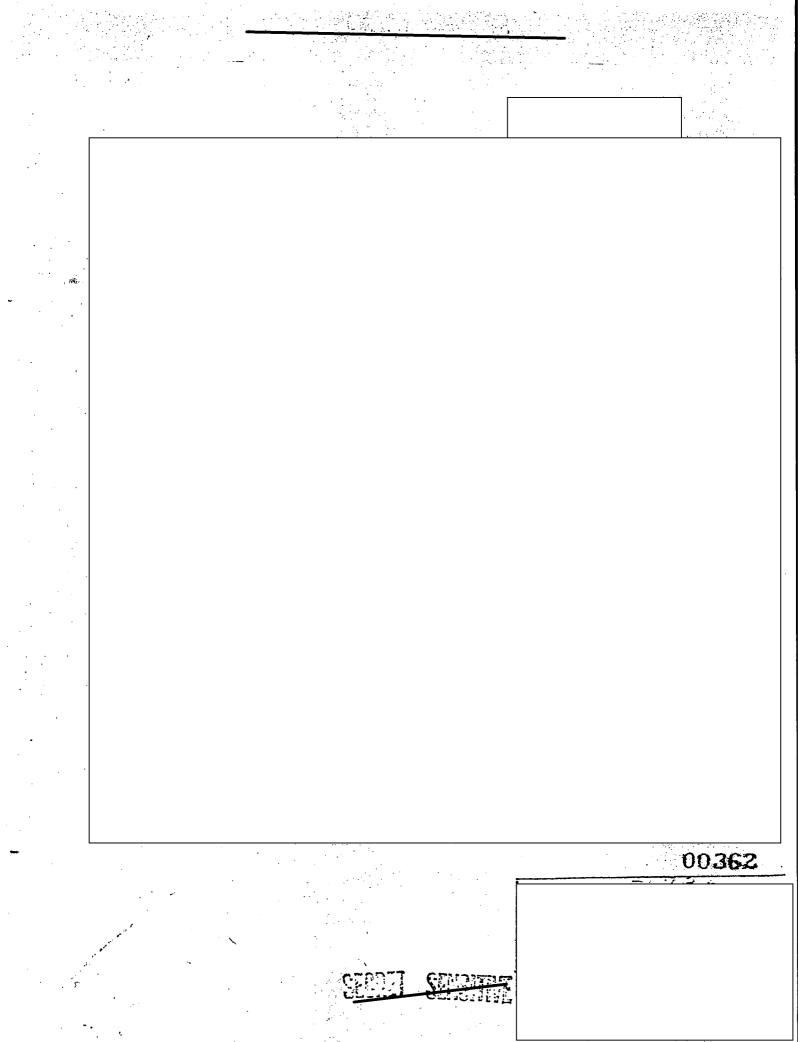
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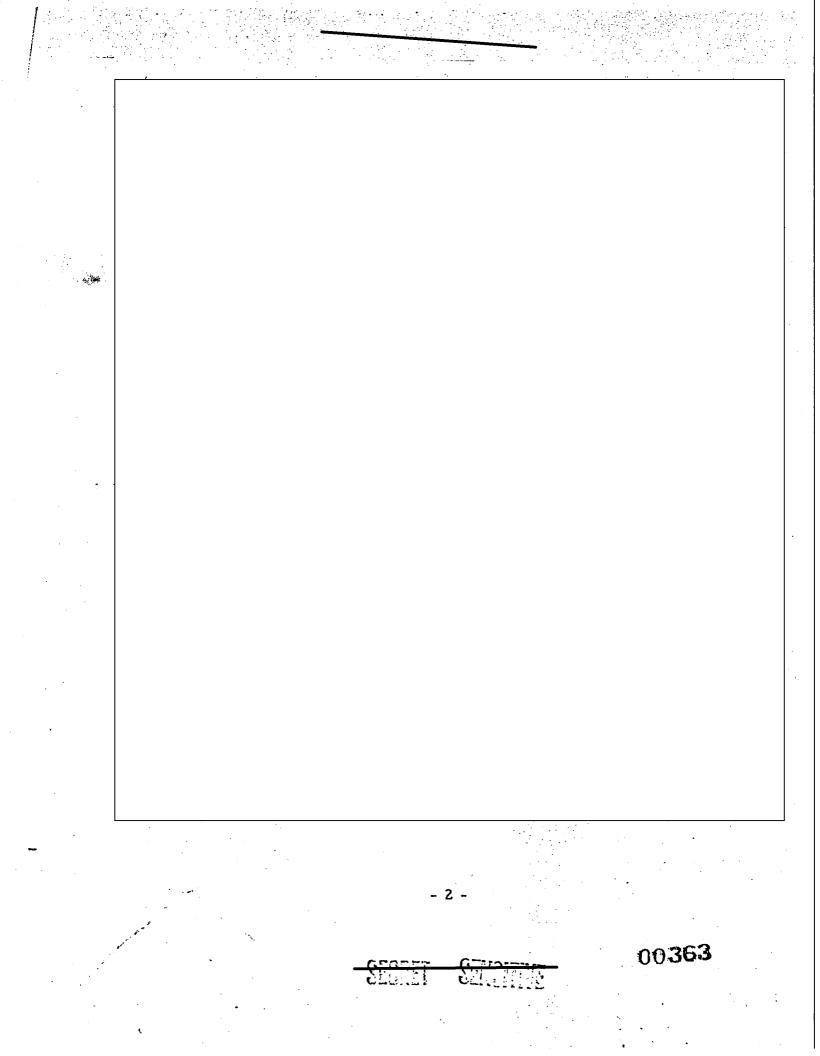
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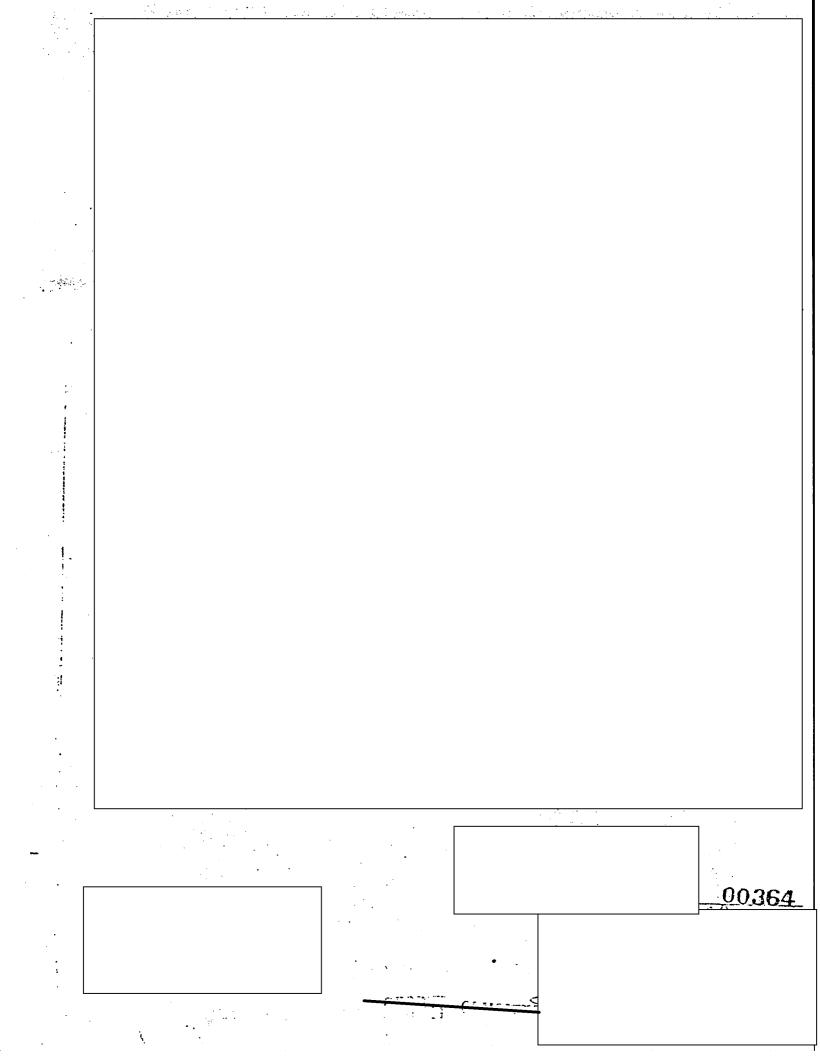
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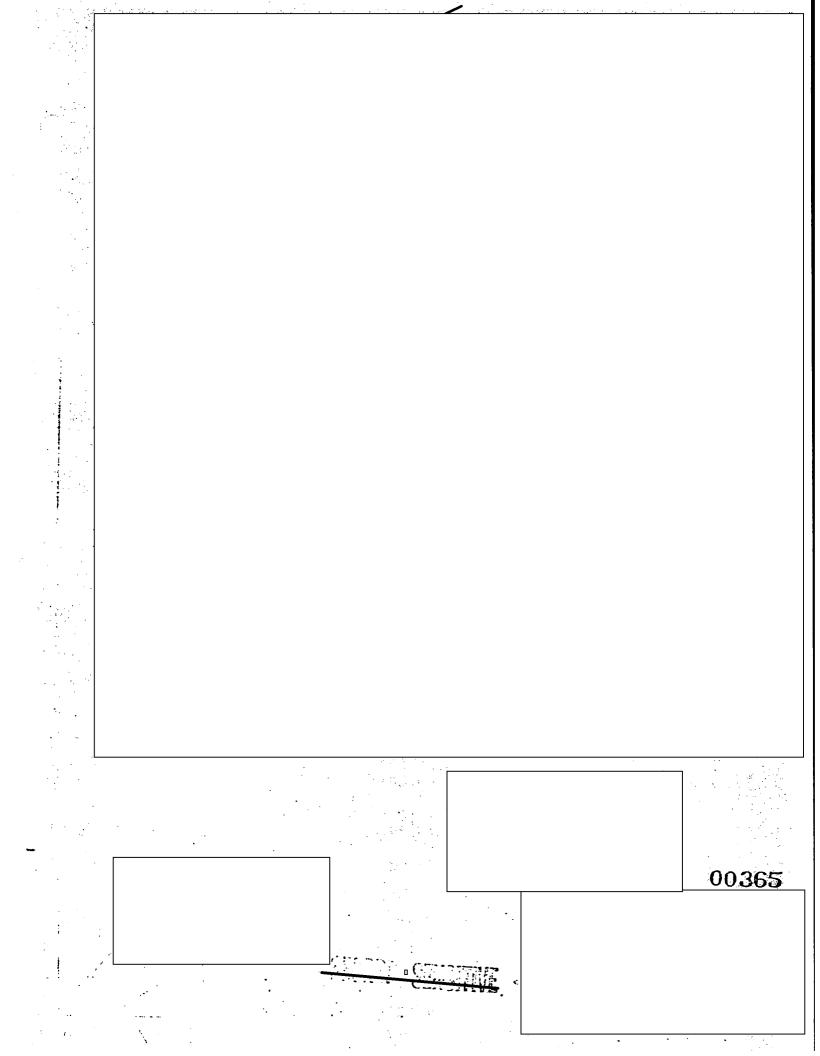


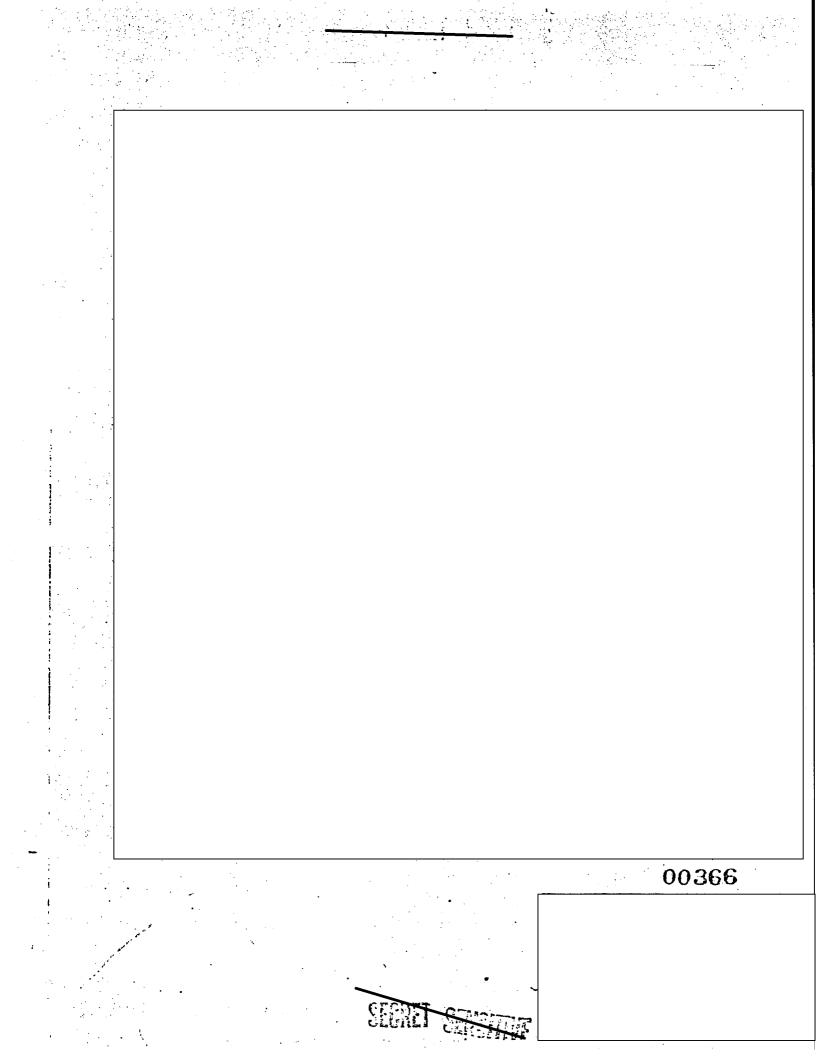


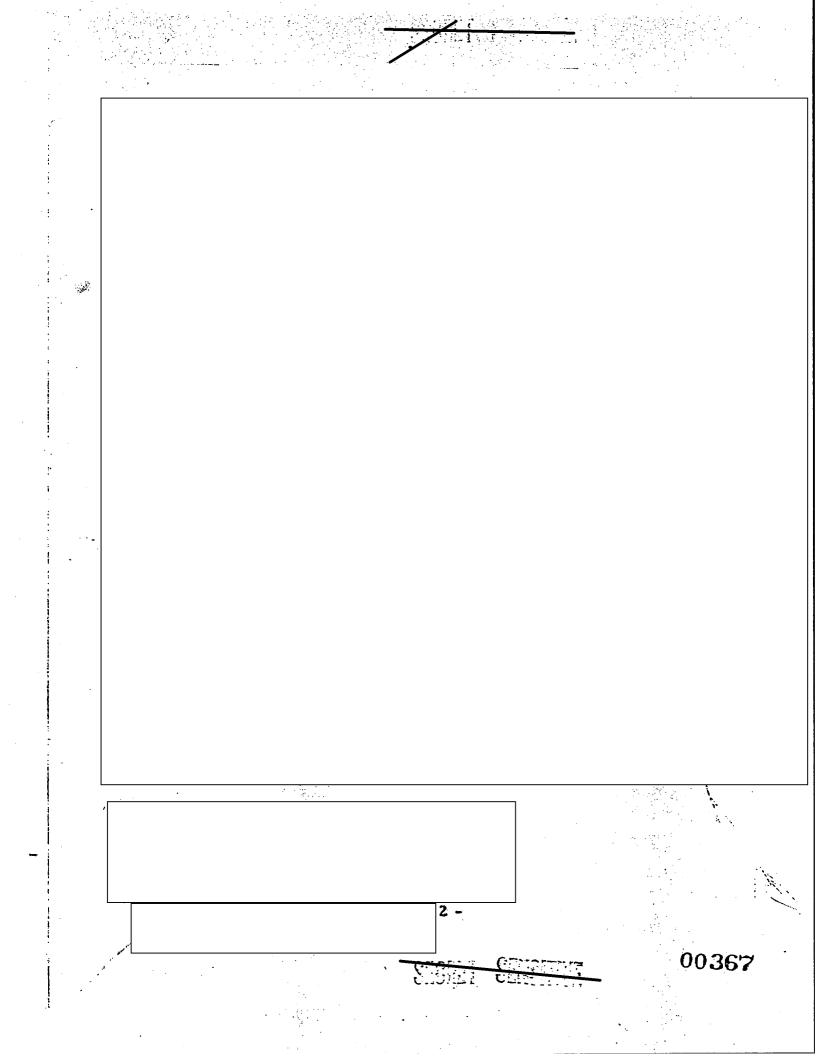
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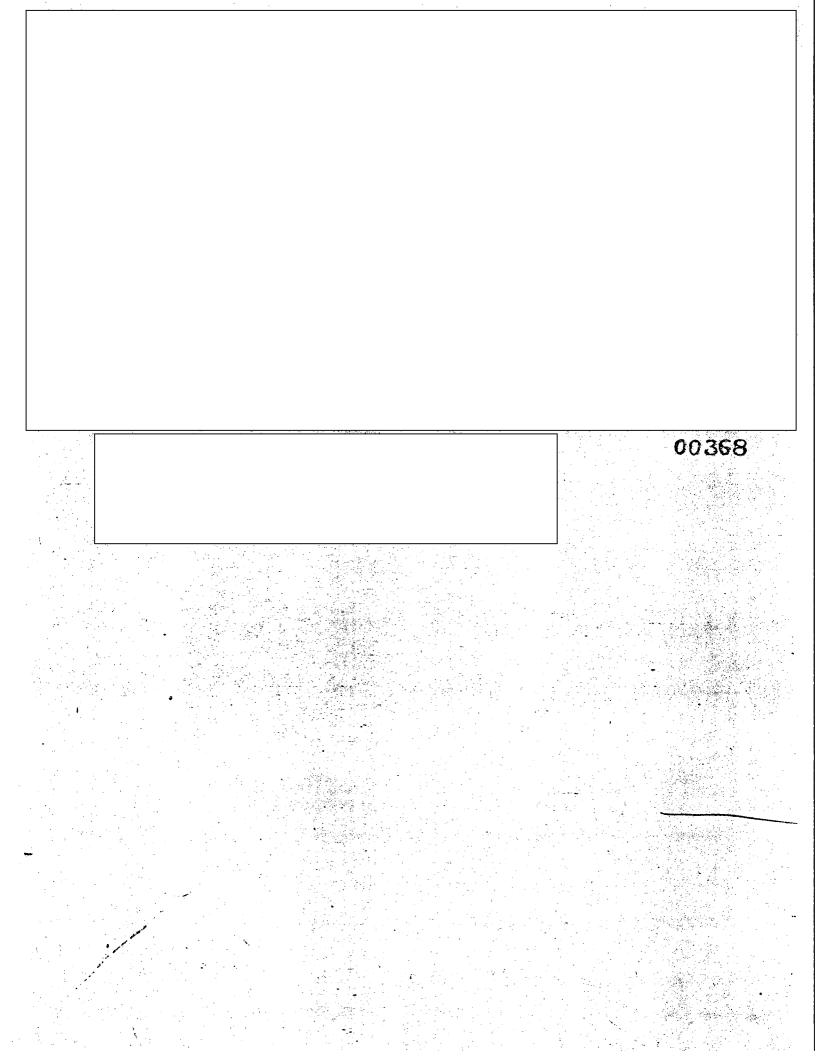


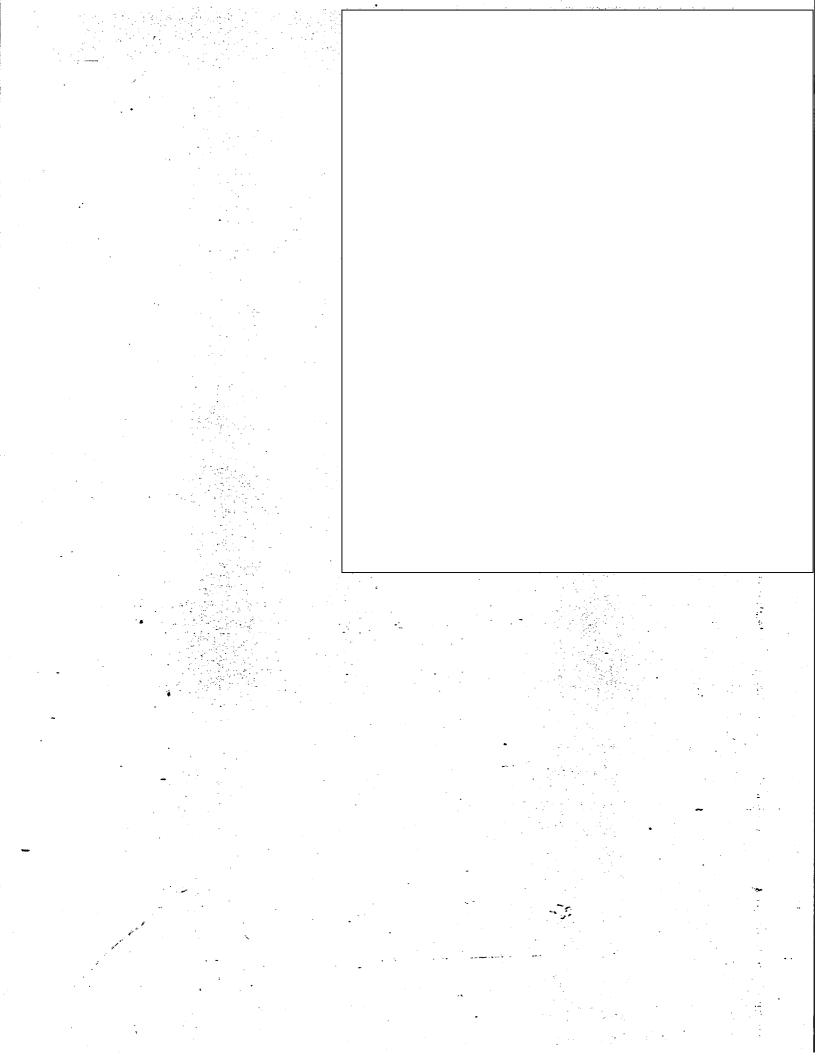


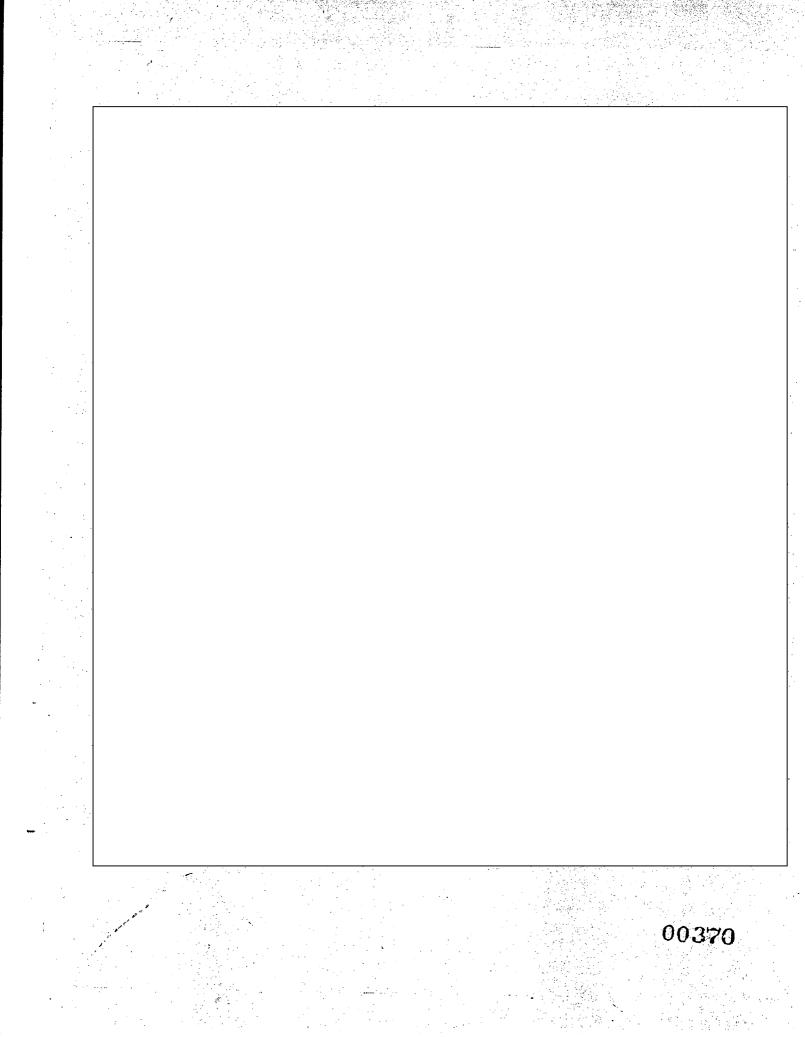












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the defendants. The operation at the Embassy of Chile, 1788 Martache petts Ave. NW, Involved three rass, the source said. Gra pulled documents from the files, c2: photographed the Series and one placed sy collicities have said that hos May their chancers was burg. iarized and the files of their a mbatsador and political chieft were perched.

The ENTINE & DELINE Well acqualation with the activities of the Water sta Sefendents. made the information prailthe on the condition that his rame not be used.

Among the sensions whomas ectivities were in some way al legedly mealiored wers Senate Majority Leader Mike Mansfield (D-Mont.). Senate Foreign Relations Committee Chairman J. William Fuibright (D-Ark.). and Sen. Frank Church (D. Idaho). This source also said that Sel Linowitz former U.S. ambailador to the Organization of American States, was hopt under timilar surreillante.

While Newscry was able to "confirm some of the source's statements through officials close to the investigation. al-Jegations concerning the surveillams of schators neither could be confirmed nor denied. The seven defendants in the

Watergale case go on trial Monday in the U.S. District Court .here.

It also has been learned that: e Federal zuthorities have tracked down and questionedi

two men who had been involved in Washington with the Watergate group but who had not been caught at the Democratic headquarters scene June 17.]

a Policin Histori Lata chief a daily dary that was tolay written by one of the Writter the Color Trailer Die gagie Martinere

م مىرچىمىنى بور E CIA case officer Day have Children in a state of the stat years following his part in the Ety of Pigs effeir, accord. ing to a well-informed defense source in the case. The pource faits that Martines ponicheed to his fellow da fedents that he had been keeping the diary, 21.0.e urging of his current CLA subernisor, eller K pice saised

by federal officials. Investigation sources so-knowledge that FBI agents found the dary in the truck of Martiner' sar, which was parked at Miami International Airport and a second beacher

Assistant U.S. Attorney Earl J. Silbert declined to say whigher Marinez' diary would be introduced as evidence in the Waterssie trial, which, opens Monday.

De Diego, 43, is a real estate saleman who was employed in Miami real estate office of Bernard L. Barker, one of the Watergate defendants.

De Diego, who was granted) immunity by the grand jury investigating the case, said ha told the grand jury and the FBI that he had come to Washington last May with Pico and the four Watergate defendants from the Miami area (Barker, Martinez, Frank Sturgis and Virgilio R. Gonzales). He said that he believed he and his friends were waiting to see someone from the government.

gale derendense sublection and former security consultant for the President's re-decupa A TO MALENCE CE L'IOS IT with the four the reports iren illent.

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WH Comments on Jack Auderson Column

ASPENDE:

Jack Anderson's Vishiugton Marry-Co-Round Column of S March 1973: "Childan Brenk-ins Roflect Jatergate"

00373

1. WH Division has reviewed the referenced column (copy attached) by Jack Anderson and finds that it contains no new information. To the best knowledge of the Division, there is no foundation to the allegation that E. Moward Hunt was engaged on behalf of ITT in breaking into Chilcan diplomatic installations in Washington and New York.

2. Any connection between ITT and these break-ins is parely conjectural and the column takes care to point this out.

Hunt on this or any ITT matter. He had anticipated that Anderson might imply such a relationship in his column and had assured us that this was not true.

Theodore G. Shackley

Theodore G. Shackley Chief Western Hemisphere Division

Attachment:

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As Stated

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breakins. In a memo intended for the eyes only of sonators investi-nating ITT's operations in Chile, staff director Jerry Lev-inson reported: <u>"A sources</u> in the Cuban community told the subcommuter staff that Frank Sturgis had told other people trant he and Maritnez and Gon." "Federal sources report the Cubans to be absolutely loyal, ITT and Watergate the ITT and Watergate the ITT and Watergate scan-the ITT and watergate scan-that acting FBI chief L. Pat-trick Gray and convicted Watergate felon E. Howard Hunt had been involved in an drash were left untersticed "Valuable office equipment Hunt had been involved in an drash were left untersticed were left untersticed for the only one of the conclusion." The Chilean Embassy bur-glary was investigated by the FBI, which dismissed it as rou-the ITT and Watergate scan-the ITT and watergate scan-that acting FBI chief L. Pat-Levinson wrote, "that it was not routine." Sturgis had told other people uperation. Watergate felon E. Howard "Valuable office equipment toat he and Marinez and Gon-weakington business and abortive effort to discredit the The Anabassador's office and fendan's, had broken into the political sources report that farmous Dita Beard memo, the office of the First Secre-

oped a number of leads sug- for private clients. Beard about renouncing the lizing of the New York apart-gesting a relationship between "It is possible that E. How- memo. We reported that Gray, ments of Chilean diplomats ITT and the team which was and Hunt, acting as the con- meanwhile, turned the origi- were described in the memo arrested at the Watergate." tractor for the 'team,' had nal memo over to ITT for its as "similar clean break-ins." But he stressed "that the case more than one client and that experts to try to discredit. Footnote: Jerry Levinson outlined in this memorandum a second client was ITT, which Gray refused to comment refused to comment on his is circumstantial and that was interested in obtaining in- when we called the FBI for his memory, which he said wasn't the second client was interested in obtaining in-

#### **Suspicious** Case

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lendan's, had broken into the political sources report that famous Dita Beard memo, the office of the First Secre-embassy to photograph docu-ments." Watergate arrest, E. Howard pledge from ITT with a settle-files were both searched and pledge from ITT with a settle-files were inspected. The thever, about implicating ITT in the city that he had a 'team' 'the alloced Chilean caper, available for 'Mission Impossi-'the staff of the subcorneit-ble' assignments and that the tas," he reported, "has devel-team would be willing to work oped a number of leads sug-for private clients."

there is no hard evidence of formation about its negotial response. Questioned by senal intended for publication. An it involvement," ITT involvement," tions over the fate of its in- tors under oath, however, he ITT spokesman called the vestment in the Childran Tele- testified that he had not allegations about Hunt "ab-

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Baspicious Lase phone Company. The mem-turned the memo over to ITT, solutely and totally untrue." Here, however, is the cir-bers of the team may have directly but had delivered it to He said ITT had never hire? cumstantial case, which the been recruited, thinking they White House aide John Dean. Hunt for any purpose. subcommittee staff has pieced were doing a patriotic thing to It was the White House, in .

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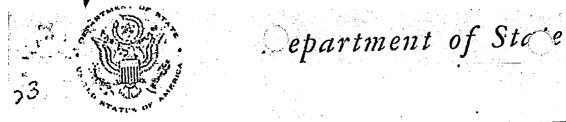
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SUBJE UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY INTO CHILEAN EMBASSY: FONMIN STATEMENT

1. FOLLOWING IS OUR INFORMAL TRANSLATION OF STATEMENT (UNNECESSARY WORDS OMITTED) FONMIN UNDERSECRE ARY PALMA GAVE PRESS EVENING MAY 151 GUOTE: CHILEAN AMBASSADOR IN US HAS INFORMED THIS MINISTRY THAT OVER WEEKEND CHANCERY OF EMBASSY IN WASHINGTON WAS ETTERED ILLEGALLY (VIOLADA) BY UNKNOWN INDIVIDUALS WHO PRO-CEEDEL TO FORCE OPEN DESKS AND KARDEXES OF EMBASSY'S POLITICAL AFFAIRS OFFICE.

ALBEIT ON LESSER SCALE. PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION DISCLOSED REA MOVAL OF DOCUMENTS, BOOKS, RADIOS, ETC. AS RESULT THESE SERIOUS ACTS; CHILEAN AMB TO US ADVISED STATE DEPT WHICH EXPRESSED FITS DEEP REGRET! AT WHAT HAD OCCURED.

"THIS AFTERNOON-UNDERSECRETARY CALLED IN US AMBASSADOR TO EXPRESS GOC'S CONCERN ABOUT SECURITY OF ITS DIPLOMATIC MISSIGN IN US, REQUESTING RAPID AND RIGORCUS INVESTIGATION AS NELL AS ESTABLISHMENT OF POLICE GUARD TO PREVENT REALIZATION OF THESE LAMENTABLE ABUSES (DESMANES).

"FOR ITS PART OUR GOVT HAS ADOPTED MEASURES TO SAFEGUARD THESECURITY OF OUR COMMUNICATIONS AND OBLIGATORY INVESTIGATION (SUMARIO) HAS BEEN ORDERED. UNQTE.

2. VIRTUALLY ALL SANTIAGO DAILIES THIS MORNING CARRY TEXT OR FAITHFUL SUMMARIES PALMA STATEMENT WITHOUT COMMENT OR FANCIFUL

UNCLASSIELED



# Department of State TELEGRAM

UNCLASSIFIED

## 162301Z PAGE Ø2 SANTIA Ø2473

HEADLINES. STORY BANNERED ACROSS FRONT PAGE, HOWEVER, BY COMMUNIST EL SIGLO AND INDEPENDENT LA TERCERA. GOVT TV NETWORK NEWS LAST EVENING RAN ANNOUNCEMENT AGAINST BACKDROP OF ITT EXPOSE POSTER. DAVIS

POL 17 Chile - US



Department of Stare TELEGRAM

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DENTIAL

SANTIA #245# 1523267 PAGE 01

71 ACTION ARA-16

INR-26 DODE-00 C1/.F-07 USSS-433 SY-03 Cb3-85 001-01 RSR-01 NSC-10

PRS-21 55-14

INFO

USIA-12

P-03 PSC-21

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FM ANEMBASSY SANTIAGO

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00382

TGC

FILE

TO SECSTATE HASHDC 1218

CONFIDENTIAL SANTIAGO 2450

SUBJECT: UNAUTHORIZED ENTEY INTO CHILEAN EMBASSY

1. FOPEIGN MINISTRY SUB-SECRETARY PALMA ASKED ME TO CALL ON HIM TODAY AT 5:30 P.M. THE JUST READ AP STORY FROM WASHINGTON ABOUT UNAUTHORIZED FRIEN INTO CHILEAN EMBASSY - AND KNEW WHAT TO EXPECT. PALMA EMPHASI FO THAT AMBASSADORIS OFFICE SHOWED SIGNS OF HAVING BEEN CAREFULLY SEARCHED FOR PAPERS WHILE VALUABLES HAD NOT REEN TOUCHED. HE SAID CHILEAN GOVERNMENT ASSUMED MOTIVE HAD SCEN POLITICAL. FROM HIS OWN RECENT EXPERIENCE IN WASHINGTON, PALMA SAID, HE KNEW PROTECTION GIVEN CHILEAN EMBASSY WAS LESS EFFECTIVE THAN IT MIGHT BEAR HE SAID CHILEAN GOVERNMENT MADE SPECIAL SEFORTS TO PROTECT U.S. OFFICES AND RESIDENCES IN SANTIAGO IN PART BECAUSE OF DELICACY OF OUR RELATIONS - AND HE THOUGHT USG SHOULD ALSO STRIVE TO GIVE CHILFAN OFFICES AND HUMES BETTER THAN RUN-DE-THE-MILL PROTECTION. PALMA ASSURED ME THAT GOC HAS NO DESIDE THAT THIS INCIDENT BE MAGNIFIED. IN FACT, HE APPEARED. SLIGHTLY TAKEN ABACK WHEN I MENTIONED THAT INCIDENT WAS ALREADY ON PEFSS SERVICE WIRES.

2. I EXPRESSED REGRET THAT INCIDENT HAD OCCURRED AND THANKED PALMA FOR PROTECTION U.S. OFFICES ARE RECEIVING. (CARABINEROS BROKE UP DEMONSTRATION IN FRONT OF CONSULATE & FEW HOURS AGO.1 I SAID I WOULD PASS ON GOD REQUEST FOR INCREASED PROTECTION.

3. STATE 84655 ARRIVED & FEW MOMENTS AGO. FALMA MADE NO MENTION OF PROPERTY DAMAGE OR THEFT OF RADIO.

FORM DS 322 (SC MROT

DOHLSS ISLADEZ MAY 72 ROGERS

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

ARA/2C/C:LGIRDLER 5/15/72 EXT 22575 ARA/BC:JWFISHER

S/CPR:HDAVIS

INMEDIATE

# SUEJ: BREAK-IN AT CHILEAN CHANCERY

L. CHILEAN MINCOUNS VALDES PHONED DEPT (FISHER) MORNING MAY 15 TO REPORT THAT UPON ARRIVAL SAME MORNING THEY DISCOVERED PERSON OF PERSONS UNKNOWN HAD ENTERED CHANCERY CAPPARENTLY SATURDAY NIGHT OR SUNDAY NIGHT; AND HAD SEARCHED SEVERAL OFFICES AND TAKEN SOME RADIOS AND BOOKS. DEPT IMMEDIATELY NOTIFIED APPROPRIATE AUTHORITIES THROUGH PROTOGOL AND SY CHANNELS, AND DEPTOFF (GIRDLER; VISITED CHANCERY TO PERSON CONCERN AND REGRET.

2. DURING VISIT, ANB LETELIER AND EMBOFFS DISMISSED ROBBERY AS POSSIBLE MOTIVE, STATING IT IMPOSSIBLE CON-CEIVE THAT FOREIGN CHANCERY LOGICAL TARGET FOR STRAIGHT ROBBERY AND CONCLUDING THAT REAL PURPOSE WAS SEARCH FOR -UNSPECIFIED; DOCUMENTS. WHILE TERMING INCIDENT "DISAGREE-ASLE" THEY MADE NO HINT OF, OR REFERENCE TO, POSSIBLE PROTEST OR CLAIM FOR PROPERTY DAMAGE. YY

DOCUMENT AS REFERRED TO STATE DEPT.

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00383

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

OGC 73-0930 25 May 1973

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Chilean Embassy Break In on 15 May 1972

1. On 24 May 1973 I telephoned Mr. James Robinson, General Crime Section, Department of Justice and asked if he had any information as to criminal prosecution of persons involved in a break in at the Chilean Embassy in Washington, D.C. on 15 May 1972. Mr. Robinson stated he had no knowledge of this but suggested that it would be better to check with Mr. G. Marvin Gentile, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Security, Department of State, and the Secret Service since they had responsibilities for the Executive Protective Service (EPS). I telephoned Mr. Gentile and he identified two State Department cables relative to the incident; one from the embassy in Santiago to the Department, No. 2450, dated 15 May 1972, Subject: Unauthorized Entry Outlining the Protest of the Chilean Government presented to the American Embassy, and the State Department reply to Santiago, No. 084655, dated 15 May 1972. Mr. Gentile also identified the EPS report of investigation and suggested that I get a copy from the Secret Service. I then called at Secret Service and he had his liaison man deliver me a copy of the EPS report of investigation.

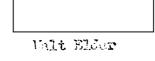
2. On 25 May 1973 I received a call from FBI Agent

stating that he had received a telephone call from Mr. James Robinson relative to my inquiry about prosecution. indicated that the FBI Washington Field Office had recontacted the Metropolitan Police Department (MPD) on 24 May and reviewed the report No. 248-424 filed with the 3rd District, MPD which states that a break in occurred at the Chilean Embassy between 5:00 and 8:00 a.m. on 15 May 1972.

Reported loss at that time consisted of four am/fm radios and one electric razor. The police investigation identified some latent fingerprints but no identification of those prints was made. Since the reported loss was under \$5,000 and there was no evidence of a crossing of state boundries, the FBI did not make an investigation of the incident. The MPD reported that there had been no prosecution and no suspect was identified. Assistant General Counsel cc: Legislative Counsel Inspector General 00385 Note to : 253, 284

Maas is be intraviered:

Manifored at moviding of 10, 010, and Receive -



Left over from SDB's TSD (new OTS) interviews.

Names revealed in Office of Security report -

Retiring June 1973, referred to McCord for job

25 Y. y 1973

McCord offered part time work (still employed)

Lectured for McCord at Mont. Jun Cell. Flaned to work. Wanted to raise wond for McCord

Where do we stand with:

Steve Kuhn ) Bruce Solie) Paul Gaynor)

Were to have been interviewed

I think WVB has interviewed following:

John Hart	
	Whose names appear in my notes to see
Ed Ryan	
Cord Meyer	<pre>)</pre>
	SDB 00386

#### 26 May 1973

SIGNED

S. D. Breckinridge

00387

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

2.

cc:

SUBJECT: DDI "Trap" on Leaks of Narcotics Intelligence

Sec. B.

1. In material provided by the DDI on contacts with certain persons on the White House Staff, there is a 9 September 1972 memorandum from Mr. Helms to Dr. Kissinger relating the identification of a leak to the press as having been in the BNDD. The memorandum states in part:

> "After noting that Jack Anderson had a continuing source for classified documents on narcotics, we arranged a trap so that recipient organizations of CIA Intelligence Memoranda (IM) on narcotics could be identified."

3. This course of action was at the initiative of the Directorate of Intelligence, without consultation with persons elsewhere in the government, except in reporting the results to Dr. Kissinger. It represents a well-conceived attempt to target on a possible source of leaks. We doubt that it would be susceptible to misunderstanding if exposed to public view, but the fact is that it was something of an attempt to trap someone, and it was a part of the general attempt to seal off a leak similar to those leading to the "plumbing" operation. Because of the latter consideration it is noted for the record.

#### 25 11 7 1913

#### sender forter FOR: Mr. Colby

#### 973760 (**:** .

#### Toller-ups on Potentich Flep Accivicies

We have now completed the follow-ups requested by you and by Congression Medici on our original submission summarizing potential flap activities. For the follow-ups given you on the afternion of 24 May, we added the following on the afternion of 25 May:

Tab ": A second paragraph on the personnel locators (beacons) to make it more responsive to Congressman Nedzi's question.

Tab 16: An explanation of the magnetometer used for making cardiographs.

Tab 17: An IG-initiated follow-up on which was merely noted on page 17 of the original sensitive summary.

Tab 18; Two IG-initiated follow-ups on items that were included in the initial Directorate submissions but were too fregmentary for inclusion in our ogiginal summary.

Tab 19: One completely new item that surfaced in the course of our induiries.

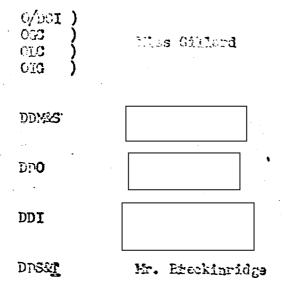
The tabs are not arranged in any logical order, because we chose to place the bulkier items on the bottom of the file to make for easier handling of it. The following is a breakdown of the tabs by initiator of follow-up. (Both you and Nedzi asked for a follow-up on the item in Tab 2.)

Dolby-initiated	Nedzi-initiated	IG-initiated	New submission		
1 2	2 4	17 18	19		
35	10				
8 7 8	12 13 14				
9, 16	15				

William V. Broe Inspector General

## President of the Statesta

Discut auto filos des balls distribuird es follors, to ba Rédui te as scrittice il information is muscired. El dep Resp the filos intertaion faires aus.



All material is to be read by COB Today.

15. Add altre sychel

It is requested that material be carded on 3 x 5 cards for future possible use. It should show (1) the name of the employee in upper lef hand corner, (2) name of person being reported on (e.g. Hunt, McCord, etc.)m (3) event reported, if significant, and the word "routine if not significant, (4) identifying reference to memo in which information is recorded.

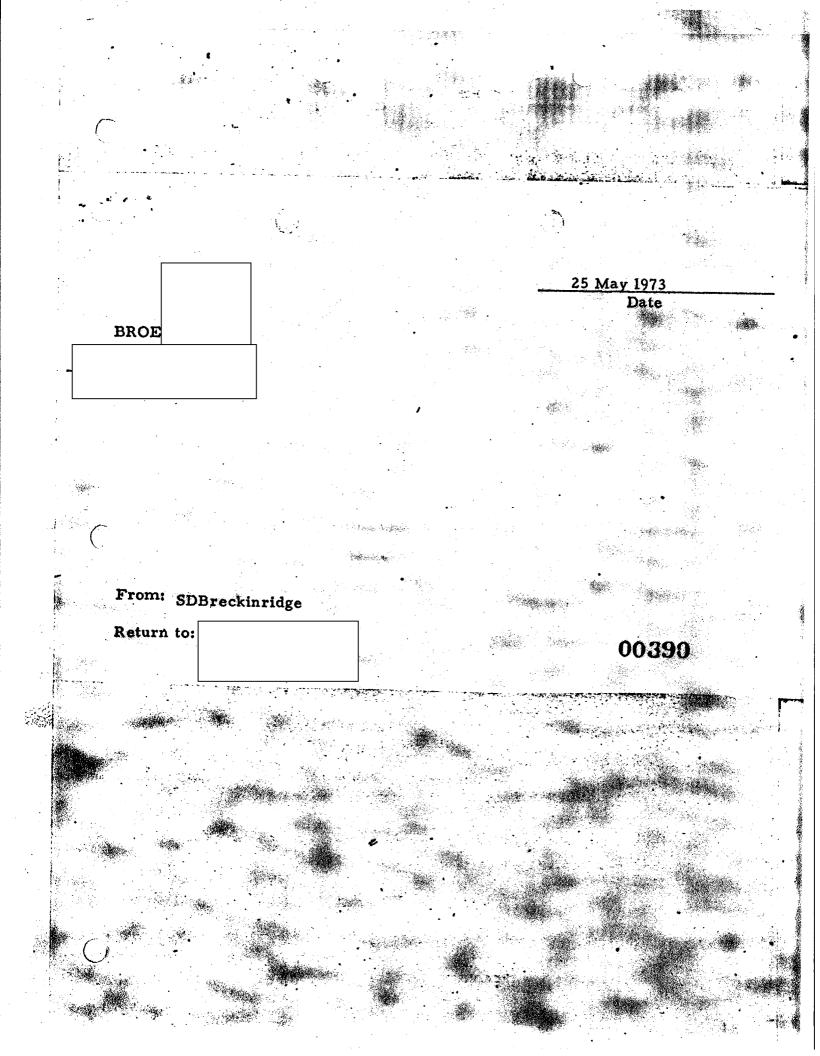
If an event reported in this material is siginficant, please report it immediately for handling (either a "jewell" or something connected with Watergate and associated events)

Flease raise any questions that occur as you get into the material. Especially, as you get ideas as work progresses, please put them forward.

SDB

t

Eingloy ill. Udar



#### 25 May 1973

### MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Broe

SUBJECT

: Reported Agency Funding of Heroin Study

1. ORD, in reporting association of employees with Egil Krogh in connection with the government narcotics program, referred to an Agency funding action on 30 June 1972 whereby \$37,500 was transferred to OST (the Office of Science and Technology under the Executive) from ORD's budget. The money was to fund a study proposed by IDA (I am told this is the Institute for Defense Analysis), and was approved by the DDI, ADD/S&T,

acting for the DDS, and Mr. Colby as Executive Director-Comptroller.

2. I judge this to be a proper and normal expenditure within the government in connection with a high priority government program on narcotics. I recommend that this not be reported as an action subject to external criticism.

S. D. Breckinridge

OPURATIONS CENTER HEAS CAREASIS SERVICE

> DATE: <u>24 May</u> ITCM: NO.24 REF : NO.

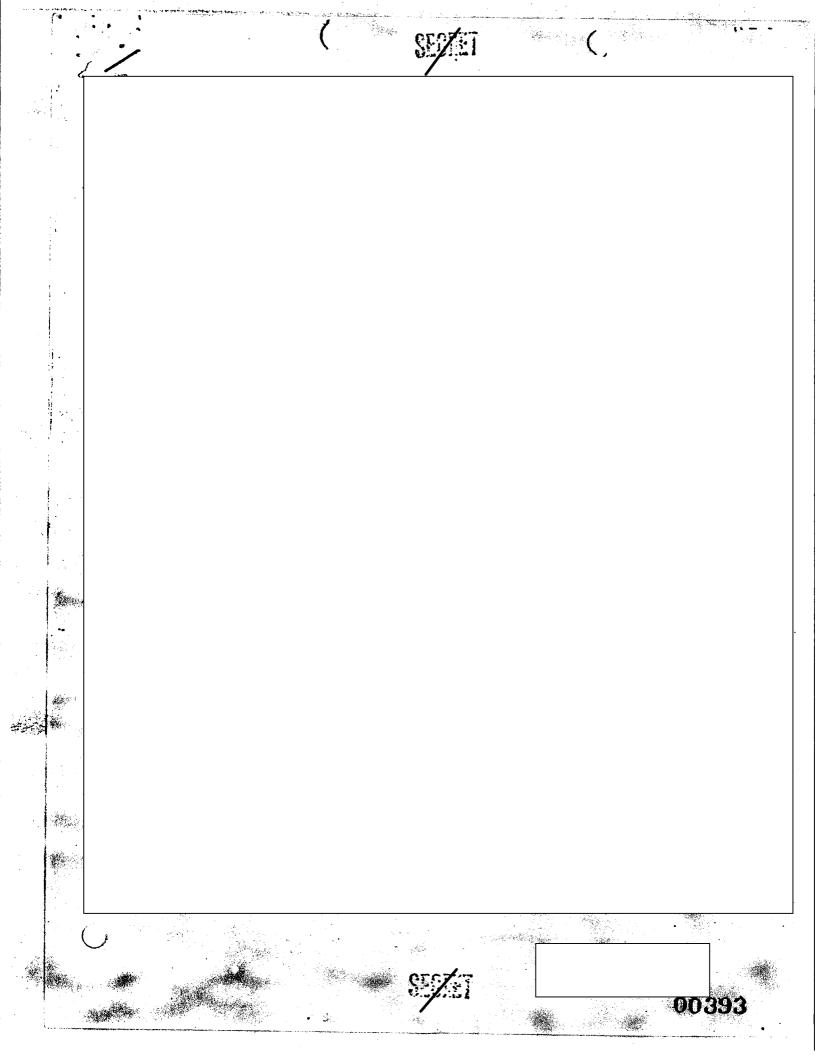
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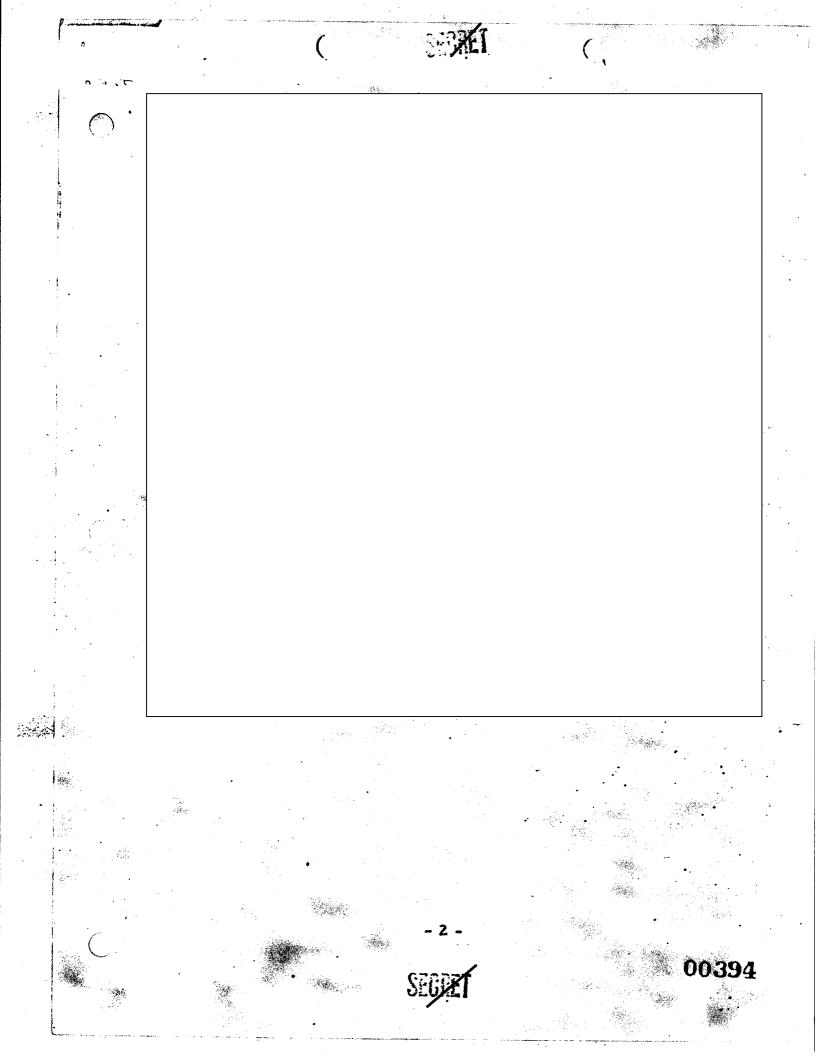
DCI DOCI JPI155 (CIA) DCI/IC WASHINGTON (UPI) -- CIA OFFICIALS TESTIFIED WEDNESDAY THEY FORGOT DDI DD/MAS TO TELL CONGRESS OR THE AGENCY'S DIRECTOR, JAMES SCHLESINGER, ABOUT DDO (2 ANONYMOUS WARNINGS THEY RECEIVED THAT THE UNITE HOUSE WAS TRYING TO DDS/T PIN BLAWE ON THE AGENCY FOR THE WATERGATE SCANDAL. REP. LUCIEN NEDZI, D-WICH., CALLED THREE OFFICIALS OF THE CIA TO D/OCI EXPLAIN WHY THE LETTERS -- WHICH HAVE BEEN TRACED TO WATERGATE ONE CONSPIRATOR JAMES MCCORD -- DID NOT SURFACE UNTIL TWO DAYS AGO. OSR "ONE OF THE REASONS THEY GAVE WAS THE FAMILIAR 'I FORGOT, '" NEDZI OSI (2 Ch/OpsiSAID. "THEY ALSO SAID IT WAS A MATTER OF TURNING IT OVER TO SOMEONE ELSE AND ASSUMING HE WOULD PASS IT ON." PDB THE SIX LETTERS -- ONE OF THEM SIGNED "JIM" AND THE OTHERS INDICO DDO/DO ANONYMOUS -- WERE SENT TO FORMER CIA DIRECTOR RICHARD HELMS BETWEEN JULY 1972 AND LAST JANUARY. NEDZI SAID IT HAD BEEN "PRETTY DEFINITELY ESTABLISHED" THAT . A\* WCCORD, A FORMER CIA AGENT, WAS THE AUTHOR OF ALL THE LETTERS. NEDZI OSD DECLINED TO SAY WHAT WAS IN THEM, BUT REP. WILLIAM BRAY, R-IND., SAID mea THEY WERE "CONFUSED" AND "DISJOINTED" WARNINGS THAT THE WHITE HOUSE fe WAS TRYING TO MAKE THE WATERGATE BREAK-IN AS A CIA PLOT. wh BOTH NEDZI AND BRAY SAID THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE THAT CIA WAS IN ANY eur WAY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WATERGATE BREAK-IN. TESTIFYING AT THE SESSION WERE PAUL GAYNOR, HOWARD OSBORNE AND Thuermer WILLIAM BRAUX, TOP CIA OFFICIALS WHO HAD CUSTODY OF THE MCCORD Legco LETIERS AT VARIOUS STAGES AFTER THEY WERE SENT. louston NEDZI INITIALLY SPELLED BRAUX'S NAME AS BROE AND SAID HE DID NOT )sborne KNOW IF IT WAS THE SAME MAN WHO TOLD THE SENATE COMMITTEE ABOUT roe MEETINGS HE HAD WITH ITT PRESIDENT HAROLD GENEEN TO DISCUSS THE laynor CREATION OF INTERNAL ECONOMIC STRIFE IN CHILE. "PI 05-24 05:12 PED

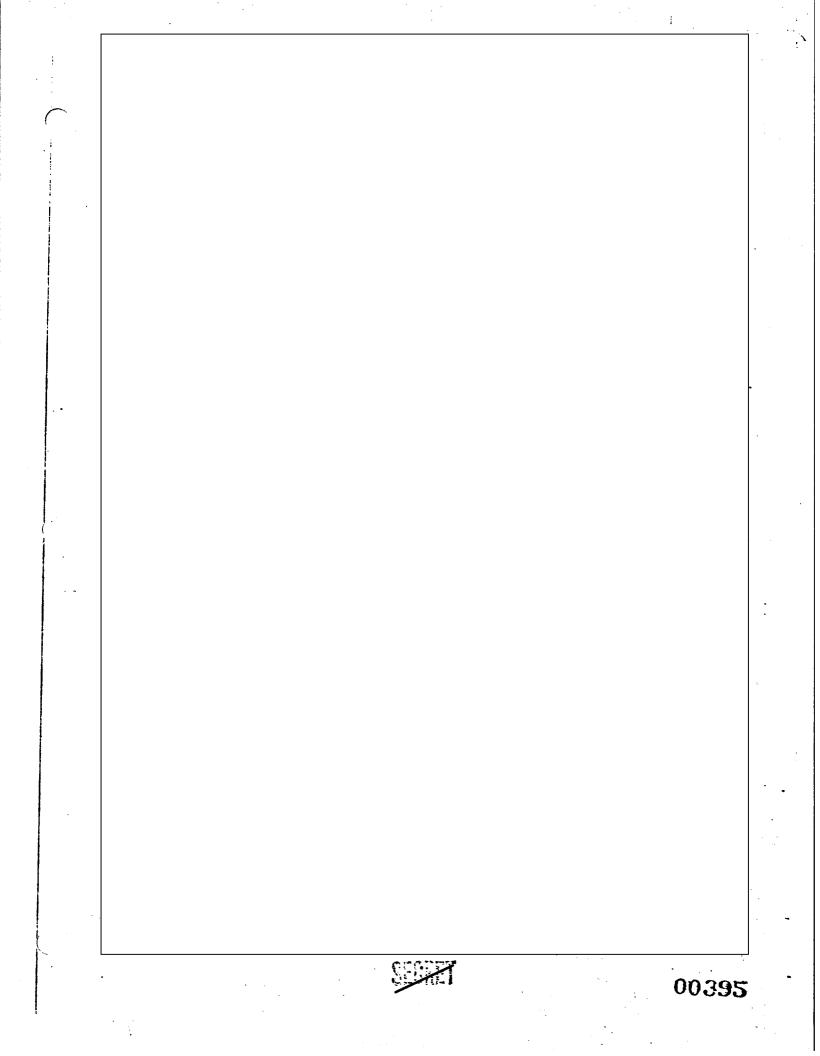
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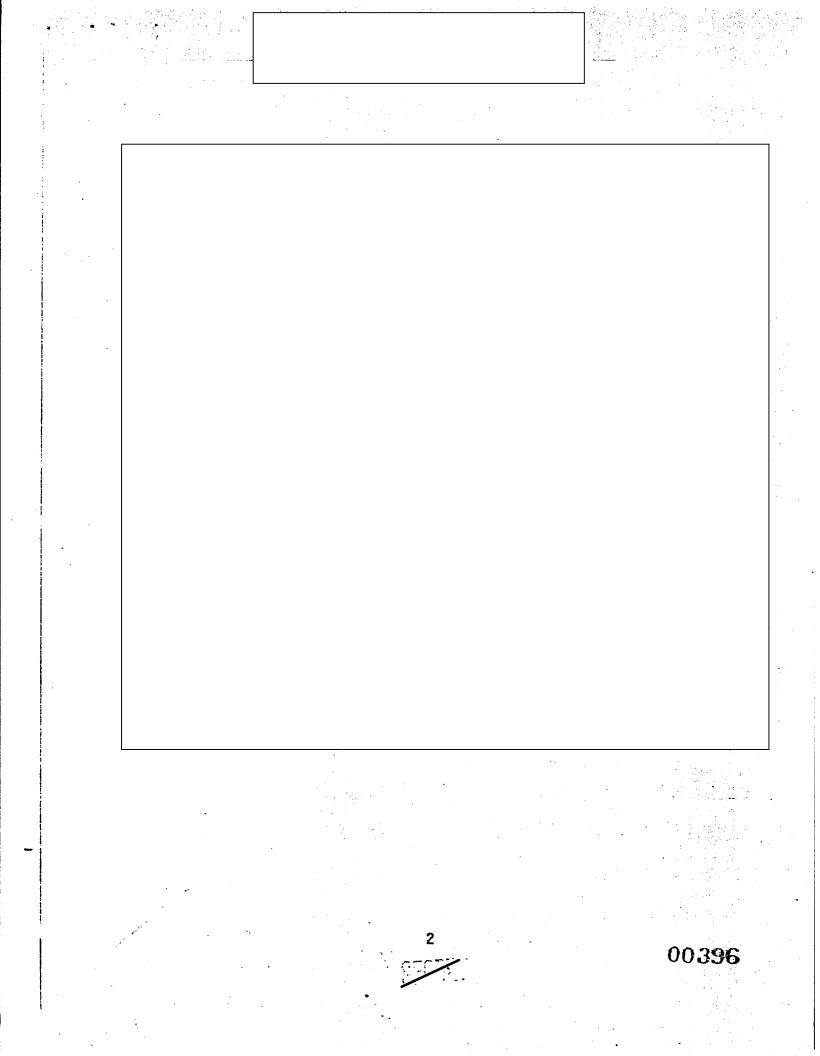
00392

These comments represent the initial and tentative reaction of the Office of Current Intelligence to the attached item from the news services.









24 May 1973

00397

### MEMORANDUM FOR THERECORD

SUBJECT: General: Watergate

Specific: Tom Parrott's Involvement with David Young

We met with Tom Latimer this morning to get from him the only existing copy of the sensitive attachment to our family jewels report in order that we might make a temporary stayback burn copy. At that time, Latimer said he had a call in to Broe to report that when Tom Parrott was DCI duty officer some time in September 1972 he received some calls from David Young.

I called Parrott's home (FE 7-3512) at 0925. The person answering, presumably Mrs. Parrott, gave me his telephone number at the Environmental Protection Agency (755-0533). I called Parrott there and told him that I would like to meet with him to debrief him on the substance of calls he received from the White House when he was DCI duty officer in September 1972. Tom said he would be happy to meet with me but that he saw no reason why he could not give me the information over the telephone.

Tom received a call from David Young at about midday on a Saturday. Young was calling about that morning's program by Dan Rather in which Rather included material from a classified report. Young wanted to come out to the headquarters building to see Parrott. Parrott started chasing it down. He spoke with Bruce Clarke who had the DDI duty. It turned out that Rather's comment was made on his program of the previous day and that it was based on a report that came out of George Carver's shop. The report was distributed in only seven or eight copies, and only two of them had gone outside the Agency--both to Kissinger.

Young got lost trying to find the build ag and did not arrive until about one. By then, Parrott had identified the Carver report and had a copy of the distribution list. Young was shaken upon discovering that the only external distribution was to Kissinger. He was extremely arrogant, wanting to know who each of the Agency recipients was and why he had received a copy. He wanted to know if any of the Agency recipients had talked with Rather. Parrott called Thuermer at home and found that no reports had been made of contacts with Rather. Young remarked to the effect "that's what they say" and asked if each of these people had been interrogated. Upon learning that the Agency had done nothing about the alleged leak, Young left in Huff saying that he would be back in touch.

Sometime later Parrott got the transcript of the Rather broadcast. Rather's comments bore only a remote connection to the content of the Carver report. Parrott cannot now recall specifically what the Carver report concerned. Rather did imply criticism of the President in his broadcast, and this may have been the basis of Young's concern. On Monday, Parrott got in touch with Carver, and the two of them met with Helms and briefed him on the episode. This is the last Parrott heard of it. Parrott commented that he had no other contacts with anyone remotely involved with Watergate or related matters. He thinks he may have written a memo for the record of the Young episode but is not sure. His duty secretary may remember. This would have been either It is also

possible that carver made a W/K on the matter.

I called Carver. He said that he then had a memo in the mill, which will reach us during the course of the day.

reports that she had traded the duty with that weekend. thinks that Parrott wrote a memo on the episode, but he would have kept only a chrono copy, and his chrono files were destroyed when he left. She has no idea what might have happened to the original.

SIGNED

OLC 73-0611 24 May 1973

# MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Briefing of the Special Subcommittee on Intelligence of House Armed Services Committee

1. This morning Messrs. Lawrence Houston, General Counsel; William Broe, Inspector General; Howard Osborn, Director of Security; Paul Gaynor, Chief, Security Research Staff; and

Secretary to General Walters, appeared before the above Subcommittee about Agency action taken on letters received from James McCord. The meeting lasted from 1000 hours to 1245 hours. There was no technical sweep of the room, 2216 Rayburn House Office Building, and the room was not kept under technical monitoring. Discussions were on a Secret level. A transcript was taken and is on file in the Office of Legislative Counsel.

2. Present for the session were:

Lucien N. Nedzi (D., Mich.), Chairman F. Edward Hebert (D., La.) Melvin Price (D., III.) William G. Bray (R., Ind.) Leslie C. Arends (R., III.) Bob Wilson (R., Calif.)

• Present from the staff were:

Frank Slatinshek, Chief Counsel William Hogan



4. During the hearing, Chairman Nedzi and Mr. Slatinshek criticized Mr. Houston rather severely for the Agency's not reporting the existence of the McCord letters to the FBI at the time they were received. In this connection, Representative Wilson said he wondered if the Agency had actually gone along with "McCord's game plan." He said this would explain why these letters were just now being surfaced. Mr. Houston had a conversation with Nedzi and Slatinshek at the conclusion of the hearing and it seemed he was able to dispel some of their concern.

5. Followup action:

a. The Committee asked to provide copies of her shorthand notes of the memorandum which she prepared for General Walters and copies of the Xerox copy which she made of each of these.

b. They asked for the exact date when Mr. Osborn was called

Acting Legislative Counsel

23 May 1973

### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

On this date Mr. William E. Colby and the writer held a meeting with Congressman Lucien N. Nedzi. The reason for the meeting was to review with the Congressman material sent us by the Directorates describing the Agency activities that had flap potential.

At the outset, Mr. Colby advised that the Director had issued instructions to each directorate to come forward with descriptions of activities (especially involved in the domestic scene) that had flap potential. In addition, in a memorandum to all employees of the CIA, the Director had instructed all employees to report to him any activities the Agency was conducting that they construed as outside the Agency charter. Congressman Nedzi requested a copy of this Agency notice be furnished to him.

The full report, including the sensitive section, was discussed with the Congressman item-by-item and in most cases he actually read the text. This took two hours and the Congressman followed the material with great care.

With regard to the item concerning Mr. McCord's letters to the Agency in July and December 1972 and January 1973, he expressed astonishment that the material took so long to be surfaced and when surfaced took so long to get to the Director. He was very outspoken in his criticism of the people involved.

I will not try to set forth all his reactions to the material, which I believe he found sobering, but I will set out hereinafter the items in which he showed special interest:

a. Alien documentation furnished to the Secret Service. He desired more information concerning the reason why issued, the use, and how controlled.



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c. Beacons furnished Ambassadors. He was interested in the number issued to Ambassadors and the position the State Department took on the use of these beacons. He was interested if the Department of State was pushing this program, as he believed they should be.

d. Logistics' acquisition of police equipment. He questioned whether LEAA, Department of Justice, should not be doing this rather than the Agency.

e. He noted Logistics furnished telephone analyzers, and desired to know what they were and how used.

f.

g. OER's crash project concerning Robert L. Vesco requested by the DCI. The Congressman was interested in who outside the Agency instigated the project and why was it stopped.

h. Several ORD projects indicated research done without knowledge of the host system or on unwitting subjects. He was of the opinion that this was risky and recommended it be terminated. He stated he would like to see a directive go out to the researchers concerning these practices.

i. John Dean's request re Investors Overseas Service. He reviewed the six reports that had been furnished. He noted, however, that the item stated "there were multiple channels to the Agency from the White House" and requested information concerning these channels.

j. Alien passports. Mr. Colby advised that he planned to review this whole subject and the Congressman agreed with the need to do so.



The Congressman noted that in connection with John McCone's consultative role with the Agency the Director had stated some time in the past that he planned to take action regarding individuals in this category. The Congressman requested a report on what had been done.

Mr. Nedzi asked Mr. Colby if the Agency had considered how much of the information just reviewed with him could be made public. Mr. Colby stated this had not been done yet, and spoke to the question of sources, methods, and the impact on the institution. The Congressman stated that in the current climate he felt it was necessary to open up more information to help clear the air. Mr. Colby stated the Agency would give the matter deep consideration, and added he had been thinking of a general statement along these lines to be used at his confirmation hearing.

The meeting ended at 12 o'clock noon.

(Signed) William V. Broe

William V. Broe Inspector General

Distribution:

Director of Central Intelligence Mr. Colby Office of Legislative Counsel

NOTE: The above listed items, except for item j, are being pursued by the Office of the Inspector General.

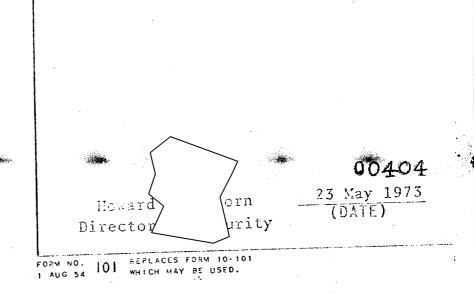


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STATE OF VICTORIA COUNTY OF FAIRPAX, to-wit:

HOWARD J. OSBORN who, being first duly sworn, deposes and says as follows:

1. I am the Director of Security of the Central Intelligence Agency.

2. The purpose of this statement is to record, to the best of my knowledge and recollection, circumstances involved in the receipt of a series of unsigned correspondence received by the Agency during the period from 1 August 1972 to 7 January 1973. The significance of these letters is that by their content and by the handwriting on two of them, they are believed to have been written by James W. McCord, Jr., one of the defendants in the Watergate trial.

3. My first involvement in this matter occurred on the 2nd or 3rd of August 1972 when an envelope addressed to Mr. Helms, then Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, with no return address, and postmarked 30 July 1972 was routed to my desk from the Director's office as a routine piece of "crank mail". The envelope contained a carbon copy of a typewritten letter signed "Jim" with the name in the salutary address excised - "Dear \_\_\_\_\_". After dismissing the letter as a piece of crank mail, I had second thoughts and recognized the handwriting on the envelope and the signature "Jim" on the letter as being similar to that of Mr. McCord, who formerly worked for me as a security officer before his retirement from the Agency.

4. Conchos some day, 2 and all the full with Mr. Heles and fold his that although I was not positive I unshe seenbly cure thes the letter had been cont by Mr. McCoud. Mr. Helms agreed that it was a strong probability that the envelope had been sent to him by Mr. McCord. I told his that I dolt very strongly that the latter should be tailed over to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Mr. Helms, after some reflection, decided that he would like to have a logal opinion on the matter and summoned Mr. Lawrence Houston, General Counsel of the Agency, to his office and had him read the letter. After he had finished reading the letter the ensuing discussion, to the best of my recollection, centered about whether the Agency had any legal obligation to forward the letter to the Justice Department or the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Both Mr. Helms and Mr. Houston decided that there was no such obligation and I was told to hold the letter in a secure file in my office and take no further action on it. Mr. Helms instructed me to restrict knowledge of the existence of the letter to an absolute minimum number of people.

5. The next envelope received was addressed to Mr. Paul Gaynor, a staff chief in my office and a former close friend of Mr. McCord's, on or about the 23rd of December 1972. The next envelope received was addressed to Mr. Gaynor's residence and was undated but postmarked 27 December 1972. The two envelopes contained one or more unsigned typewritten pieces of correspondence which appeared to relate to Mr. McCord's involvement in the Watergate "affair". Both of these letters were handcarried by me torMrs. Elizabeth

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A dough charactery to Mr. 2 The, and after to be braviated then, they were returned to be personally by Mrs. Dealeyy, for the text in the second second is with the flort one.

Subsequently, on 29 December 1972 and on 🚋 б. 4 January 1973 and 6 January 1973, three additional envelopes compathing masigated typeshilttin concespendence were received by Mr. Gaynor at his residence and promptly delivered to me for review and subsequent inclusion in the secure file. I did not bring these to the immediate attention of Mr. Helms but a week or so later delivered to him a folder with all copies of the lotters we had received. As I recall, my request to him was for guidance as to what action should be taken with regard to them in the light of his departure from the Agency incident to his nomination as United States Ambassador-designate to Iran. After reviewing them, he informed me that he did not see any reason to take any action at that time, but asked that I show them to Mr. Houston and if Mr. Houston had no objection, I was to retain them in a secure file and take no action with regard to them. As I recall, Mr. Houston was out of town at the time and it was several days before I had an opportunity to give him the folder with the copies of the letters in it for review. After reviewing them, he informed me that he had no objection to the instructions Mr. Helms had given me and I so informed Mrs. Elizabeth Dunlevy, secretary to Mr. Helms.

7. On 14 May 1973, Mr. William Broe, Inspector General of the Agency, and his Deputy, Mr. Kenneth Greer, met with me in my office in connection with an investigation they were undertaking at the direction of Mr. Schlesinger to determine if anyone in the Agency had any contact with

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8. A few days after this, I was contacted by Mr. John Greaney, Office of the General Counsel of the Agency, who asked me about any official or unofficial contacts anyone in the Agency had had with Mr. McCord. I mentioned

the see approximation and imposed distant he work guideless ( then Mr. Learners Honsten in this learner, Subsequently, which Mr. Mondaris there are a first dramay compared by allow and a cohered the original different design the design for the independent of original different design the design for the Mr. Greeney indicated that he would recommend to Mr. Houston that they be used which is the first burge that it on 22 May 1973 Mr. Houston asked for a copy of the latters. On this same date, I was instructed by Mr. James R. Schlesinger, Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, to participate in cortain Congressional briefings on this matter and to prepare this affidavit.

. . . . .

9. Up to the 14th of May 1973 when I informed Mr. Eroe and Mr. Greer of the envelopes and their contents, the only persons knowledgeable of the existence of them, in addition to me, were: Mr. Helms, Mrs. Elizabeth Dunlevy, his secretary, Mr. Houston, Mr. Paul Gaynor of my staff, Miss Kathryn Aldridge, my secretary who prepared the file, Mr. Leo J. Dunn, my Executive Officer, knew of the first envelope and correspondence but not of subsequent envelopes.

10. The only other matter pertinent to this particular matter was the fact that an intermittent source of this Office, who was a close personal friend of Mr. McCord's has relayed to Mr. Gaynor and his staff certain information concerning the personal situation of Mr. and Mrs. McCord during and after the time he was in jail and since he has been released on bond. This source has been utilized by this office for many years and by my direction, no effort was made to solicit information from him about Mr. McCord and the information provided was done so purely gratuitously.

Hounad 907an Howard F

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Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public, in and for the County of Fairfax, State of Virginia, this <u>33</u> day of <u>May</u>. My commission expires <u>deptember 39 1976</u>.

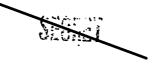
23 May 1973.

## 1.6000RAN OWNER OR LEDG RECORD

Bill Nelson <u>called this</u> date to advise that had told him that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the time he was in charge of narcotics matters for the DDP, knew Liddy and was probably involved with Hunt. At that same time Lou Conein was working at the White House and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wanted to meet Conein. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_understanding that Hunt may have introduced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

queried as to what would be the best procedure. The writer advised that we should interview concerning his relations with Liddy, Hunt, and Conein, and that this office would do so.

Will Broe eneral Insp



#### 23 May 1973

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: All Employees

SUBJECT

: Agency Involvement in the Watergate Case

NTERNAL USE ONLY

1. The leadership of the Agency continues to make a determined effort to investigate all aspects of Agency involvement with the "Watergate" case or any of those persons connected with it. The results of these investigations have been given to the appropriate legislative, executive, and judicial elements of the Government investigating these matters. Each employee has been asked and is directed to report to the Director any knowledge he or she has of the Watergate affair and related matters, any persons connected with it, or any other illegal activity in which they believe the Agency was involved in any way.

2. In consonance with the foregoing, anyone who has had any connection or contact with individuals on the attached list, or anyone in their offices or anyone purporting to act for them or acting pursuant to their authority, should report these contacts fully. Activities of these and other individuals include not only the Watergate affair, but any investigative work on the Pentagon Papers/ Ellsberg case and any contacts relating to the Executive Branch and White House efforts to locate and stem leaks of classified information to the press starting as early as July 1970.

3. Any work done by anyone in the Agency on any of these subjects, or any knowledge related thereto, should be reported to the IG through the appropriate Deputy Director, or directly and personally to the Director.

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4. It is imperative that every piece of information bearing on these matters be reported immediately for evaluation by the senior management of the Agency. The public interest requires that all information be produced and reported to our oversight committees (on a classified basis if necessary) so that the Agency's actual role will be clarified with respect to various charges and speculation.

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W. E. Colby Executive Secretary CIA Management Committee

Attachment

APPROVED

Director

ADMINISTRATIVE - INTERNAL USE ONLY

Attachment

ANI

H. R. Haldeman John D. Ehrlichman John Dean Egil Krogh David Young E. Howard Hunt G. Gordon Liddy James W. McCord Charles W. Colson John J. Caulfield Eugenio Rolando <u>Martinez</u> Careaga Juan Rigoberto <u>Ruiz</u> Villegas Bernard L. Barker Virgilio Gonzales Frank Anthony Sturgis

ADMINISTRATIVE - INTERNAL USE ONLY

MEMORANDUM TO

# Executive Secretary CIA Management Committee

SUBJECT

Loan of Television System to Secret Service for Use at Democratic and Republican National Conventions in 1972

# ORD

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1. The attached/summary reports the loan of television equipment by the Agency to the Secret Service for use during the Democratic and Republican <sup>N</sup>ational Conventions last year. The equipment was for use in helicopter aerial surveillance, primarily for crowd control. The assumption is that it was used for that purpose. The equipment was recovered in November 1972.

2. The transaction seems a straightforward arrangement, related to the legal responsibility of the Secret Service. However, the fact that the Agency probided the equipment for use in a domestic political situation could be presented in a different light.

WVB

#### MEMORANDUM TO

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# Executive Secretary CIA Management Committee

SUBJECT

1.

Drug Testing Program

1. The attached summary from ORD describes research into a behavioral drug. Conversations with Carl Duckett indicate that the reported drug was part of a larger program in which whereasty the Agency had relations with commercial drug manufacturers, whereasty they passed on drugs rejected because of unfavorable side effects. The drugs were screened with the use of ADP equipment, and those selected for experimentation were tested at

being monkeys and mice. Materials **naving pr**/further interest, as demonstrated by this testing, were then tested at Edgewood, using volunteer members of the Armed Forces.

2. The program was terminated last fall. The computer program remains in the machine, its final disposition not yet having been decided.

3. Carl Duckett emphasizes that the program was considered as defensive, in the sense that we would be able to recognize certain behavior if similar materials were used against Americans.

WVB



ORD-2550-73

23 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Deputy Director for Science and Technology

SUBJECT:

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ORD Involvement in Domestic Affairs

In surveying all of the people within the Office of Research and Development in search of specific contact or knowledge of Messrs. Hunt, Krogh, Young, and Liddy, an additional incident in which ORD supplied equipment for domestic use was uncovered. It is attached. I have also provided the additional information you requested on Project and Project

Director of Research and Development

Attachments: As stated



#### 22 May 1973

466-

# MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: General: The Family Jewels Exercise Specific: Meeting with Colby This Date

Broe and met with Mr. Colby at 1115 hours today. Colby asked that we provide him with fuller information on the following items:

DO in the States? What sort of reporting and to whom?

DDT Get details of OCI's reports on "Restless Youth" and Black Radicalism.

DPG41 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Get details on the cryogenic magnetometer that is used on unwitting

Get from CI Staff copies of the six reports sent to RIMINNEXTEM

For whom? For what purpose?

- Give Colby a rundown on-

· Give Colby a couple of paragraphs on the Tofte case.

, Give Colby a copy of FR Division's contribution:





# EMPLOYEE BULLETIN

No. 359

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# 21 May 1973

# DDCI STATEMENT ABOUT THE WATERGATE CASE

The following statement was made by Lieutenant General Vernon A. Halters during a recent appearance before a Congressional Committee.

On 23 June 1972 I was ordered by a phone message from my office to be at the White House at about 1300 with Director Helms. I had lunch with Mr. Helms and we went to Mr. Ehrlichman's office at the White House. Present were Mr. Ehrlichman, dr. Haldaman, Hr. Halms and myself. As I recall it, Mr. Haldeman said that the Watergate incident was causing trouble and was being exploited by the opposition. It had been decided at the White House that I would go to Acting FBI Director Gray and tell him that now that the five surgects were arrested, further enguiries into the Mexican aspects of this matter might jeopardize some of the CIA's covert activities in that area. An appointment was made for me to see Mr. Gray at 1430 that same day. I went over and told him that I had been directed by top White House officials to tell him that further investigation into the Mexican aspects of the Watergate episode might jeopardize some of the Agency's covert actions in that area. He said that he understood the agreement between the FBI and the Agency regarding their sources but, that this was a complicated case. He would not violate the agreement with CIA regarding sources. On my return to the Agency I checked to see whether there was any danger in the Agency's covert sources if the Mexican part of the investigation continued and ascertained that no one believed that this was the case. No one had any knowledge of the plan to bug the Democratic National Committee.

On June 26 the Counsel to the President John Dean called me and asked me to come and see him about the matter I had discussed with Haldeman and Ehrlichman. He said I could check with Ehrlichman and I did. He said I could talk to Dean so I went to Dean's office at 1145 on June 26.

I informed Dean that I had checked carefully to see whether there was any jeopardy to the Agency's sources by a further investigation of the Mexican sources of this matter and had found there was none. Dean then asked whether the CIA might have taken part in the Watergate episode without my knowing it. I said that this was not

possible. I knew that the Agency had had no part in the operation against the Democratic National Committee. I therefore could not say that further investigation would jeopardize Agency sources. I felt that someone had bungled badly and that the responsible parties should be fired. He asked whether there was not some way in which the Agency might have been involved. I said that I had checked with Director Helms and was convinced it was not. Any attempt to stifle this investigation would destroy the effectiveness of the Agency and the EBI and Would be a grave disservice to the President. ∃ weuld Baran Baran (Baran Baran) (Baran (Baran)) Roman (Baran (Baran)) (Baran (Baran)) (Baran) المي المي الم الما الأيضار المرجع الم الم 1300**3**. He asked whather I had any ideas by the state beloge and I replied that those responsible should be fired. He secred dickers bed and 1 lait.

The following day I saw Dean again in his office at his request. He again reviewed the Watergate Case saying that some witnesses were getting scared and were "wobbling". I said that no matter how scared they got, they could not involve CIA because it was not involved in the bugging of the Watergate. He then asked if the CIA could not furnish bail and pay the suspects' salaries while they were in jail, using covert action funds for this purpose.

1.

I replied that this was out of the question. It would implicate the Agency in something in which it was not implicated. Any such action by the Agency would imply an order from the highest level and I would not be a party to any such action. It would be a grave disservice to the President and the country and would destroy the CIA's credibility with the Congress and the people. I would resign rather than do this and, if ordered to do it, I would ask to see the President to explain the reasons for my refusal. Furthermore, when the Agency expended funds in the U.S., we had to report this to the Oversight Committees of the Agency in Congress. He was much taken aback by this and agreed that risks of implicating the CIA and FSI in this matter would be enormous. I said that what was now a pairful wound could become a mortal one. What was now a "conventional explosion could be turned into a multi-megaton explosion". I again advised him to fire the responsible parties.

Again Dean sent for me on the 28th of June and I saw him at his office at 1130 that day. He anguired whether I had learned anything more about CIA involvement. I replied that there was no involvement of the Agency in the bugging of the Watergate. He then asked whether I had any ideas and I said that I had none which could be helpful. Perhaps the Cubans who were anti-Castro might have had a hand in it but the CIA did not.

On July 5 I received a call momentum deting Director of the FBI Gray saying that he could not stop further investigation of the Norican aspects of this matter unless he had a formal letter from the Director of CN on the sector bit is a local sector detailed of the office and I say him at 1900 the following country.

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I told him that I could not tell him that further investigation would jeopardize the Agency's covert sources. I had checked on this and it was not so. I had ascertained that General Cushman had initially authorized the issuance of some equipment to Howard Hunt without knowing its purpose other than it was, as I understood it, to shut off "leaks". This was long before the Watergate bugging. Since then I had carefully checked and there was no other involvement of any sort by the CIA in the operation against the Watergate. I said that I felt that attempts to cover this up or to include the CIN of the would be let from the cover this up or to include the cover the CIN of the would be let from the cover t their taxe, risk and a missimple colore President and the country, would have no part in this and was quite prepared to resign on this issue. He said that he closed by when a regarding the tagent and a funcintegricy of our ngenerus and he too was prepared to resign on this issue. I gave Gray a list of the equipment the Agency had given Hunt and the account of our dealings with the former CIA employees up to the termination of their employment with the Agency long before the Matergate episode.

I saw Gray again on the 12th of July and gave him one additional memorandum regarding the contact furnished Hunt. He reviewed the matter reiterating the position we had taken previously. I said that I had taken Dean that the best solution would be to fire those responsible. Gray said he had made the same recommendation. Once again we agreed that anything that might damage the integrity of the FBI and CIA would be a grave disservice to the President and the Screenment.

In February 1973 shortly after Dr. Schlesinger became Director I told him of my conversations with Haldeman, Ehrlichman and Dean. In February Dean called Dr. Schlesinger to see if the Agency could get back from the FBI the material it had sent to the dustice Department concerning our contact with Hunt. Dr. Schlesinger and I agreed that this could not be done. I attempted to contact Dean but he was in Florida. On his return I saw Dean at his office on February 21 and told him that we could not ask the FBI For the material back. That would only serve to implicate the CIA and I could not and would not do it. I had seen Acting FBI Director Gray that morning and told him of Dean's request and our refusal. He agreed saying that he could not do such a thing.

Since that date I have had no further contact with Dean. The above represents my recollection of what occurred and the dates are checked in my appointment book.

DISTRIBUTION: ALL EMPLOYEES

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#### -OMINISTRATIVE - INTERNAL USE



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

9. May 1973

# MEMORANDUM FOR ALL CIA EMPLOYEES

1. Recent press reports outline in detail certain alleged CIA activities with respect to Mr. Howard Hunt and other parties. The presently known facts behind these stories are those stated in the attached draft of a statement I will be making to the Senate Committee on Appropriations on 9 May. As can be seen, the Agency provided limited assistance in response to a request by senior officials. The Agency has cooperated with and made available to the appropriate law enforcement bodies information about these activities and will continue to do so.

2. All CIA employees should understand my attitude on this type of issue. I shall do everything in my power to confine CIA activities to those which fall within a strict interpretation of its legislative charter. I take this position because I am determined that the law shall be respected and because this is the best way to foster the legitimate and necessary contributions we in CIA can make to the national security of the United States.

- 3. I am taking several actions to implement this objective:
- I have ordered all the senior operating officials of this Agency to report to me immediately on any activities now going on, or that have gone on in the past, which might be construed to be outside the legislative charter of this Agency.

I hereby direct every person presently employed by CIA to report to me on any such activities of which he has knowledge. I invite all ex-employees to do the same. Anyone who has such information should call my secretary (extension 6363) and say that he wishes to talk to me about "activities outside CIA's charter."

## ADMINISTRATIVE \_\_\_ INTERNAL LISE ONLY

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ADMI\_\_\_RATIVE INTERNAL USE ONLY

4. To ensure that Agency activities are proper in the future, I hereby promulgate the following standing order for all CIA employees:

> Any CIA employee who believes that he has received instructions which in any way appear inconsistent with the CIA legislative charter shall inform the Director of Central Intelligence immediately.

Inin R Melilis James R. Schlesinger

James R. Schlesinger Director . . )

ADMINISTRATIVE - INTERNAL USE ONLY

# DCI STATEMENT

# BEFORE

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SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE OPERATIONS

9 MAY 1973

# OPENING STATEMENT

Mr. Chairman, I am here to discuss the questions which have arisen over CIA's real and alleged role in events that occurred in 1971 and 1972. I have opened a detailed investigation into the precise nature of that role. I can report to you on what Agency records, now being intensively reviewed, reveal at this juncture. However I do not yet know that I have all the facts in the matter. Nonetheless, I am pleased to present to you such facts as are now available, and I will certainly provide you with any further details as they come to my attention.

Let me start with the Agency's relationship with Mr. Howard Hunt, whose testimony has recently been made public. Mr. Hunt was a staff employee of the Agency from 8 November 1949 to 30 April 1970. At that time ne retired from the Agency. He performed one editorial job of writing up a recommendation for an award for one of our officers in November 1970. He was not paid for these services, although the Agency placed the sums of \$200.00 and \$50.00 in two charitable organizations for the service performed.

In early July 1971, General Cushman, then the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, received a telephone call from the White House. He was informed that Mr. Hunt had become a consultant on security affairs for the White House, and a request was made that Mr. Hunt receive assistance from the Agency. The minutes of the Agency Morning Meeting of 8 July 1971 indicate that the DDCI (General Cushman) reported a call by John Ehrlichman stating that Howard Hunt had been appointed a White House security consultant.

On 22 July 1971 Mr. Hunt visited General Cushman at the CIA building. According to the records, Mr. Hunt stated that he had been charged with a highly sensitive mission by the White House to visit and elicit information

from an individual whose ideology he was not entirely sure of, and for that purpose he said he was asked to come to the Agency to see if he could get two things: identification documents in alias and some degree of physical disguise, for a one-time operation. He stressed that he wanted the matter to be held as closely as possible and that he would like to meet the Agency people in an Agency safehouse. Agency records indicate that, in the course of the conversation, Mr. Hunt referred to Mr. Ehrlichman by name and General Cushman acknowledged an earlier call from Mr. Ehrlichman to him. The Committee may desire to query General Cushman whose knowledge would not come from such secondary sources.

General Cushman directed the appropriate technical service of the Agency to be of assistance to Mr. Hunt, based on the above request. On 23 July 1971 Mr. Hunt was given alias documents, including a Social Security card, driver's license, and several association membership cards, in the name of "Edward Joseph Warren" similar to material he had been furnished for operational use while he had been an Agency employee, under the name of "Edward V. Hamilton." The same day Mr. Hunt was also given disguise materials (a wig, glasses, and a speech alteration device).

By calling an unlisted telephone number given him, Mr. Hunt arranged several additional meetings with Agency technical officers, the dates of which cannot be provided with precision. In these, he requested and was provided a commercial tape recorder (in a typewriter case) and a commercial Tessina camera disguised in a tobacco pouch. He also brought in a then-unidentified associate (later identified from press photos as Mr. G. Gordon Liddy) and secured for him a disguise (wig and glasses) and alias documents in the name of "George F. Leonard."

-2-

The Agency technical officers met these requests despite the absence of the procedural steps and approvals normally required by Agency regulations. However, they became increasingly concerned at the escalation of Mr. Hunt's requests for assistance. These finally included a request from Mr. Hunt to be met on the morning of 27 August 1971, upon his return from California, to have a film developed and returned to bim. This was done the same day. He also asked for a New York mail address and telephone-answering service for operational use.

The technical officers raised their concern with senior officers, who noted the possibility that these activities could involve the Agency in operations outside its proper functions. As a result, again according to Agency records, General Cushman telephoned Mr. Ehrlichman at the White House on 27 August 1971 and explained that further such assistance could not be given. Mr. Ehrlichman agreed. The request for mail address and telephone answering service was not honored. On 31 August 1971, Mr. Hunt contacted the technical officers again, requesting a credit card, but this was refused. Mr. Hunt had also made a request on 18 August 1971 for the assignment of a secretary he had known during his Agency career. This was also refused. The earlier-furnished alias documents and other material were not recovered, however. except for the Tessina camera which was returned on 27 August as unsuitable. Since the end of August 1971, the Technical Services Division has had no further association with Mr. Hunt. As a point of reference, I would note that the break-in of the office of Mr. Ellsberg's psychiatrist took place on or about 3 September 1971.

The Agency outlined the above events to Mr. Patrick Gray, Acting Director of the FBI, in letters dated 5 and 7 July 1972, and a meeting on 28 July 1972. A series of questions were asked the Agency on 11 October 1972 by Mr. Earl Silbert, Principal Assistant United States Attorney for the District of Columbia. On 24 October 1972, Attorney General Kleindienst and Assistant Attorney General Petersen reviewed the 5 and 7 July transmittals together with additional, more detailed but undated materials, that had been provided to Acting FBI Director Gray on 18 October 1972. The Agency is aware that this material was reviewed on 27 November 1972 by Mr. Silbert, who asked additional questions on that date as well as on 29 November 1972. Written responses to the foregoing questions were provided on 13 December 1972. An additional submission was made to the Assistant Attorney General Petersen on 21 December 1972. This material was discussed at a meeting held with Assistant Attorney General Petersen and Mr. Silbert on 22 December 1972. All of the foregoing materials can be made available to the Committee if it so desires.

As a separate matter, which was not known by those who prepared the material for the Department of Justice in the fall of last year, the Office of Medical Services of the Agency prepared and forwarded to the White House two indirect personality assessments of Mr. Daniel Ellsberg. The Agency has had a program of producing, on a selective basis, such assessments or studies on foreign leaders for many years. In July 1971 Mr. Helms, then Director, instructed Agency officers to work with Mr. David Young of the White House Staff relative to security leaks in the intelligence community. Mr. Young requested a study on Mr. Ellsberg in the latter part of July 1971, which Agency activity was apparently approved by Mr. Helms. At that time, Mr. Young supplied raw material consisting principally of newspaper and magazine articles together with some State Department and Justice Department papers. The first assessment delivered to the White House dated 9 August 1971, was judged insufficient. As a result, there were several meetings between Dr. Malloy, Mr. Hunt, and Mr. Liddy, in which classified information of the Justice and State Departments was introduced. One such meeting occurred on 12 August 1971. Additional material Was transmitted by Mr. Hunt on 12 October, and another meeting was held on 27 October. These meetings led to a second version of the assessment, dated 9 November 1971. This document was delivered to the Executive Office by Dr. Malloy on 12 November 1971. Agency records indicate that Mr. Helms had previously communicated with Mr. Young indicating he had read both reports.

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In another contact "about October 1971," an Agency officer arranged to provide Mr. Hunt certain unclassified materials from CIA files relative to a 1954 French case of leakage of Government documents. These were delivered to his office at the White House.

In closing, I would like to stress several conclusions of my investigation so far:

a. CIA had no awareness of the details of Mr. Hunt's activities. The Agency's impression was that Mr. Hunt was engaged in an activity related to identifying and closing off the security leaks that were so much a preoccupation of the Government at the time.

b. The Agency clearly was insufficiently cautious in the initiation of its assistance to Mr. Hunt. Later, when the nature of Mr. Hunt's requests for assistance began to indicate a possible active involvement by the Agency in activities beyond its charter, the Agency terminated the relationship and refused further assistance.

c. The preparation of a profile on an American citizen under these circumstances lies beyond the normal activity of the Agency. It shall not be repeated -- and I have so instructed the staff. This shall be made a part of the regulations governing such activities.

d. As Director, I have called for a review of all Agency activities and the termination of any which might be considered outside its legitimate charter. In addition to requesting this review from my subordinates, I have directed each employee and invited each ex-employee to submit to me any cases which they may question.
I am determined that the Agency will not engage in activities outside of its wharter but will concentrate its energies on its important intelligence mission.

8 May 1973 DCI: Sy Hersh's provocative teaser for the day: "I have information that Cushman knew exactly what he was okaying when he gave approval to assist Hunt..." <u>I attentioned</u> Sy H. again to the statement ve had given to the Times already, and told him I "noted" what he had to say today. He has calls in for you, Houston, and Colby. AMT cc: 000 OIO Wr. Colby

RESPONSE TO PRESS INQUIRIES CONCERNING MR. HUNT'S

GRAND JURY TESTIMONY

Preparal by CS-C

THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY HAD NO ADVANCE NOTICE OF ANY SORT WHATSOEVER OF THE BREAK IN BY MR. HUNT OF THE OFFICE OF MR. ELLSBERG'S PSYCHIATRIST OR OF THE WATERGATE INCIDENT. THE NEWSPAPER REPORTS OF THESE TWO EVENTS WERE THE FIRST NOTICE TO ANYONE IN THE AGENCY. ALL AGENCY INFORMATION ON GUR CONTACTS WITH ANY PERSONS INVOLVED IN THESE INCIDENTS HAS BEEN REPORTED FULLY TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, AND AS INVESTIGATION OF THESE MATTERS IS IN THE HANDS OF THE COURTS AND THE GRAND JURY, ALL INQUIRIES SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. SECRET ETES SHLY

#### 8 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Executive Secretary, CIA Management Committee

SUBJECT:

Potentially Embarrassing Agency Activities

The Office of the Inspector General has records on the following sensitive subjects that either have been or might in the future be the source of embarrassment to the Agency.

The report of the Board of Inquiry in the case of Hans Tofte. The Tofte affair was fully exposed in public, of course, but the report itself is closely held within the Agency. This office was designated as the custodian of the report, and we have the only surviving copy.

An annex to the Inspector General's report of survey of the Technical Services Division done in 1953. The annex deals with experiments in influencing human behavior through the administration of mind or personality altering drugs to unwitting subjects.

An Inspector General report of investigation of allegations that the Agency was instrumental in bringing about the assassination of President Diem. The allegations were determined to be without foundation.

An Inspector General report of investigation of allegations that the Agency was instrumental in bringing about the assassination of President Trujillo. The investigation disclosed quite extensive Agency involvement with the plotters.

An Inspector General report of investigation of allegations that the Agency conspired to assassinate Fidel Castro. The story first appeared in Drew Pearson's column and has since appeared in Jack Anderson's column. While the columns contained many factual errors, the allegations are basically true.



#### Page 1 SDS and other student activist groups

OCI produced in December 1967 at Walt Rostow's request a 30-page typescript study of the SDS and its foreign ties.

In the summer of 1968 OCI produced--again at Rostow's request-a paper on Restless Youth. The first, and most sensitive section, was a philosophical treatment of student unrest, its motivation, history, and tactics. It drew heavily on overt literature and FEI reporting on SDS and affiliated groups. The second section comprised 19 chapters on foreign student dissidence.

#### Pages 11 & 12 Black radicalism

OCI began following Caribbean black radicalism in earnest in 1968. Two papers were produced on the subject, one in August 1969 and the other in June 1970.

OCI was asked in June 1970 to write a memo with special attention to links between black radicalism in the Caribbean and advocates of black power in the US. The memo was produced in typescript and given to the DCI.

OCI in 1968 wrote periodic typescript memos on Stokely Carmichael's travels abroad during a period when he had dropped from public view.



## Page 23 Prohibition against COMINT vs. US citizens

In September 1972 Commo to conduct hearability tests of certain HF long-aistance commercial telephone circuits between the US and South America. The circuits carried drugrelated traffic.

The tests were successful. The activity was terminated on 30 Jan 73 following OGC determination that they were illegal.

These intercepts contain a Large number of unrelated conversations often involving U3 citizens.

Testing in the US of ORD-developed electronic collection systems occasionally result in the collection of domestic telephone conversations. When the tests are complete, the intercepted material is destroyed.

CIA | technicians conducted tests in the Miami area in August 1971 of DF gear intended for use against a Soviet agent in South Vietnam. While wholly innocuous, the tests preceded the holding of the conventions there and could be construed as being somehow related to them.

In February 1972 CIA asked an official of AT&T for copies of telephone call slips relating to US-Chima calls. The operation lasted for three or four months and then dried up. OGC stated its belief that the collection of these slips did not violate the Communications fict since eavesdropping was not involved.

## Page 29 Mail coverage

Since 1953, CIA has operated a mail intercept program of incoming and outgoing Russian mail and, at various times, other selected mail at Kennedy Airport in New York City. This program is now dormant pending decision on whether to continue or to abolish it.

00427

#### 8 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR:

# Mr. W. E. Colby

Executive Secretary, CIA Management Committee

FROM

Director, National Estimates

SUBJECT

Comments on Proposed DCI Statement (Hunt Case)

Since you are aware that I have no facts bearing on the case, I take it that you asked for comment from the following point of view: will the proposed statement be well received by the committee?

The main questions in the committee's mind will be: Did CIA cooperate wittingly in activities which were both illegal and outside its charter? Or did it only respond supinely to higher authority even though it had some reason for suspecting illegal conduct?

Tactically, I think there would be advantage in coming to grips frankly with these questions in the statement itself. The text in its present form could be taken as a minimum factual response which doesn't quite get at the heart of the matter. I think it preferable, in the interest of the Agency's reputation on the Hill, to proceed to candor directly rather than to be drawn to it by subsequent questioning.

Key follow-up questions which can be anticipated would include the following:

Why is there no record of the initial Ehrlichman-Cushman contact?

If Cushman recorded the conversation with Hunt, was he not already suspicious of the latter's purpose and why didn't he ask? At a minimum, could he not have inquired whether "the individual whose ideology we aren't entirely sure of" was an American citizen?

When Cushman told Ehrlichman on 27 August 1971 that CIA was suspending support to Hunt, was it only on the ground that the latter had become "too demanding"?

Why was the personality study on Ellsberg provided when it was obvious that this action transgressed the Agency's charter?

Obviously most questions which will be raised can only be answered by Helms and Cushman personally. Nevertheless, I think the DCI would be well advised to provide a candid evaluation of these proceedings in his initial statement. To do so voluntarily would make more persuasive the assurances the Committee will want that nothing of the sort will be done under his direction of the Agency.

00429

## MEMORANDUM FOR ALL CIA EMPLOYEES

1. Recent press reports implicate CIA in certain illegal activities allegedly committed in the United States. Without going into the details of these allegations, I can assure you that I intend to cooperate fully with the various law enforcement and Congressional investigations of these matters.

My first in

00430

2. All CIA employees should understand my attitude toward matters of this sort. I shall do everything in my power to confine CIA activities to those which fall within the strictest interpretation of its legislative charter. I take this position because I am determined that the law shall be respected and because this is the best way to foster the legitimate and necessary contributions we in CIA can make to the national security of the United States.

3. I am taking several actions to implement this objective:
I have ordered all the senior operating officials of this Agency to report to me immediately on any activities now going on, or that have gone on in the past, which might be construed by reasonable people to be outside the legislative charter of this Agency.

CIA INTERNAL USE ONLY

I hereby order every person presently employed by CIA to report to me directly on any such activities of which he has knowledge. I invite all ex-employees to do the same. Anyone who has such information shall call my secretary (extension 6363) and say that he wishes to talk to me about "questionable CIA activities". I intend to name a highly respected person from outside the Government to review, investigate, and prepare reports for me on any apparent violations of the CIA legislative charter which are brought to his attention or may be uncovered on his own initiative. I shall give this person complete and unrestricted access to all records and persons in the Agency.

4. To insure that Agency activities are proper in the future, I hereby promulgate the following standing order for all CIA employees:

Any CIA employee who believes that he has received instructions which in any way appear inconsistent with the CIA legislative charter shall inform the Director of Central Intelligence immediately.

> James R. Schlesinger Director

Retirement Information - E. Howard Hunt

- 1. Date of retirement: 30 April 1970
- 2. System: CIA Retirement and Disability System
- 3. Grade and salary at time of retirement: GS-15, Step 8 \$28,226

4. Creditable civilian service used in computing annuity:

17 May 1948 to 8 June 1948 - Economic Cooperation Administration
9 June 1948 to 19 February 1949 - State (ECA)
8 November 1949 to 30 April 1970 - CIA

5. Annuity:

At retirement - \$1,020 per month

At present - \$1,181 per month (which includes cost-of-living increases since date of retirement)

6. At the time of retirement Mr. Hunt did not elect survivorship benefits. This meant that upon his death, his wife would not draw a survivorship and uity. By letter of 5 April 1971 he raised the question of changing his election but was informed by the General Counsel on 6 May 1971 that this could not be done. By letter dated 5 May 1972 Mr. Hunt asked Mr. Houston to raise with the Director the possibility of being recalled to duty for a short period of time, after which he could retire again and elect survivorship benefits. By letter of 16 May 1972 Mr. Houston advised Mr. Hunt that to call him back to duty solely for the purpose of permitting him to change survivorship benefits would be in violation of the spirit of the CIA Retirement Act.

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## Remarks:

Attached in chronological order is that which MAG has produced and papers related to Management's reac. on thereto on MAG's concern re domestic activities. It is provided for your review and comment to Mr. Colby. This is our file copy and I would hope it could be retrieved if required.

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### DIARY NOTES

Executive Director-Comptroller

4 January 1972

00434

1. I met with the outgoing and incoming MAG Cochairmen. We discussed a number of topics but concentrated particularly on their two most recent memoranda concerning domestic activities. I expressed slight irritation with their second memorandum, which is a shotgun approach to the problem, and asked them to be specific if they have anything in mind. I said I understand they have heard that we sent a surveillance team to the Democratic National Convention. said that he made this statement because an Office Mr. of Security employee reported in his presence that he personally was a member of a team which went to the Convention. (I subsequently raised this with Howard Osborn, who after investigating reported back that the Secret Service asked us for two technicians during the Democratic National Convention. These technicians were formally detailed to the Secret Service and went to Chicago, where they did RF monitoring under the supervision of the Secret Service. The Secret Service apparently calls RF monitoring "audio surveillance," and it seems that, during the discussion which took place at the Senior Seminar, those who heard this assumed that "surveillance" meant actual surveillance of the candidates, when actually the meeting rooms were being checked to ensure they had not been bugged. I have reported all this to the Director and shall discuss it with MAG when I have dinner with them on 11 January.) SECRET

## 23 December 1971

MEMORANDUM	FOR:	The Executive Director-Comptroller				
SUBJECT :		CIA's Domestic Activities				
REFERENCE	:	MAG Memoranda on same subject dated March 1971 and November 1971				

As requested, MAG met with the DDP on 21 December and discussed with him the referenced memoranda on CIA's covert domestic activities. Our exchange consisted primarily of the DDP responding to the MAG memoranda as they related to activities of the Clandestine Service alone. The DDP made it clear that he spoke only for his Service. Since MAG's initial concern over covert domestic activities extended to, while not being restricted to, the Clandestine Service, it recommends that the referenced memoranda be also brought to the attention of appropriate senior officials in other Agency components.

The Management Advisory Group

00435

SUBJECT: (Optional)				
ROM: DDP			EXTENSION	DATE 22 Dec 71
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#### 21 December 1971

## MEMORANDUM FOR: Executive Director-Comptroller

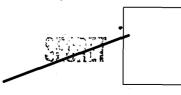
SUBJECT:

#### Meeting with MAG Group

1. I met with the MAG group this morning for little over an hour, and I set forth as candidly as possible those counterintelligence and counterespionage responsibilities of ours overseas which make it mandatory for us occasionally to take an interest in American citizens overseas. I explained the requirements placed on us by the Department of Justice for overseas checks, and also the fact that our normal overseas operations against Soviets and others some times produce leads to Americans in conspiratorial contact with our Communist targets.

2. I was asked about our having sent Agency representatives to the Democratic National Convention in Chicago in 1968 and I explained that I never hears of such a thing and did not believe it. I pointed out that, as they knew, the press had reported fully on the Agency participation at the beginning of the sky marshalling program and I assumed they saw nothing wrong with this. They agreed. I also pointed out that, at President Kennedy's funeral, with scores of important foreign personalities here, the Agency lent some assistance to the Secret Service, and here again the group understood that this was a legitimate function.

3. The group made it clear that their concern was over the Agency image if the general public were aware that some of our activities, wherever they took place, were targeted against Blacks. I said that we did not target against Americans of any color in this country, and that the Clandestine Service was color blind when it came to carrying out its overseas CI responsibilities and it would continue to be so.



4. I agreed that the Director should be asked to speak a little more fully and clearly on whether we "target against American citizens" so that there is no ambiguity.

5. I told the group that we must expect all kinds of irresponsible accusations in the press, such as the one in the January 1972 issue of RAMPARTS magazine in which Bob Kiley and Drex Godfrey, it is suggested, are still in the employ of CIA working on a CIA plan to improve police organizations in this country. I said that this was palpably false as anyone who knows Kiley and Godfrey would understand. The group mentioned Dick Ober's unit and said that there was a lot of scuttlebutt that the purpose of this unit was to keep book on Black Power adherenta. I denied this saying that our interest was as I had explained it previously.

6. I do not know whether this is a fair assumption, but Dick Ober's machine program is not handled in the Clandestine Service and it is possible that someone is misreading and misinterpreting the intent of Ober's program from fragmentary bits and pieces that may be discernible from the handling of the machine program. I do not state this as a fact because I have not examined it that closely.

7. I told the group that I had offered to enlighten it candidly on what we do so that they yould at least have the facts and I said that I assume you would take it from here.

00438

Thomas H. Karamessines Deputy Director for Plans MEMORANDUM FUR: The Director

THROUGH:

SUBJECT:

The Executive Director-Comptroller

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CIA's Domestic Activities

**REFERENCE:** 

MAG Memorandum, "CIA's Domestic Activities," March 1971

Nov 71

.00439

1. MAG is seriously concerned about possible repercussions which may arise as the result of CIA's covert domestic activities. Public revelation that CIA has become involved in collecting information on U.S. citizens would likely redound to the Agency's discredit and jeopardize overall Agency programs.

MAG first expressed its concern about CIA's covert 2. domestic activities in a memo for the DCI, transmitted through the Executive Director-Comptroller in the Spring of 1971 (Attachment A). MAG's concern has increased recently because of such articles as Vic Marchetti's UPI interview (Attachment B) and the 10 October New York Times article concerning rupture of FBI-CIA relations (Attachment Both hint at extremely sensitive Agency involvement in C). domestic activities. Additionally, the DCI addresses to the American Society of Newspaper Editors (Attachment D) and to the CIA Annual Awards ceremony (Attachment E) make rather categorical denials of Agency covert targeting on U.S. citizens. Agency employees aware of the various sensitive operations in question know that there is qualifying language explaining CIA involvement. However. MAG believes that in the event of an expose, such esoteric qualifiers will be lost on the American public and that there is probably nothing the Agency could say to alleviate a negative reaction from Congress and the U.S. public. It is MAG's fear that such a negative reaction could seriously damage our Congressional relations, effect our work against priority foreign targets and have significant impact on the viability of CIA.

3. There are indications that the Agency, in responding to CE/CI requirements, is collecting information on selected U.S. citizen; both at home and abroad. In operational areas which are highly sensitive and potentially explosive (e.g., domestic radical or racial groups) this Agency must carefully weigh the needs and pressures for collecting and maintaining this information against the risk and impact of revelation should the operation become compromised or public knowledge. We therefore urge that all domestic collection and action programs be severely reviewed so that only those be continued which are of the highest priority and which absolutely cannot be undertaken by domestic agencies. CIA should not take on requirements of this type by default.

4. Not all of the members of MAG are privy to CIA's direct or indirect involvement in domestic activities. Those who are aware probably know only parts of the whole picture. But our increasing concern and our intense interest in maximizing the Agency's ability to do its proper job, impel us to bring our serious apprehensions to your attention.

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## THE MANAGEMENT ADVISORY GROUP

## Attachments B, C, D and E

## Attachment 3 - Vic Marchetti's UPI Interview, from U.S. News and World Report, 11 October 1971:

"Fearing today that the CIA may already have begun 'going against the enemy within' the United States as they may conceive it--that is, dissident student groups and civil-rights organizations..."

"Because the men of the Agency are superpatriots, he said, it is only natural for them to view violent protest and dissidence as a major threat to the nation. The inbred CIA reaction, he said, would be to launch a <u>clandestine</u> operation to infiltrate dissident groups.

That, said Marchetti, may already have started to happen.

'I don't have very much to go on,' he said. 'Just bits and pieces that indicate the U.S. intelligence community is already targeting on groups in this country that they feel to be subversive.

'I know this was being discussed in the halls of the CIA, and that there were a lot of people who felt this should be done.' "

Attachment C - New York Times, 10 October, "FBI-CIA Relations:"

"Information generally exchanged between the FBI and the CIA might concern such subjects as officers of the Black Panther party traveling overseas...and American youngsters cutting sugar cane in Cuba."

Attachment D - DCI Address to the American Society of Newspaper Editors:

"And may I emphasize at this point that the statute specifically forbids the Central Intelligence Agency to have any police, subpoena, or law-enforcement powers, or any domestic security functions. I can assure you that except for the normal responsibilities for protecting the physical security or our own personnel, our facilities, and our classified information, we do not have any such powers and function; we have never sought any; we do not exercise any. In short, we do not target on American citizens."





## Attachment E - DCI Address to CIA Annual Awards Ceremony:

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"I gave a talk to the American Society of Newspaper Editors last winter, as you know, and I did it for only one purpose. That was to try and put in the record a few of these denials that we've all wanted to see put in the public record for some time. And you can rely on those denials. They're true, and you can use that as any text that you may need to demonstrate that we're not in the drug traffic, and that we're not trying to do espionage on American citizens in the United States."

25 March 1971

00443

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

EYES OFFY

Managaman's Advisory Croup

MEMORANDUM FOR: The

The Director

THROUGH

The Executive Director

SUBJECT

: CIA Domestic Activities

. MAG is concerned that CIA avoid involvement in the current expose of the domestic intolligence activities of the Army and other federal agencies. We bolieve that there are CIA activities similar to those not unler scretiny which could cause great enterrascrent to the Agency because they sprear to exceed the scope of the CIA chorter. Except for the Agency's statutory CE/CI responsibilities, MAG opposes any Agency activity which could be construid as targeted against any person who enjoys the protection of the US Constitution -whether or not he resides in the United States. Encopt in those cases clearly rolated to national security, no US citizen should be the object of CIA operations. We realize that on occasion the Agency will develop information about some citizen who is engaged in activities intaical to the interests of the United States. Such information chould quickly be turned over to the proper agencies of government for further action, even if it means that constitues an eccontially home-oriented egency may be asked to perform in a limited operational capacity overseas.

If we do not pursue such a course, one day the public and the Congress will come to have grave doubts about our role in government, and may severally restrict our ability to perform these tasks properly assigned to CIA.

SECRET/SEMENTING

21 APR 1972

## MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Intelligence

Deputy Director for Plans Deputy Director for Support Deputy Director for Science and Technology Heads of Independent Offices

(For Distribution to Office/Division Chief Lavel Only)

SUBJECT

: CIA Activities in the United States

1. From time to time some of our employees express concern over various allegations or rumors of CIA activities in the United States. The attached memorandum is designed to clarify this subject so that supervisors can authoritatively reply to any employees indicating such concern. It is a statement of the facts of the situation. If incidents or activities are reported which appear to conflict with this statement, they should be reported to appropriate senior authority for resolution (or correction if unauthorized activities might have occurred).

2. Because of the possible sensitivity of this description of the Agency's methodology, this memorandum is not being given the usual broad circulation of the "FYI -- Allegations and Answers" series. Office and Division Chiefs are urged, however, to use it to inform Branch Chiefs so that its points can be readily available to supervisors to react to expressions of employee concern.

## /s/ W. E. Colby

W. E. Colby Executive Director-Comptroller

VDIR

Attachment

WEC Distribution:

O - DDI

1 - Each Other Addressee: DDP D/DCI/IC DDS D/PPB DDS%T ONE OGC OLC 1 FP 1 FrDir

A/DCI (Thuermer) SAVA USIB Secretary IG

## ALLEGATION:

In a variety of ways it has been alleged that CIA is working within the United States, with particular attention to extremist groups.

#### FACTS:

1. Section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947, subparagraph D3, states, "The Agency shall have no police, subpoena, law-enforcement powers, or internal security functions."

In his speech to the American Society of Newspaper Editors on 14 April 1971, the Director stated:

"I can assure you that except for the normal responsibilities for protecting the physical security of our own personnel, our facilities, and our classified information, we do not have any such powers and functions; we have never sought any; we do not exercise any. In short, we do not target on American citizens."

In the Director's "State of the Agency" speech to employees on 17 September 1971, he said:

"I gave a talk to the American Society of Newspaper Editors last winter, as you know, and I did it for only one purpose. That was to try and put in the record a few of these denials that we've all wanted to see put in the public record for some time. And you can rely on those denials. They're true, and you can use that as any text that you may need to demonstrate that we're not in the drug traffic, and that we're not trying to do espionage on American citizens in the United States, and we're not tapping telephone lines, and that we're not doing a lot of other things which we're accused of doing. One of the things that tends to perpetuate some of these silly ideas are jokes that are made about them, particularly about domestic espionage. Although the jokes have no basis in fact they nevertheless give us a name which we don't deserve. I don't say that that makes all that much difference, but it does make some difference, and this tends to spill over, so I would like to suggest that if you have it in your hearts to do so that you speak up when the occasion arises and try and set the facts straight."



2. From time to time some employees have been concerned that Agency activities might conflict with these statements. They can be assured that Agency activities do not. For clarification, some activities which may have been subject to misunderstanding are listed as follows:

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a. <u>Domestic Contacts</u>. The Domestic Contact Service establishes discreet but overt relationships with American private citizens, commercial, academic and other organizations and resident aliens for the purposes of collecting on a voluntary basis foreign intelligence information or soliciting their cooperation in assisting the Agency to perform its mission overseas. Records of the individuals and organizations cooperating with the Agency are maintained as a necessary practical element of this process.

b. <u>Security Investigations</u>. Security investigations are conducted on prospective employees, contractors, and consultants, and on security problems which arise. These investigations involve a wide range of investigative procedures, including neighborhood inquiries, checks with other Government agencies, review of credit reports, and interviews with former employers and business associates. This is essential to assure that our personnel possess a high degree of personal integrity, sense of responsibility, and competence and to protect classified information and sensitive intelligence sources and methods. The resulting files are held separately by the Office of Security and are not merged with other Agency files.

c. Foreign Resources. On some occasions, foreign citizens of interest to CIA are contacted and recruited in America for work abroad. The purpose of this activity is entirely restricted to the Agency's foreign operations.

d. <u>Recruitment</u>. CIA recruiters maintain a wide variety of contacts within the United States, assisting individuals interested in employment with CIA to learn more about it and to join its employee force.

e. <u>Contracting</u>. In the course of CIA business and operations, a number of contracts for procurement, research, or analysis are made with a variety of U.S. companies and individuals. This is no way constitutes operations in the U.S. but rather secures the assistance of these groups in carrying out the CIA mission against foreign targets.



00446

f. Operations. The 1967 Katzenbach Committee report was approved by the Director in March 1967 and is binding on any of our relations with American organizations today. It specifically prohibits covert financial assistance or support, direct or indirect, to any U.S. educational or private voluntary organization. Any relationship or operation the Agency has with an American organization must be and is within these guidelines.

g. Details or Loans. On rare occasions, details of technically qualified CIA personnel, technical advice, or loans of CIA equipment have been made available to other U.S. agencies at their request to assist them to carry out their responsibilities. An example is the skymarshal program, in which some CIA personnel were temporarily detailed to the FAA in order to assist in a rapid initiation of that program. Such personnel and equipment are under the operational control of the receiving agency. Assistance of this nature in no way constitutes an assumption of responsibility or authority by CIA for the program.

h. <u>Counterintelligence and Drugs</u>. To carry out its responsibilities for counterintelligence, CIA is interested in the activities of foreign nations or intelligence services aimed at the U.S. To the extent that these activities lie outside the U.S., including activities aimed at the U.S. utilizing U.S. citizens or others, they fall within CIA's responsibilities. Responsibility for coverage of the activities within the U.S. lies with the FBI, as an internal security function. CIA's responsibility and authority are limited to the foreign intelligence aspect of the problem, and any action of a law enforcement or internal security nature lies with the FBI or local police forces. (CIA's assistance to the U.S. Government program against narcotics and drugs is handled in the same fashion.)

i. Operational Support. To support CIA operations, arrangements are made with various U.S. business or other entities to provide cover or other support for CIA personnel or activities abroad. This can include proprietaries formed or controlled by CIA. While these may exist within the U.S., their purpose is to conduct or support operations abroad.

j. <u>Defectors</u>. As provided by law, SIA occasionally resettles in the U.S. defectors and other foreign individuals of operational interest. This resettlement may involve a new identity, relocation, employment, etc. Although this activity takes place in this country, its purpose is the support of operations abroad.

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MEMORANDUM FOR :

Deputy Director for Intelligence Deputy Director for Plans Deputy Director for Support Deputy Director for Science and Technology General Counsel Inspector General Assistant to the Director

20 FE3 192

7.2-1232

SUBJECT

Allegation of Agency Involvement in the U.S.

1. The Management Advisory Group, among others, has reported on the concerns of some amployees that the Agency is vulnerable to the charge of having an operational interest in U.S. citizens or organizations in violation of the National Security Act. Attached is my best understanding of the <u>facts</u>. If it is in error or incomplete, I ask that you let me know orally or in writing.

2. I have drafted the attached with two purposes in mind: First, as a basis for some type of issuance that would advise the command line and senior supervisors of policy and facts and, second, as a future issue of "FYI -- Allegations and Answers." I look forward to your comment in the not-too-distant future before it is formally distributed.

> W. E. Colby Executive Director-Comptroller

WEC

Of ExDir/BEvans Distribution: 0-DDI 1 - Each other addressee 1) - ExDir 1 - ER

Note: Attachment revised and issued in final form on 21 April 1978

# YI -- ALLECATIONS AND ANSWERS

March 1972

## ALLEGATION:

In a variety of ways it has been alleged that CIA is working within the United States, with particular attention to extremist groups. A recent example was in the Quicksilver Times of 20 January 1972 (attached)\*.

#### FACTS:

1. Section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947, subparagraph D3, states, "The Agency shall have no police, subpoena, law-enforcement powers, or internal security functions."

In his speech to the American Society of Newspaper Editors on 14 April 1971, the Director stated:

"I can assure you that except for the normal responsibilities for protecting the physical security of our own personnel, our facilities, and our classified information, we do not have any such powers and functions; we have never sought any; we do not exercise any. In short, we do not target on American citizens."

In the Director's "State of the Agency" Speech to employees on 17 September 1971, he said:

"I gave a talk to the American Society of Newspaper Editors last winter, as you know, and I did it for only one purpose. That was to try and put in the record a few of these denials that we've all wanted to see put in the public record for some time. And you can rely on those denials. They're true, and you can use that as any text that you may need to demonstrate that we're not in the drug traffic, and that we're not trying to do espionage on American citizens in the United States, and we're not tapping telephone lines, and that we're not doing a lot of other things which we're accused of doing. One of the things that tends to perpetuate some of these

\*COMMENT: The two gentlemen cited are former CIA employees. Neither they nor the organizations with which they are currently associated have any operational connection with the Agency. silly ideas are jokes that are made about them, particularly about domestic espionage. Although the jokes have no basis in fact they nevertheless give us a name which we don't deserve. I don't say that that makes all that much difference, but it does make some difference, and this tends to spill over, so I would like to suggest that if you have it in your hearts to do so that you speak up when the occasion arises and try and set the facts straight."

2. From time to time some employees have been concerned that Agency activities might conflict with the National Security Act and the Agency's statements. They can be assured that Agency activities do not. For clarification, some activities which may have been subject to misunderstanding are listed as follows:

a) <u>Security Investigations</u>. Security investigations are conducted on prospective employees, contractors, and consultants. They involve neighborhood checks on the background of these individuals. This is essential to meet the security requirements of the Agency. The resulting information is held in separate security office files and not merged in other Agency files.

b) <u>Domestic Contacts</u>. On an overt basis the Domestic Contact Service makes visits to American private citizens, firms, and other organizations, soliciting transmission to the Government of information they have learned abroad. The purpose and content of the information are restricted to foreign intelligence, i.e., intelligence on developments abroad. The records of the firms and individuals as sources are maintained as a purely practical element of this collection process.

c) Foreign Resources. A variety of foreign citizens of interest to CIA visit or on occasion reside in America. Occasionally they are contacted and recruited for work abroad in the course of travels to their homeland or for continuing collaboration with the Agency in their homeland after their return from the U.S. The purpose of this activity is entirely restricted to the collection of foreign intelligence.

d) <u>Recruitment</u>. CIA recruiters maintain a wide variety of contacts within the United States endeavoring to assist individuals interested in employment with CIA to learn more about it and to join its employce force.

-2-

e) <u>Contracting</u>. In the course of CIA business and operations, a number of contracts for procurement, research, or analysis are made with a variety of U.S. companies and individuals. This is no way constitutes operations in the U.S. but rather secures the assistance of these groups in carrying out the CIA mission of foreign intelligence.

f) Operations. The 1957 Katzenbach Committee report was approved by the Director in March 1957 and is binding on any of our relations with American organizations today. It specifically prohibits covert financial assistance or support, direct or indirect, to any U.S. educational or private voluntary organization. Any relationship or operation the Agency has with an American organization must be and is within these guidelines.

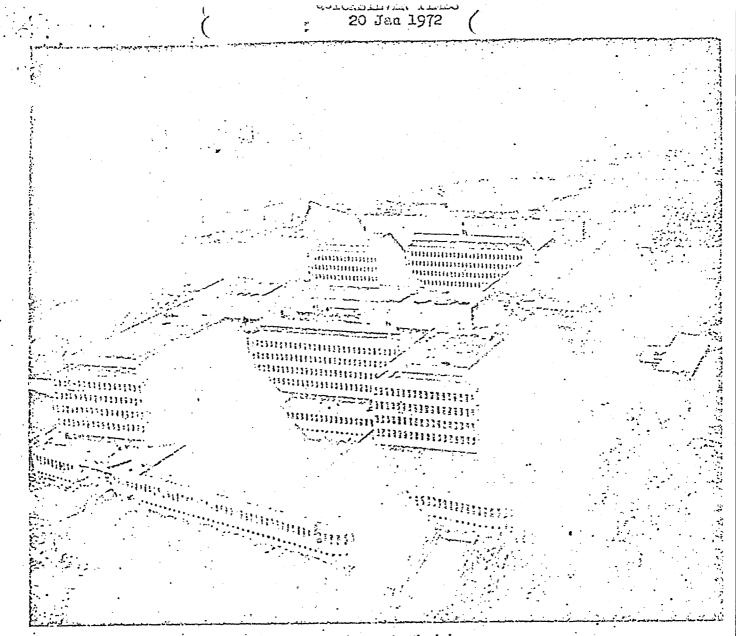
g) Details or Loans. On rare occasions, details of technically qualified CIA personnel or loans of CIA equipment have been made to other U.S. agencies to assist in the carrying out of their responsibilities. An example is the skymarshal program to which some CIA personnel were detailed in order to assist in a rapid initiation of that program. Assistance of this nature in no way constitutes an assumption of responsibility or authority by CIA for the program.

h) <u>Counterintelligence</u>. To carry out its responsibilities for counterintelligence, CIA is interested in the activities of foreign nations or intelligence services aimed at the U.S. To the extent that the activities lie outside the U.S., including activities aimed at the U.S. utilizing U.S. citizens or others, it falls within CIA's responsibilities. Responsibility for coverage of the activities within the U.S. lies with the FBI, as it involves an internal security function. CIA's responsibility and authority are limited to the foreign intelligence aspect of the problem and any action of a law enforcement or internal security nature lies with the FBI or local police forces.

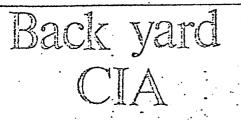
i) Defectors. As provided by law, CIA occasionally resettles in the U.S. defectors and other foreign individuals of operational interest. This resettlement may involve their assumption of a new identity, location of employment, etc. Although this activity takes place in this country, its purpose is the support of operations abroad.

3.

j) <u>Cover</u>. As a part of CIA operations abroad, arrangements are made with a number of U.S. entities to serve as the ostensible sponsor of individuals abroad. This can include business entities controlled by CIA, or proprietaries. While they may exist within the U.S., their purpose is to conduct or support operations abroad.



## CIA Eecdquarters in Virginia



The, Central Intelligence Agency always insists its men aren't in-.volved in domestic police work.But in. Chicago CIA agents have been working with the FBI and Tresury, men in an effort to pin the bank bombings on radical groups.

Heretofore, clandestine CIA police work within the US was centered around counter espionage offorts aimed at the

Soviet KGB.CIA maintains secret bases in all major US cities. The agency also has training camps in Virginia and the Carolinas. These are masked as regular military bases. Spooks are trained for duty at Williamsburg, Va.

Two years ago CIA employees were mention i when merbers of the Chicago

They met there with Helms, were shown around, and taken to the secret cited by agency people to bolst training comps. That was the beginning fronts in the US, thistime, mov of remors within the agency that the CIA had been given the go ahead to move into domestic police operations. While everyone denied it, the theory was that the CIA was told to get the radicals.

 Two recent personnel changes increased speculation. One involved resignation of Helm's special assistant, Robert Kiley. Kiley handled the student operations through National Student Association facades. He recently turned up as associate director of the Police Foundation, a new group launched with a \$30 million Ford Foundation grant. The money is meant to be used to improve local police. The second personnel shift involved Drexel Godfrey; who was head of the CIA's Office of Current Intelligence. Ho quit this high ranking job, turned up in the narcotics bureau of the Justice Commission at Harrisburg, Pa. The commission is another new at a set to the terrest to ant

police. Both personnel shifts a into was given a new title rece making him head of all intellig and presumably providing him wi legitimate interest in internal operations. But such suggestion bitterly denied all around.

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4 Intelligence Evaluation Committee and Staff

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CI/Police Group

Foreign Resources Division International Police Academy

Locations, Recruitments, Use Alias Documents

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1 June 1973

## MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. William E. Colby

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SUBJECT:

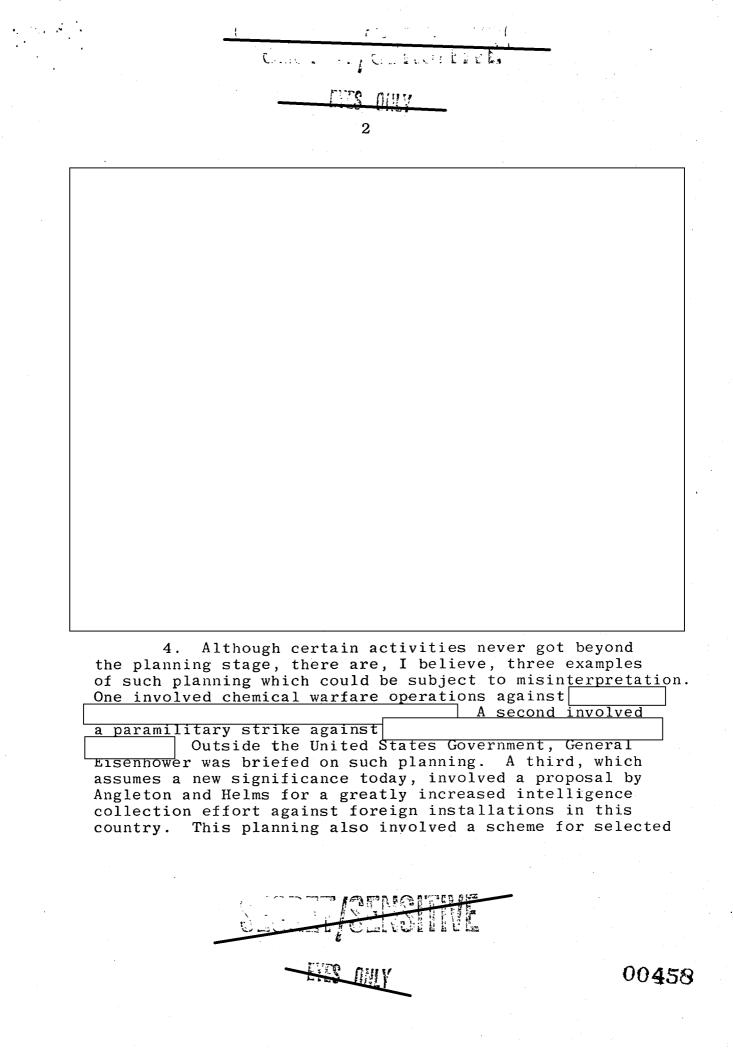
## Special Activities

1. Following our recent conversation, I have searched my memory and Mr. McCone's files for examples of activities which to hostile observers or to someone without complete knowledge and with a special kind of motivation could be interpreted as examples of activities exceeding CIA's charter.

2. First, as we discussed, on 7 March 1962, DCI McCone, under pressure from Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy, agreed to tap the telephones of columnists Robert S. Allen and Paul Scott in an effort to identify their sources for classified information which was appearing in their columns. Because the primary source appeared to be in the Department of Defense, McCone ordered me personally to brief General Joe Carroll, Director of DIA, orally, which I did. I understand more complete information on this operation is available from the Director of Security. I, personally, managed to avoid gaining any knowledge of what precise actions were taken, what information was gained, what was done with it, and when the operation was terminated.

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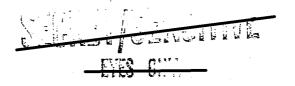


exposure of KGB activities and counteractions against the Soviet intelligence service. The reasons are still unclear to me as to why the FBI chose to brief the PFIAB to the effect that CIA was planning to wiretap extensively and indiscriminately in this country, to greatly increase the Agency representation in the Moscow Embassy, and generally to use KGB-type tactics, also extensively and indiscriminately. This led to a heated exchange between DCI McCone and Mr. Belmont of the FBI, one such meeting taking place in the presence of the Attorney General. It is clear that the FBI was opposed to any such proposal then, as now, and the plan never went forward.

5. During the period when Des FitzGerald was in charge of the Cuban Task Force, DCI McCone's office learned, quite by accident, that FitzGerald had secured the cooperation of several prominent US business firms in denying economic items to Cuba. There was no question but that the businessmen were glad to cooperate, but knowledge of this operation had to be rather widespread.

with elections in Chile. On 12 May 1964 at a meeting of the 303 Committee, it was decided that the offers of American business could not be accepted, it being neither a secure way nor an honorable way of doing such business. This declaration of policy at this time bears on the recent ITT hearings, but I am not surprised that McCone has forgotten that he helped to set the precedent of refusing to accept such collaboration between the Agency's operations

7. At the direction of Attorney General Robert Kennedy and with the explicit approval of President Kennedy, McCone injected the Agency, and particularly Cord Meyer,



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and private business.

into the US labor situation, and particularly to try to ameliorate the quarrel between George Meany and Walter Reuther. Cord Meyer steered a very skillful course in this connection, but the Agency could be vulnerable to charges that we went behind Meany's back, or were somehow consorting with Reuther against Meany's wishes.

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There are three examples of using Agency 8. funds which I know to be controversial. One was the expenditure of money under Project MOSES in securing the release of Cuban Brigade prisoners. Details of this operation are best known to Larry Houston, Mike Miskorsky, George MacManus, and James Smith. Second, as you well know, when Lou Conein received his summons to report to the Joint General Staff Headquarters on 1 November 1963 a large amount of cash went with him. My impression is that the accounting for this and its use has never been very frank or complete. Third, at one of the early Special Group meetings attended by McCone he took strong exception to proposals to spend Agency funds to improve the economic viability of West Berlin, and for an investment program in Mali. His general position was that such expenditures were not within the Agency's charter, and that he would allow such spending only on the direct personal request of the Secretary of State or the Secretary of Defense, or the White House.

9. I raise these issues of funding because I remember the Agency's being severely criticized by the House Appropriations Subcommittee for having spent \$3,000 for stamps in connection with a program to buy tractors to secure the release of prisoners from Cuba.

10. Under the heading of old business, I know that any one who has worked in the Director's office has worried about the fact that conversations within the offices and over the telephones were transcribed. During McCone's

tenure, there were microphones in his regular office, his inner office, his dining room, his office in East Building, and his study at his residence on White Haven Street. I do not know who would be willing to raise such an issue, but knowledge of such operations tends to spread, and certainly the Agency is vulnerable on this score.

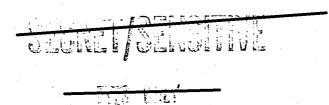
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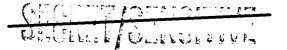
11. Also under the heading of old business,

Shortly after the Cuban missile crisis, there was a disposition in Washington to reexamine the Bay of Pigs, and the fact that several Alabama National Air Guard officers lost their lives in the Bay of Pigs was surfaced with surprisingly little excitement at the time.

12. During my stint on the 7th floor there was a special arrangement with the Office of Communications whereby the Director's office gained access to non-CIA traffic. This surfaced briefly at one point shortly after Admiral Rayborn became DCI. He had visited the Signal Center and removed a copy of a telegram from the Embassy in the Dominican Republic for Under Secretary George Ball, Eyes Only. He returned to his office and proceeded to discuss this telegram with George Ball who was naturally quite curious as to how Rayborn knew about it, and also as to how Rayborn had it in his possession before Ball did. Ben Read in the Secretary of State's office and I spent several weeks putting this one to rest.

13. Finally, DCI McCone, as you and I well know, operated on a very lofty plane, and I think certain of his activities could be misunderstood. One example was his decision in July of 1964 to have Aristotle Onassis and Maria Callas flown from Rome to Athens on Air Force KC 135. Their arrival in Athens in this airplane attracted the attention of the local press and in due course Mr. John





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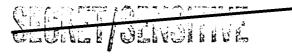
Hightower, Chief of the Associated Press Bureau for Washington, came to see me to ask about the propriety of this action.

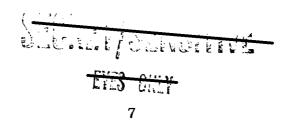
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15. McCone dealt quite extensively with newsmen in Washington. In fact, they gave him a gift and a luncheon when he left Washington, which is perhaps indicative of the press's relations with him. However, in the case of the Ross and Wise book, <u>The Invisible</u> <u>Government</u>, he did try to bring pressure on the publisher and the authors to change things. They did not change a comma, and I doubt that this old saw willever sing again.

\_\_\_\_\_16.

17. The above listing is uneven, but I have a sinking feeling that discipline has broken down, and that allegations from any quarter which cast these things in the wrong light would receive great publicity and attention, and no amount of denial would ever set the record straight. If I may be of any assistance in tracking down further details, I am of course at your disposal, but I would point





out that I was very much in the position of the enlisted man who knew that the commissioned officers were aware of these activities and better able to judge their propriety and possible impact or misinterpretation.

WALTER ELDER

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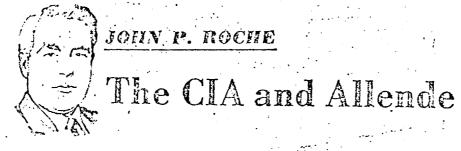
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February 1972 1.1.1

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD:

In November 1962 Mr. advised Mr. Lyman Kirkpatrick that he had, at one time, been directed by Mr. Richard Bissell to assume responsibility for a project involving the assassination of Patrice Lumumba, then Premier, Republic of Congo. According to poison was to have been the vehicle as he made reference to having been instructed to see Dr. Sidney Gottlieb in order procure the appropriate vehicle.

### BALTIMORE NEWS AMERICAN 12 APR 1973



The current imbroglio over the role that the Central Intelligence Agency and the International Telephone and Telegraph Co. played (or considered playing) in trying to block the election of Chilean President Allende has its tantalizing and perplexing aspects. Was the CIA's cash balance so low it needed a million dollars from IT&T? Did the CIA and IT&T really think they could pull off some of the stunts contemplated without, the word getting out and working massively in favor of Allende? But underlying this brawl are a series of very difficult question of principle, to say nothing of definition.

First of all, what constitutes American (public or private) intervention in the internal affairs of another state? Obviously, sponsoring a revolution (as Teddy Röosevelt did to break Panama loose from Colombia) is at one pole. But between sponsoring revolutions and totally eliminating any American activity outside of the United States, there is a long line on the spectrum, a line that gets fuzzier and fuzzier the further you go.

Moreover, even doing nothing can be construed as intervention: Egypt's President Nasser throught that Secretary Dulles' refusal to help finance the Aswan Dam was a form of intervention, and some years ago six confee-producing nations in Latin America protested to the Organization of American States that our refusal to rig coffeeprices intervened in their internal affairs.

I would argue that the very existence of the United States as the most powerful nation in the world automatically intervenes in the affairs of every other state. Nasser and the coffee producers were right: Inaction on our part can have as great an impact as action. To take a vivid instance, if we had not shipped military equipment to Britain before Pearl Harbor, the war for Europe could have been lost.

If we accept that proposition, the futile argument over whether we should intervene automatically goes by the boards. Then we turn to the hard one: To what ends should we (publicly and privately) intervene? Should we protect democratic (or even undemocratic) nations from totalitarian invasion or subversion? Should we utilize our foreign aid to nourish democratic political development --- as is provided in the Fraser Amendment to the foreign aid bill — or should we take a strictly hands-off approach?

It as at this point that the IT&T fracas comes back into focus, and as ileological shambles occurs. Let us suppose for a moment that the Chase Manhattan Bank, influenced by the World Council of Churches and black militants, decided to provide a condult to black-liberation movements in South Africa, using its business connections to provide arms and other aid to the revolutionaries. Would this be a "bad" thing? Was it a "bad" thing when the CIA, using a business cover, shipped into Santo Domingo the weapons used to kill the brutal dictator Trujillo? (I don't know how he feels about it today, but in 1961 the Dominican statesman Juan Bosch thought that intervention was the greatest thing since the discovery of America.)

What this comes down to is that intervention is a "good" thing when you happen to favor the cause involved, but is wicked and immoral. if you disapprove of the goals. A perfectly human response; but hardly one on which sound public policy can be formulated. The though of 1T&T losing its Chilean assets does not bring tears to my eyes or lead me to wish we still had a supply of gunboats in stock. Capitalism. I'm told, involves taking risks, and the corporation may in the end be reimbursed by a federal agency set up to provide insurance for such contingencies.

No, what bothers me is the wholly ad hoc reaction of the Senate committee investigating the matter. We would be far better served by Sen. Church and his colleagues if they spent less time being outraged and a little more trying to formulate general guidelines, guidelines which would apply to South America and South Africa, to the just and the unjust alike, however defined.

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#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Robert L. Vesco

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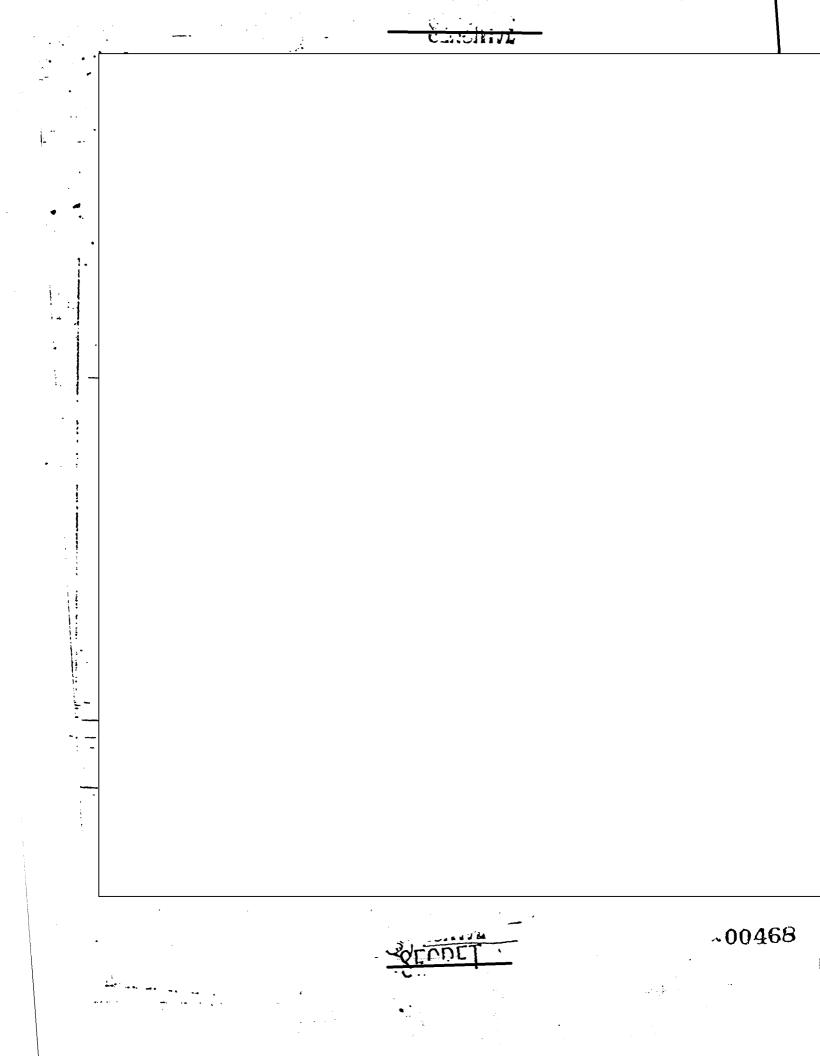
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1. On 31 July 1972 C/WHD was contacted by Mr. Jorden, Latin American referent at the NSC, by telephone in order to determine if BKHERALD had any information on Vesco. Mr. Jorden was advised that a check would be made. A file review uncovered C/WHD called Mr. Jorden (31 July 1972) and informed him of the tollowing:

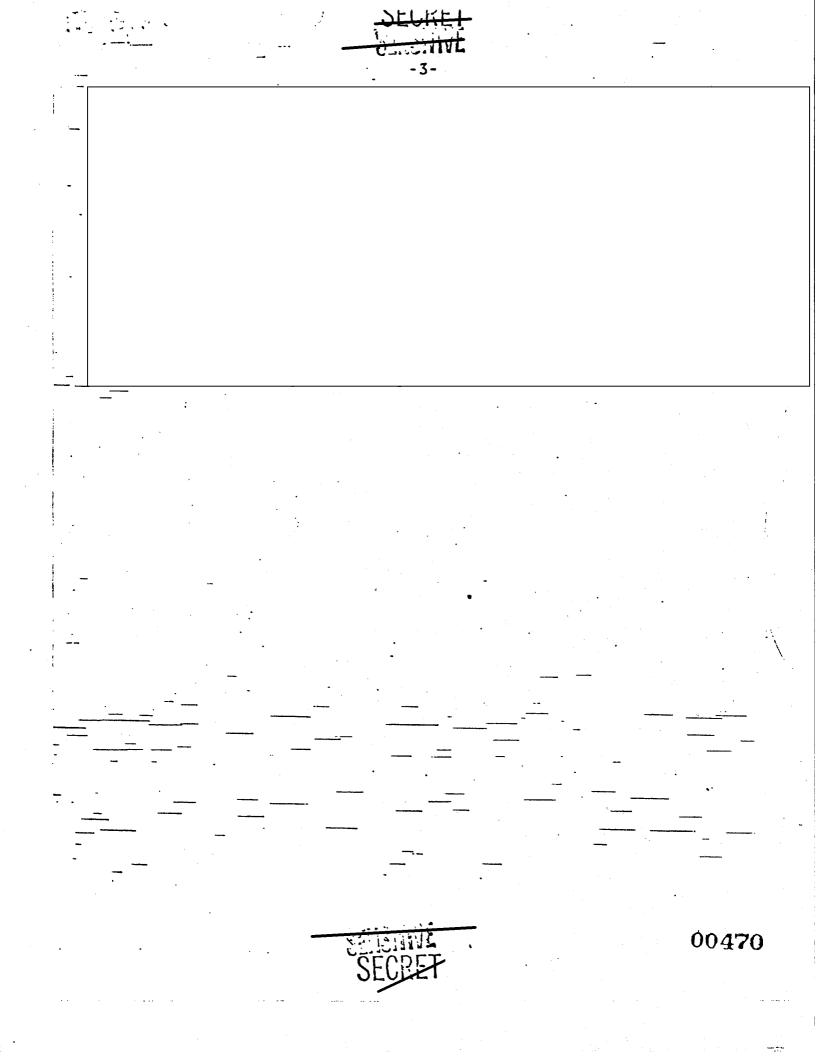
a) Vesco was known to us as head of IOS, had recently visited Costa Rica and expressed a desire to settle there. In addition, it was known that  $Vesco\sqrt{}$ 

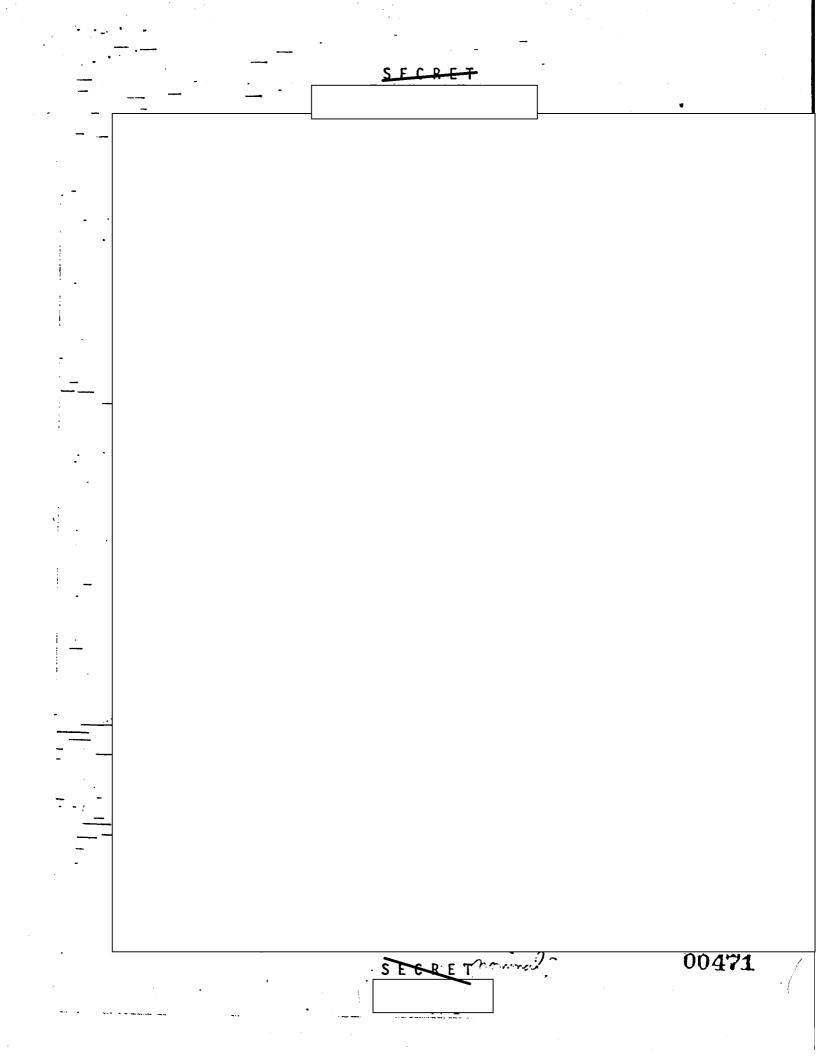
b) C/WHD/also advised Mr. Jorden that Vesco had come to the attention of \_\_\_\_\_\_ and they were aware that he was President of the International Control Corporation of Fairfield, N.J. Subsequently, \_\_\_\_\_\_ was advised that the NSC was making inquiries about Vesco.

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7 September 1973 DATE CHAMBER-LAIN A sample of 2 short, BRECKINRIDGE to-the-point spacial study, approved by WEC and now the endject GILLARD ļa:3 -50, of schiring by DDO, DDMBS and DDSST to do new regelation.  $\bigcirc$ SDB. Seatt : RETURN TO: Is there any control, or med for such, overses? 00472

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2 1 AUG 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

FROM : Inspector General

SUBJECT : Use and Control of Disguise and Alias Documents

#### Action Requested:

1. The attached report resulted from our general inquiries into Watergate-related issues and contains recommendations in paragraph 9 for your approval.

, **.** 

#### Background:

2. In the course of collecting information on various activities of the Agency with flap potential, we received a number of reports on issuance and use of disguise and alias documentation. The Executive Secretary, CIA Management Committee noted on the face of the summary submitted by the Office of Technical Services (OTS) on materials issued by it that it would be interesting to check the reports of other components to see if they matched with OTS issuances. In fact, OTS is not the only component to issue alias documentation, and the review was broadened to include the other issuing components and their procedures for controlling the materials. The attached report summarizes the findings.

		d F. Chamberlain pector General	
Attachment As Stated Above			
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#### USE AND CONTROL OF DISGUISE AND ALIAS DOCUMENTS

#### General

1. The policy, responsibilities, and procedures concerning U.S. documentation issued to authenticate a false identity used in the Directorate of Operations are set forth in CSI (now DOI) 240-4 dated 23 August 1972. This instruction, a revision of CSI 220-7 dated 12 May 1959, represents an extensive upgrading in the definition of responsibilities and in establishing procedures ensuring that each request has the approval of a designated senior official in the component. The current instruction, furthermore, requires that each request be routed through Cover and Commercial Staff, Official Cover Branch (CCS/OCB) for concurrence, which, in effect, makes CCS/OCB the one component retaining complete records and details of every request. There are no other regulations applying to this subject, but it currently is observed by all components.

#### Issuing Responsibilities and Procedures

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2. Three major components are responsible for issuing alias documentation and/or disguise. The specific responsibilities are:

this office issues non-backstopped docume	
alias which are used exclusively for flash identifi	cation
purposes. Birth certificates in alias are consider	
a special document and require a uniquely prescribe	
procedure and control. This Branch also responds t	
for disguises.	•

issues driver's licenses which are fully backstopped as well as fully backstopped investigative credentials

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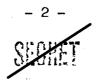
All requests to any of the above three components for 3. alias documentation or disguise must be by memorandum and must be signed by one of two authorized officers designated by the requesting component. The instruction requires that this approval authority be confined to the chief of the division or staff, or to a senior operations officer specifically designated by the division or staff chief to exercise this function. The request is routed through CCS/OCB for concurrence at which time the requesting signature is verified as being on the approved list and all of the documents requested are recorded in the OCB file. All requests for documents to be used in CONUS are then routed to Office of Security, Operational Support Division, Special Activities Branch for approval and then are forwarded to the component which is to issue the documents. Issuing components are required to maintain controls on accountability and establish conditions for use of documents that they issue. OTS is developing a new computerized system which is scheduled to become operational in November 1973. Every six months each component will be given a complete listing of all documentation and disguises issued to them and they will be required to either justify the continued retention of the documents or return them.

#### Component Controls

4. There is no established procedure prescribing how each component is to control the documents issued to it. The instructions do require, however, that the documents will be handled as controlled documents from the time of issue until their ultimate disposition. The general practice is to maintain a record of all documents received within the component, but to issue the documents to the appropriate officers who assume responsibility for handling them properly. There is no evidence of periodic spot checking. At least one area division of the Directorate of Operations follows a procedure which requires that the documents be retained in the front office until needed for an operation, being returned after the operation is completed. On the surface this may appear to be a strict control, but in actuality the documents are retained in individual packages for each senior officer, and are never inspected before they are issued nor after they are returned; in effect, no record accountability by the officer is required.

#### Ultimate Document Retrieval

5. Every employee using alias documents is now required to process through CCS as part of his exit-out process for either resignation or retirement. It is at this time that he is given a list of all alias documentation issued to him and is requested to return all such documents. If there are any of these documents



which he is unable to produce, the employee must submit a signed written statement describing, to the best of his ability, the conditions under which the document or documents were either lost or destroyed. The controls that now exist were not in operation when Howard Hunt was an employee, which may explain how he was able to retain documents issued in the 1960s. Nor do these controls apply effectively to non-employees over whom the Agency has no control. Most disguise material -- other than documents -- is regarded as perishable and non-sensitive and OTS is not too concerned if disguise material is not returned.

6. A new computerized system is being readied called CENBAD (Central Badge and Credential System). Initially this system will include all of the issuances of the badge office, CCS, Central Processing and the motor pool. The system will provide a monthly listing to these four components of all credentials issued and could be used to request outstanding credentials at the time of checkout. As a follow-up the system will provide a weekly credential status of all employees who have separated but for whom CENBAD still shows outstanding credentials.

#### Conclusions

7. Since the issuance of DOI 240-4 there has been a very definite improvement in the controls exercised over alias documentation. By requiring that every request be routed through CCS/OCB for concurrence, a very complete file of all alias documents issued has been compiled. The probability is slight that an Agency employee could resign or retire without having been queried about all the alias documents which had been issued to him. This procedure, while currently observed in the Agency, has no standing as a general requirement and exists only as an administrative instruction in one of the Agency's directorates.

8. The OTS computerized system, when operational, should tend to reduce the number of outstanding documents since a justification every six months will be required for their retention. The CENBAD system will not only make the CCS/OCB control even more effective by mechanizing the up-to-date listing but in the rare instances when an officer might depart without turning in his documents, CENBAD will provide this data weekly to allow for a follow-up.

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#### 9. Recommendations:

a. That an Agency Headquarters Regulation be issued formalizing the requirement for a central Agency control over issuance, accountability and recovery of alias documentation.

b. That each component designate an alias documentation control officer who would retain all documents, issuing them only for specific operations and institute a policy of signed receipts and return of documents upon the completion of the operation.

UNCLASSIFIED L. U. ONLY CONF NTIAL X · SECRET Cranra ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET SUBJECT: (Optional) ACTVITIES OF POSSIBLE JINTEREST TO THE DIRECTOR EXTENSION FROM: NO. 25 May 1973 TO: (Officer designation, room number, and DATE OFFICER'S COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from whom building) INITIALS to whom. Draw a line across column after each comment.) FORWARDED RECEIVED 1. 1-2: Pils hing to 5/24 2. ath of whomever is minulling His and 6 3. porting for DDO. 1 MAY 19731 30 MAY 1973 4. 4220 5. sent this to 6. as a skelettil, 7. H0, N Í 6 31 8. round 31 thay 9. ., Jewels hh AVL 10. C C hrc m KIU 11. This was also reported by ORD/DDSB7 and called to 12. sitention of WEC. 13. 14. 15. 10 00478 USE PREVIOUS INTERNAL UNCLASSIFIED SECRET CONFIDENTIAL USE ONLY

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#### 24 May 1973

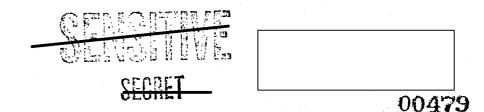
MEMORANDUM FOR: Acting Chief, SUBJECT: Activities of Possible Interest to the Director

1. A few years ago the Branch was asked to support a test program and feasibility study being conducted by DD/S&T/ORD.

When this project concluded, the Branch was given permission by DD/S&T/ORD to retain the camera and TV image transmission system for further experimentation.

2. In early June 1972 DD/S&T/ORD, who had been the Project Officer in evaluating this TV data link system, phoned the Branch. He stated that the U.S. Secret Service had a requirement for this TV camera and data link system. It was our understanding that the camera would be carried in a helicopter and would be used for crowd surveillance during the Democratic and Republican Conventions at Miami Beach, Florida. Mr. asked that we make the equipment available for the period desired by the Secret Service and indicated that the equipment would be returned to us when no longer needed. On 19 June 1972, Mr. Michael T. Casey, accompanied by Mr. visited to pick up the equipment. Mr. Casey of the Secret Service was not made witting of the fact that is an Agency facility.

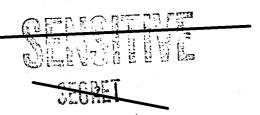
3. On 13 November 1972, the equipment, as a result of a phone call from was picked up at Secret Service Headquarters by A few of the system's



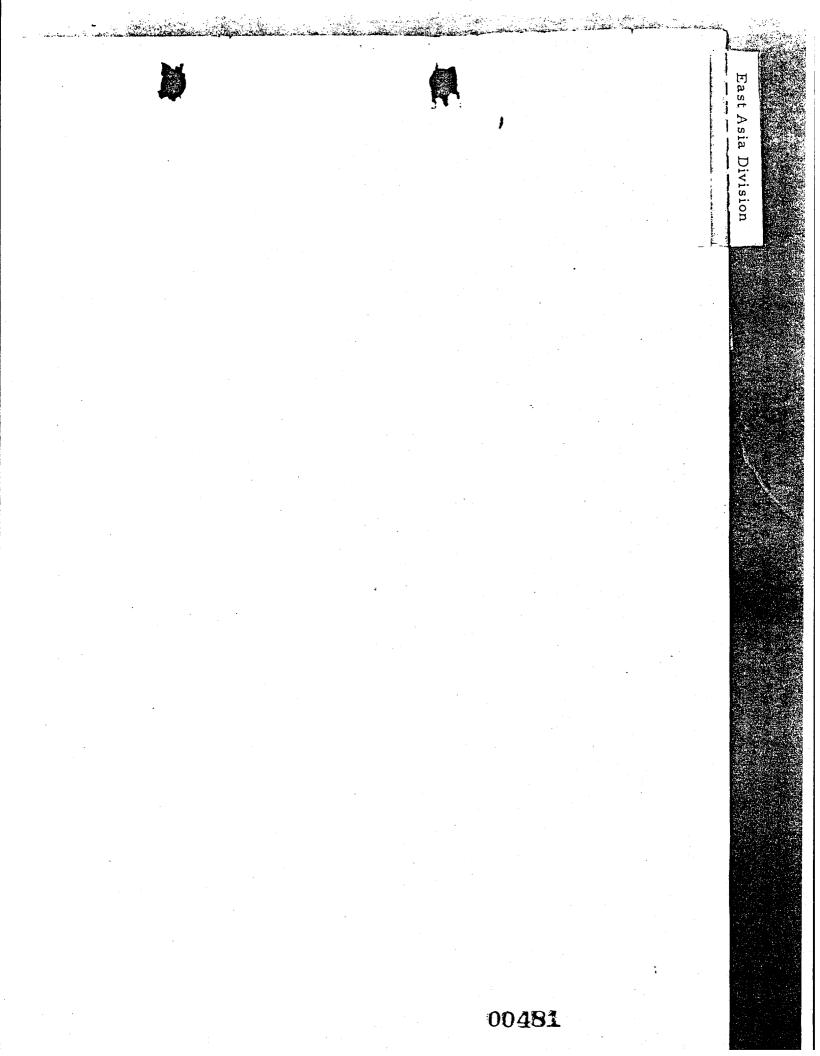
components were missing when it was returned. These components were the handle, tripod and electrical adapter. Later the missing components were returned to us by the Secret Service.

4. A few months ago, Mr. called me about this equipment and said that S&T would like to get the equipment off its books since none of it would be needed in the future by S&T. He offered to transfer the equipment at no cost to Branch. A short time later the necessary paper work was performed to reflect the receipt of this equipment into the Branch inventory.

> Cnier, Branch Special Operations Division



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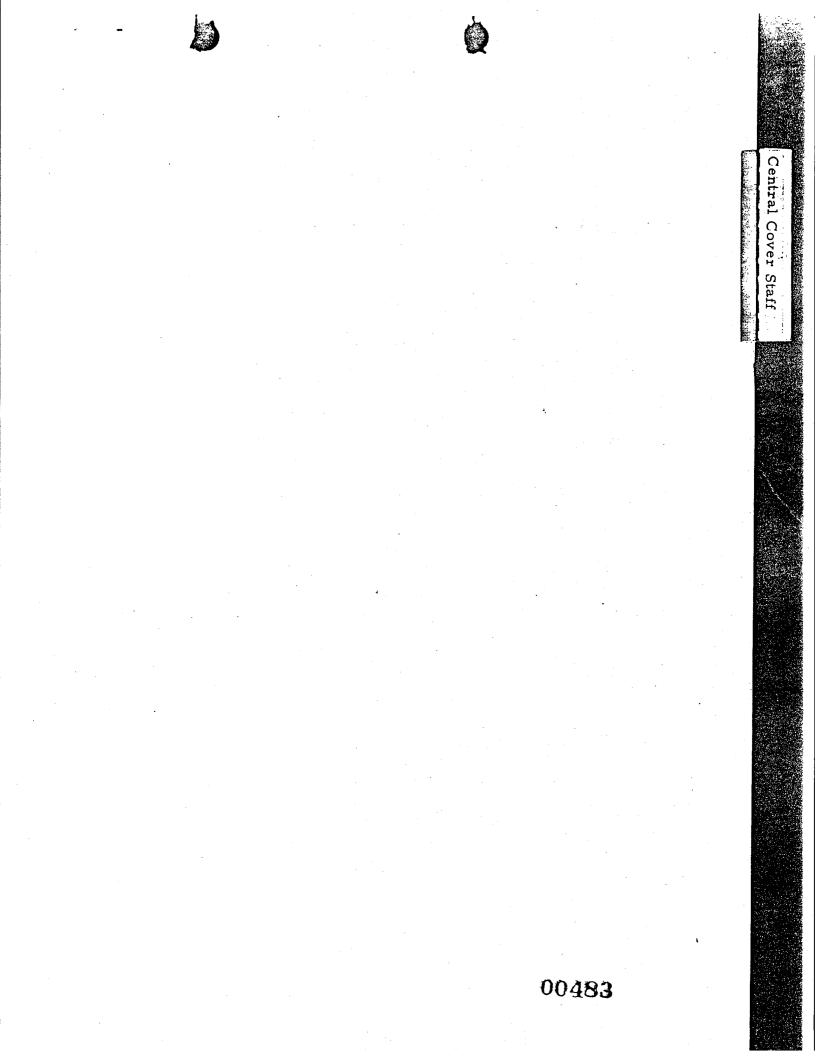


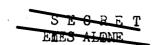
-SECRET\_\_SENSITIVE

SUBJECT:

Project is a Headquarters initiated program which has as its fundamental objective the long term manipulations of selected agent assets operating against EA Division difficult targets in the leftist and communist milieu in various parts of the world. Although targetted overseas these agents are often exposed to and directed against American radical, leftist, and communist targets to gain a practical knowledge of the leftwing. radical, communist world. There is a possibility that an asset might become suspect and be accused of being an employee of the Agency or the Bureau; or it might happen some asset would, for some reason, become disenchanted with his role and expose his Agency relationship and his activities, with resultant embarrassment. To minimize potential problems, therefore, each case is cleared with the FBI and through CI/SO the Bureau is kept informed on a regular basis.

SECRET SENSITIVE





Subject: Cover Support

#### Bill:

1. In addition to the matters listed in the CCS memorandum on CCS Cover Support Within the United States the following bigoted cases should be noted:

2. We have no indications that either of these cases might create problems. As I told you on 5 March 1973, I don't feel the same way increased to the cover situation of the personnel in

7 May 1973



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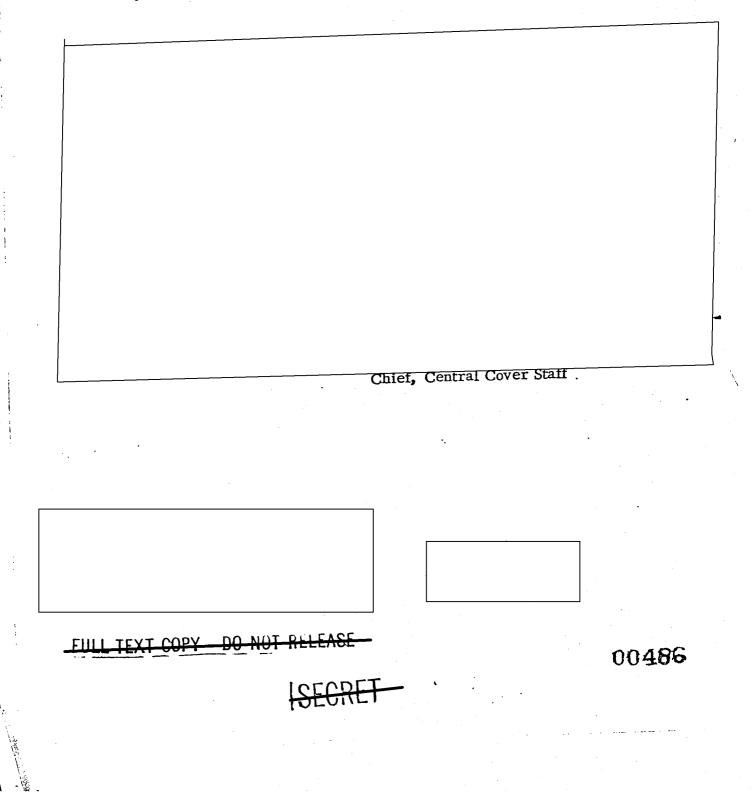
### 8 May 1973

### MEMORANDUM FOR:

Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT:

Alias Passports

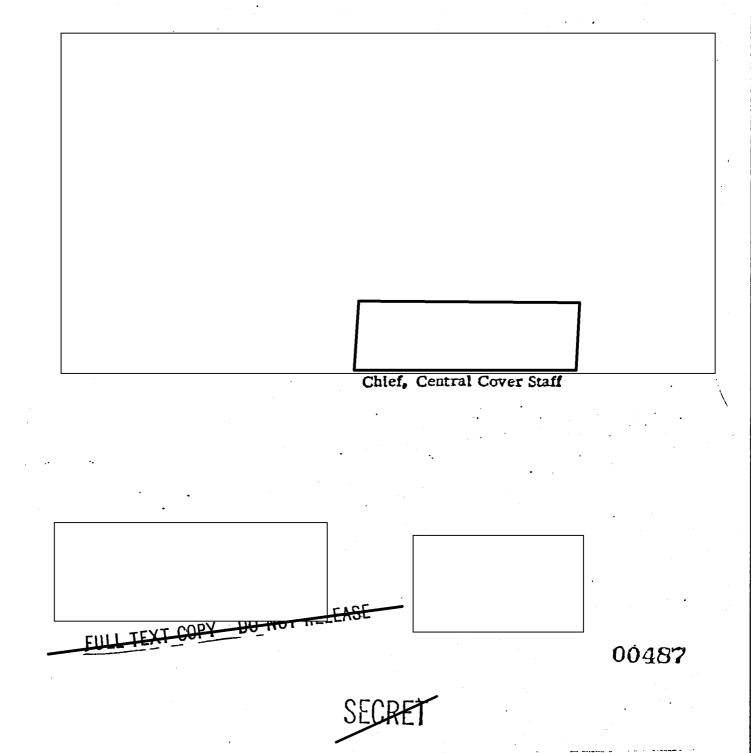


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8 May 1973

MEMORANEUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

SUEJECT: Alias Passports



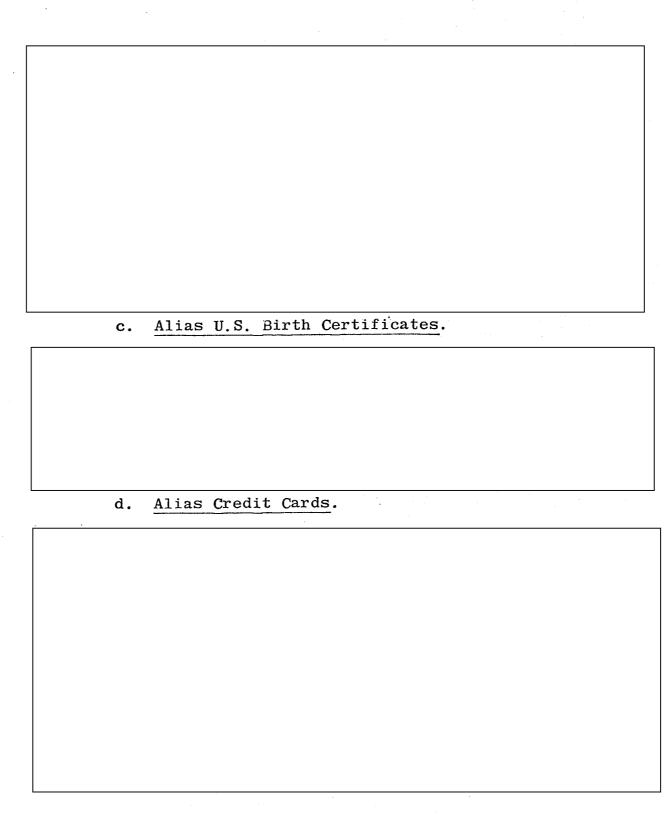
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MORANDIM	FOR:	Deputy	Director	for	Operations	
MEMORANDOM						

SUBJECT : CCS Cover Support Provided Within the United States

1. The following specific information regarding domestic cover support provided by Central Cover Staff is submitted in response to your request:

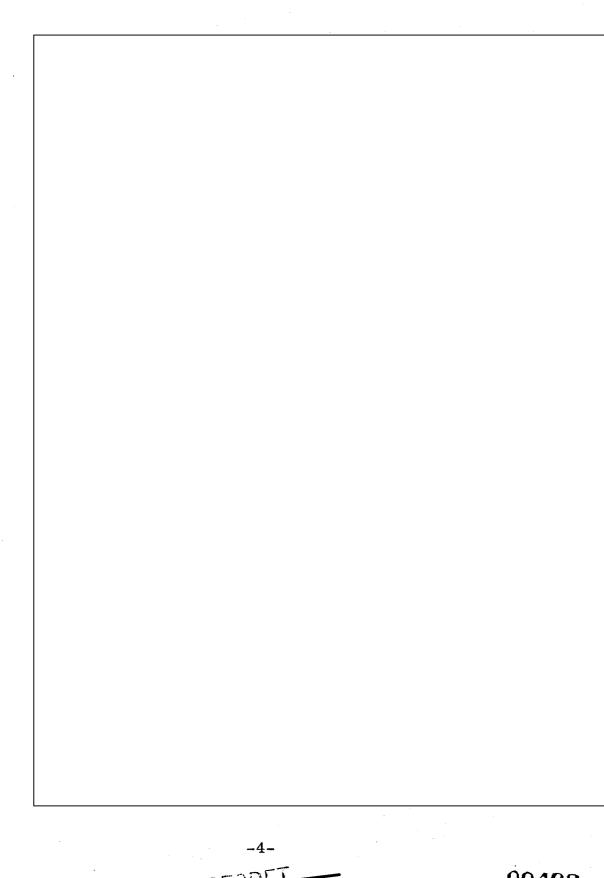
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	tion.			
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Alias Social Security Cards. e. -3-00491 2RF







### 1. Support to BNDD Activities.

2. The following general information pertains to domestic cover support activities outside the purview of CCS:

a. Alias U.S. drivers licenses

b. Alias CIA credentials

Chief, Central Cover Stall



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7 May 1973 (Revised)

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT

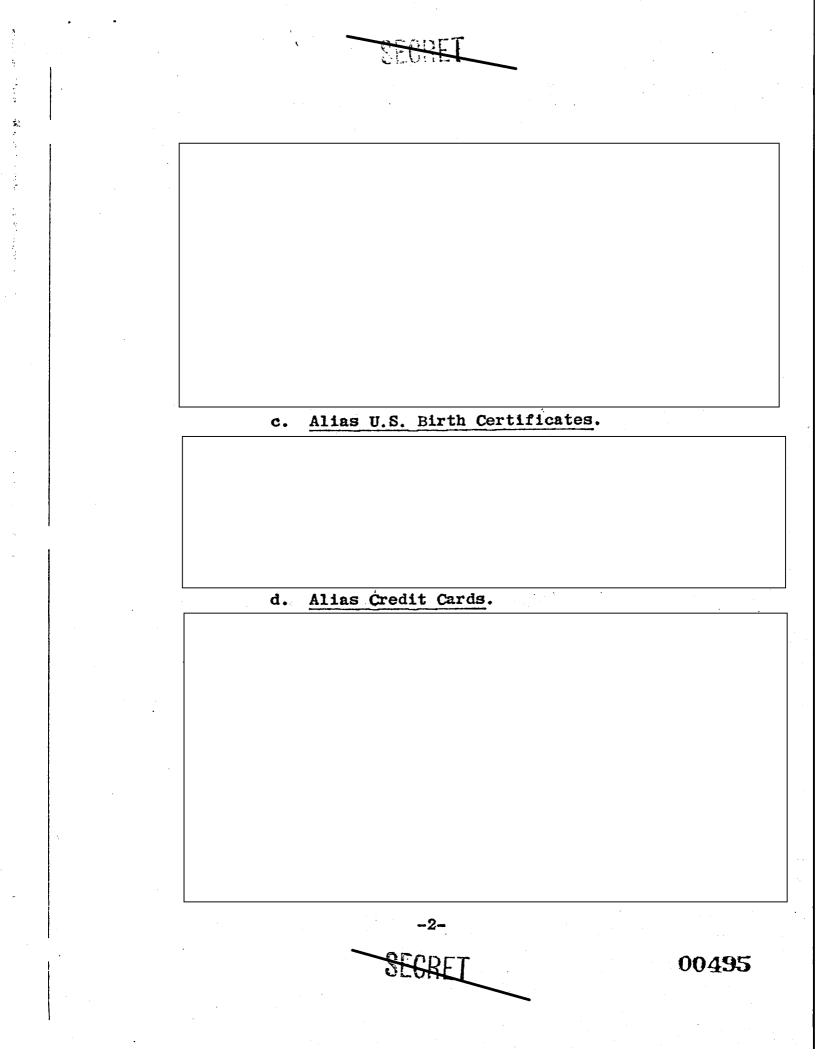
: CCS Cover Support Provided Within the United States

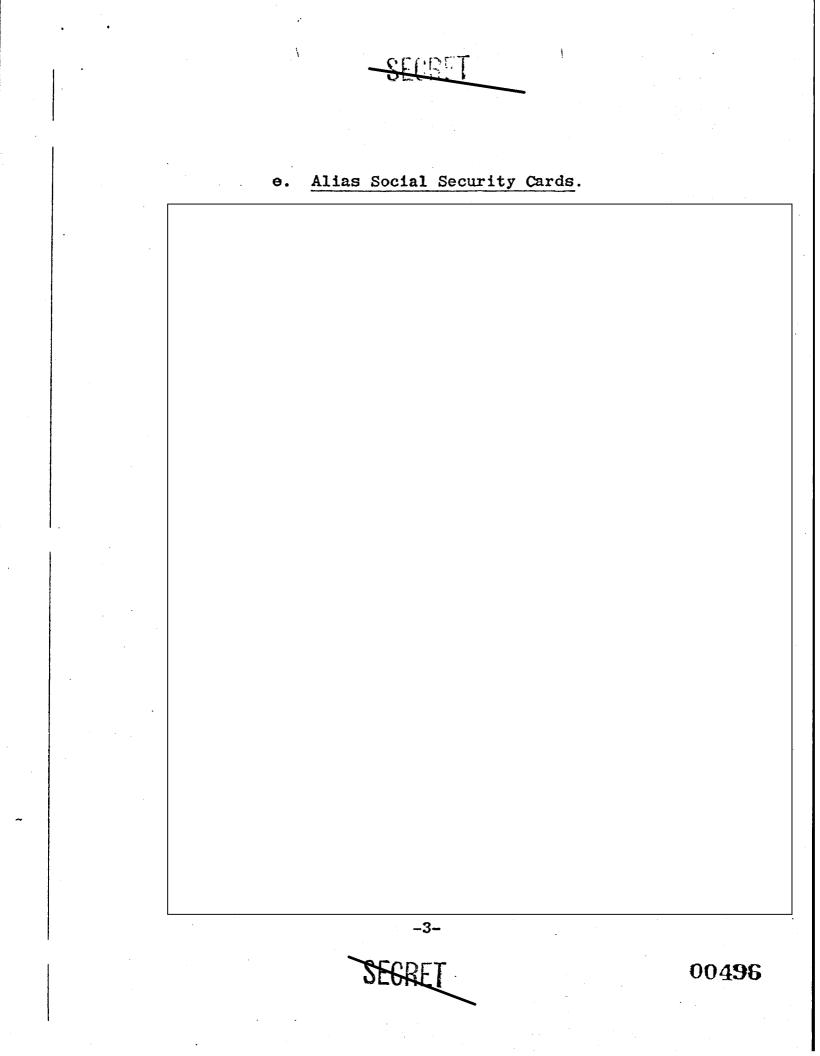
1. The following specific information regarding domestic cover support provided by Central Cover Staff is submitted in response to your request:

a. <u>Aliases Used in Conjunction with Documenta-</u> tion.

NOTE: The above figures are based on the CCS recordkeeping system initiated in April 1972.

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#### 1. Support to BNDD Activities.

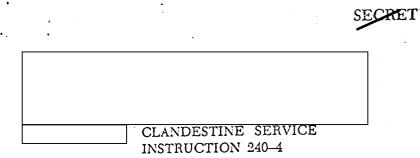
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b. Alias CIA credentials

Chief, Central Cover Staff





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COVER 23 August 1972

### ALIAS U.S. DOCUMENTATION

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COVER 23 August 1972

# CLANDESTINE SERVICE INSTRUCTION 240-4

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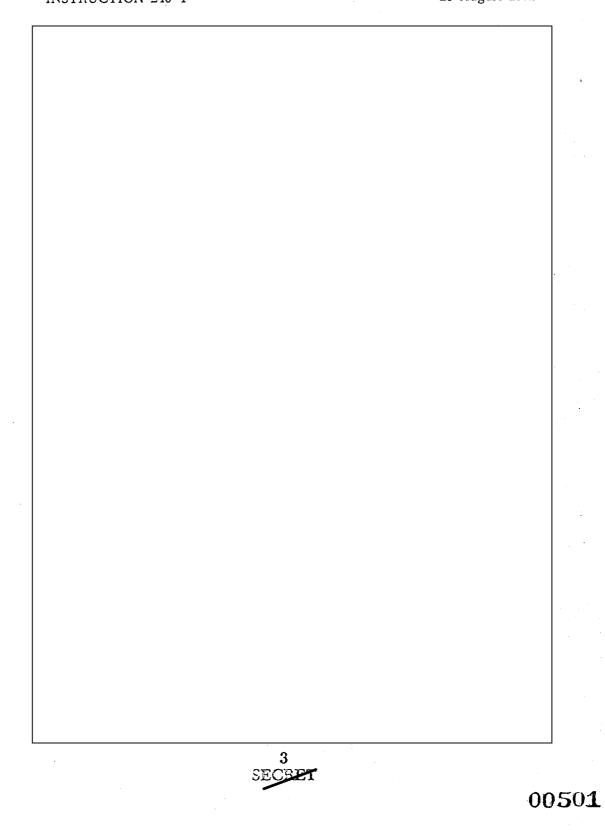
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#### CLANDESTINE SERVICE INSTRUCTION 240-4

COVER 23 August 1972



## CLANDESTINE SERVICE INSTRUCTION 240-4

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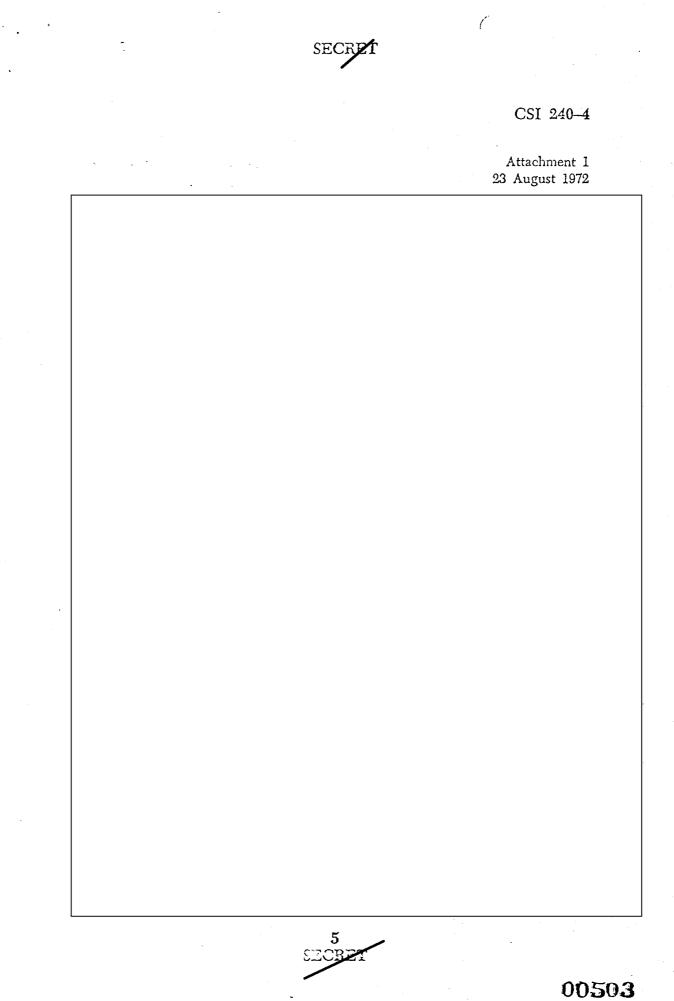
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#### COVER 23 August 1972

Thomas H. Karamessines Deputy Director for Plans

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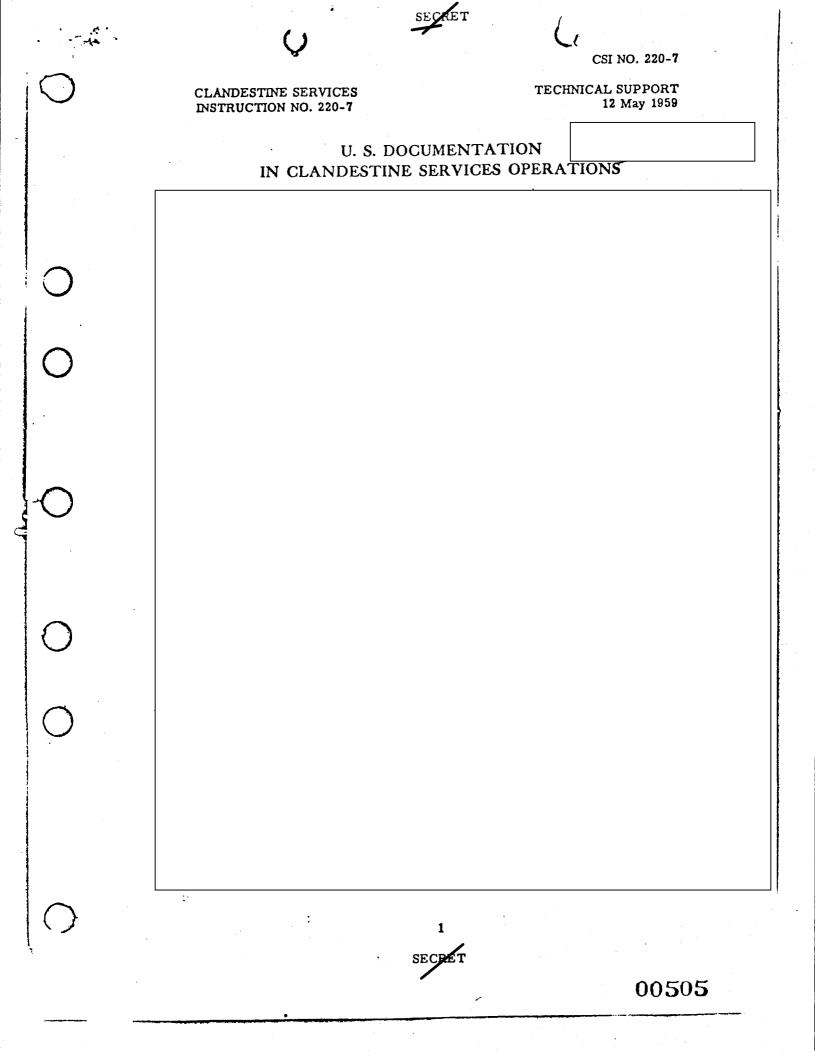


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## CSI 240-4

Attachment 1 23 August 1972

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Q / CSI NO. 220-7

TECHNICAL SUPPORT 12 May 1959

CLANDESTINE SERVICES INSTRUCTION NO. 220-7

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RICHARD M. BISSELL, JR. Deputy Director (Plans)

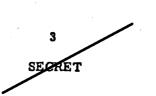
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Released by: Richard Helms Chief of Operations

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#### 7 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

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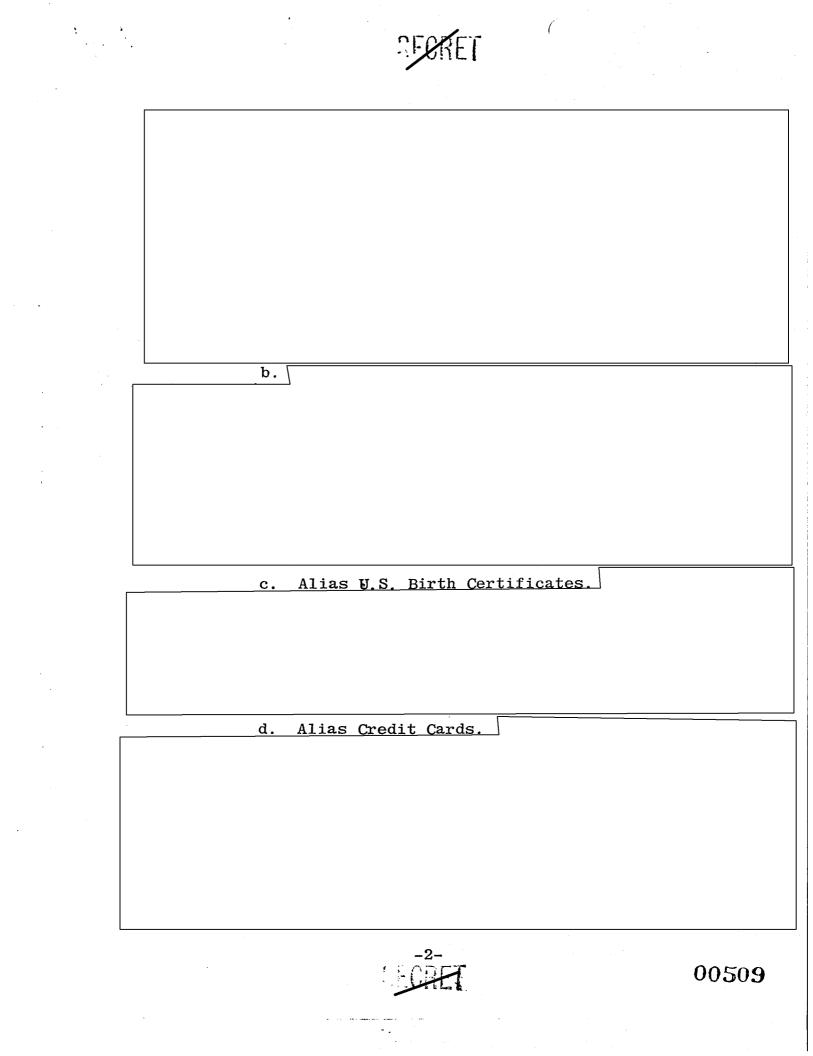
SUBJECT

CCS Cover Support Provided Within the United States

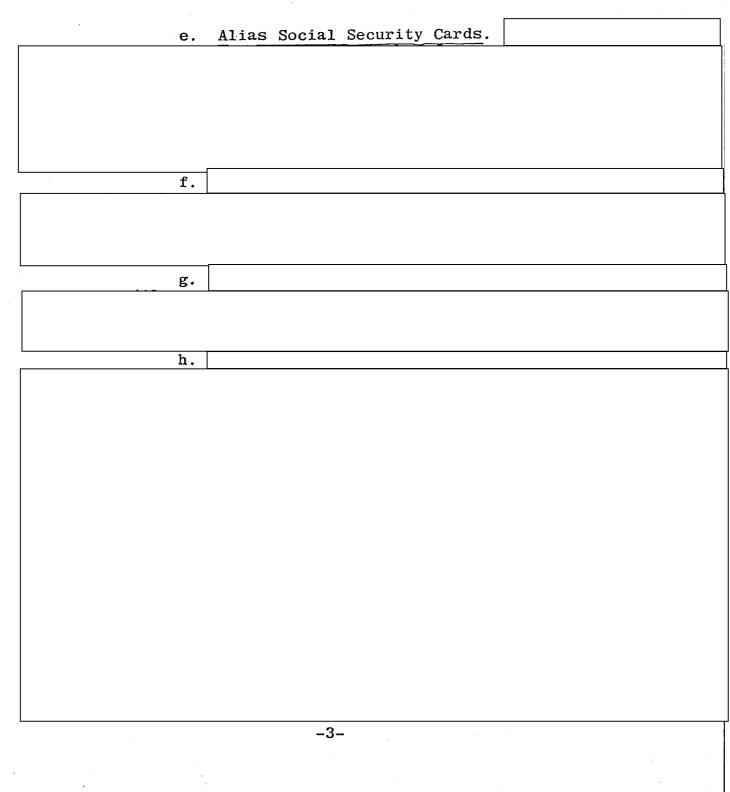
1. The following specific information regarding domestic cover support provided by Central Cover Staff is submitted in response to your request:

a. Aliases Used in Conjunction with Documenta-

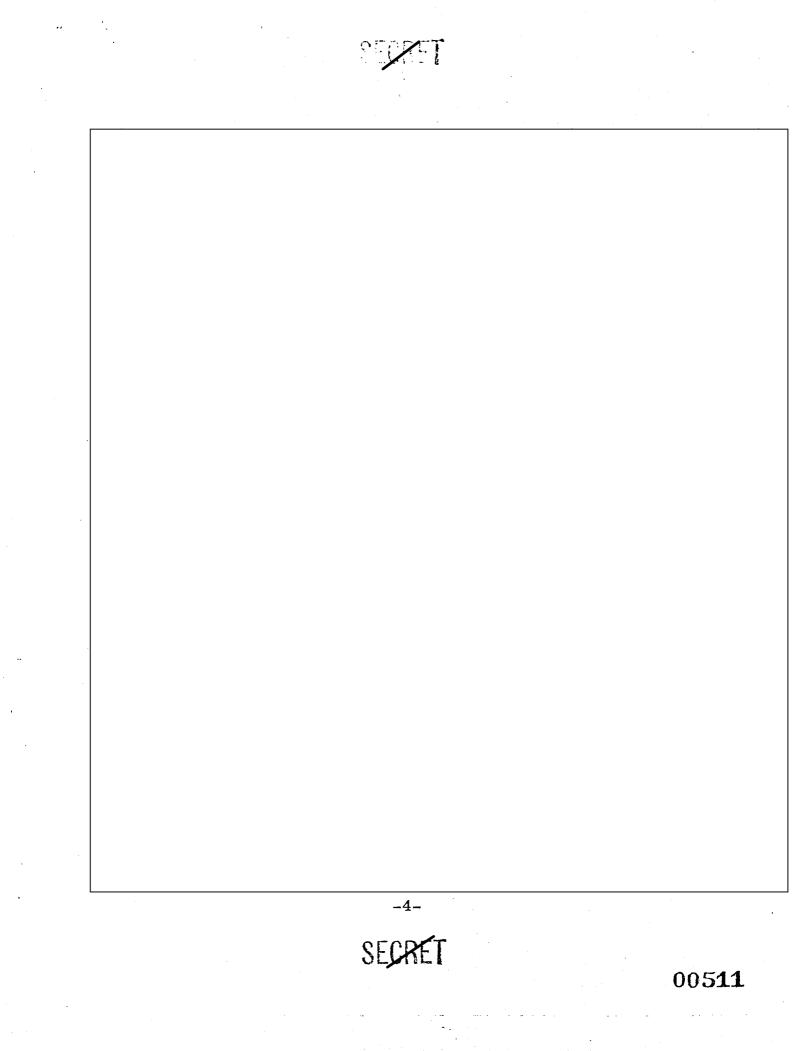
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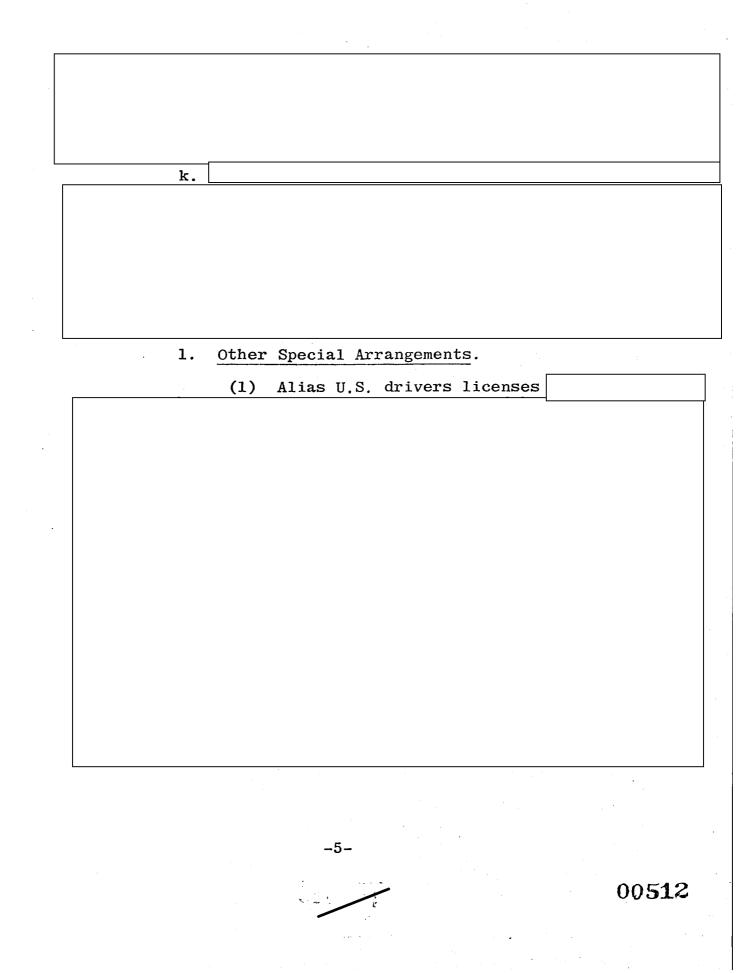


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Alias CIA credentials (5)

Chief, Central Cover Staff

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## CORPORATE COVER

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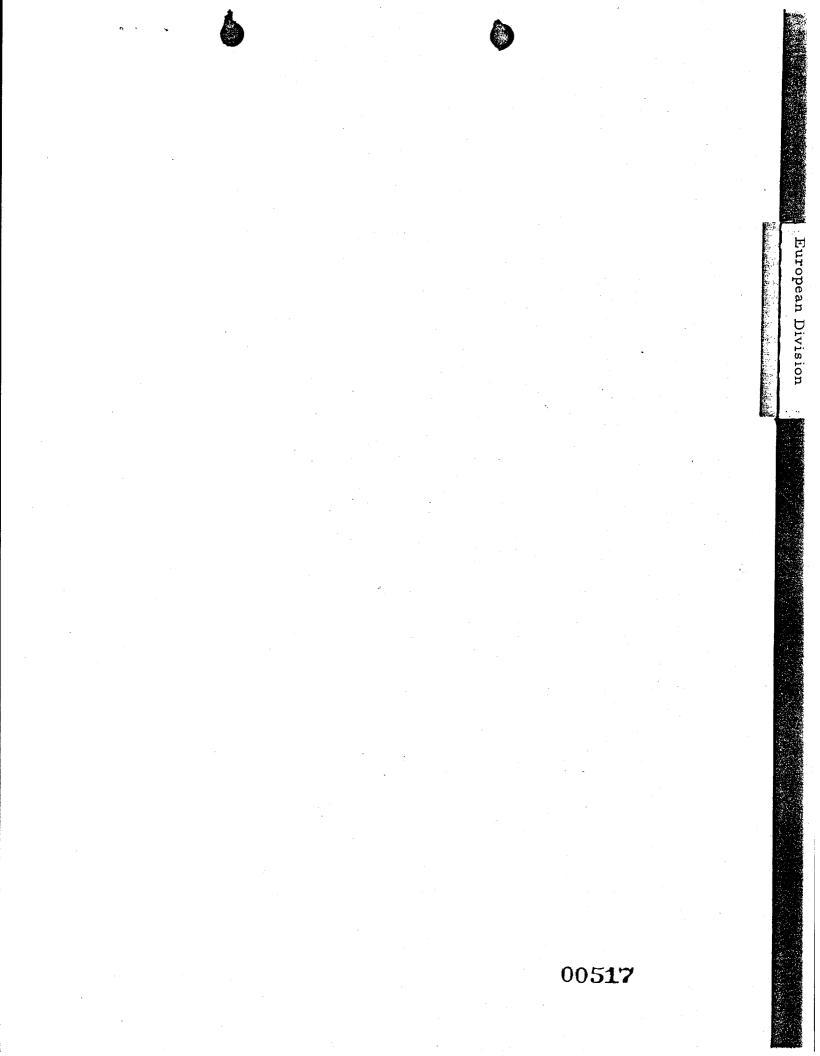
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### PROPRIETARY ENTITY COVER

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7 May 1973

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MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT

Research Project on Robert L. Vesco

participate in a meeting with a number of OER officers. During the meeting, explained that the Director of Central Intelligence had levied a crash project on Dr. Edward Proctor, the Deputy Director for Intelligence, to produce a paper on international financier Robert L. Vesco. Since the Director had specifically requested contributions from the field asked our Division to help in procuring them.

2. We thereupon cabled various questions suggested by OER to And asked for replies by 19 October. Relevant answers were turned over to OER in memorandum form. In the case of a brief reference in one of the field messages to an earlier high-level American intercession on behalf of Mr. Vesco, we asked Mr. Helms through his secretary whether this was relevant information. The response, again received through the secretary, was that it was not relevant.

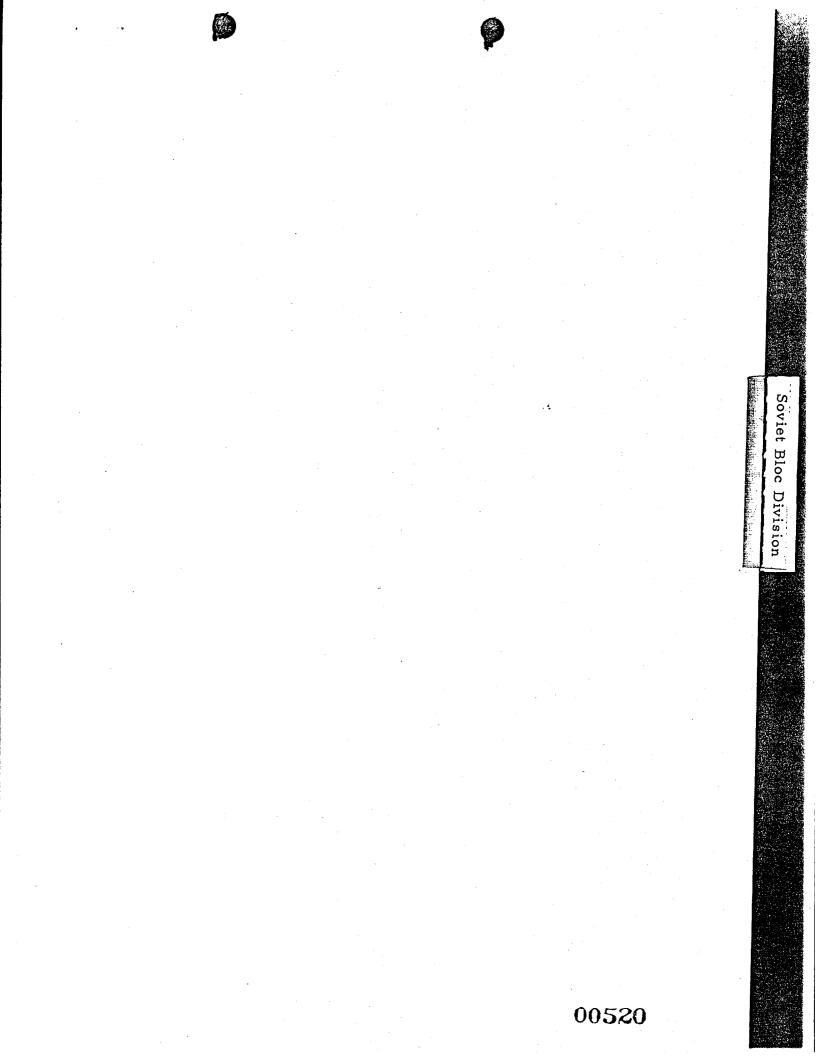
. 3. Soon after our memoranda had been submitted, advised that the Director wanted everyone to forget the Vesco project. This was communicated to all DDP Headquarters personnel who had had a hand in the project or had been made aware of it.

4. We never had any indication as to the reason for or the purpose of the project.

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5. We understand that OER has recently written a memorandum on this matter for the DCI.

Archibald B. Roosevelt Chief, European Division



#### 7 May 1973

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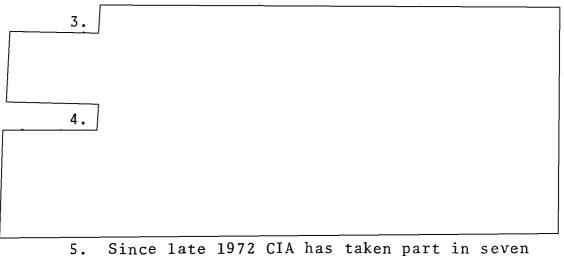
#### MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT:

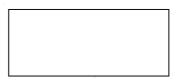
Items for Possible Use in Briefing the DCI

1. This Memorandum is submitted in order to identify to you for possible briefing of the Director activities which in certain contexts could be construed as delicate or inappropriate.

2. At the request of the Director of Security, from approximately mid-October 1972 to mid-January 1973 safesite was made available to the U.S. Marshal's service for use as a secure residence by an Assistant U.S. Attorney who reportedly was under threat of assassination by organized criminal elements.



5. Since late 1972 CIA has taken part in seven FBI training courses at Quantico, Virginia in response to requests from the FBI. We have shared with them through lectures and discussions lessons we have learned which are relevant to their counterespionage responsibilities.



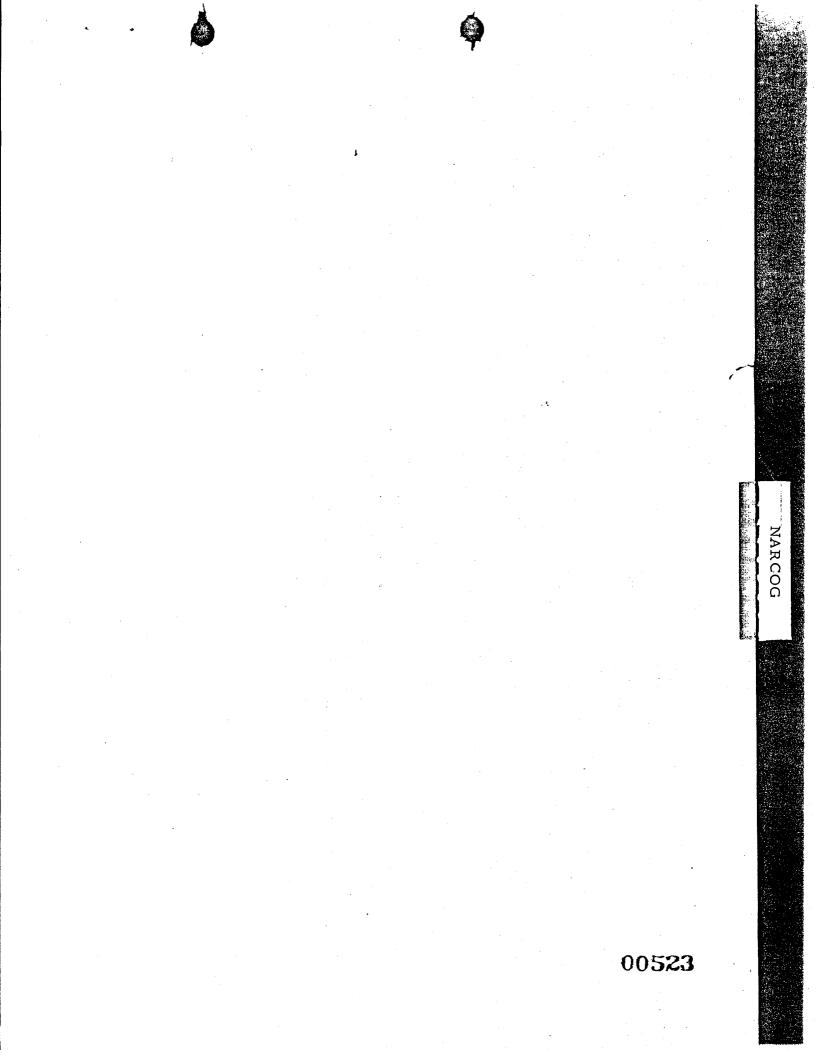
6. As a means of sharing more fully our operational experience we have invited three FBI officers to be students in our Course from 14 to 25 May 1973.

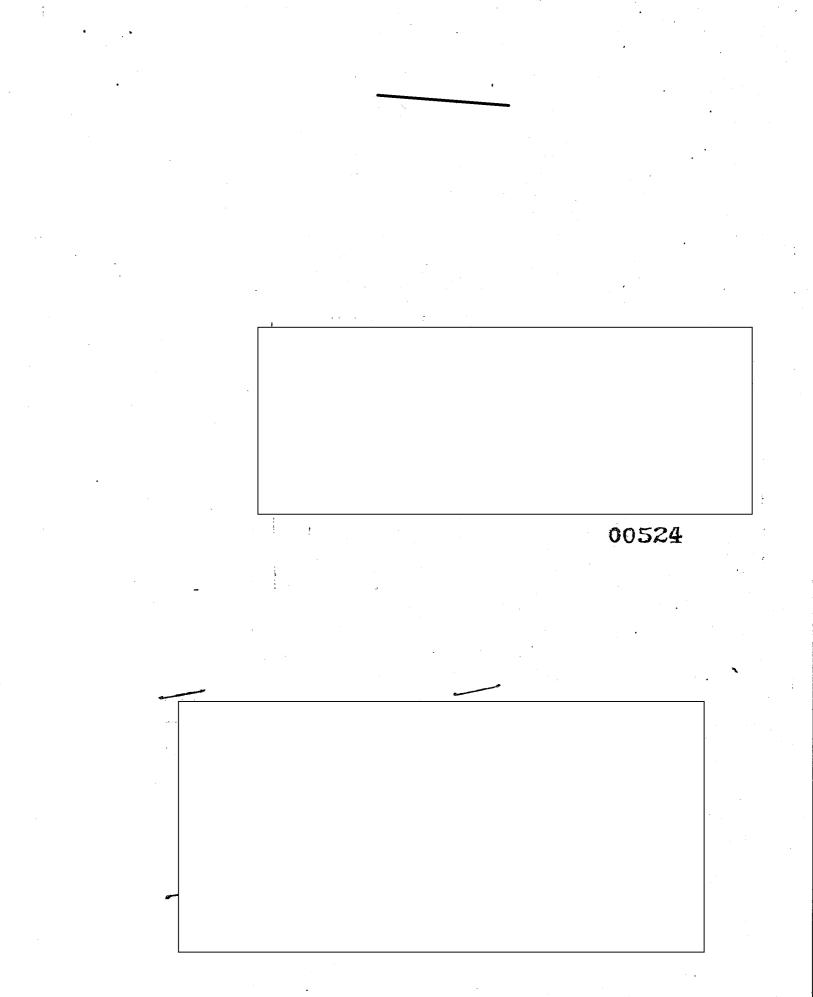
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7. The Soviet defector Yuriy NOSENKO was confined at a CIA facility from April 1964 to September 1967 while efforts were being made to establish whether he was a bona fide defector. Although his present attitude toward the Agency is quite satisfactory, the possibility exists that the press could cause undesirable publicity if it were to uncover the story.

> David H. Blee Chief Soviet Bloc Division

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MEMORANDUM FOR:

## UM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT:

CIA Narcotics Activities Having Domestic Implications

1. This memorandum is in response to your request for a review of activities and relationships that might have domestic implications.

2. We occasionally report on the activities of American citizens involved in narcotics trafficking abroad. This information is normally disseminated to U.S. law enforcement agencies and other recipients of our reports. We also occasionally request U.S. law enforcement agencies for name traces on U.S. citizens who are known or suspected to be involved in narcotics trafficking abroad.

7 MA-1 1973

Deputy Director for Operations MEMORANDUM FOR:

CIA Narcotics Activities Having

SUBJECT:

## Domestic Implications

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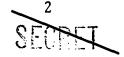
We have occasionally received requests for alias documentation for U.S. narcotics law enforcement

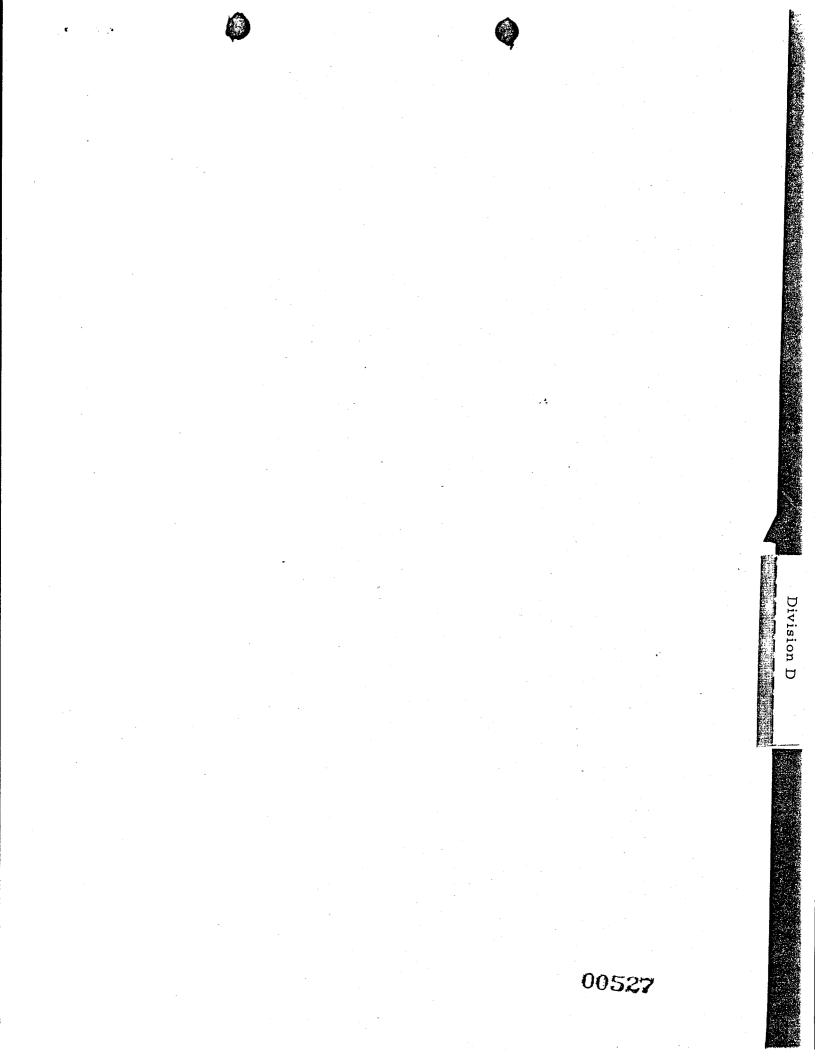
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officials working abroad on foreign narcotics investi-The present method of handling such requests. gations. is for us to request the approval of the Deputy Director for Operations prior to asking the Technical Services Division to comply. We insist on knowing the true identity of the persons to use such documentation and limit them to staff officers of the U.S. law enforcement agencies. We also require that we know the purpose and intended use of the documents. Finally, we require receipts from the headquarters of the agency involved and the individual, and also require these documents to be returned to us for destruction after they have fulfilled their use. We have turned down requests from BNDD for alias documentation for domestic use. There are some indications in the files that there have been requests from BNDD for domestic documentation in connection with their domestic investigations. These predate NARCOG, and we are unable to determine how these requests were handled.

6. We periodically receive requests for technical assistance in the form of photographic and audio devices or guidance for use of such items by U.S. law enforcement agencies in connection with their foreign investigations of illicit narcotics activities. We require these agencies to adhere to the same procedures we require in our own operations. From time-to-time we have honored these requests and have provided sterile equipment when the requests have been properly presented and approved. Our records show evidence that several such requests were made prior to the existence of NARCOG in connection with narcotics law enforcement investigations in the United States. We are unable to determine whether the requests were fulfilled.

Chief, DDO/NARCOG

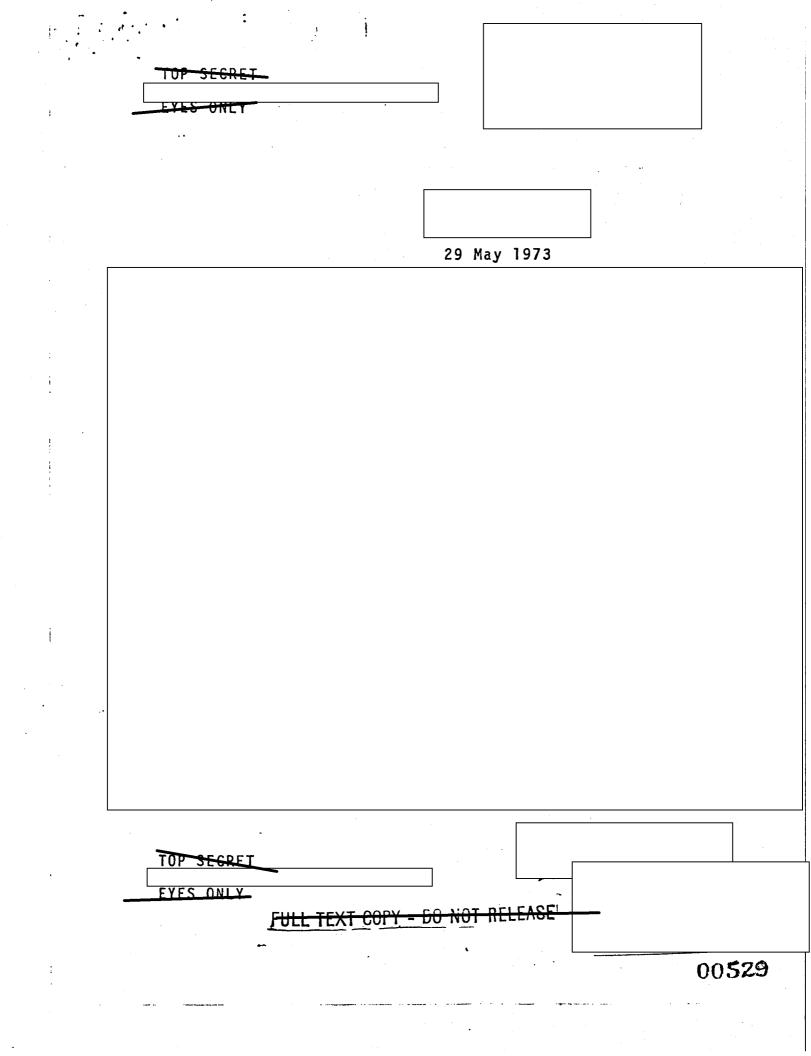


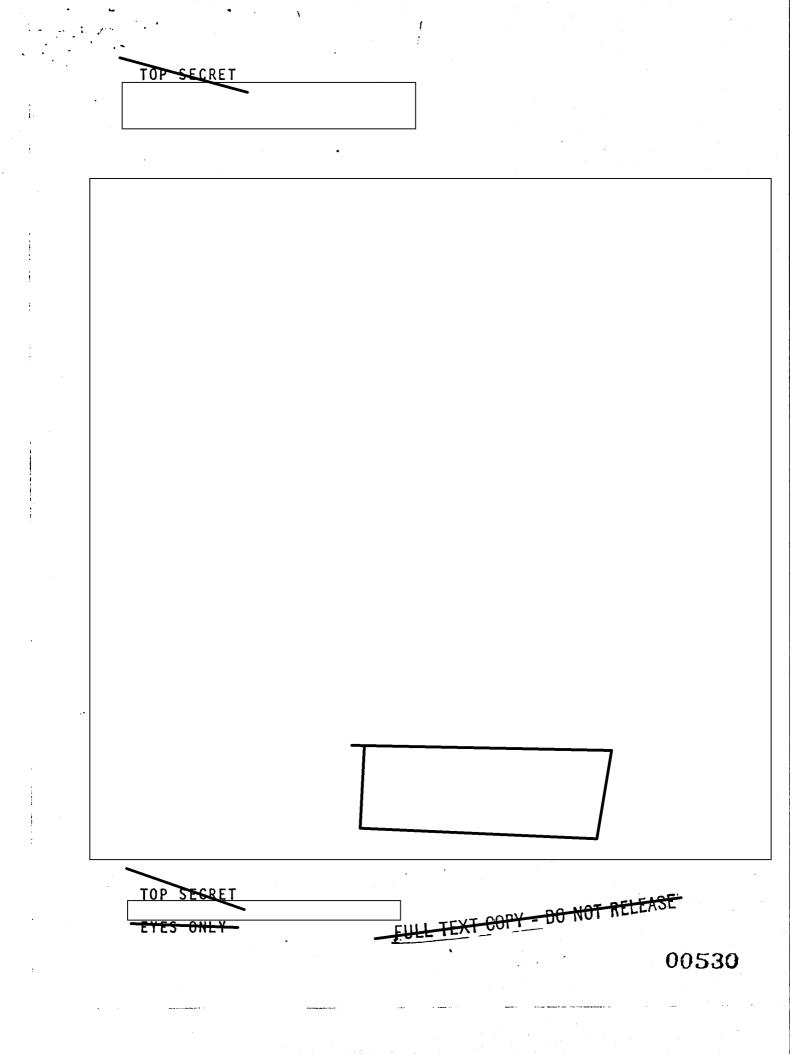


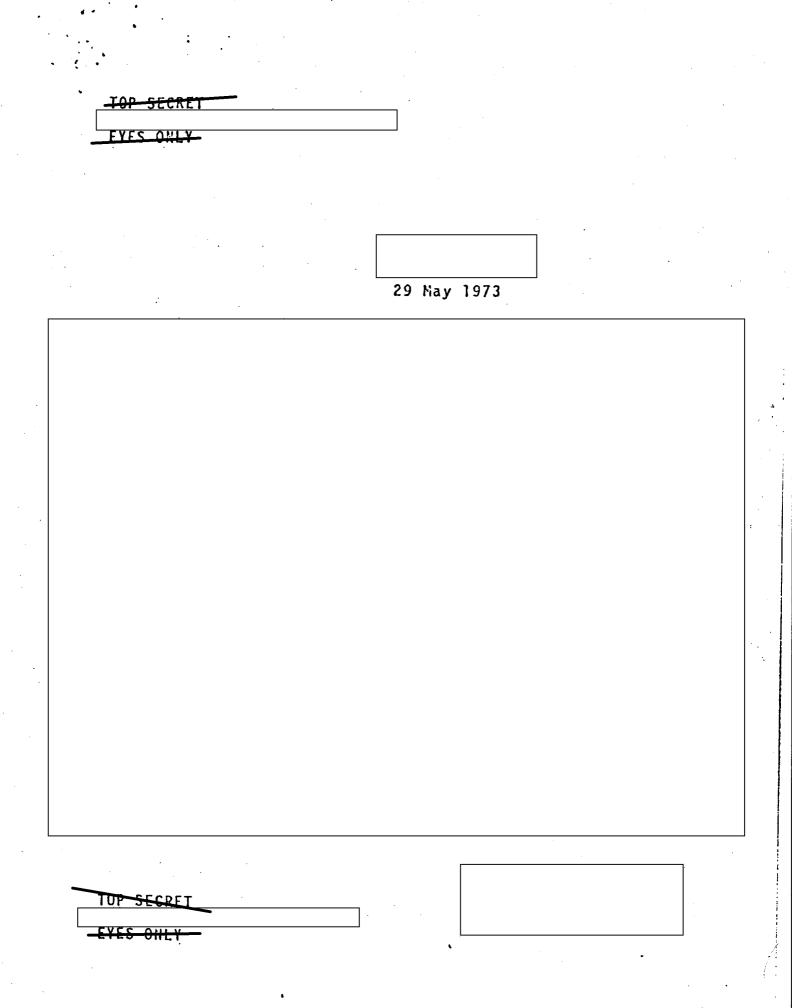
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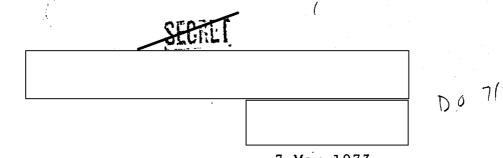






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7 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

FROM : Chief, Division D

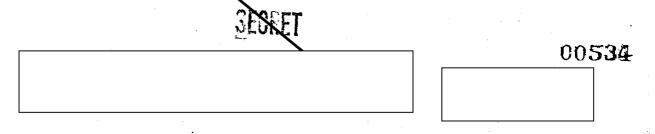
SUBJECT : Potentially Embarrassing Activities Conducted by Division D

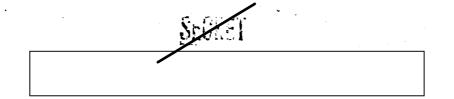
REFERENCE : Your staff meeting, 7 May 1973

1. There is one instance of an activity by Division D, with which you are already familiar, which the Agency General Counsel has ruled to be barred to this Agency by statute: the collection of international commercial radio telephone conversations between several Latin American cities and New York, aimed at the interception of drug-related communications. The background on this is briefly as follows:

Therefore on 29 September 1972 NSA asked if Division D would take over the coverage, and on 12 October 1972 we agreed to do so. On 14 October a team of intercept operators from the began the coverage experimentally. On 15 January 1975, NSA wrote to say that the test results were good, and that it was hoped this coverage could continue.

Because a question had arisen within Division D as to the legality of this activity, a query was addressed to the General Counsel on this score (Attachment A hereto). With the receipt of his reply (Attachment B), the intercept activity was immediately terminated. There has been a subsequent series of exchanges between Division D and the General Counsel as to the legality of radio intercepts made <u>outside</u> the U.S., but with one terminal being in the U.S., and the General Counsel

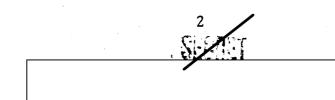




has ruled that such intercept is also in violation of CIA's statutory responsibilities.

2. We are carrying out at present one intercept activity which falls within this technical limitation--i.e., of having one terminal in the U.S.

4. An incident which was entirely innocent but is certainly subject to misinterpretation has to do with an equipment test run by CIA technicians in Miami in August 1971. At that time we were working jointly to develop shortrange agent DF equipment for use against a Soviet agent in South Vietnam. and a field test was agreed upon. The Miami area was chosen, and a team consisting of Division D, Commo, personnel went to Miami during the second week of August. Contact was made with a Detective Sergeant [ of the Miami Beach Police Department, and tests were made from four different hotels, one a block away from the Miami Beach Auditorium and Convention Hall, A desk clerk in this hotel volunteered the comment that the team was part of the official security checking process of all hotels prior to the convention. (The Secret Service had already been checking for possible sniper sites.) As the team's report notes, "The cover for the use of the hotel is a natural."



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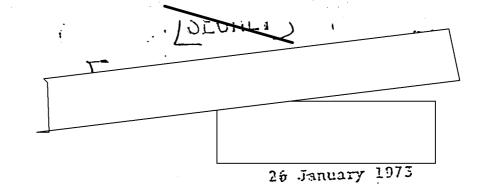
5. Another subject worthy of mention is the following:

In February 1972,

contacts in U.S. telecommunications com-

panies for copies of the telephone call slips pertaining to U.S.-China calls. These were then obtained regularly by Domestic Contact Service in New York, pouched to DCS Washington, and turned over to Division D for passage to FE/China Operations. The DDP was apprised of this activity by Division D in March 1972, and on 28 April 1972 Division D told DCS to forward the call slips to CI Staff, Mr. Richard Ober. Soon thereafter, the source of these slips dried up, and they have ceased to come to Mr. Ober. In an advisory opinion, the Office of General Counsel stated its belief that the collection of these slips did not violate the Communications Act, inasmuch as they are a part of a normal recordkeeping function of the telephone company, which does not in any way involve eavesdropping.

Atts: A. DivD memo to OGC 26 Jan 73 B. OGC memo to DivD 29 Jan 73



MEMORANDUM FOR:

General Counsel

SUBJECT

Intercept of Communications in the U.S.

1. CIA is intercepting at our communications site high frequency, international radio telephone calls originating broadcast to South America or being directed to New York from South America. Some calls are relay calls through New York but not originating or terminating there. The calls involve both U. S. citizens and foreign nationals.

the intercept team screens the telephone calls for orug-related matters. NSA receives the traffic from CIA [in the form of magnetic tape. ]

3. I would appreciate your very early views as to where this intercept activity falls with respect to U. S. law. Even if it is legal or we can secure the necessary authorizations, it seems to me there is extra flap potential associated with reports going into the BNDD mechanism, particularly since they may well become the basis for executive action.

	Acting Chief,
Distribution: Orig & <u>1</u> - Addressee	FULL TEXT CUPY - DU NUT RELEASE
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00538

29 January 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Acting Chief, Division D

SUBJECT:

Intercept of Communications in the U. S.

REFERENCE:

26 Jan 73 Memo for GC fr AC/Division D, Same Subject

1. In referent you request our views as to the legal aspects of a radio telephone intercept activity carried on at our communications site

2. The basic law is contained in section 605 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. 605, which prohibits interception of any radio communication without the authorization of the sender and also prohibits divulging the substance thereof to any person. Chapter 119 of Title 18, U.S.C., makes the interception of any wire or oral communication a crime punishable by \$10,000 or five years' imprisonment, or both. There are two exceptions to these prohibitions:

> a. The first provides for application through the Department of Justice to a Federal court for a court order authorizing such interception for specific purposes in connection with law-enforcement duties. Since this Agency is prohibited by statute from any police or law-enforcement activities, obviously we cannot operate under this exception.

b. The other exception is contained in section 2511 of Title 18, U.S.C., at subsection (3). This provides that the prohibition cited above on interception shall not limit the constitutional power of the President to take such measures as he deems necessary to protect against attack, to obtain foreign intelligence information deemed essential to the security of the United States or to protect such information, and to protect the United States against overthrow by force or other unlawful means or against any

other clear and present danger to the structure or existence of the Government.

3. The type of information you describe in your memorandum does not appear to fall within any of these categories and since its ultimate destination is BNDD, it appears to be collection for lawenforcement purposes, which as noted above is barred to this Agency by statute.

4. For your information, in most cases where there is a criminal prosecution for violation of the narcotics laws, the Department of Justice queries us as to whether we have engaged in any interception in connection with the defendants. If a case should involve the interception being made it would be deemed to be unauthorized and in all probability the prosecution would have to be dropped by the Government. It is our view, therefore, that such interception should be carried on by appropriate law-enforcement agencies in accordance with the authority of chapter 119 of Title 18, U.S.C.

LAWRENCE R. HOUSTON General Counsel

Distribution: Copy 1-Addressee Copy 2-General Counsel

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-Foreign Intelligence Staff 00540

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7 May 1973

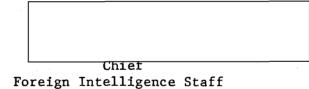
MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

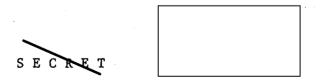
SUBJECT:

Item for the List of Delicate Matters

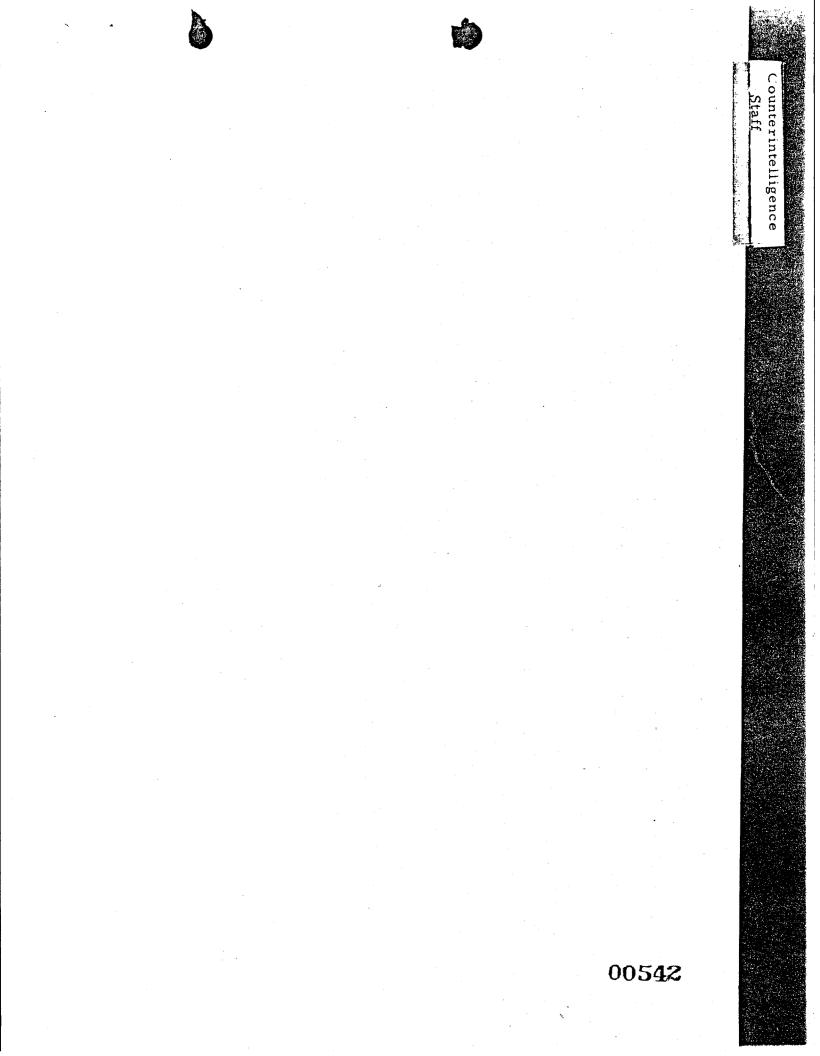
The Securities and Exchange Commission has asked CIA to provide information on any foreign connections with organized crime in the United States. The record indicates that Mr. David Young, of the White House Staff, asked Mr. Colby to set up a contact for Mr. T. C. Barreaux, of SEC. Mr. Barreaux discussed the matter with Mr. Paul V. Walsh, of DDI, and on 4 April 1973, Mr. Barreaux and Mr. Timmeny came to a meeting at CIA with Mr. Lawrence Houston (General Counsel) (Chief, FI Staff, DDO).

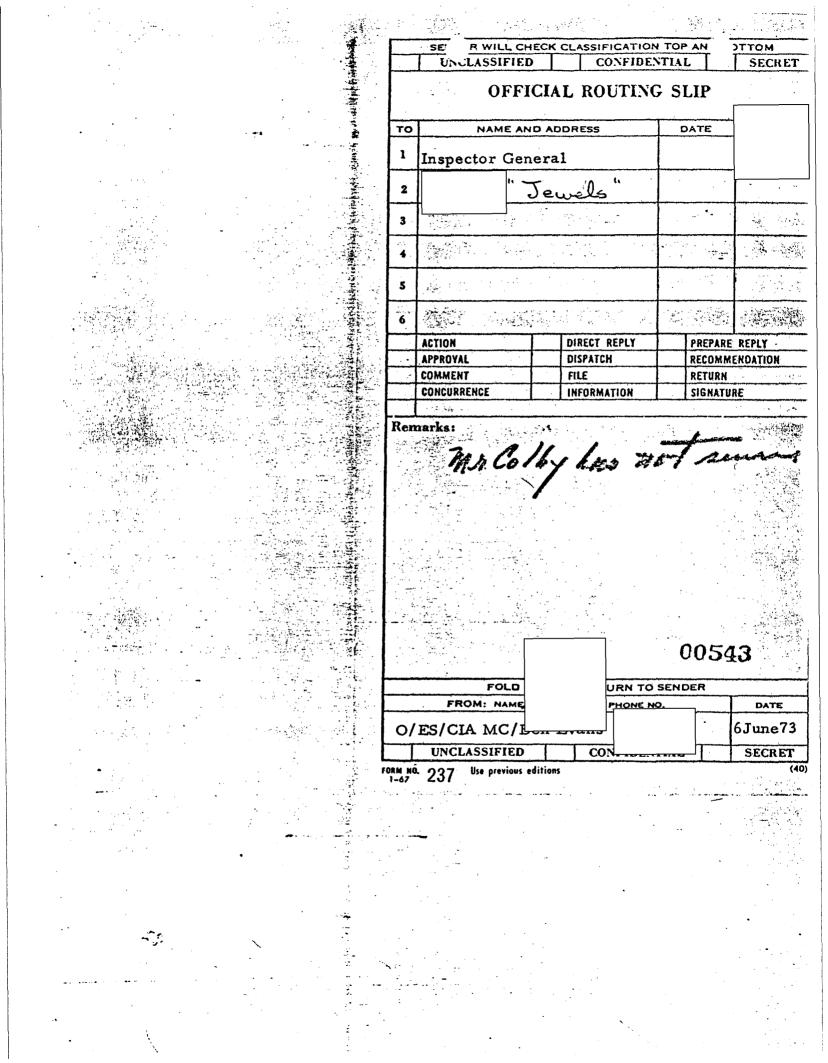
Since that meeting, we have received no specific requirements from Mr. Barreaux, but have provided him with one piece of information involving a banking transaction of a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_associate of Robert Vesco.





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EYES ONLY

15 May 1973

Executive Repistry

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Dear Bill,

Prior to my assignment to Nha Trang I was assigned to the CI Staff for approximately 20 months. While I was with the Staff I was led to believe that one of their "Groups" on the ground floor, was involved in domestic operations. I believe their target (s) were minority group (s). The Chief and Deputy Chief of the Group at that time were Dick Ober and

respectively. One of their Case Officers, spent over 50% of his time TDY within the United States. It was my understanding they reported <u>only</u> to the White House and to Dick Helms. Other members of the Staff, including myself, had limited access to the area, only when necessary and escorted at all times. Perhaps you were or are now aware of what the operations are. However, I believe I would be remiss in not responding to the book cable (407190). And perhaps their operations might have been outside the legislative charter.

Also, during my tour with the CI Staff I accidently learned they launched someone into Vietnam while you and were there. I believe this was without the knowledge or approval of Chief, (If I recall, the Case Officer was I mention the latter only because of the following: When they learned that was being reassigned from Saigon to Chief, Operations, FE, they also learned that I was a friend of and from the same area As a result they cautioned me not to discuss any of their operations with This I did not do.

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Sincerely

то	FROM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>No. 44</b> 660
	Chief, BKHERALD		
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# MEMOR ... DUM FOR: Mr. Colby

Attached is the material we requested of Di Ober: . •

Ten Reports, Subj: Foreign Support for **A**. Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

B., Five Reports, Subj: Foreign Support for Activities, Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Democratic National Convention

C. Two Memoranda re Agency support to Secret Service for Democratic and Republican Conventions

Ober advises that the only American we report

on to the IEC is Rennie Davis

FORM NO. REPLACES FORM 10-101 101 1 AUG 54 WHICH MAY BE USED.

bota wood

(14 May 73)

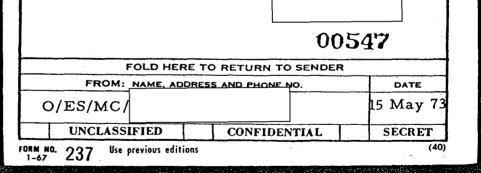
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#### **Remarks**:

Mr. Broe:

Dick Ober has been advised that this package is being sent to you. Since knowledge of the existence of this Committee has been strictly limited, I've asked that it be delivered to you unopened. Although it has an ER number on it, it has not been sent through that office -- I gave them only the day, subject, and originator.



FROM: Richard Ober TO: (Officer designation, room number, and DATE building) RECEIVED FORWARDED	EXTENSION NO. DATE 14 May 1973
Richard Ober	
TO: (Officer designation, room number, and DATE building)	DATE 14 May 1973
building)	
	OFFICER'S COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from INITIALS to whom. Draw a line across column after each com
1. Mr. Evans $O/DCI$ $IA/Jay IA/Jay$	Attached are:
0/ DCI 14/1/24 14 May 2. Mr. Colby 5/14 5/15 ( 3.	1. Background note on th Committee per your reques of this morning.
· 10	2. Copies of memoranda c cerning Agency support to Secret Service (7 April a
5.	23 June 1972).
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SUBJECT: Intelligence Evaluation Committee and Staff

Background: Formed December 1970 to produce 1. fully-evaluated national domestic intelligence studies, including studies on demonstrations, subversion, extremism and terrorism. Membership: Department of Justice (Chairman); Federal Bureau of Investigation; Department of Defense; Secret Service; National Security Agency; Central Intelligence Agency; and as necessary representatives of other Departments or Agencies (following have partici-Treasury and State). Staff: IES, Executive pated: Director John Dougherty and later Bernard Wells supplied by Department of Justice with title of Special Assistant to the Attorney General reporting to the Assistant Attorney General for Internal Security Robert Mardian and later William Olson. IES has received requirements directly from and delivered reports directly to John Dean of the White House. The White House has insisted that the existence of this Committee be kept secret. Awareness of its existence within this Agency has been limited to DCI, DDO (DDP), C/CI and four officers of this office.

2. CIA Participation: Contributions on foreign aspects (by memorandum with no Agency letterhead or attribution). Contributions occasionally include foreign intelligence provided by FBI and NSA. The Chief of the Special Operations Group serves as the Agency representative on the Intelligence Evaluation Committee Staff and as the alternate to the Agency representative on the Committee (who is the Chief, Counter Intelligence Staff)

3. Special Report: The Unauthorized Disclosure of Classified Information, November 1971. This study was initiated in July 1971 by the White House as a consequence of the President's concern about the release of the Pentagon Papers by Daniel Ellsberg. Both Robert Mardian and G. Gordon Liddy initially involved in tasking the IFS to produce this evaluation. Drafting done by IES Staff members from Justice and FBI. Only Agency partici-

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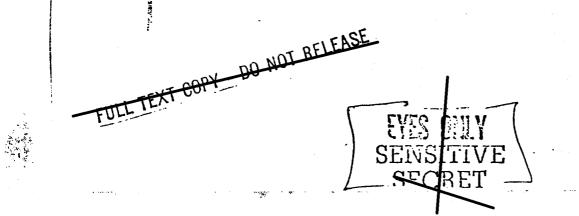
4. Republican National Convention (21-24 August 1972): At the request of the White House, a series of estimates was prepared by the IES on "Potential Disruptions at the 1972 Republican National Convention, Miami Beach, Florida." The Agency provided from February through August 1972 periodic contributions for these estimates concerning foreign support for activities planned to disrupt or harass the Republican National Convention (copies attached).

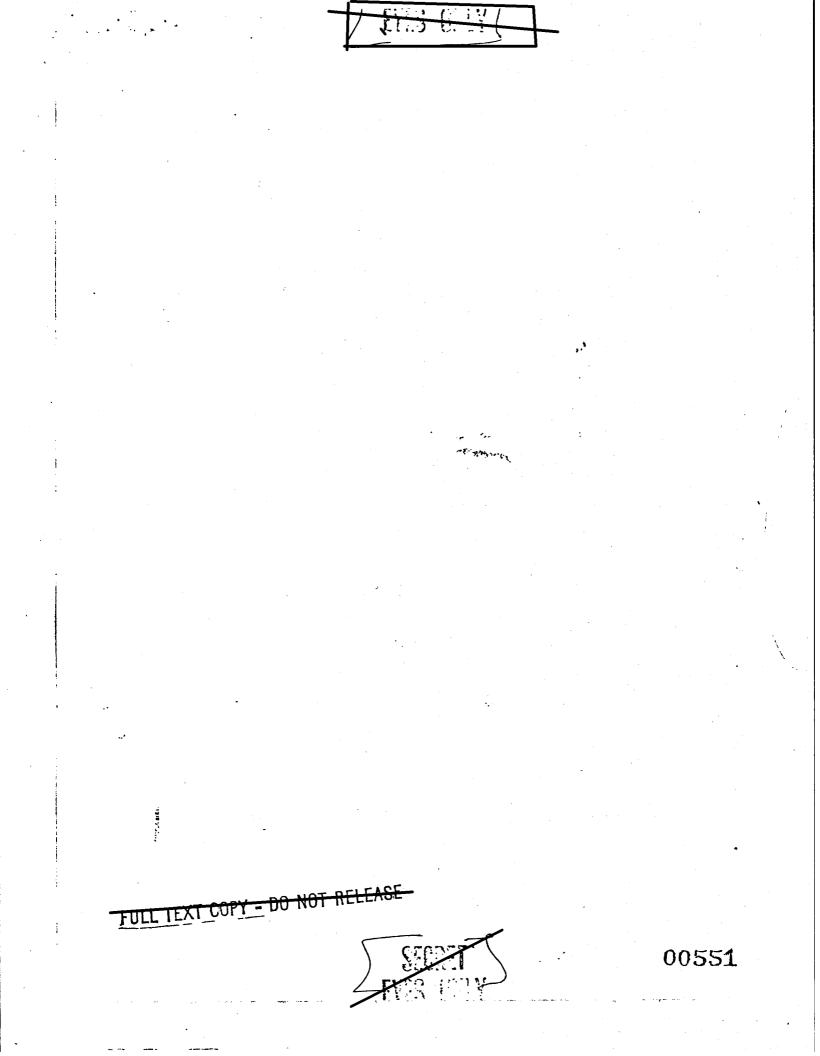
5. Democratic National Convention (10-13 July 1972): At the request of the White House, a series of estimates was prepared by the IES on "Potential Disruptions at the 1972 Democratic National Convention, Miami Beach, Florida." The Agency provided between March and July 1972 contributions on foreign support for activities planned to disrupt or harass the Democratic National Convention (copies attached).

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Attachments: a/s





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SUBJECT: Foreign Support For Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

1. There are only limited indications thus far of foreign efforts to inspire, support or take advantage of activities designed to disrupt or harass the National Convention of the Republican Party in San Diego, 21-23 August 1972.

Some American participants at the Soviet-controlled 2. World Assembly for Peace and Independence of the Peoples of Indochina, held 11-13 February 1972 in Paris/Versailles, attempted unsuccessfully to include a call for international demonstrations to take place at the time of the Republican National Convention. A representative of the San Diego Convention Coalition (SDCC), one of the domestic action groups targetting on the Republican Convention, requested the American Delegations' Steering Committee at the World Assembly to include a specific call for international support of activities against the Republican convention in their proposal to the Action Commission of the World Assembly. This request, however, was dropped as too divisive by the Steering Committee, despite initial indications that the proposal would be taken to the floor of the Assembly.

John LENNON, a British subject, has provided 3. financial support to Project "YES", which in turn paid the travel expenses to the World Assembly of a representa-(DAVIS' repretive of leading antiwar activist Rennie DAVIS. sentative is tentatively planning to assist in preparations for disruptive actions at the San Diego Convention.) Project "YES" is an adjunct to another LENNON-supported project, the Election Year Strategy Information Center (EYSIC), of which Rennie DAVIS is a key leader, which was set up to direct New Left protest activities at the Republican In Paris Rennie DAVIS' representative National Convention. to the World Assembly met at least once with officials of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam; it is not known if the Republican National Convention was discussed.

4. The SDCC is planning for foreign support for its harassment of the Republican convention. A working draft plan of the SDCC includes proposals for (a) the use of a special television network to broadcast video-taped messages from other countries, including coverage of sympathetic demonstrations elsewhere; and (b) broadcasts over public address systems of live telephone calls from the Vietnamese in Paris and from the Communist Chinese and others at the United Nations.

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Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

## SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION:

Indications remain limited, thus far, of foreign efforts to inspire, support or take advantage of activities designed to disrupt or harass the National Convention of the Republican Party in San Diego, 21-23 August 1972. The concept of coordinated international support for domestic activities in the United States was generally endorsed at the recent World Assembly for Peace and Independence of the Peoples of Indochina; however, the Conference issued no specific call for international support of disruptive actions at the American national political conventions.

## **BACKGROUND:**

At the Soviet-controlled World Assembly for Peace and Independence of the Peoples of Indochina, held in Versailles from 10-13 February 1972, there was mention of American plans for demonstrations at both the Republican and Democratic National Conventions. The final draft resolution from the Conference's "Action Commission" contains an appendix submitted by American delegates whose goal was to secure global coordination for domestic actions in the United States. It calls for international support to six weeks of domestic antiwar actions and demonstrations, from 1 April to 15 May 1972, and concludes with the statement: "This campaign will lead up to the Democratic Party Convention at Miami on July 9, 1972, and the Republican Party Convention in San Diego on August 21, 1972."

The final "Resolution of the Paris World Assembly for the Peace and Independence of the Indochinese People" of 13 February 1972, drafted by the "Political Commission" states:

"In the United States particularly, the protest against the war is voiced more and more strongly, under various forms, such as draft evasions, desertions, resistance, demonstrations which now affect even the soldiers. The Assembly calls for support to these progressive and antiwar forces in the United States, and asks the governments to grant asylum to deserters and to support their right to repatriation. All together, the peoples of the world will efficiently help to impose on the U.S. Government the restoration of peace, and independence and freedom in Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia."

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### **DEVELOPMENTS:**

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The San Diego Convention Coalition (SDCC), one of the domestic action groups targetting on the Republican Convention, is planning, in addition to demonstrations, for a "large exposition in the campsights (sic) called Expose 72, which with movies, exhibits, displays will portray the struggles of people all over the world." Plans for activities at Expose 72 are believed to include (a) the use of a special television network to broadcast video-taped messages from other countries, including coverage of sympathetic demonstrations elsewhere; and (b) broadcasts over public address systems of live telephone calls from the Vietnamese in Paris and from the Communist Chinese and others at the United Nations. In addition, the SDCC has suggested that, in order to "outflank NIXON domestically and internationally," international opposition can be expressed "by obtaining the authority of other countries and liberation movements to carry their flags in SDCC demonstrations."

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Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt Do -24 or Harass the Republican National Convention

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## SUMMARY:

There is little new evidence of foreign plans or efforts to inspire, support, or take advantage of actions designed to disrupt or harass the Republican National Convention in San Diego, 21 to 23. August 1972. The Students for a Democratic Society, in joining the ranks of domestic groups planning actions at the Republican Convention, has adopted a proposal to cooperate with Mexican workers and students in a demonstration in Tijuana, Mexico, during the Convention. The San Diego Convention Coalition (SDCC), another domestic group targetting on the Convention, has received a letter of solidarity from The letter is of interest as an indicathe North Vietnamese. tion of North Vietnamese contact with the SDCC; such contact will be required for the SDCC to implement its earlier-reported plans for broadcasts over public address systems during the Convention of live telephone calls from the Vietnamese in Paris.

#### **DEVELOPMENTS:**

TEXT COPY - DO NOT RELEASE

At its recent convention in Cambridge, Massachusetts, held 30 March to 2 April 1972, the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) adopted a proposal to hold demonstrations at the San Diego-Tijuana border during the Republican National Convention. The proposal included a call for SDS to cooperate with Mexican workers and students in an action to occur during a fiesta in Tijuana, where Convention delegates will be entertained.

The North Vietnamese have given their endorsement to the San Diego Convention Coalition (SDCC) in the form of a letter from the Vietnam Committee for Solidarity with the American People (VCSWAP), a quasi-official organ of the North Vietnamese Government. The letter, which has been circulated by the SDCC and is dated 27 January 1972, expresses "great delight" with the formation of the SDCC, and conveys the Committee's "best wishes of militant solidarity and friendship." The VCSWAP requests that the SDCC write often and "send us materials you have."

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Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

## SUMMARY:

Indications remain limited of foreign plans or attempts to inspire, support, influence, or exploit actions designed to disrupt or harass the Republican National Convention in <u>Miami, Florida, 21-23 August 1972.</u>

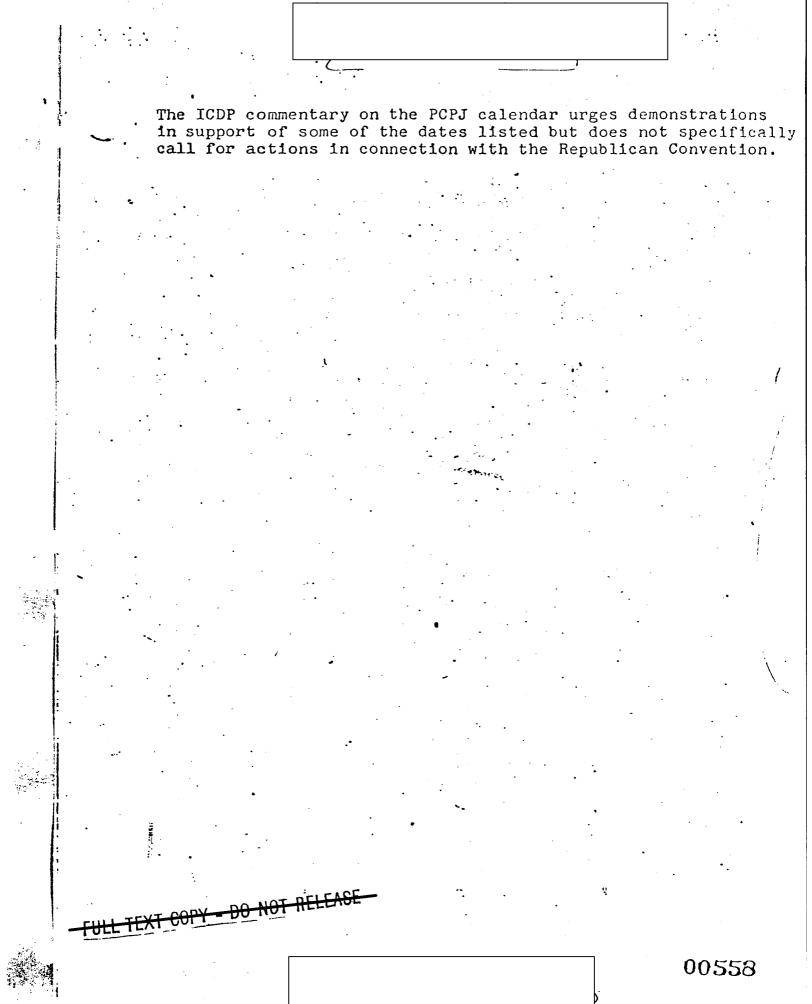
The British-based International confederation for Disarmament and Peace (ICDP) has distributed a "Spring Offensive Calendar" of activities in the United States against the war based on a submission by the Peoples' Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ). The calendar includes actions planned in connection with the Republican Convention.

**DEVELOPMENTS:** 

The International Confederation for Disarmament and Peace, a British-based antiwar organization and one of the more prominent member organizations of the Stockholm Conference, has attached a "Spring Offensive Calendar" to the April-May 1972 issue of its regular international publication <u>Vietnam International</u>. The calendar had been furnished by the People's Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ) and <u>included the following entry:</u>

August 21-23 Republican Convention, San Diego. Demonstrations organized by the San Diego Convention Coalition, Box 8267, San Diego, Ca. 92103.

FULL TEXT COPY \_\_ DO NOT RELEASE \_\_\_\_\_ 00557



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00-31

Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

#### SUMMARY:

The only new indication of foreign plans or efforts to inspire, support, influence, or exploit actions designed to disrupt or harass the Republican National Convention in Miami, Florida, 21-23 August 19/2, is an expression of interest by a member of the North Vietnamese Delegation to the Paris Peace Talks in the plans of the major antiwar organizations in the United States for demonstrations in connection with the political conventions of both major parties.

## **DEVELOPMENTS:**

HELEA

FULL TEXT COPY - DO NOT

In mid-May 1972, a member of the North Vietnamese Delegation to the Paris Peace Talks invited a visitor to contact him again when the visitor returned from an imminent trip to the United States. The North Vietnamese official gave the visitor the New York City addresses of the People's Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ) and the National Peace Action Coalition (NPAC), and asked the visitor to inquire at their offices regarding their plans for demonstrations during the coming summer. The North Vietnamese official stated that he was especially interested in plans for actions in connection with the Democratic and Republican National Conventions. Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

2 8 JUN 1972

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There are no additional indications of any substantial foreign plans or efforts to inspire, support, or take advantage of activities designed to disrupt or harass the National Convention of the Republican Party in Miami, Florida, 21-24 August 1972.

-Count/

Do-31

00561

. 26 JUL 1972

Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

### SUMMARY:

New indications of foreign plans or efforts to inspire, support, influence, or exploit activities designed to disrupt or harass the Republican National Convention in Miami, Florida, 21-24 August 1972, consist of the following: A leader of the People's Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ) has stated that demonstrations will be organized to take place at United States and allied military installations abroad during the period immediately before and during the Republican Convention. The PCPJ leader also stated that representatives of the Stockholm Conference on Vietnam will participate in activities in connection with the Convention. \*The Anti-War Union (AWU), a domestic organization which has been active in planning demonstrations in connection with the Republican National Convention, has sent a delegation to Paris, France, to meet with official's of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (DRV) and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam (PRG). No information is presently available, however, indicating that actions at the Republican Convention have been discussed at these meetings.

#### **DEVELOPMENTS:**

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In an early July 1972 meeting with prominent members of foreign antiwar organizations, a representative of the People's Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ), who occupies an important position within that organization, discussed the plans of the PCPJ in connection with the upcoming election campaign in the United States. The PCPJ representative stated that during the period 14-23 August, a "Peoples Campaign Against Bombing" would be waged in U.S. cities involved in the manufacture and shipping of materials for use in Vietnam, and that similar actions will be organized at United States and allied military installations abroad. The PCPJ representative further stated that "dramatic demonstrations" in protest of the bombing in Vietnam are being organized by the "Republican Party National Convention Coalition" to occur on 21 August 1972. In an apparent reference to the 21 August actions, the PCPJ leader added that representatives of the Stockholm Conference on Vietnam will speak on the subject of the alleged American bombing of dikes in North Vietnam. (Comment: We have no present information concerning plans of Stockholm Conference representatives to travel to the United States during the Republican National Convention; nor do we have any additional information concerning plans of Stockholm Conference representatives to participate in activities connected with the Republican Convention.)

The Anti-War Union (AWU), a domestic group engaged in organizing counter-activities at the Republican National Convention, has sponsored the travel of a delegation of activists to Paris, France, to meet with officials of the Democratic Republic of North Vietnam (DRV) and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam (PRG). An advance party has already met with DRV and PRG representatives to discuss the agenda for meetings with the full AWU delegation. Although no information is presently available indicating that actions **at the** Republican Convention have been discussed or are scheduled to be discussed at meetings between the AWU delegation and the DRV/PRG officials, it is known that members of the AWU advance party have asked for advice from the PRG officials regarding the stance the AWU should take on certain questions relating to the presidential elections. It is also known that the DRV officials have questioned the AWU advance party about the political mood in the United States. One of the AWU delegation members has stated that upon their return to the United States about 26 July 1972, some of the members will speak at rallies, over the radio, and on television, to "educate the American people about the consequences of voting for Nixon, and the need to end the war and defeat Nixon." The delegation member added that the demonstrations at the Republican Convention will be "unique."

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2 AUG 1972

Do-32

00563

Countl

Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

#### SUMMARY:

There are no new indications of specific foreign plans or efforts to inspire, support, influence, or exploit activities designed to disrupt or harass the Republican National Convention in Miami, Florida, 21-24 August 1972. Although meetings have been held recently in Paris, France, between American antiwar activists and representatives of the Democratic Republic of North Vietnam (DRV) and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam (PRG), currently available information indicates that the DRV/PRG officials made no efforts to encourage or give guidance to the American participants with respect to the upcoming Republican National Convention. Private discussions, separate from the meetings with the entire American delegation, were conducted by both the DRV and the PRG officials; at present, we have no information regarding the substance of these private exchanges. A second group of activists, considered more important than the first delegation, is scheduled to travel to Paris on or about 1 August 1972 for further consultations with the PRG and DRV representatives.

#### **DEVELOPMENTS:**

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In recent meetings in Paris, France, with members of an American delegation sponsored by the Anti-War Union (AWU), representatives of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (DRV) and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam (PRG) were very guarded with respect to discussing activities at the Republican National Convention. Although the Vietnamese repeatedly questioned the Americans concerning the mood of the antiwar movement in the United States, they made no direct reference to the Republican Convention, except for one instance when PRG Deputy Chief Nguyen Van TIEN accused President Nixon of using the private and public sessions of the Paris peace talks as "propaganda for the Republican Convention." TIEN then urged the Americans to promote and propagandize the Seven Point Plan offered by the PRG. The Americans, too, for the most part, refrained from discussing the Convention, other than to estimate that demonstrators will number about 10,000 at the Convention. Following their meeting on 22 July 1972 with the AWU delegation, the PRG officials held additional talks with sub-groups of the delegation. Additionally, at least one of the American participants was invited by the DRV officials to return for further discussions. At present, there is no information available concerning the substance of these private exchanges.

A second, more important delegation of Americans connected with the Anti-War Union is scheduled to travel to Paris circa 1 August 1972 for further consultation with DRV and PRG representatives. This second group is scheduled to be led by Rennie DAVIS, founder and leader of the AWU. This will be DAVIS' second trip to Paris within recent months for discussions with DRV and PRG representatives. Upop his return from his first trip, DAVIS publicly stated that the AWU would demonstrate at both the Democratic and the Republican Convention, but that the AWU's chief target would be the Republican Convention.

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9 AUG 1972

00565

Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

There are no new indications, as of this date, of foreign plans or efforts to inspire, support, or take advantage of activities designed to disrupt or harass the National Convention of the Republican Party in Miami, Florida, 21-24 August 1972.



00566

Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Republican National Convention

There are no new indications, as of this date, of foreign plans or efforts to inspire, support, or take advantage of activities designed to disrupt or harass the National Convention of the Republican Party in Miami, Florida, 21-24 August 1972.

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0 6 MAR 1972

00568

Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt Or Harass the Democratic National Convention

#### SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION:

There are no direct indications thus far of foreign efforts to inspire, support or take advantage of activities designed to disrupt or harass the National Convention of the Democratic Party in Miami, 10-13 July 1972. The concept of coordinated international support for domestic activities in the United States was generally endorsed at the recent World Assembly for Peace and Independence of the Peoples of Indochina; however, the Conference issued no specific call for international support of disruptive actions at the American national political conventions.

#### BACKGROUND:

FULL TEXT COPY - DO NOT RELEASE

At the Soviet-controlled World Assembly for Peace and Independence of the Peoples' of Indochina, held in Versailles from 10-13 February 1972, there was mention of American plans for demonstrations at both the Republican and Democratic National Conventions. The final draft resolution from the conference's "Action Commission" contains an appendix submitted by American delegates whose goal was to secure global coordination for domestic actions in the United States. It calls for international support to six weeks of domestic antiwar actions and demonstrations, from 1 April to 15 May 1972, and concludes with the statement: "This campaign will lead up to the Democratic Party Convention at Miami on July 9, 1972, and the Republican Party Convention in San Diego on August 21, 1972."

" Tribarties

The final "Resolution of the Paris World Assembly for the Peace and Independence of the Indochinese People" of 13 February 1972, drafted by the "Political Commission" states:

"In the United States particularly, the protest against the war is voiced more and more strongly, under various forms, such as draft evasions, desertions, resistance, demonstrations which now affect even the soldiers. The Assembly calls for support to these progressive and antiwar forces in the United States, and asks the governments to grant asylum to deserters and to support their right to repatriation. All together, the peoples of the world will efficiently help to impose on the U.S. Government the restoration of peace, independence and freedom in Vietnam; Laos and Cambodia."

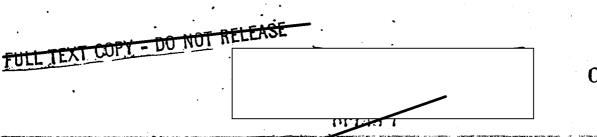
Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Democratic National Convention

### SUMMARY:

New indications of foreign efforts or plans to inspire, support, influence, or exploit actions designed to disrupt or harass the Democratic National Convention in Miami, 10-13 July 1972, are limited to a reiteration by a member of the Secretariat of the Stockholm Conference on Vietnam of a statement previously issued by the World Assembly for Peace and Independence of the Peoples of Indochina. The Assembly's pronouncement generally endorsed the concept of international support to a campaign of anti-Vietnam War, activities in the United States leading up to the Democratic and Republican Conventions, but made no specific call for support of disruptive actions at the conventions themselves.

**DEVELOPMENTS:** 

The World Assembly for Peace and Independence of the Peoples of Indochina, of which the Stockholm Conference was a major organizer, had earlier enunciated a similar statement in an appendix to the final draft resolution of the Assembly's "Action Commission." The appendix called for international support to six weeks of domestic antiwar actions and demonstrations, from 1 April to 15 May 1972, and concluded with the statement: "This campaign will lead up to the Democratic Party Convention at Miami on July 9, 1972, and the Republican Party Convention in San Diego on August 21, 1972."



00570

0 9 MAY 1972

Count

Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt .or Harass the Democratic National Convention

2 3 MAY 1972

Count 1

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#### SUMMARY:

Indications remain limited of foreign plans or attempts to inspire, support, influence, or exploit actions designed to disrupt or harass the Democratic National Convention in Miami Florida, 10-13 July 1972.

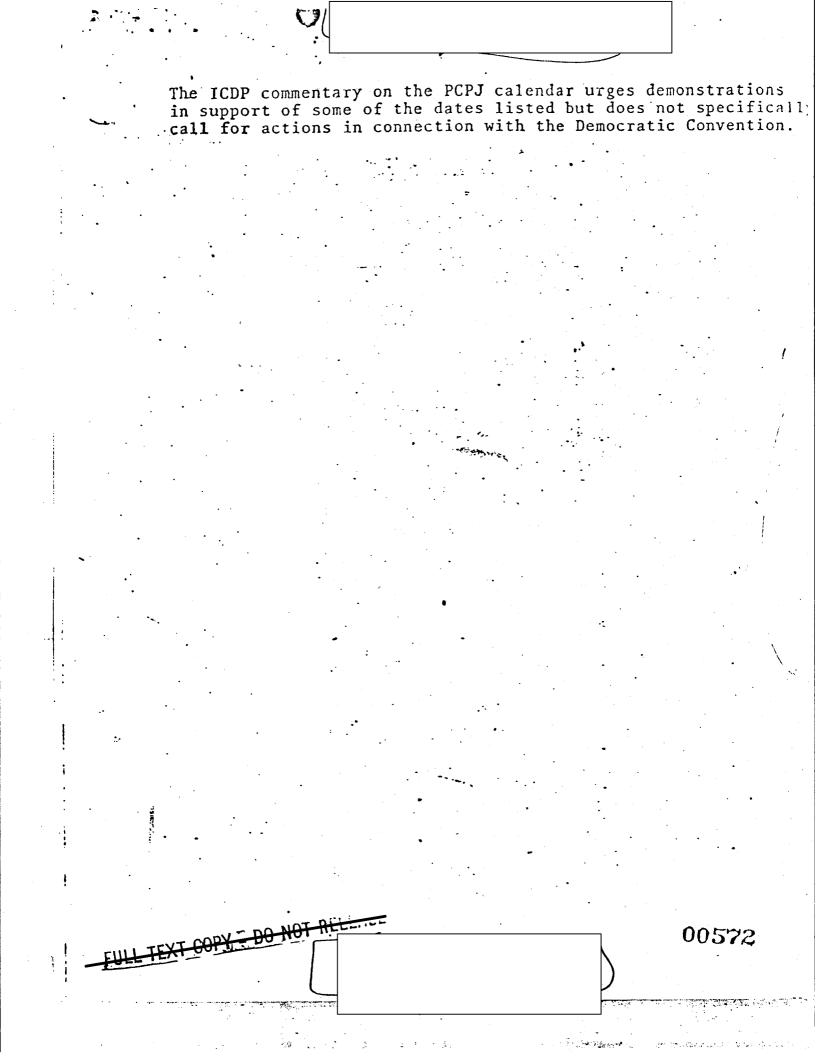
The British-based International Confederation for Disarmament and Peace (ICDP) has distributed a "Spring Offensive Calendar" of activities in the United States against the war based on a submission by the Peoples' Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ). The calendar includes actions planned in connection with the Democratic Convention.

#### **DEVELOPMENTS:**

The International Confederation for Disarmament and Peace, a British-based antiwar organization and one of the more prominent member organizations of the Stockholm Conference, has attached a "Spring Offensive Calendar" to the April-May 1972 issue of its regular international publication Vietnam International. The calendar had been furnished by the People's Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ) and included the following entry:

July 9 - 12 Democratic Convention, Miami Beach. Demonstrations organised by Florida People's Coalition, Box 17521, Tampa, Florida 33612.

FULL TEXT COPY - DO NOT RELEASE 00571



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Count 1/ Do-38 7 JUN 1972

00573

Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Democratic National Convention

### SUMMARY:

The only new indication of foreign plans or efforts to inspire, support, influence, or exploit actions designed to disrupt or harass the Democratic National Convention in Miami, Florida, 10-13 July 1972, is an expression of interest by a member of the North Vietnamese Delegation to the Paris Peace Talks in the plans of the major antiwar organizations in the United States for demonstrations in connection with the political conventions of both major parties.

#### **DEVELOPMENTS:**

In mid-May 1972, a member of the North Vietnamese Delegation to the Paris Peace Talks invited a visitor to contact him again when the visitor returned from an imminent trip to the United States. The North Vietnamese official gave the visitor the New York City addresses of the People's Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ) and the National Peace Action Coalition (NPAC), and asked the visitor to inquire at their offices regarding their plans for demonstrations during the coming summer. The North Vietnamese official stated that he was especially interested in plans for actions in connection with the Democratic and National Conventions.



00574

Foreign Support for Activities Planned to Disrupt or Harass the Democratic National Convention

There are no additional indications, as of this date, of foreign plans or efforts to inspire, support, or take advantage of activities designed to disrupt or harass the National Convention of the Democratic Party in Miami, Florida, 10-13 July 1972.

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00576

MEMORANDUM FOR: Executive Director/Comptroller

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: Acting Deputy Director for Plans

SUBJECT

VIA

: Agency Support to the U.S. Secret Service (USSS) for National Democratic (40-14 July 1972) and National Republican (21-24 August 1972) Conventions

1. This memorandum is for the information of the Executive Director/Comptroller.

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2. Authorization for CIA support to the U.S. Secret Service for the Democratic and Republican National Conventions is contained in a memorandum of 7 April 1972 from Chief, CI Staff to the DCI which was concurred in by the ADDP and approved by the DCI on 10 April 1972 (copy attached).

3. On 13 April 1972 the met with the Miami USSS representative and Mr. of USSS beadquarters to discuss preliminary planning for support to the USSS prior to and during subject conventions. Un 17 April 1972 tho and net with "r. at leadouarters to implement the preliminary planning agreed upon in Miani and to determine the extent of Headquarters support required by the USSS.

4. The basic agreement cutually concurred in by the USSS and licadquarters representatives provided that:

a. would conduct name traces on all Cubans or interest to the USSS.

b. CIA Headquarters would conduct name traces on all other foreign born persons of interest to the USSS.

c. CIA would keep the USSS informed of any events in the Caribbean and Latin American areas that would have any bearing on the USSS protective mission during the convention periods. This would include briefings on Cuba and Cuban policies toward the United States and on activities of Cuban intelligence operations which could affect the security of the conventions. d. Coverage of Latin American exile groups in the United States would be the responsibility of the FBI since CIA had ceased the extensive coverage formerly targeted against these groups since it was now considered an internal security function.

5.

6. has arranged the rental of a safehouse about five minutes from convention center which will provide a secure and nearby meeting site for USSS and Agency personnel. This safehouse will be available just prior to and during both Conventions. A Headquarters officer will TDY to Miami prior to the conventions and remain until the conventions adjourn to assist \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in providing the support described in paragraph four above.

7. Station WH/Miami is in daily contact with the USSS in Miani, utilizing JNFALCON as a meeting site when necessary. The location of Station WH/Miami (JNCOBEA) has not been revealed to the USSS. (JNCOBEA is located some distance from JNFALCON.) Additionally, the Miami Security Field Office maintains normal liaison with the local USSS Miami unit.

8. The understands that no personnel will be present at the convention hall, that they will not provide any equipment unique to the Agency, nor will it provide the use of any other facilities other than the safehouse described in paragraph six.

00577

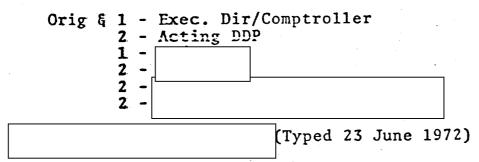
9. A copy of this memorandum is being sent to to insure that the is fully conversant with the guidelines and basic agreements with the Secret Service, and has all of the information agreed upon in lieadquarters.

Signed

Theodore G. Shackley Chief Western Hemisphere Division

Attachment

Distribution:



7 APR 11/2

MEMORANDUM FOR:

VIA:

Deputy Director for Plans

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SUBJECT:

CIA Support to the Secret Service for the Democratic National Convention in Miami, Florida July 9 - 15, 1972

Director of Central Intelligence

1. This memorandum describes the support which the Secret Service has requested from CIA with regard to the Democratic National Convention. It is recommended that the Agency furnish the support outlined in paragraph 3 of this memorandum and your approval is requested.

2. By memorandum 1-30-610.53 of 30 March (attached as reference), the Secret Service has requested a meeting with appropriate Agency officers to discuss the Agency's support to the Secret Service prior to and during the Democratic National Convention. The Secret Service plans to send an agent to Miami on 11 April to commence preparations for the convention and wishes to have the meeting with Agency Headquarters officers prior to the agent's departure for Miami.

3. While details regarding the type of support which the Secret Service will request of the Agency will not be known until there has been a meeting with the Secret Service on this matter, it is evident from the Secret Service memorandum and from our experience in supporting the Secret Service at the Republican Convention in Miami in 1968 that the Secret Service desires:

A) Briefings on Cuba and Cuban policy towards the United States. Counterintelligence information on Cuban operations against the United States which could affect the security of the convention.

B) Briefings on Cuban exile activities in the United States.

C) Name checks on hotel and convention employees; name checks on those persons in the Miami area whom the Secret Service considers a threat to its protective mission.

D) A watchlist of persons whom the Agency considers a potential threat to the security of the convention.

E) /Liaison with	a designated officer
name checks against other files available	the nurpose of con ucting

James Angleton Chief, CI Staff

1 Attachment

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cc: DDCI

CONCUR:

FULL TEXT CO

A Deputy Director for Plans

The recommendation contained in paragraph 1 is approved:

rellin Direct of Central Intelligence APR 1972 5 ate



THE DLPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE

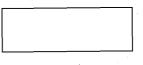
OTICS OF THE DIRECTOR

WASHINOTON, E.O. 20226

### 1-30-610.53

Date: March 30, 1972

**BY LINISCIE** 



00581

20

Central Intelligence Agency ATTN: Mr

7204

JAMES J. ROWLEY - DIRECTOR

EUEJICTI

Democratic National Convention -Miami, Florida - July 9-15, 1972

In view of our responsibilities regarding the protection of Presidential candidates, we have-initiated security preparations for the Democratic National Convention, which will be held in Miami, Florida, between July 9-15, 1972.

We request a meeting as soon as possible between representatives of our Intelligence Division and your agency to discuss intelligence support prior to and during the Democratic National Convention. We are specifically interested in discussing the appropriate channels for routing name checks of hotel and convention employees, as well as other individuals of protective interest to this Service. We anticipate there will be several thousand names to be checked. We would also like to discuss the current Cuban situation, particularly any existing relationships between pro-Cuban groups in the Mizmi area and mainland Cuba, since we consider these groups to be a potential threat to our protective mission.

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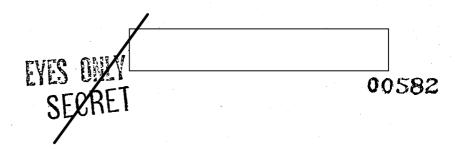
7 May 1973

SUBJECT: Request for Information on Sensitive Activities

You will recall that in Fiscal Years 1971 and 1972, I believe, Agency funds were made available to the FBI. These funds may still be possibly held in a special account for that use. This is one of the areas where TSD has been very much involved. Chuck Briggs would have the details as this was handled through the Executive Director's office and of course Angleton would have additional information.

> Edward L. Sherman Chief Missions and Programs Staff

es planda





#### 8 May 1973

00583

MEMORANDUM FOR :

Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT

Areas of Possible Embarrassment to the Agency

1. Sometime in the spring or early summer of 1971, Mr. John Dean levied the requirement on the Agency for information relating to the Investors Overseas Service (IOS). The original request was non-specific but it gradually emerged that Dean was concerned with the possible adverse publicity that might develop regarding the President's nephew, who was employed by IOS.

2. There were multiple channels from the White House to the Agency on this subject:

- a. Presumably Haldeman and/or Ehrlichman to Director Helms.
- b. Someone (unnamed) in the White House to the DDCI, General Cushman (see attached telephone conversation).
   Note that Ehrlichman is mentioned, and

c. John Dean to the CI Staff. These various channels were sorted out in time and six reports were passed by the CI Staff to Mr. Fred Fielding for Mr. John Dean.

3. The telephone call of General Cushman's is of interest since it gives the flavor of White House concern. It took several days to uncover the fact that the White House interest centered on the involvement of the President's nephew with IOS and possible adverse publicity. The reports submitted to Dean's office were routine in nature and were coordinated with the DCI. After a few months, interest in this subject died down and we did not pursue it further.

4. Please return the attachments when they have served your purpose.

5. I also include a short note on the Intelligence Evaluation Committee and Staff prepared by Richard Ober. The original meetings were held in the office of John Dean at the White House and the principal sparkplug for this group activity was the then Assistant Attorney General for Internal Security, Robert Mardian and then later his assistant, William Olsen. It is noted that Mr. Mardian is now appearing before the Grand Jury and it is always possible that he might draw in the Agency.

6. Before appointing Ober to the IES Staff as the Agency representative, I had attended various inter-agency meetings presided over by Mardian. I expressed the view to Director Helms that Mardian would require very careful handling due to his inexperience. Furthermore, Mardian was deeply involved in the split between Bill Sullivan and Mr. Hoover. On a confidential basis one or two senior FBI officials stated that Sullivan was secretly passing files to Mardian without Mr. Hoover's permission. This was one of the important reasons why Sullivan was dismissed from the Bureau.

ames Angleton Chief, Counter Intelligence Staff

Attachments (5)



00584

Telephone conversation of General Cushman and someone in White House, 23/7/71

Bob, how are you.

DDCI: Just fine; I just talked to Jack Sherwood and he suggested I give you a buzz.

I deeply appreciate it. I asked Jack to call you. I spoke to Rose yesterday, and told her "I had a little project here for John Ehrlichman and I need very discreet assistance from the Company, and I should like to touch base with Bob. I met him at Jack Sherwood's."

DDCI: That's right.

That's right and beyond that I would like to just establish a relationship because from time to time we have a few needs in your area. Let me tell you what we need to know here. Your Agency would be the only one to help. I have checked with the Bureau, Bob, and they have nothing on this fellow. Just a mere name check but it apparently has some significance, of course. Ray Finkelstein; born in Belgium about 1940; moved to Brazil about age 12 with his family. This might be helpful. He now is working with one Gilbert Straub, apparently Straub is hooked up with that Kornfeld outfit: IOS. We have a need to know what Finkelstein is all about.

and a constant, which is the set

DDCI: We will do our best, of course; we have some counterintelligence files which sometimes turn up people but ordinarily, of course, we don't surveil any Americans but this fellow might have come to our notice.

He may not be an American, just a European Jew; that is the problem, the Bureau has come up with zero.

A REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

DDCI: Do you know where he is physically located?

He may be in Geneva; Straub is apparently in Geneva.

DDCI: Well, let me get on this and I will get back to you.

E3 111-1911

The Waldington Merry-Go-Round

THE WASHINGTON POST Wednesday, Feb. 16, 1972 D7

# Nixou Puls an Eye on His Brother

By Jack Anderson

President Nilon has given aide John Barllel oan a delisible brother, Donald, out of wanted the government to hot water.

Donald Nixon has a weakness for fattening foods and told us Donald mercly wanted casy-money. He tried to satisfy to be the company's West an afterthought: "Don is the both appetites in the 1950s by borrowing \$205,000 from billionaire Howard Hughes to opcrate a restaurant chain, the man guietly veloed the proj- watch over Donald, and they Home of the Nixonburger, in Southern California.

was made, some of Hughes' in the company. top assistants sat down with Donald to survey the chaos of No Longer Adviser his accounts. Noah Dietrich, who then directed the day-today operations of Hughes' em- the Ryan Aeronautical Compire, complained that Donald pany. But in deference to his Greeks Bearing Gifts had gone through the money brother, Donald took Stone without paying off important through the guarded White government is unpopular in creditors.

restaurants went bankrupt, for Ryan Aeronautical cx-brother. Tom Pappas, a big and the Nixouburger was lost plained that the pair had just Republican money raiser with to mankind.

loan leaked out during Rich-ard Nixon's 1960 campaign for When Donald finally joined of the Greek military junta. ard Nixon's 1960 campaign for the presidency, causing him the Marriott Corporation in And Onassis, the husband of political pain.

might have an interest in his the President. Marriott had hotel room. blood line. Ehrlichman ex-been chairman of the Nixon plained gently to Donald that inaugural and is trusted by Donald used his White House such ventures could embarrass the President. his brother and that, for his brother's

lavoid deals that might reflect, his brother out of trouble. "I have established, are strictly unfavorably on the President. want to be sure that Don has untrue.

Not long afterward, Donald no dealings with the federal hegan dickering with John government," said the Prest-ald's son, Donald, Jr., a leecale personal as ignment to Hill, p Boston manufacturer of dent. "I want to be sure that ture before the boy went to keep the President's heep is play hound equipment, who Don is never asked to do anyconsider installing his producls in urban riot areas. IIIII this office." Coast representative, and did best salesman in the Nixon visitors, including my associate not want to put in the fix for family." federal money. But Ehrlichect. and brother wrote to Hill saying away from Washington. There mountains associating with hip-Two months after the loan he was no longer interested has been only one awkward in-pies before the overseas job

with Elmer Stone a lawyer for Onassis' Olympic Airlines.

sake, he should asked the Marriolis to keeplican Airlines and TWA, wel,

Then the President added as the Bahamas.

cident. Donald flew to Greece as one of the three-man team that offered Marriott's airline-Donald also made contact catering service to Aristotle

The Greeks, whose military House gates to see Ehrlich the U.S., rolled out the red But it was too late. Donald's man. Afterward, a spokesman carpet for the President's dropped by to let it be known oil interests in Greece, threw The story of the \$205,000 that Stone was no longer act a lavish dinner for Donald in January, 1970, Ehrlichman the widow of the man who de-

> Washington whispers that influence to get catering con-Delicately, the President tracts for Marriott with Amer- rass the President."

Ehrlichman also gave Don-Switzerland last summer to work for International Conthing that would embarrass trols. The company has now transferred young Nixon to

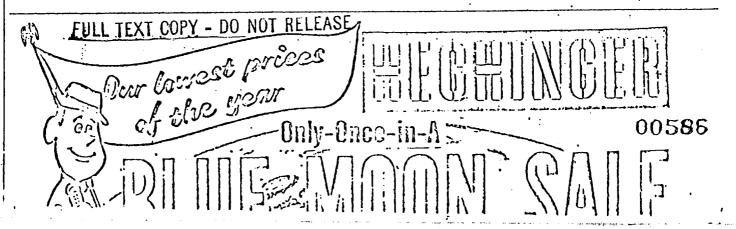
His father, talking to a few George Clifford, considered that The Marriotts agreed to Donald, Jr., was something of a disappointment to the famthe President's have scrupulously kept him ily. He had been off in the was arranged.

The boy had said he was going to work for Investors Overseas Service, which has been in financial difficulty.

"I told him not to say that," said Donald, a note of exasperation in his voice. "If that gets around, he's going to be in a lot of trouble. I told him he was to say he was going to work for International Controls. JOS and International Controls are allied companies, but he's not supposed to say he's working for 'IOS. You know what would happen if that got around.

"That dumb so-and-so," Don-At one time, Donald incor-summoned J, Willard Marriott feated Richard Nixon for Pres-porated himself and began sel-and his son, Bill, to the White ident in 1960, sent long-lichman talked to him for a ling shares to citizens who House for an audience with stemmed roses to Donald's couple of hours and told him ald said of his son. "John Ehrto behave himself over there. You know, he told him he was the President's nephew and couldn't do anything to embar-

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# Nixon Kin Is Manh On Vesco Cash Gift

#### By JAMES R. POLK Star-News Staff Writtor

Edward C. Nixon, brother of the President, is keeping his silence in the face of court testimony that he played a role in arranging a \$200,000 campaign contribution in cash from a financiar accuded of fraud.

"No comment that is newsworthy. Thank you. Goodbye," Nixon said when finally reached yestertlay at his unlisted telephone number in Edmonds, Wash., after a week of calls. Then he hung up.

A New Jersey campaign official, Harry L. Scars, has testified he was told tho Nixon brother made a call to Washington to confirm that the donation by financier Nobert L. Vesco was wanted in cash.

Scars said under oath hs was present when the 42year-old Nixon arrived at Vesco's business headquarters in Fairfield, N.J., after a helicopter flight from New York City, However, Sears said he didn't stay for the meeting among Nixon, Vesco and business associates. The Securities and Ex-

The Securities and Exchange Commission has filed a civil suit against Vesco accusing him of a \$324 million fraud in looting the assets of his Swirs-bared IOS, Ltd., mutual fund actwork.

Edward Nixon, who Sears said is a former director of a Vesco company, is the second member of the Precident's family to be linked to the financier. Donald A. Nixon, a son of the President's other brother, is Vesco's personal administrative assistant, usually based in Nassau, the Bahamas.

The SEC probe has indicated the \$300,000 cash domation came from funds at Vesco's Eahamas Commonwealth



Bank in Nastau. The monty was flown to Washington April 10, although the Nixon campaign failed to report the donation under the new disclosure law.

A federal court hearing is scheduled Monday in New York City on the SEC's bid for an injunction against violation of securities laws. Sears' testimony came in a pretrial deposition in the SEC case.

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Papers Called Embarracian Land N.

# THE WALL STREET JOURNAL, Friday, May 4, 1973

## Vesco Arrest Warrant Issued by Federal Judge For Grand Jury Inquiry

Financier Hasn't Been in the U.S. For Months; His Lawyer Fears Panel Will Produce Indictment

By a WALL STREET JOURNAL Staff Reporter

NEW YORK - Federal Judge Edmund L. Palmieri issued a warrant for the arrest of embattled New Jersey financier Robert L. Vesco. in order to bring him as witness before a grand jury here investigating his activities. Mr. Vesco has been out of the U.S. for several months.

No criminal charges have been brought against Mr. Vesco. But the U.S. Attorney's office, which requested the bench warrant, previously had asked the judge to find Mr. Vesco In contempt of court for failing to heed a subpoena ordering him to appear before the grand jury. The government tried to serve the subpoena on April 15 in Nassau, Bahama Islands.

The grand jury is understood to be investigating the circumstances of Mr. Vesco's \$250.-000 in contributions to President Nixon's 1972 reelection campaign. At the time, the Securities and Exchange Commission was conducting a well publicized inquiry into Mr. Vesco's business affairs. The SEC file dahuge civil suit against him and 41 other men and concerns on Nov. 27. The Nixon finance committee returned Mr. Vesco's contributions to him on Jan. 31.

Mr. Vesco's attorney, Edward Bennett Williams, told the judge yesterday he had reason to believe that Mr. Vesco would be indicted by the grand jury. Mr. Williams said that if forced to appear, Mr. Vesco would invoke his constitutional privilege against self-incrimination, unless he were granted immunity against prosecution. Mr. Williams added that the U.S. Attorney's office had already replied to him that it wouldn't offer immunity.

Mr. Williams, who earlier had asked the judge to dismiss the contempt application on technical grounds, said the circumstances didn't call for Mr. Vesco's arrest.

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After the court was adjourned, Mr. Williams declined to discuss reports that the 37-year-old Mr. Vesco intended to renounce his U.S. citizenship, even though the attorney at an earlier hearing had said he would raise the question of citizenship.

James W. Rayhill, an assistant U.S. attorney, brought the matter up in court, saying the government had information that Mr. Vesco was "currently attempting to renounce his U.S. citizenship in Costa Rica," where he last year took up legal residence. It's understood that

Mr. Rayhill wasn't referring to a disclosure made late Wednesday by Costa Rica's president, Jose Figueres.

President Figueres, on a two-day visit to this country, said that Mr. Vesco in an audience two or three weeks ago formally announced his intention to renounce U.S. citizenship.

In Washington, the State Department said Mr. Vesco has told Costa Rican authorities that he already has renounced American citizenship before two notaries, with his lawyer's help. However, the U.S. Embassy in Costa Rica contended that didn't count, because it wasn't done before a consular officer. The State Department's legal experts are checking to determine whether that view is correct.

The U.S. has a 1922 extradition treaty with Costa Rica, covering 21 crimes, including robbery, forgery, embezzlement, and fraud. The U.S. considers its 1931 extradition treaty with Britain to apply to the Bahamas, but it isn't clear whether the Bahamas agrees. The British treaty covers such crimes as fraud and misrepresentation, but the warrant issued yesterday for a grand-jury appearance isn't a matter for which extradition is possible.

Mr. Vesco has a home and family in Boonton, N.J., but has bases of operations in Nassau and in San Jose, Costa Rica. Government prosecutors declined to comment when asked what steps they would take to have Mr. Vesco arrested if he were located in either of those countries.

The SEC's civil suit accuses Mr. Vesco of directing the "looting" of \$221 million in assets of four foreign mutual funds managed by I.O.S. Ltd. Mr. Vesco formerly headed both 1.O.S. and International Controls Corp., of Fairfield, N.J.

7 MAY 1973

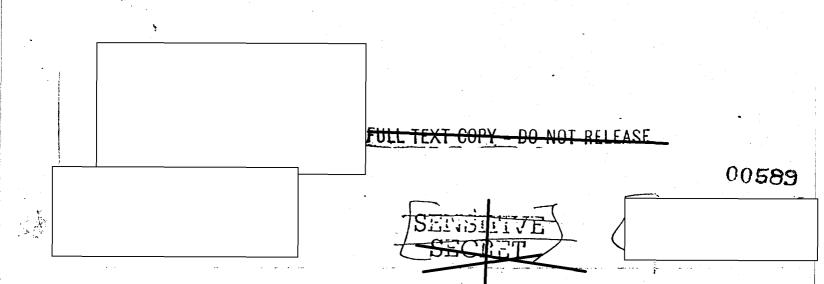
#### SUBJECT: Intelligence Evaluation Committee and Staff

1. Background: Formed December 1970. Membership: Department of Justice (Chairman); FBI (active staff participation agreed to only in May 1971); Department of Defense; Secret Service; National Security Agency; CIA and any necessary representatives of other Departments or Agencies. (Following have participated: Treasury, State.) Staff: IES Executive Director John Dougherty and later Bernard Wells supplied by Department of Justice with title of Special Assistant to the Attorney General in reporting through the Assistant Attorney General for Internal Security Robert Mardian and later William Olsen. IES has received requirements directly from and delivered reports directly to John Dean of the White House.

2. CIA Participation: Contributions on foreign aspects (by memorandum with no agency letterhead or attribution). Contributions occasionally include foreign intelligence provided by FBI and NSA.

3. Special Report: The Unauthorized Disclosure of Classified Information, November 1971. Initiated July 1971 by the White House as a consequence of the President's concern about the release of the Pentagon Papers by Daniel Ellsberg. Both Robert Mardian and G. Gordon Liddy initially involved in tasking the IES to produce this evaluation. Drafting done by IES Staff members from Justice and FBI. Only gency participation was editorial review.

(Table of contents attached)



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### SUBJECT: The MHCHAOS Program

1. The MHCHAOS program is a worldwide program for clandestine collection abroad of information on foreign efforts to support/encourage/exploit/manipulate domestic U.S. extremism, especially by Cuba, Communist China, North Vietnam, the Soviet Union, North Korea and the Arab fedayeen.

2. The MHCHAOS program has not and is not conducting efforts domestically for internal domestic collection purposes. Agency efforts are foreign. Foreign-oriented activity in the United States has been of two types:

a. Selected FBI domestic sources who travel abroad in connection with their extremist activity and/or affiliations to make contact with hostile foreign powers or with foreign extremist groups have been briefed and debriefed by Headquarters officers. The briefing has included appropriate operational guidance, including defensive advice.

b. Americans with existing extremist credentials have been assessed, recruited, tested and dispatched abroad for PCS assignments as contract agents, primarily sources offered for such use by the FBI. When abroad they collect information responsive to MHCHAOS program requirements, as well as other Agency requirements. They are thus used primarily for targeting against Cubans, Chinese Communists, the North Vietnamese, etc., as their background and their particular access permits. It should be noted that the aspect of the project of the user Asia Division is Similar to the MHCHAOS PROGRAM.

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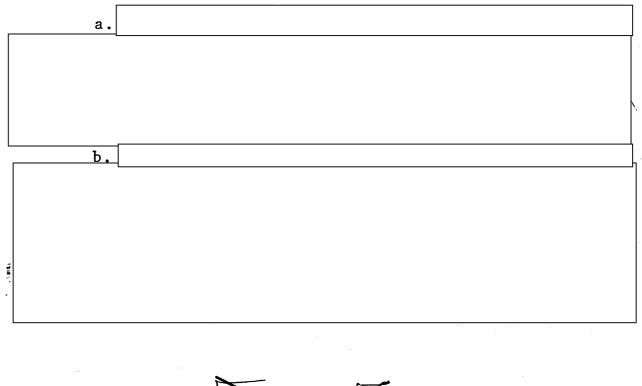
3. As indicated earlier, MHCHAOS is a foreign program, conducted overseas, except for the limited activity described above. The program is and has been managed so as to achieve the maximum feasible utilization of existing resources of the Operations Directorate. No assets FULL TEXT COPY - DO NOT RELEASE

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have been recuited and run exclusively for the MICHAOS program. Instead, emphasis has been placed on the exploitation of new and old Agency assets who have a by-product capability or a concurrent capability for provision of information responsive to the program's requirements. This has involved the provision of custom-tailored collection requirements and operational guidance. This collection program is viewed as an integral part of the recruitment and collection programs of China Operations, Vietnam Operations, Cuban Operations, Soviet Bloc Division opera-tions and Korean Branch operations. ] Agents who have an American "Movement" background or who have known connections with the American "Movement" are useful as access agents to obtain biographic and personality data, to discern possible vulnerabilities and susceptibilities, and to develop operationally exploitable relationships with recruitment targets of the above programs. These assets are of interest to our targets because of their connections with and/or knowledge of the American "Movement." Over the course of the MHCHAOS program, there have been approximately 20 important areas of operational interest, which at the present time have been reduced to about ten: Paris, Stockholm, Brussels, Dar Es Salaam, Conakry, Algiers, Mexico City, Santiago, Ottawa and Hong Kong.

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4. The MHCHAOS program also utilizes audio operations, two of which have been implemented to cover targets of special interest.



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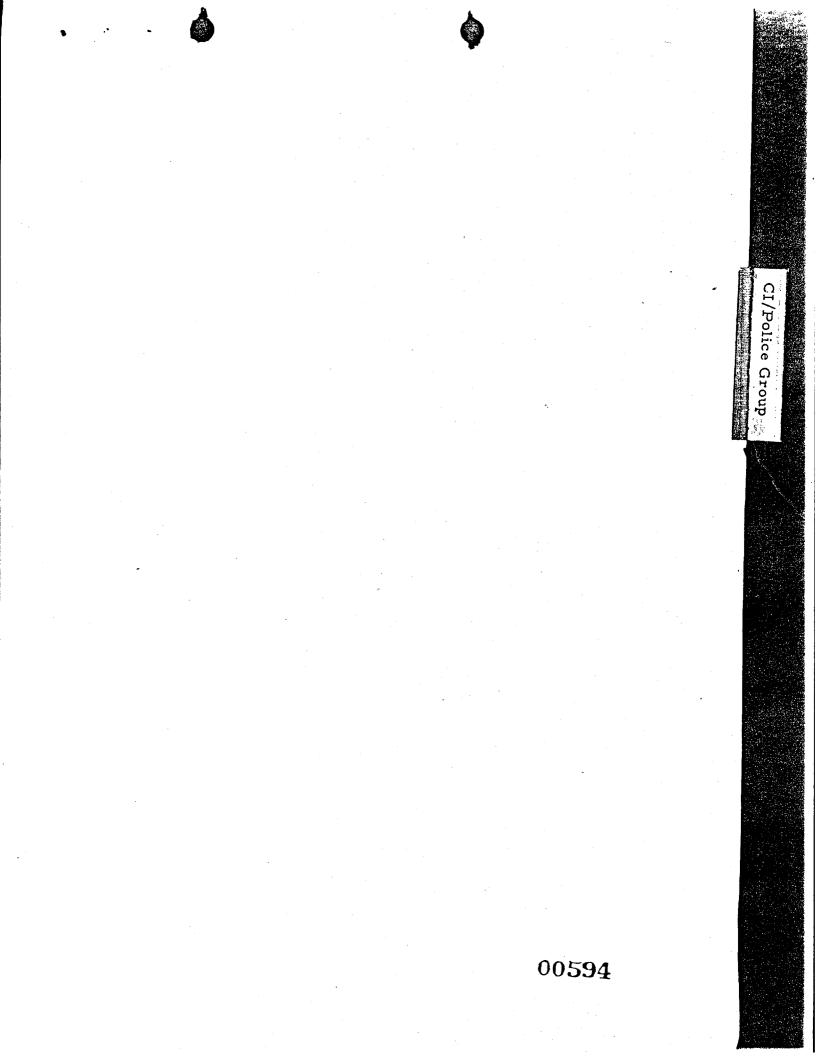
5. MHCHAOS reporting from abroad relating to the program originates in two ways: Individuals who are noted in contact with Cubans, the Chinese Communists, etc., and who appear to have extremist connections, interests or background are reported upon. Other individuals are reported upon in response to specific Headquarters requirements received from the FBI because such individuals are of active investigatory security interest to the FBI.

6. All cable and dispatch traffic related to the MHCHAOS program is sent via restricted channels. It is not processed by either the Cable Secretariat or the Information Services Division. The control and retrievability of information obtained, including information received from the FBI, is the responsibility of the Special Operations Group.

7. Information responsive to specific FBI requirements is disseminated to the FBI via special controlled dissemination channels, i.e., by restricted handling cable traffic or via special pouch and specially numbered blind memoranda.

8. Information of particular significance, when collected, has been disseminated by special memorandum over the signature of the Director of Central Intelligence to the White House (Dr. Kissinger and John Dean), as well as to the Attorney General, the Secretary of State and the Director of the FBI.





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MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT

: Counter Intelligence Staff, Police Group Activities

1. Counter Intelligence Staff, Police Group (CI/PG) is responsible for Staff coordination within the Office of the Deputy Director for Operations for activities and programs involving assistance to foreign police/security forces for the purpose of exploiting such activities and programs for intelligence purposes.

2. CI/PG maintains liaison with the Office of Public Safety, Agency for International Development (OPS/AID) and its training facility, the International Police Academy (IPA). CI/PG also administers and supervises Project

In addition, CI/PG coordinates a joint

Central Intelligence Agency Technical Investigations Course. CI/PG provides guidance and counsel to the Area Divisions in matters pertaining to police/security functions and activities. Specific details of these functions are as follows:

#### LIAISON WITH OPS/AID

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CI/PG liaison with OPS/AID and IPA is conducted on a daily basis and consists principally of:

- A. exchange of information on IPA participants, some of whom later attend courses
- B. arranging for inclusion of Agency sponsored participants in IPA/OPS/AID training programs,

C. arranging for IPA/OPS/AID briefings and tours for foreign police/security representatives sponsored by CIA Area Divisions, 00597



- 2 -D. E. providing general information pertaining to police/security organizations, activities, equipment, and personalities requested by Agency operating components, F. coordinating the Agency's participation in the Technical Investigations Course designed to familiarize the trainees with the technique required to properly investigate terrorist activities wherein explosives have been utilized, G. Н. PROJECT It is engaged principally in training foreign police/security personnel under \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and selling police/security equipment to foreign police/security personnel and organizations. provides special training programs and briefings to also foreign police/security personnel of interest to Agency operating divisions.( Recently has acquired the capability of providing training to foreign police/security personnel in VIP protective security for Chiefs of State. 00598

#### COMMENT

4.

does not maintain direct contact or liaison with any law enforcement organization, local or federal, at home or abroad. When the need arises, such contact is sometimes made on our behalf by

at home and abroad because of the nature of its activities (training of foreign police/security personnel at home and abroad), and its Public Safety programs around the world. \_\_\_\_\_has such contacts at home - local and federal <u>rever</u> - because its personnel are personally acquainted with law enforcement officers throughout the United States. Members of the

have appeared as guest <u>lecturers at such rederal</u> <u>institutions as the U.S. Park Police, IPA, the U.S.</u> Secret Service, and the U.S. Treasury Enforcement Division.

3. In addition to the liaison mentioned in the previous paragraph, the Agency maintains liaison in varying degrees with foreign police/security organizations through its field stations. The existence and extent thereof, however, is a decision to be made by the Area Division, and is not the responsibility of

Mitrione, who was murdered by the Tupamaros. Dan Mitrione, an experienced and respected law enforcement officer, was a bona fide OPS/AID officer assigned to the AID mission in Uruguay, and was never a CIA employee or agent.

James Angleton Chief, Counter Intelligence Staff

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29 Mar 1973 J. A. Sign c

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

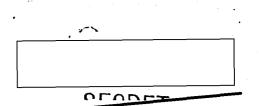
SUBJECT

: Joint CIA/USAID Terrorist (Technical) Investigations Course #7 (English language) CI Staff's Project

1. This effort is a joint CIA/USAID training program for foreign police/security personnel. The initial phase of the training will be conducted at the International Police Academy (IPA), Washington, D.C. during the period 2-27 April 1973. The following subject matter is covered in this phase of the training: investigative techniques, collection and preservation of evidence, records, files, and reporting, gathering of information on terrorist groups and their activities, a student seminar devoted to discussions on terrorist and other hostile activities currently existing in their respective countries, etc. This phase of the training is concluded by a two day orientation by the Bomb Squad of the Dade County Police Department in Florida.

2. The second phase of this training will be conducted
by Agency
during 30 April - 25 May 1973.
The technicians utilize
cover. The objective of this phase or the training is to
develop individual student technical capability to real-
istically conduct investigations into known or suspected
incidents of sabotage/terrorist bombings by:

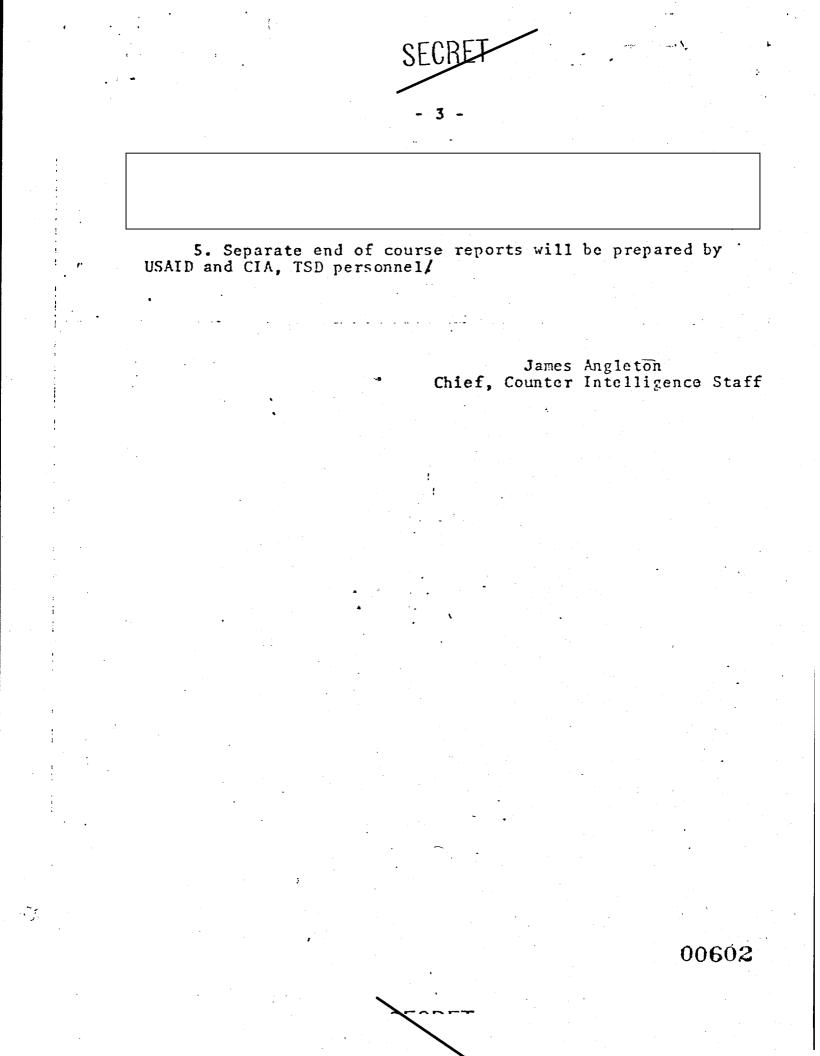
- a. Providing trainees with basic knowledge in the uses of commercial and military demolitions and incendiaries as they may be applied in terrorism and industrial sabotage operations.
- b. Introducing the trainees to commercially available materials and home laboratory techniques likely to be used in the manufacture of explosives and incendiaries by terrorists or saboteurs.



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- c. Familiarizing the trainees with the concept of target analysis and operational planning that a saboteur or terrorist must employ.
- d. Introducing the trainees to booby trapping devices and techniques giving practical experience with both manufacturod and improvised devices through actual fabrication. Emphasize the necessity of alertness for detecting and countering booby traps placed by saboteurs or terrorists.
- c. Conducting several field exercises to give each trainee the opportunity for detecting
  and neutralizing various explosive and
  incendiary devices likely to be used by terrorists or saboteurs, including letter bombs, packages, attache cases, etc.
- f. Conducting several investigative field exercises of explosive incidents to alert the trainee to the need for and manner in which to colloct, identify, and preserve legally admisable evidence for prosecutive action.

3. The program provides the trainees with ample opportunity to develop basic familiarity and use proficiently through handling, preparing and applying the various explosive charges, incendiary agents, terrorist devices and sabotage techniques. USAID, International Police Academy (IPA) has received reports from former foreign police/security personnel who participated in the program indicating that they were called upon to utilize the skills they acquired through this training in the handling of explosive devices in their respective country. Attached is a letter from a participant in TIC #6 stating that he deactivated a letter bomb device which was sent to the Embassy in

4. Subject course will have 26 participants from ten (10) foreign countries. Nine (9) are financed by AID, eight (8) by CIA and nine (9) by their own governments.



### FACTS AND STATISTICS

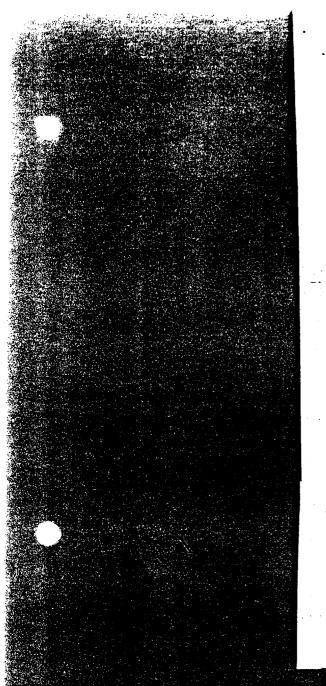
#### AID/OPS TRAINING

AID/OPS, International Police Academy sponsors some seven hundred (700) foreign police officers for training in the United States each year. These officers are selected from underdeveloped countries.

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TRAINING				
In specialized areas			these	officers
During FY 1973 stations by providin	<u>ig</u> in VII	two of ou protect		
for	person	nel.		

#### AID/OPS-CIA TRAINING

During FY 1973 two joint USAID/OPS/CIA Technical Investigations training programs were conducted for foreign police/security personnel representing countries. The purpose of the training is to develop individual student technical capability to realistically conduct investigations into known or suspected incidents of sabotage/terrorist bombing or other activities.



# NATIONAL SECURITY

Political, Military, and Economic Strategies in the Decade Ahead

### Edited by

David M. Abshire and Richard V. Allen

## Introduction by

Admiral Arleigh Burke, Director

THE CENTER FOR STRATEGIC STUDIES GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

Published for the HOOVER INSTITUTION ON WAR, REVOLUTION AND PEACE by FREDERICK A. PRAEGER, Publisher New York • London

1963



#### -JAMES R. SCHLESINGER

#### Summary

The analysis of this paper rests on the assumption that American policy-makers should not be so concerned with the pursuit of hard-to-obtain ideological objectives that they exhaust the power potential implicit in trade and aid relationships. Rather the trade and aid programs should be managed so as to preserve an environment in which pressures can be brought to bear to serve the national interest at a later, and perhaps more critical, date. This emphasis on power considerations implies both (a) that the assistance program cannot be based primarily on humanitarian or idealistic goals, and (b) that economic tics with other nations should not be severed simply because of our disapproval of other social systems, including those based on communism. Though typically public opinion vastly overstates the strategic leverage that can be gained through economic weapons, this leverage is still not negligible. One can argue that in the past the United States has failed to take advantage of the power potential implicit in aid and trade through its failure to develop concepts and mechanisms of deterrence in ways akin to what has been done in the military field. Much of the difficulty may be ascribed to a failure to develop sanctions, which discourage actions unfavorable to our interests, as well as incentives, which encourage cooperation. No system of deterrence can exclusively stress the carrot and ignore the stick.

More is being demanded of the aid program than it can reasonably achieve. Assuming that the primary emphasis of the aid program is to encourage social and economic development rather than to elicit direct support for American foreign policy

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#### JAMES R. SCHLESINGER

objectives, it is argued that we should attempt to develop stable social and political conditions by strengthening the "legitimacy" of the developing social order in the eyes of the respective publics—rather than attempting to export the trappings of American democracy.

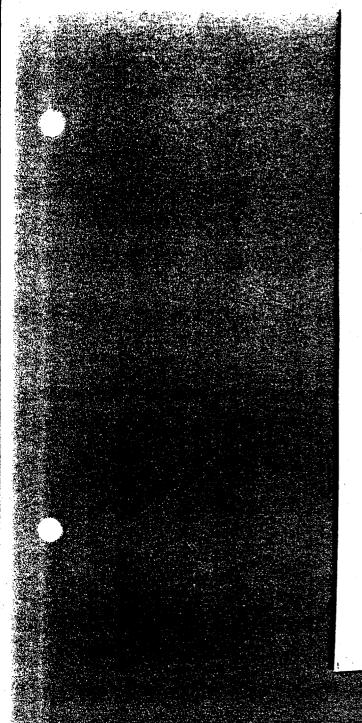
Technological change, the easy availability of substitutes, and the lengthy period for adjustment in a prolonged struggle have all reduced the impact of the "supply effect" which was at one time the main weapon of economic warfare. If the economic weapons of strategy are to be at all effective under today's conditions, the "influence effect" must rise correspondingly in importance. This implies that we should be in a position to threaten to do damage to other economics through the curtail an ever-present one, we must, however, continue to trade in rolume with other countries, including Communist ones. Particalarly in dealing with the underdeveloped nations the potential effectiveness of such threats may prove to be considerable.

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### JAMES R. SCHLESINGER

One final consideration—it would be unwise to use potential weapons of this sort for niggling purposes. The balance of payments has been troublesome and is properly an object of concern in Washington, but surely it is not a first-order consideration in our relations with the underdeveloped nations. Suggestions have been bruited about that we should make use of the aid program to force recipients to buy from us in ways that go beyond tied aid. Under the best of circumstances, our bargaining power is limited, and shooting away strategic ammunition for so paltry an economic goal would seem to reflect a poor sense of proportion.

#### Aid

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Within an over-all framework designed to discourage hostile or predatory attitudes toward the West, the aid program may seek to foster the maximum rate of economic and social progress. In the basic policy of A1D, the Kennedy Administration has explicitly adopted this goal. As has been indicated there are costs to this decision. Outsiders are not likely to be much liked even under the best of circumstances, which hardly apply to the underdeveloped countries, and their intervention in whatever direction will in the long run excite antagonism based on real or fancied wrongs. Nevertheless, the basic decision has been made. Let us examine in what way we may proceed so that the good effects clearly outweigh the ill effects.

There are two initial postulates: (1) our bargaining power will be limited, and (2) American notions of social reform and of equity are neither necessarily applicable in the underdeveloped lands, nor need we assume that those whose cooperation we must win will find them appealing. These postulates are interrelated. Jointly they imply that we cannot press forward on all fronts to create a society in which a good American democrat will feel at home, but must instead concentrate our energies on those social changes which will spur economic growth even if the immediate results are more consistent with the cultural genius of the peoples involved rather than our own tastes. We ought not expect them to make the same choices as we would, or, if they make the same choices, to achieve in a ten-year period what it took us eighty years to achieve. Finally, in reaching judgments on social processes in other lands, we cannot apply what are our own-or, in reality, higher-standards of purity. As outsiders, we will be unable to perceive the social function

of behavior which is superficially corrupt, and will tend to lump

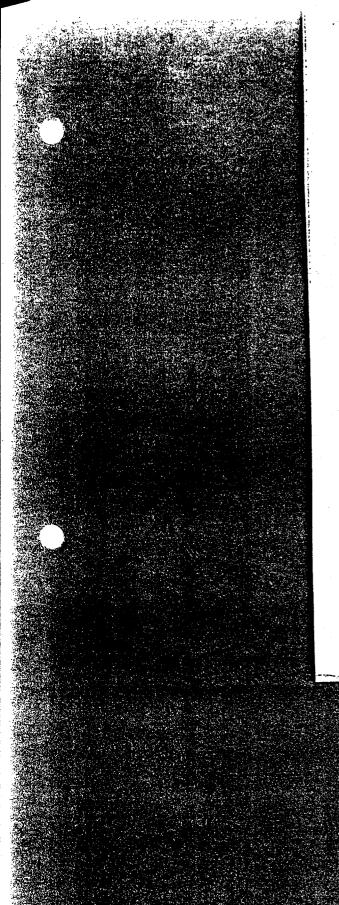
### TRACE LEVERAGE FROM AID AND TRADE

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it together with that which is purely parasitical. With respect to our own history, retrospectively we have come to find merit in what once were regarded as the disreputable procedures of an organization like Tammany Hall in that it provided a kind of social security and a welcome for the newly arrived immigrant. We are accustomed to the daily dangling of new post offices, good committee assignments, and bridges over creeks in the outback before wavering Congressmen, and warm approval is given, for its fine sense of political realism, to whatever administration is doing the dangling by those who agree with its goals. Toward similar procedures abroad we are inclined to take a simple muckraking attitude. We look askance at the higgling of the political market-with a naiveté that would do credit both to missionaries and old-style political reformers. If we hope to achieve a fair measure of success, we shall have to sharpen our critical faculties and learn to distinguish between unappetizing social devices which are functional and those which are simple barriers to progress.

The statement of objectives by AID is a very ambitious one. The purposes of the assistance program include stimulation of self-help, encouragement of progressive forces, and achievement of governments based on consent, which recognize the dignity and worth of individuals who are expected to participate in determining the nation's goals. No doubt, a statement of aspirations is in large part window dressing, but the criteria by which self-help is moving toward social and political progress are more specific: a more equitable distribution of income, a more equitable tax system with increased yields, expanded welfare programs, increased political participation and civil liberties, and so on. Several points may be made regarding the objectives: first, there are too many; second, they are to some extent inconsistent; and third, they ignore the real resources available.

There is, in the first place, the long-perceived clash between economic progress, on the one hand, and the combined goals of equitable distribution of income, immediate improvement in living standards, and security on the other. This underlying conflict spills over into a tension between rapid economic progress and the introduction of democratic processes. On this issue there appears to have been a revolution in informed opinion in the United States during the past five years. During the late fifties, it had become almost an axiom that authoritarian, if not totalitarian, governments had innate advantages in guiding economies toward rapid growth. The prevailing view was



#### JAMES R. SCHLESINGER

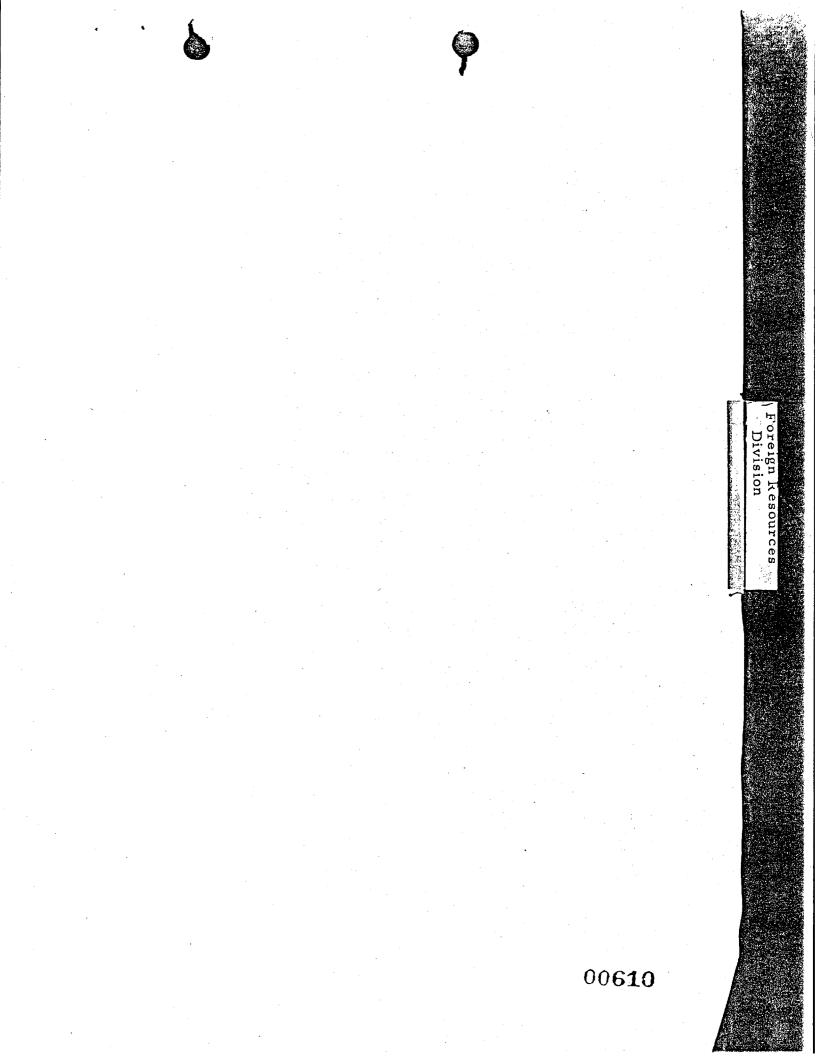
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based, no doubt, on an assessment of the record of the Soviet regime, and an exaggerated notion of how much the Chinese "Great Leap Forward" would accomplish. Perhaps the earlier "pessimism" regarding the relative performance potential of "free" and "controlled" economies was overdone, but have we not gone too far in the now prevailing "optimism" that any clash between economic progress and the democratic institutions which insure the dominance of the *rox populi* is minimal?

The average citizen-particularly when he is ill-housed, illclothed, ill-fed, and ill-educated-seems most likely to be interested in the here and now. A government which is responsive to the desires of the public will continually be tempted to mortgage the future for the present. The "abstinence" or "waiting" which classical and neoclassical economics state to be necessary ingredients in economic progress will be hard to require, as will be the incentive schemes (and the accompanying conspicuous consumption) which are likely to strike the average voter as inequitable. We may recall that the Perón regime was (and still may be?) the most popular regime in recent Latin American history. Or we may observe the economic consequences of Brazilian democracy, and have our doubts. The inflow of American resources may be able to make showpieces out of several small, recently-democratized nations like the Dominican Republic, but we ought not assume either that democracy assists in economic development, or that the Dominican example is widely applicable. This is not to say that some judicious prodding in the direction of democracy may not be a wise policy, but it must be judicious, and cannot be based on the assumption that democracy necessarily fosters the political stability essential to growth.

One of the criteria by which self-help can be judged as justifying additional aid is an improvement in the savings ratio. Some students of the aid program would put major emphasis on changes in the savings ratio in that it provides a relatively objective standard by which an improvement in economic performance can be judged.<sup>4</sup> If we apply an objective standard, complaints about the distribution of aid and subjectivity in the

• Charles Wolf, Jr. of RAND has been attempting to develop an econometric model which will provide an objective measure of the performance of aid recipients in terms of self-help. The criterion is the savings ratio. In the model the attempt is made to eliminate the influence of other variables, such as per capita income, income distribution, and degree of urbanization, which account for a good deal of the observed variation in the savings ratio as between nations and between different periods of time.



# SECRETISENSITIVE

8 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT:

Foreign Resources Division Operational Activities with Possible Flap Potential

**REFERENCE:** 

FR Memorandum, dated 7 May 1973, same subject

1. The answers to your questions are as follows:

a. Question: Do we recruit Americans?

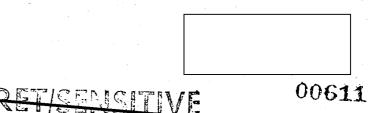
Answer: Yes, we recruit Americans to be used as upport assets and access agents. These Americans are used for spotting and assessment purposes only and do not perform any recruitments.

b. <u>Question</u>: Do we use alias documents on Americans in course of operations?

Answer: Yes, we do use alias documents when recruiting American support assets. The great majority of these recruitments are done in alias. All recruitments of foreign targets are done in alias.

c. <u>Question</u>: What disciplinary controls do we have over alias documents?

Answer: We maintain a current list in FR Division Headquarters of the alias documents issued to each Base.



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More importantly, each Base Chief is responsible for supervising and maintaining control over the alias documents used by the case officers on his Base.

<b>d.</b>	Question:	
		Any clearances or prohibitions?
	Answer:	

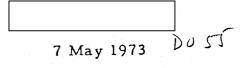
2. If you have further questions, please let me know.

Acting Chief Foreign Resources Division

00612

ERNAL ASSIFIED CONSTENTIAL SECRET USE ONLY ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET COUNT SUBJECT: (Optional) no-5EXTENSION NO. FROM: DATE Acting Chief, FR Divisio 7 May 1973 IO: (Office m number, and DATE OFFICER'S COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from whom building) to whom. Draw a line across column after each comment.) FORWARDED RECEIVED .7 1. EA/DDO 2. 7.7.8 3. DDO 13 4. Conversation with FR Div ( R-5. He indicated that the introductory and closing paragraphs of this memo could be released in the sanitized form shown. 6. D 16 e rerrin OGC January 13, 1981 enicans? 7. 2 1 8. 9. 10. 3 4 11. a, 12. (4)13. 14. FULL TEXT COPY\_ DO NOT RELEASE 1 Ū Exempt (6X1) (6)(3) 15. 6-7 ハー 00613 INTERNAL HSF ONLY FORM 610 USE PREVIOUS CONFIDENTIAL SECRET UNCLASSIFI 3-62





### MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT:

Foreign Resources Division Operational Activities with Possible Flap Potential

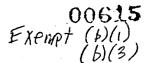
1. At thr risk of stating the obvious, almost all of the operational activities carried on by FR Division \_\_\_\_\_\_ run the risk that unauthorized disclosure could create embarrassment to the Agency. We have accepted this as a condition precedent and have proceeded with our operational activities in the most professional manner possible under the circumstances. There are certain rather unusual activities in which FR Division has participated and/or is participating that contain somewhat greater possibility for embarrassment if discovered. I have listed these below, not necessarily in order of embarrassment potential:

> a. provides a fairly considerable amount of support to Dr. Kissinger in his contacts with the Chinese. This support was authorized by Mr. Karamessines and Mr. Helms. Thus far there has been no problem other than the inordinate amount of time spent by personnel, not to mention the fairly sizeable amount ot money that has been expended in support of these efforts.

Ъ. FULL TEXT NOT RELEASE 00614Exempt (6)(1) (6)(3)

c. Alias Documentation: Clearly, FR Division does the great majority of its operational work by having its case officers utilize alias documents. All recruitments are done in alias. Thus, the alias documentation is a prerequisite for effective operations \_\_\_\_\_\_\_Furthermore, our case officers have utilized fully backstopped alias credit cards for renting automobiles, motel rooms, hotel rooms for operational meetings, etc. These credit cards are backstopped by accounts in alias which are promptly paid at the appropriate time. I see no problem in the continued use of alias documentation and moreover, I feel it is absolutely essential to continue using alias documentation wherever and whenever possible.

d. e.



/3/

2. Summarizing the above, I believe that all of the activities outlined are clearly within the acceptable risk frame.

The other activities, although clearly involving some degree of risk are necessary and valuable and in my opinion should be continued.

> Acting Chief Foreign Resources Division

00616 Exempt (b)(1) (b)(3)

SECBET

DRAFT OU	TLINE FOR DDO BRIEFING
I.	Statement of Organization and Functions
•	
II.	Official T/O
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
III.	Location of Field Units
IV.	Cover
<b>V</b> .	Targets
VI.	Methodology
VII.	Budget
VIII.	Coordination
	A. Internal
	B. External

# X. Statistics:

- A. Recruitments
- B. General Support Assets
- C. Positive Intelligence Reporting



00617

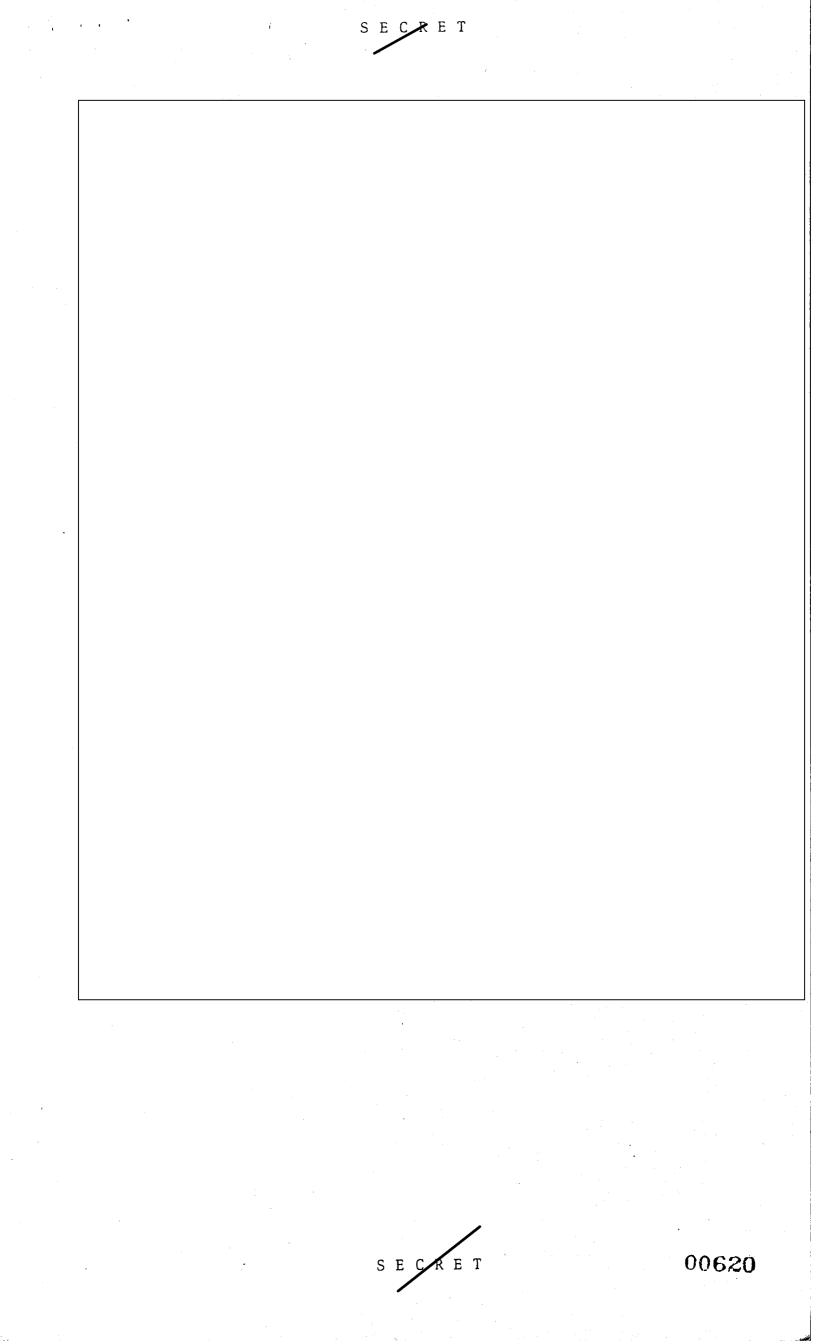
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# FOREIGN RESOURCES DIVISION

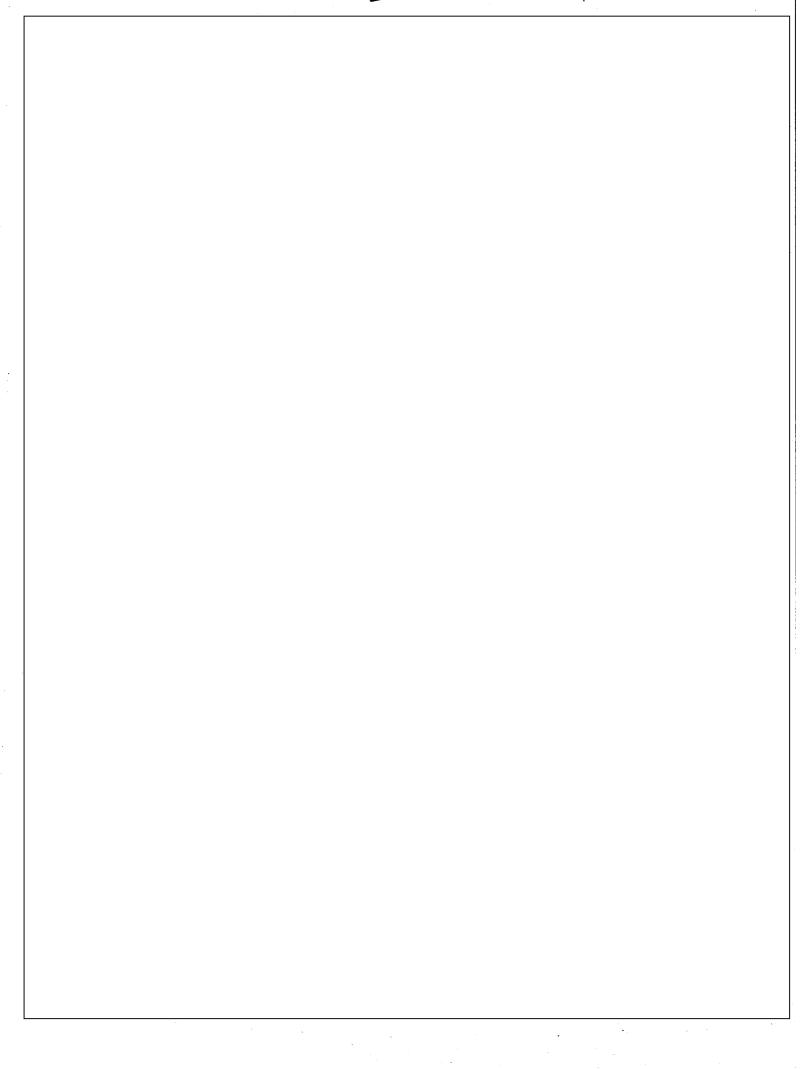
# I. Statement of Organization and Functions



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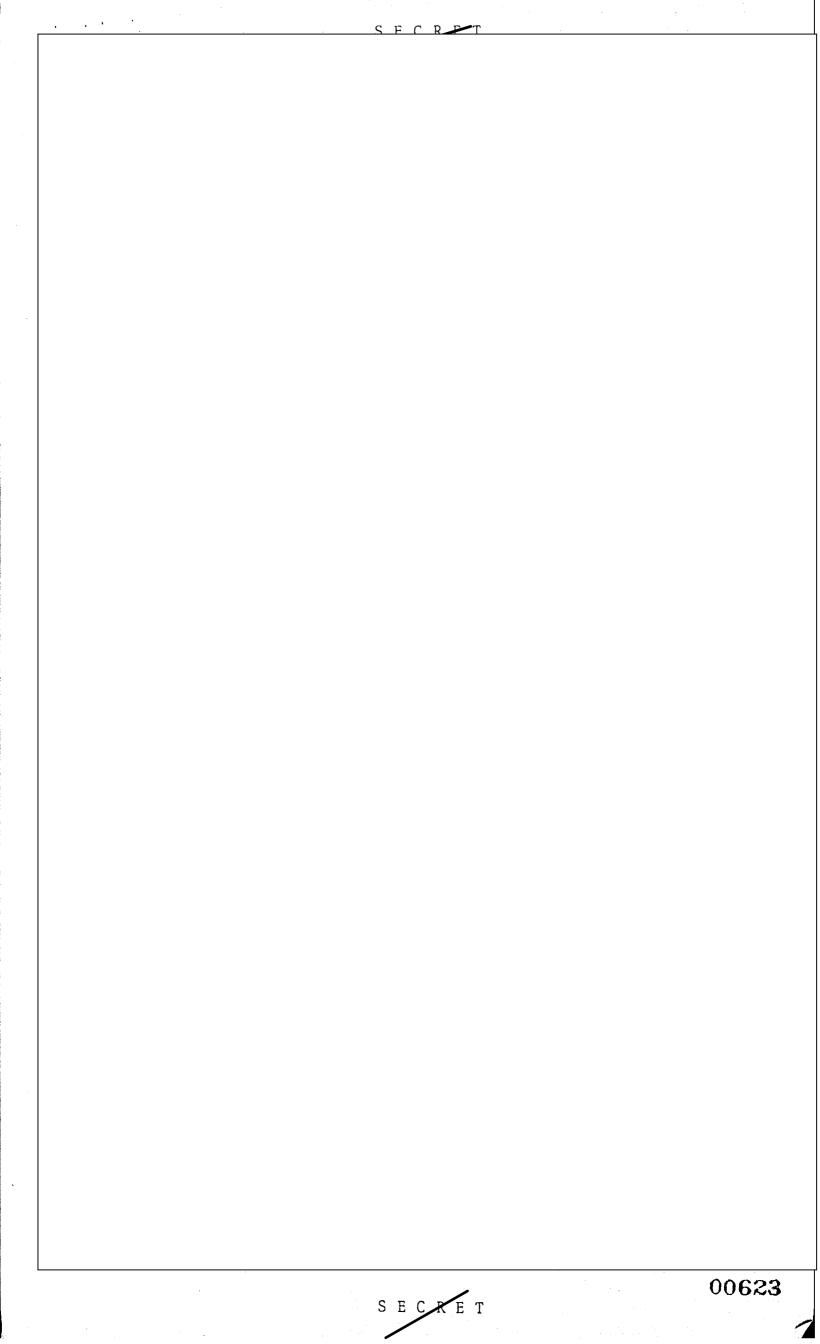


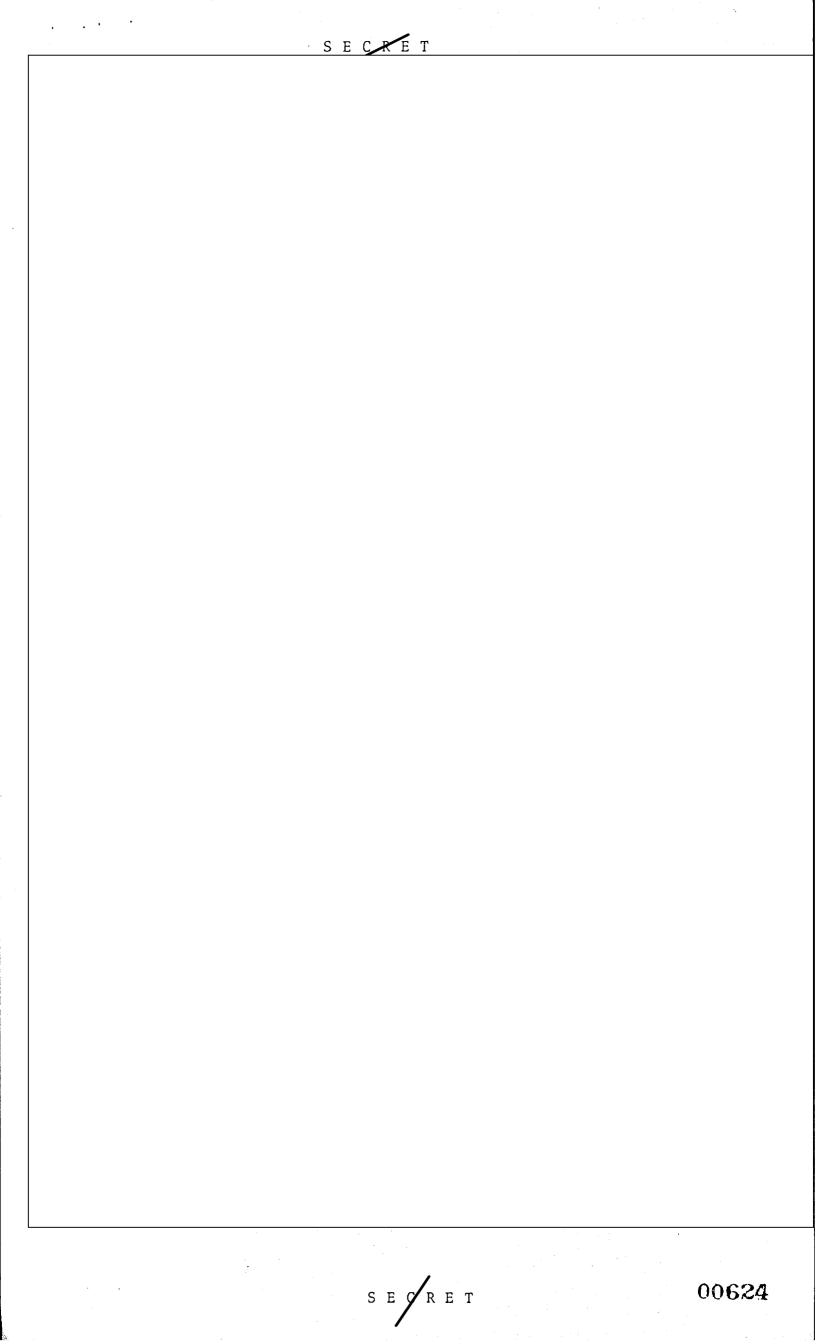
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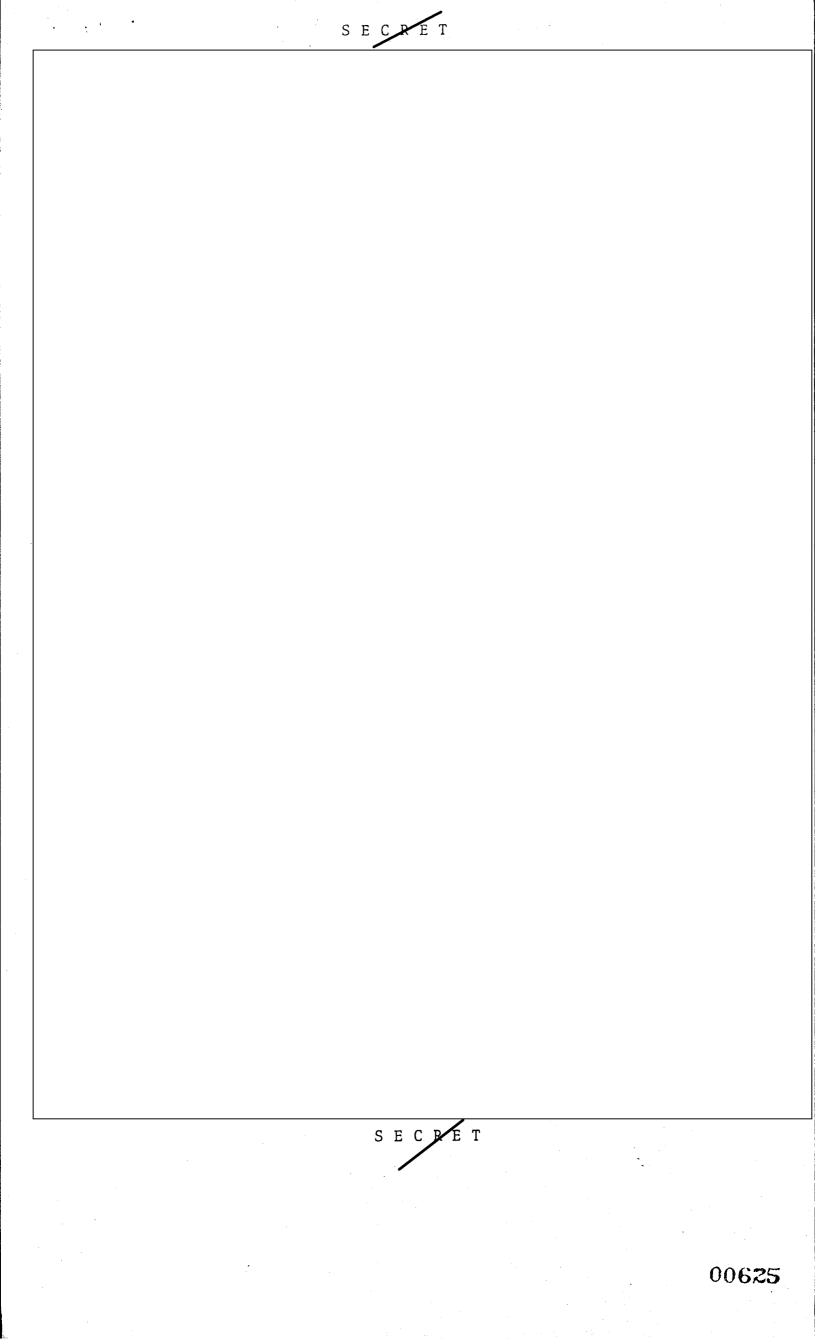
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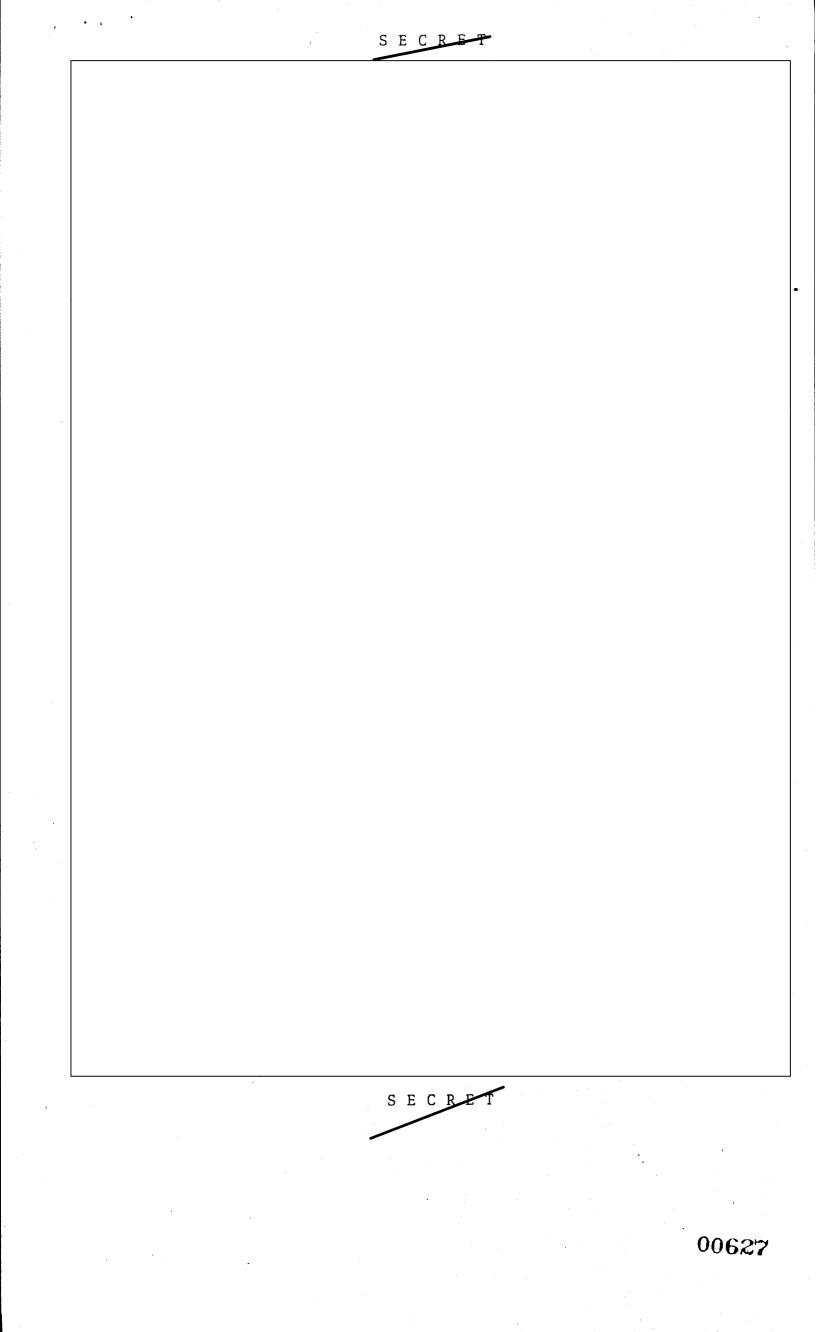
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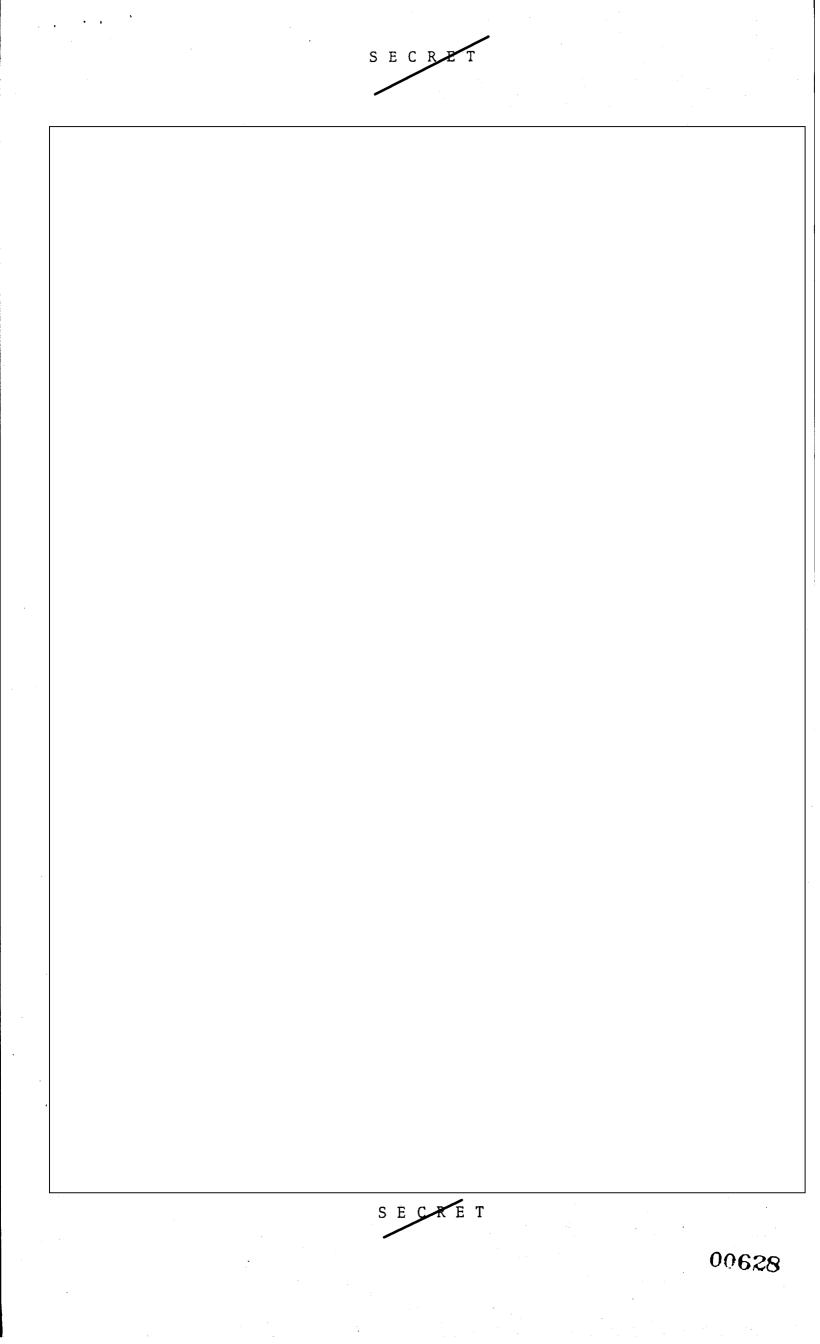
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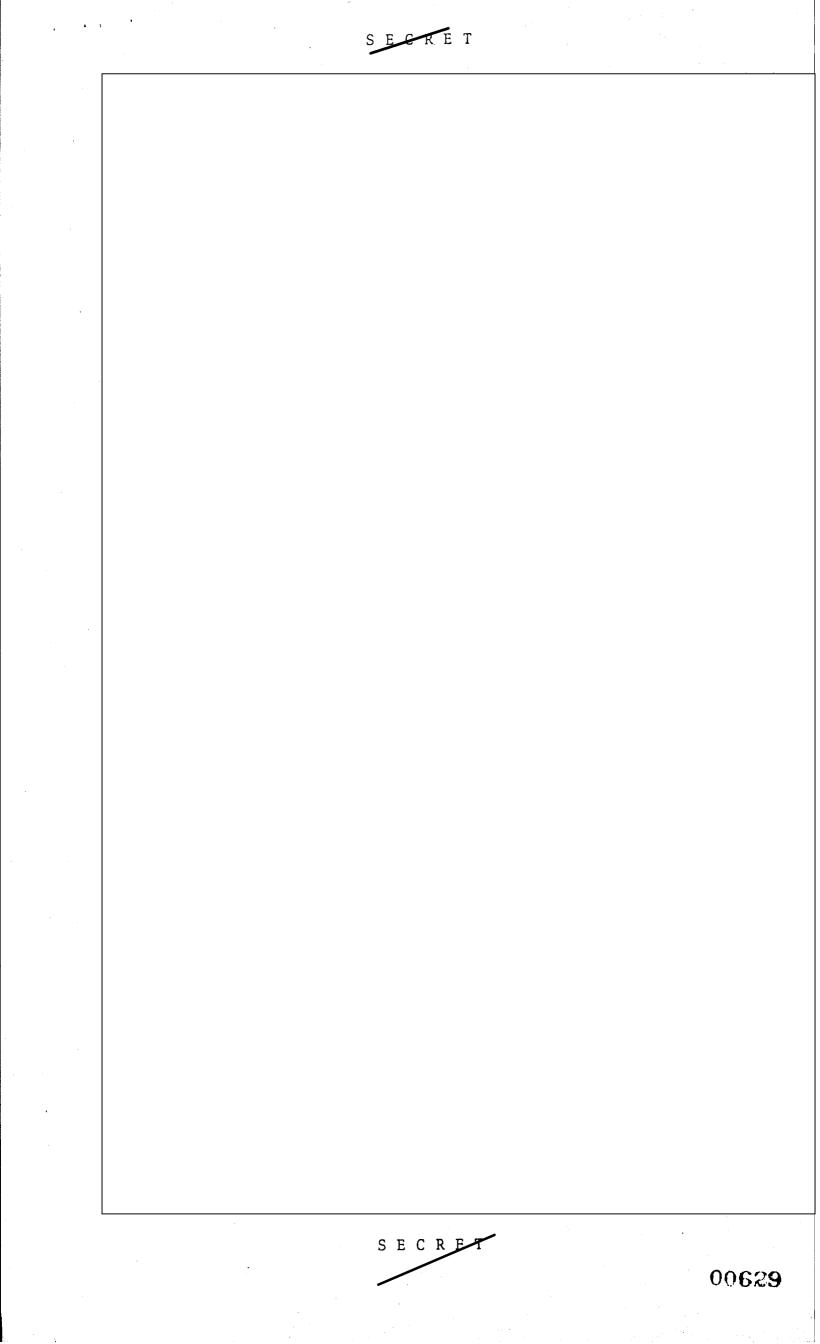


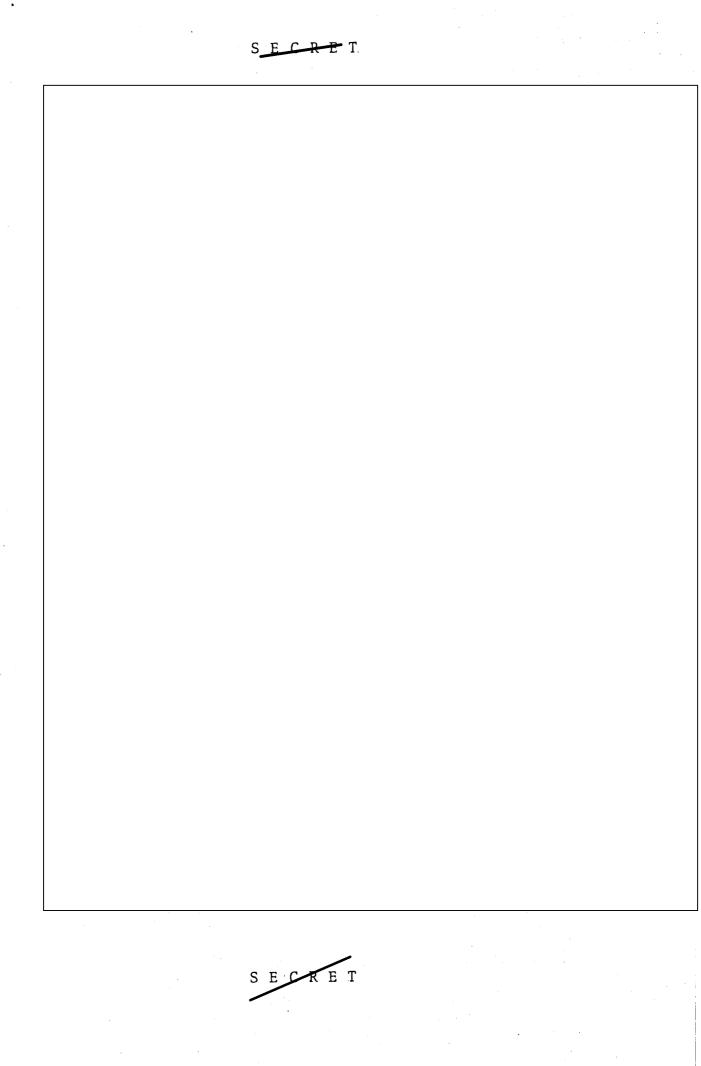


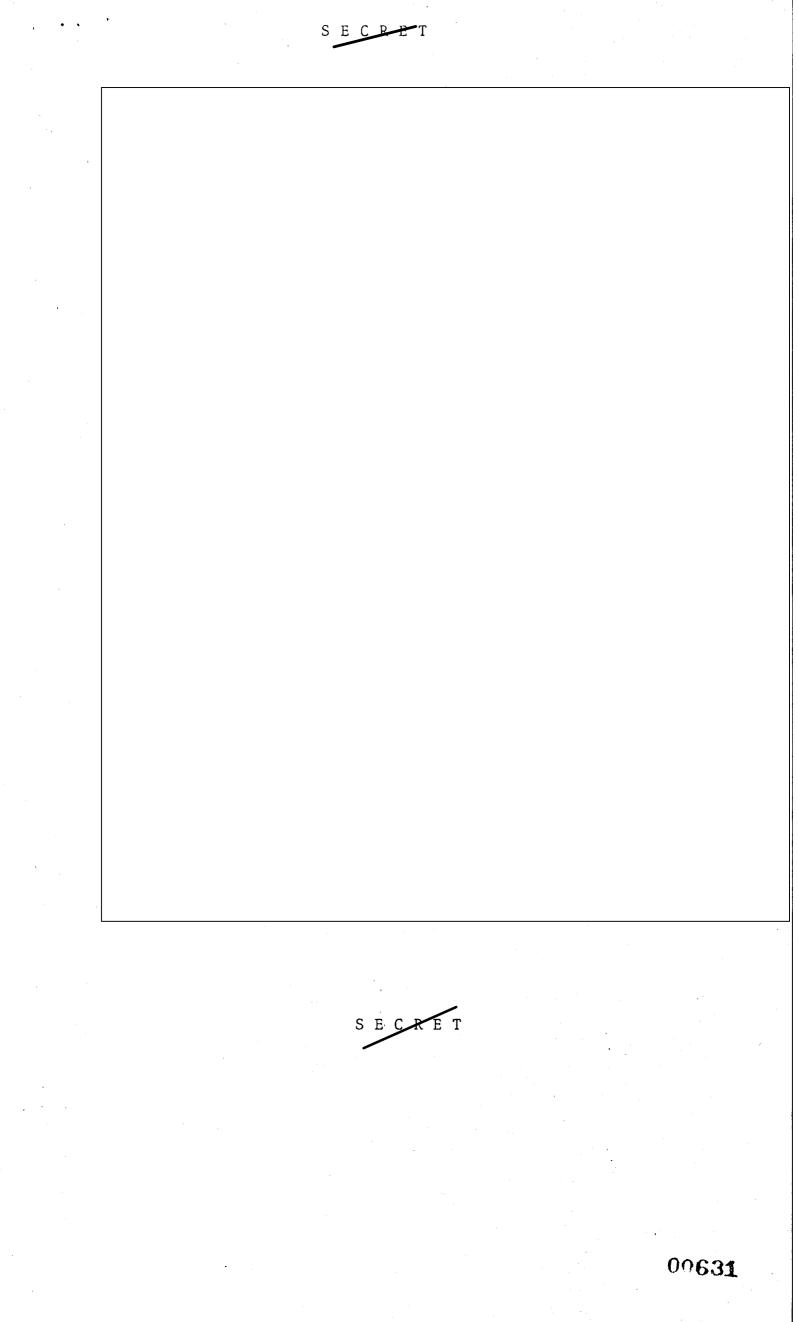


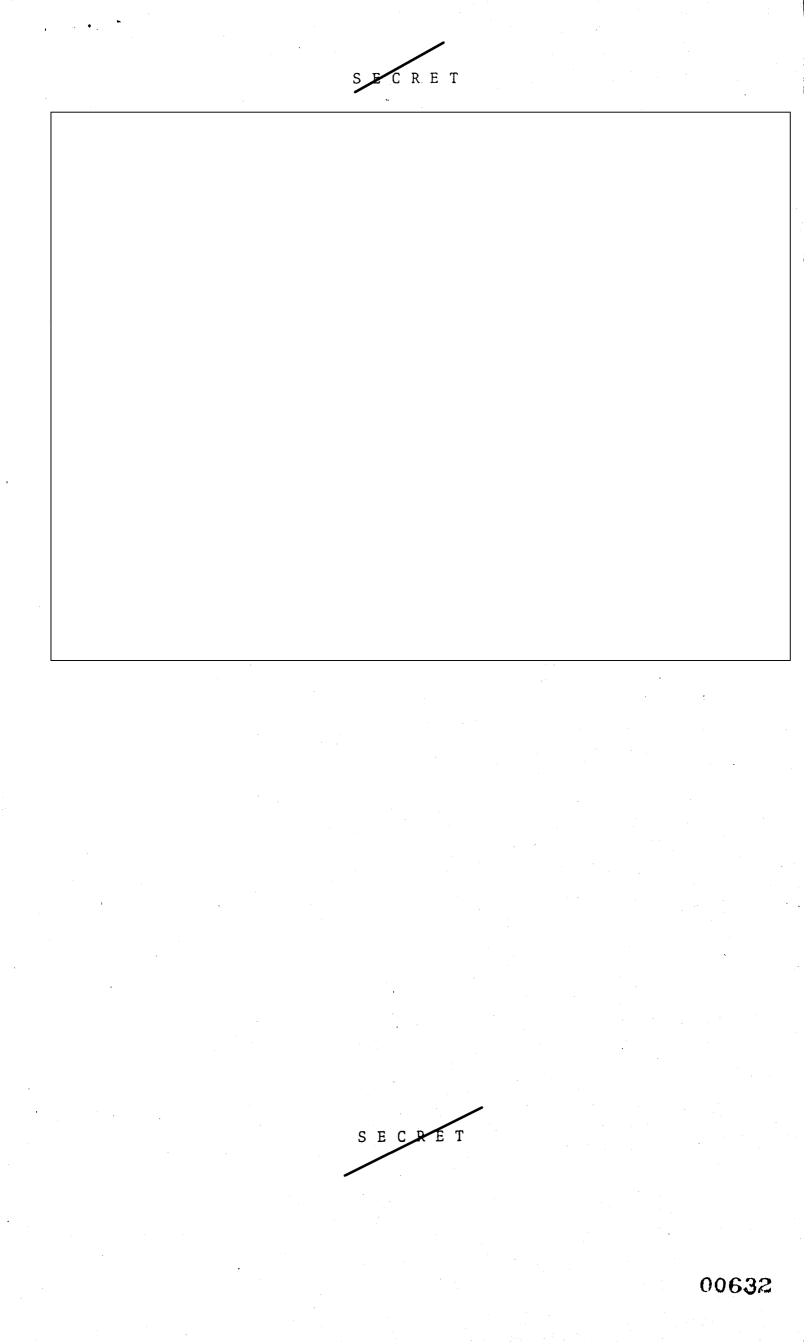


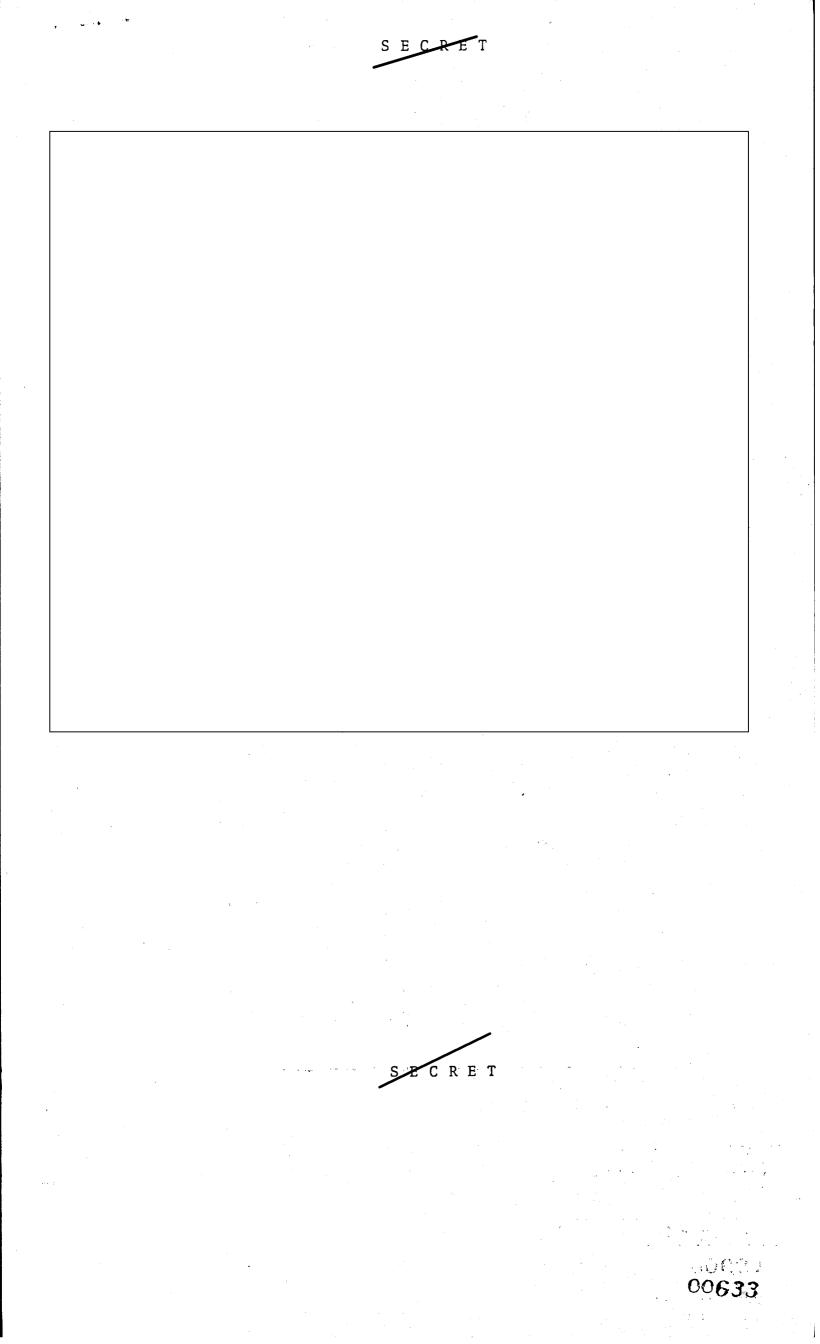












#### 6 JUN 1973

00634

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

THROUGH

: Executive Secretary, CIA Management Committee

SUBJECT

: Alleged CIA Involvement in the Ballou Case

1. By memorandum dated 25 May 1973, I informed you of the results of an interview of Mr. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who reported that Mr. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an employee of the Office of Security, had stated during a discussion period at Advanced Intelligence Seminar No. 6 in September 1971 that the Office of Security had been involved in the "Ballou case." (The residence of Mr. Ballou, an antique gun collector in Silver Spring, Maryland, was raided on 7 June 1971 by Montgomery County Police and Federal law enforcement officers. When the officers, dressed in civilian clothes, forced their way into the house, Ballou picked up an antique pistol. The officers opened fire and seriously wounded Ballou. He was hospitalized for several months and was left partially paralyzed. I believe he is now suing over the incident.)

2. We interviewed Mr. certain other employees who attended the Seminar, and the Director of Security to determine just what was said at the Seminar and the extent of any Agency involvement in the Ballou case. We find that participants in the Seminar were encouraged to discuss the details of their work and associated problems. Mr. mentioned an assignment he had been on with the U.S. Secret Service at the 1968 National Conventions and his liaison activities with the Montgomery County Police.

3. reports that in discussing the latter subject he related a conversation he had with Inspector of the Montgomery County Police, sometime in June 1971 after the Ballou incident had been reported in the newspapers. According to the police inspector had thanked him for some amplifying equipment the Agency had given to the Montgomery County Police and remarked that Agency had provided, the police had intercepted a telephone call from Ballou to a friend in which Ballou outlined plans to "kill a cop." The police then staged a raid to forestall Ballou's plan, and it was during this raid that Ballou was shot.

4. said that he has no other knowledge of the Ballou case, except for what he has read in the newspapers, and that he has not had any other conversations about the case with any members of the Montgomery County Police. We learned nothing from our inquiries that would indicate any other Agency involvement in the Ballou case.

5. The following are related excerpts from the "Family Jewels" submission of the Director of Security on 16 May 1973:

During the period from 1968 to 1973, several items of positive audio equipment consisting primarily of clandestine transmitters and touch-tone dial recorders were loaned to the Metropolitan Police Department; Fairfax County, Virginia, Police Department; Montgomery County, Maryland, Police Department; New York City Police Department; and the San Francisco, California, Police Department.

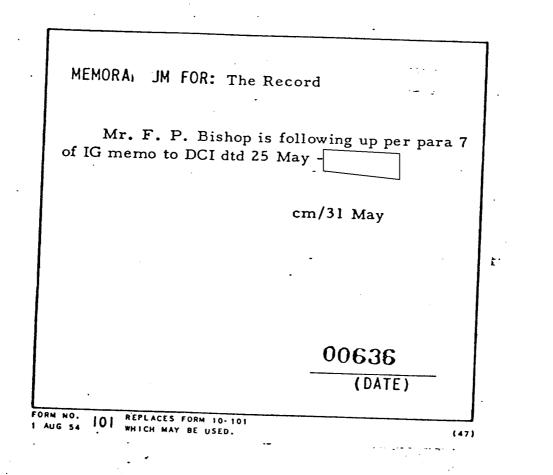
On 25 July 1968, and at the specific request of the United States Secret Service, this Office provided two audio countermeasures technicians to the United States Secret Service in connection with the Democratic National Convention held in Chicago, Illinois. This was not an official detail although both men were provided with temporary credentials identifying them as being affiliated with the United States Secret Service.

On 15 August 1968, we detailed the same two men to the United States Secret Service to cover the Republican National Convention in Miami, Florida. On both occasions, the team members were debriefed upon their return and it is clear that their activities were confined exclusively to sweeping the candidates' and potential candidates' quarters.

15: =-- T Brod

William V. Broe Inspector General

OIG: Distribution: Orig & 1 - Addressee 1 - ExecSec/CIA MC - 2 -



# . UNCLASSIFIED

# ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

CONF

R. ONLY

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SECRET T

SUBJECT: (Optional)

FROM:	÷ .		EXTENSION	NO.
Inspector General			DATE 25 May 1973 COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from whom	
TO: (Officer designation, room number, and building)	DATE			OFFICER'S
DUIIUII <b>IY</b> )	RECEIVED	FORWARDED	INITIALS	to whom. Draw a line across column after each comment
Mr. Wm. E. Colby	5/22	5/35	G	-
2. The Director			c.l	BY HAND, NOT
3.	-		<b>I</b>	THIZINGEN REGISTRY.
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# CIA INTERMAL LISE ONLY

25 May 1973

00638

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

THROUGH

: Mr. William E. Colby

1. On 17 May the name of was referred to this office as having attempted to contact the Director concerning "activities outside the Agency." I attempted to contact on 21 and 22 May, but he was on leave. On 23 May he stated he wanted to check a portion of his information and asked if he could come to my office on 24 May.

2. <u>came into the Agency as a JOT</u> in October 1957 and is currently a <u>assigned</u> to the Soviet/EE Section. He has a very strong personnel file.

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_advised that in August 1971 he attended the Advanced Intelligence Seminar. On the first evening of the seminar the students had a "getting acquainted" session where each one gave a brief description of his duties. One of the students, \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Office of Security, however, carried on after the session was over and expanded on the briefing he had given. He claimed that CIA was cooperating with the Montgomery County Police, stating that the Office of Security gave electronic and other support to that organization.

4. He further indicated that the Office of Security had been involved in the "Ballou case". \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ escribed the Ballou case as follows: The residence of Mr. Ballou, an antique gun collector in Silver Spring, Maryland, was raided on 7 June 1971 by the Montgomery County Police and some Federal law enforcement officers. After the officers, dressed in civilian clothes, had forced their way into the house Ballou picked up an antique pistol. The officers immediately opened fire and wounded Ballou seriously. He spent a long time in the hospital and is partly paralyzed at the present time.

CIA INTERMAL USE ONLY -

His case was given much publicity in the <u>Washington</u> Post at the time. There was additional publicity in the last several months when Ballou instigated a lawsuit against the raiding officers.

dentified another student, 5. who was assigned to IAS, as a friend of also seemed to know the specifics of the Ballou He stated that case.

6. I thanked ind told him this was just the type of information we wanted to receive so that it can be investigated and appropriate action taken if the information is borne out.

7. This office will follow up on this allegation and advise the Director concerning our findings.

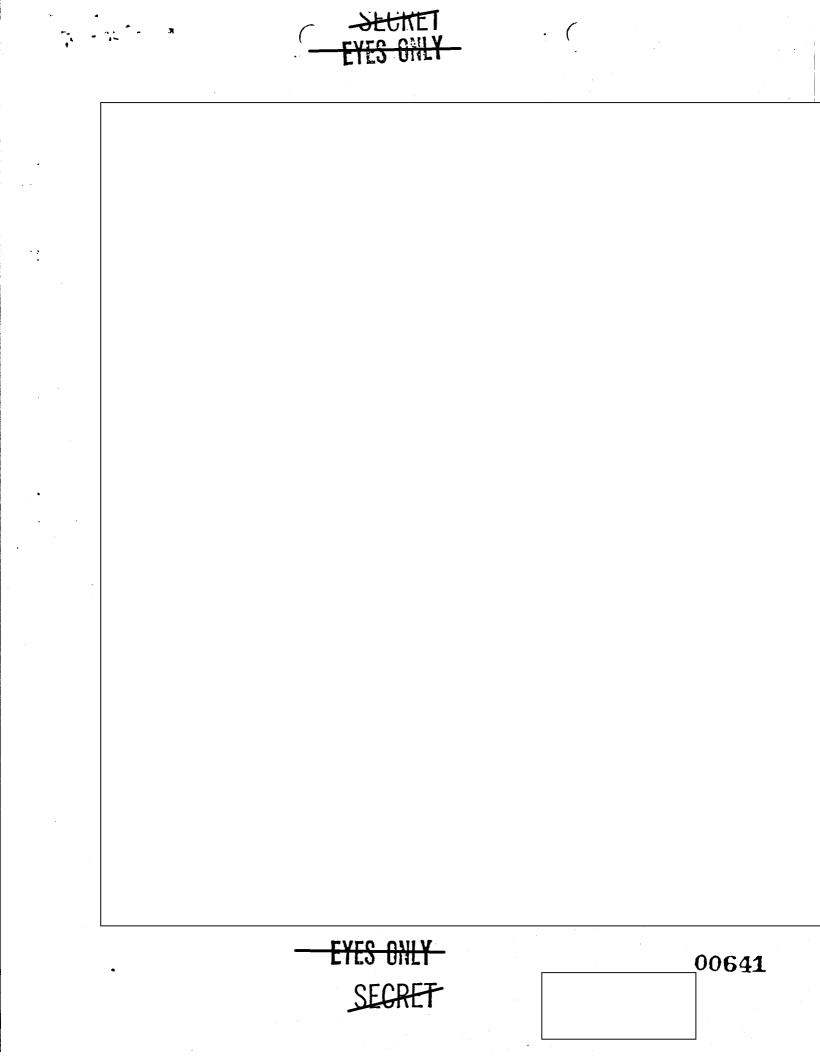
William V. Broe Inspector General

CIA INTEDE

- 2 -

00639

Mr. 16 May at 3:05 re "activities outside the Agency". I told him Director was out of the office, but we would return his call. Mr. called back that day and said he was going to Fubini lecture and would call us back. He never did call back. Mr. Colby said to turn over to Mr. Brog.



SELINE I EYES ONLY • ( <del>EYES ONLY</del> SECRET 00642

	ROUTIN	G AND	RECOR	D SHEET
;UBJECT: (Optional)				
ROM: Inspector General	3		EXTENSION	NO. DATE
O: (Officer designation, room number, and uilding)	0/	ATE	OFFICER'S INITIALS	22 May 1973 COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from whom to whom. Draw a line ocross column after each comment.)
Mr. Wm. E. Colby	RECEIVED	FORWARDED		
2. The Director	5/85	5/33	7	
3.			Ŷ	Recommend the
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22 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

THROUGH

: Mr. William E. Colby

Mr. Colby advised me that extension had called the Office of the Director in line with the Director's memorandum to all employees dated 9 May 1973, requesting all employees to report activities which might be construed to be outside the legislative charter of the Agency.

is employed as a GS-5 clerk in the Cable Secretariat. He joined the Agency in September 1967 and worked in the Office of Security for 3-1/2 years before transferring to the Cable Secretariat in 1970.

While in the Office of Security he was assigned to a support desk, SD3. The primary function of this desk was to

During his assignment to this desk, supported a project entitled SRPOINTER-HTLINGUAL described the project as follows. The Office of Security had a unit at the JFK International Airport that photographed mail going to Soviet Bloc countries. This work was done by Agency staff employees. The mail was placed in bags by the regular Post Office employees and stacked. After their departure for the night, the Agency employees would open the mail and photograph it. Both incoming and outgoing mail, including postcards, were photographed. A watch list was maintained and priority was given to the names listed, but generally all mail was processed.

The results of the operation were sent to Washington Headquarters where they were handled by He would receive a teletype advising him of the registry number and the number of items. He would check to see if the number of items received was correct and route the material to the appropriate offices. Generally about 1/4 of



the material was separated into bundles bound with rubber bands. This portion was sent to TSD for technical processing. The remaining material was sent to the CI Staff,

About twice a month the CI Staff would add names to or delete names from the list. would send the changes in the list to the field office. The watch list was made up primarily of who were in the United States. When left the Office of Security in 1970, the project was still active.

was in no way emotional or belligerent. He presented the facts quickly and clearly and said he had no other information. He stated he would have come forward with the information sooner but he had only recently had time to read the Director's memorandum. The writer thanked him for his interest.

Vhac

Inspector General



2.

6 JUN 1973

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

THROUGH

: Executive Secretary, CIA Management Committee

SUBJECT

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1. By memorandum dated 25 May 1973, I informed you of the results of an interview of Mr. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who reported that Mr. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an employee of the Office of Security, had stated during a discussion period at Advanced Intelligence Seminar No. 6 in September 1971 that the Office of Security had been involved in the "Ballou case." (The residence of Mr. Ballou, an antique gun collector in Silver Spring, Maryland, was raided on 7 June 1971 by Montgomery County Police and Federal law enforcement officers. When the officers, dressed in civilian clothes, forced their way into the house, Ballou picked up an antique pistol. The officers opened fire and seriously wounded Ballou. He was hospitalized for several months and was left partially paralyzed. I believe he is now suing over the incident.)

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00646

this equipment had probably saved a policeman's life. The inspector commented that the account of the Ballou incident appearing in the press was not the whole story. With the aid of the equipment the Agency had provided, the police had intercepted a telephone call from Ballou to a friend in which Ballou outlined plans to "kill a cop." The police then staged a raid to forestall Ballou's plan, and it was during this raid that Ballou was shot.

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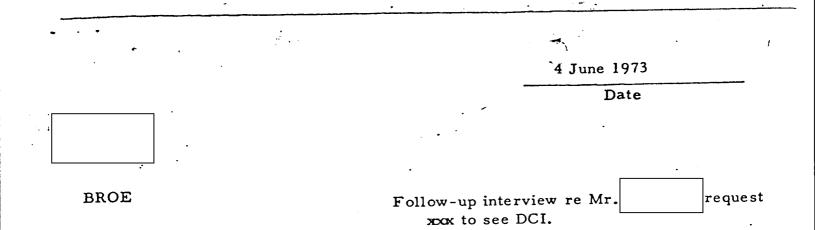
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(Stand) T. Tran W Brod

William V. Broe Inspector General

OIG: Distribution: Orig & 1 - Addressee J FracSec/CIA MC - 2 -



# FROM: FPBishop

I, FPB RETURN TO: File on Interviews held on behalf of DCI re Watergate/Jewels



# MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD.

SUBJECT: Interview with

Office of Security

31 Mav

about what he 1. On 31 May 1973 I questioned had said at the Advanced Intelligence Seminar No. 6 and the extent and nature of the relations he had had with the Montgomery County Police. He said that he and others had been encouraged to discuss their work and the problems related thereto with other Seminar members and told that what they said would be "non-attributable." In this context he had discussed the Office of Security's relations with local Police Forces including the Police Force in Montgomery County. He said he mentioned the "Ballou Case" as an example of how the Montgomery County Police had used equipment provided by the Agency in their work, but denied that he had said or implied that the Agency was "involved" in the Ballou case. He said that he had also related to the other Seminar members the fact that the Agency had provided assistance to the Secret Service in connection with the protection of the President and Vice President and that he and others had been detailed to work with the Secret Service on counter-audio activities at the 1968 Democratic National Convention in Chicago and the Republican National Convention in Miami. I who was on the Chicago detail, if he was asked detailed to protect the Vice President. He said that he was detailed to Tom Kelly, Deputy Chief of the Secret Service and worked in effect as a member of the Secret Service under Mr. Kelly.

2. I questioned as to whether his relations with the Montgomery County Police was training oriented, equipment oriented, or if he had engaged in any operations or activities with the police. He said his relations with the Police had been entirely equipment oriented and had been limited to the Chief of Police and one or two senior Inspectors. The extent of assistance given consisted of the Agency providing the Police with surplus technical



equipment which was of no further use to the Agency, and briefing them as to its use. He said he would not define these briefings as training, but admitted that it might be so construed.

3. said that his only knowledge of the "Ballou Case", except what he had read in the papers, came from one telephone conversation he had with Inspector of the Montgomery County Police sometime after accounts of the Ballou shooting had appeared in the press. He said the Inspector called to thank him for some amplifying equipment the Agency had given the Police and mentioned that it had probably saved the life of a policeman. He said that the Inspector explained to him that the account of the incident appearing in the press was not the whole story, that with the aid of the equipment the Agency had provided the Police had been able to intercept a telephone call from Ballou to a friend in which Ballou had outlined plans to "kill a cop ." The Police had then staged a raid to forestall Ballou's plan and it was during this raid that Ballou was shot. said that he had had no other conversations with the Montgomery County Police on that subject. He said he had mentioned it at the Seminar as an example of the sensitivity involved in the Agency's dealings with domestic Police Forces. He said he recalled that there was quite a bit of discussion and argument by the Seminar members about the propriety of the Agency assisting local police forces and working with the Secret Service in the U.S., but that he did not recall any extensive discussion about the Ballou Case and that at no time had he said that the Agency was directly involved. said he remembered that

seemed particularly concerned about the Agency's involvement in domestic activities and that sometime later, around January or February 1972, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ alked to Colonel White about his concern and Colonel White in turn talked to the Director of Security. Since that date, he said, he has not had any further direct contact with the Montgomery County Police, based upon orders of the Director of Security.

• DISNOP

Inspector





31 May 1973

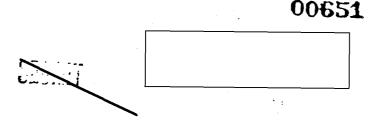
## MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Interview with

Office of Security

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> F. P. Bishop Inspector

CIA INTERNAL LISE ONLY

31 May 1973

FMSAC

## MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Interview with

1. said he recalled talking about the Office of Security's liaison with the Police Forces in the Metropolitan Area and that the Ballou case was mentioned. He also recalled that had mentioned that the Agency had provided assistance to the Secret Service in connection with surveillance work against radical groups at the 1968 Democratic National Convention in Chicago. He said that he could not remember exactly what said, but he did recall that there was considerable discussion and debate among the class members about the propriety of the Agency engaging in such activities.

2. Later in January or February 1972, at a time when was Chairman of the Management Advisory Group (MAG), he said he discussed these matters, and questioned the extent to which the Agency should become involved in domestic intelligence activities, with Colonel White and later with Mr. Colby. The MAG also raised the general problem in a couple of their papers, but without citing specific detailed examples. He said he understood that Colonel White had taken the matter up with the Director of Security and that some changes had been made as a result.

		r.r. bisnop
Orig - File w	Interview	

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29 May 1973

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Possible Agency Involvement in Outside Activities on Basis of Information Provided by

who On 29 May 1973 I talked to Mr. at the Advanced was a classmate of and Intelligence Seminar No. 6 held on 8-24 September 1971. Mr. said that each student was asked to describe and talk about his work in the Agency and he recalled that Mr. had talked about the Office of Security's liaison with, and assistance given to and received from, the Police Departments in the Washington Metropolitan area. He said he could not recall specifically what was said, but to the best of described training given to either the Prince his memory Mr. George's or Montgomery County Police concerning surveillance methods and electronic techniques. He said that he did not recall any discussion of the "Ballou case" and that he had no knowledge of that case other than what he had read in the newspapers.

r. P. Disnop

30 1.27 1973

LEIO CF TELOTE:

SIDJECT: Call: ith Howard Caborne, Dir. Security Re:

I talked with Mr. Osberne on 30 May about Mr. statements concerning remarks made by Mr. It the idvanced Intelligence Seminar Mo. 6 during the period G=24 Sept. 1971. Mr. Osberne said that fact the office of 3 curity had relations with the local pelice forces in the Metropolitian Mashington Area had been reported to the DOI in the Family Jewel (s Memo dated 16 May 1973, but that he had no knowledge of the Ballou Case and had not previously heard of any Gency involvement in or connection with the case.

The suggested that I go should and talk to have a conduct that forts I could from him, but that he also intended to talk to in. \_\_\_\_\_\_ I for himself. He remarked that I'r. \_\_\_\_\_\_ uas a very good briefer, but inclined to be over-expansive at times and talk to much.

---- LL5.:00

4; June 1973 Jaikind again with afterne. He had chicking on sting and to sai if there was any further involvement by the a mathe Ballon case. Ite facto he find of town I corresponded with the storme 2 hour - ?! alforme said that the is recomence and get from with the tout get a sond the detail of this is officers to the funt same for work with a counter while team it the 1968 discussion noticined communication liver regrested to the DCI as itime No. 5 and Trespectively in the Family genet's menor of 12 croy 1975. 00655

25 May 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

THROUGH

: Mr. William E. Colby

1. On 17 May the name of referred to this office as having attempted to contact the Director concerning "activities outside the Agency." I attempted to contact on 21 and 22 May, but he was on leave. On 23 May he stated he wanted to check a portion of his information and asked if he could come to my office on 24 May.

2. came into the Agency as a JOT in October 1957 and is currently assigned to the Soviet/EE Section. He has a very strong personnel file.

3. advised that in August 1971 he attended the Advanced Intelligence Seminar. On the first evening of the seminar the students had a "getting acquainted" session where each one gave a brief description of his duties. One of the students, of the Office of Security, however, carried on alter the session was over and expanded on the briefing he had given. He claimed that CIA was cooperating with the Montgomery County Police, stating that the Office of Security gave electronic and other support to that organization.

4. He further indicated that the Office of Security had been involved in the "Ballou case". \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ described the Ballou case as follows: The residence of Mr. Ballou, an antique gun collector in Silver Spring, Maryland, was raided on 7 June 1971 by the Montgomery County Police and some Federal law enforcement officers. After the officers, dressed in civilian clothes, had forced their way into the house Ballou picked up an antique pistol. The officers immediately opened fire and wounded Ballou seriously. He spent a long time in the hospital and is partly paralyzed at the present time.

His case was given much publicity in the <u>Washington Post</u> at the time. There was additional publicity in the last several months when Ballou instigated a lawsuit against the raiding officers.

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5.		identifi	ad another	student,		
	who was	assigned to	28 8	friend of		
He stated	that	also seem	ed to know	the spec	ifics of	the Ballou
C1\$6.						

6. I thanked ind told him this was just the type of information we wanted to receive so that it can be investigated and appropriate action taken if the information is borne out.

7. This office will follow up on this allegation and advise the Director concerning our findings.

> William V. Broe Inspector General

- 2 -

ADVAN ( INTELLIGENCE SEMINAR N. ( ) 8-24 Sont 71 List of Students Office Room No. Extension Name Ballon case, Silver Spring, 7 June 71 Ċ SECRET 00658 . .

MEMORANLUM FOR: Five Original of this file honded Dr. Chamberlain by Mr. Colby. We made the copres and orraginal to veturned the who wanted a copy 3 A.G. 13 (DATE) 00659 FORM NO. 101 1 AUG 54 REPLACES FORM 10-101 (47)

WHICH MAY BE USED.

5317 Briley Place, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20016 29 February 1972

Mr. Lloyd Shearer Editor-at-Large <u>Parade</u> Magazine 140 N. Hamilton Drive Beverly Hills, California 90211

Dear Mr. Shearer:

Thank you for your letter of February 7, 1972, and its kind words about me. As you can imagine, your challenge set me to work to meet it. As a result I can say, under oath if need be, that CIA has never carried out a political assassination, nor has it induced, employed or suggested one which occurred. Whether this fully meets your challenge, I cannot say (it takes two to tango), but it is a long way from the original statement in Mr. Scott's column that CIA "uses political assassination as a weapon." Perhaps I am too sensitive, but I would hope you could set the record straight for your readers.

Sincerely,

W. E. Colby

NB - Mr. Helms dispatch of approved

PARADE

LLOYD SHEARER Editor-al-Large Parade Publications. Inc. + 140 N. Hamilton Drive Beverly Hills, Calif. 90211 OL 3-2073

# February 7, 1972

Mr. W.E. Colby 5317 Briley Pl. Washington, D.C. 20016

Dear Mr. Colby¥

. Thank you for your kind and informative letter of January 11 concerning Operation Phoenix.

I don't want to get into a running word-battle with you on the subject of political assassination in Indo-China or the role of CIA and other of our agencies in Operation Phoenix.

I am just wondering of you would care to say flatly that the CIA has never used political assassination in Indo-China or elsewhere and has never induced, employed, or suggested to others that such tactics or devices be employed.

If you will make that flat statement under oath, I will not only apologize, I will tango with Dick Helms in Garfinckel's largest show window at 14th and F--providing, of course, Mrs. Helms gives her permission.

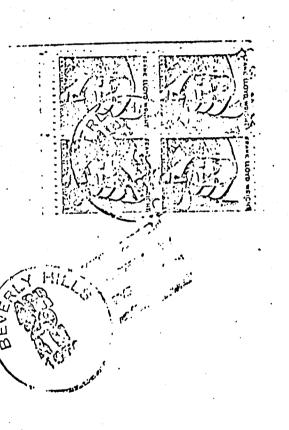
Again, I thank you for your interest and commend you for the really outstanding service you have rendered the country. You are indeed one of Helms' finest.

Resuectfully, Keapsk LLOYD SHEARER

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L-ATE A DE 140 North Hamilton Drive Becerly Hille, Calif.

> Mr. W. E. Colby COLBY, KOMER & HELMS 5317 Briley Place, N.W. Washington D.C. 20016



## PARADE

LLOYD SHEARER Editor-al-Large Parade Publications, Inc. + 140 N. Hamilton Drive Beverly Hills, Calif. 90211 OL 3-2073

## April 30, 1972

#### Dear General Colby:

(1) Thank you for your article, "Should Lesbians Be Allowed To Play Professional Football?" I found it intriguing, and we plan to run it in a future issue under your by-line, of course.

(2) Thank you for arranging a tango with me and Dick Helms of Her Majesty's Tel Aviv Rifles. Even At Williams, Dick was one of the great tango-artists of our time. Carfinkels, Woodrop-Lathrop, even Hechts---in fact, any place and time of your choosing is O.K. with me.

(3) One sad note! Will you tell Angus we cannot use his new car bumper sticker: <u>LICK DICK in "72</u>, because it is open to misinterpretation. In addition, we try to remain politically neutral.

(4) As to your willingness to say under oath that the CIA has never been party to political assassination, I, of late, have been travelling a good deal. In the course of my travels I happened to encounter Oleg Penkovsky--not your Oleg---but Penkovsky, a bartender, in Cleveland, Ohio. Penkovsky told me that you signed a secrecy agreement, Form 270, witnessed by Victor L. Marchetti. Under the terms of this agreement you are pledged to eternal silence concerning CIA activities. Unless you have a special Papal dispensation--the kind given Allen Dulles and Lyman Kirkpatrick, Jr., it seems to me you are lip-sealed.

Perhaps this does not apply to hearings before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee or the prestigious Council of Foreign Relations. If this is so, please let me know; and we will take it from there.

(5) I will be in Washington shortly staying at the home of Jack Anderson out in Silver Spring. Perhaps we can meet there for a small summit. I will have with me several former Green Beret members who want to discuss with you the subject of CIA imposters in South Vietnam, who lied to them and me, too.

Let me hear from you.

All the best,  $\left( \right) \qquad 00664$ 

72 -

5317 Briley Place, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20016 29 February 1972

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[ [s], W. E. Colby

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#### PARADE

LLOYD SHEARER Editor-at-Large

72-275/1

OL 3-2073

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Again, I thank you for your interest and command you for the really outstanding service you have rendered the country. You are indeed one of Helms' finest.

Respectfull Seafrk LLOYD SHEARER

5317 Briley Place Washington, D. C. 20015 January 11, 1972

Mr. Lloyd Shearer Editor at Large <u>Parade</u> Magazine 733 Third Avenue New York, New York 10017

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a. CIA does not and has not used political assassination as a weapon.

b. Operation Phoenix was run not by the CIA but by the Government of Vietnam, with the support of the CORDS element of the U. S. Military Assistance Command in coordination with several U. S. agencies including CIA.

c. Operation Phoenix is not and was not a program of assassination. It countered the Viet Cong apparatus attempting to overthrow the Government of Vietnam by targetting its leaders. Wherever possible, these were apprehended or invited to defect, but a substantial number were killed in firefights during military operations or resisting capture. There is a vast difference in kind, not merely in degree, between these combat casualties (even including the few abuses which occurred) and the victims of the Viet Cong's systematic campaign of terrorism to which Mr. Scott quite accurately referred.

In order to clarify this important question to the millions of concerned Americans who read Parade, I should appreciate your publishing this letter.

Sincerely,

/s/W. E. Colby

00667

W. E. Colby .

WEC:blp

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Sincerely, Colby 00668

Q. Four years ago actress Hedy Lamarr had a man named Donald Blyth jailed for attempted rape. He claimed at the time that Hedy had invited him to share her bed. What ever happened to that case?— D.L., Lubbock, Tex.

<sup>1</sup>pairman for the Los Angeles <sup>1</sup> the charge and sued Hedy g that she had willingly acveral weeks ago Miss Lamarr urt to answer Blyth's charges, dered her to pay him \$15,000 lenouncing him as a rapist.

aid of girls and marriage?---C.

ly too engrossed in his work.

Hope and does he still fool Chicago, III. n in Eltham, England, on July t his zest for living it up.

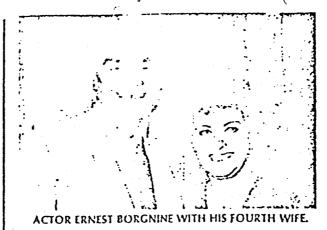
han is one with whom you can ke." Who said that?—Louise if. 'alery.



## AND RICHARD BURTON.

in wear lifts in his shoes? And eth Taylor, rule the roost? ale, Ariz.

lifts to make him taller. Yes, hots in the family. Of the two jer and more responsible. It is scripts they do, which may s of recent flops.



Q. How many times has actor Ernest Borgnine been married, and is he a wile-beater?—E.T.R., Springfield, Mass.

A. Borgnine has been married four times. His last ' wife, Donna, has charged him with beating her, is seeking a divorce.

Q. Is there any agency of the U.S. Government which has been authorized to include political assassination in its practices?—M. Wilson, Austin, Tex.

A. The one U.S. agency which uses political assassination as a weapon is the Central Intelligence Agency. Many of its men in Vietnam have assassinated civillan Communists in an effort to destroy the Vietcong infrastructure. Operation Phoenix run by the CIA established a new high for U.S. political assassinations in Vietnam, largely in response to enemy terrorist tactics which also include assassination, kidnapping, terrorism of all sorts.

Q. Does Richard Nixon have his own private goll course at Key Biscayne?— Emma Reynolds, Orlando, Fla.

A. Not at Key Biscayne. He owns a six-hole pitch-andputt course on his San Clemente, Calif, estate.

Q. How long does it take radioactive fallout from Chinese nuclear tests to reach the U.S.?--Mark Cheseboro, Barstow, Calif. A. Approximately three days depending on the wind.



resident, DANIEL D. KINLEY editor, JESS GORKIN publisher, WARREN J. REYNOLDS or, CAMPBELL GEESLIN senior editor, DAVID PALEY

associate editors, LINDA GUTSTEIN, HERBERT KUPFERBERG, MARTIN MARGULIES, JOHN G. ROGERS ) F. MILKUHN art associate, ALTROIANI 1 assistants, MARY HODOROWSKI, SUZANNE CURLEY, DORIS SCHOPTMAN 3, DEMETRIA TAYLOR fashion, VIRGINIA POPE cartoon editor, LAWRENCE LARIAR +BLUMENTHAL, OPAL GINN

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00670

5317 Briley Place Washington, D. C. 20016 January 10, 1972

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Cong's systematic campaign of terrorism\_reformed-to-by-Mr.-Scotts

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Sincerely,

W. E. Colby

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W. E. Colby

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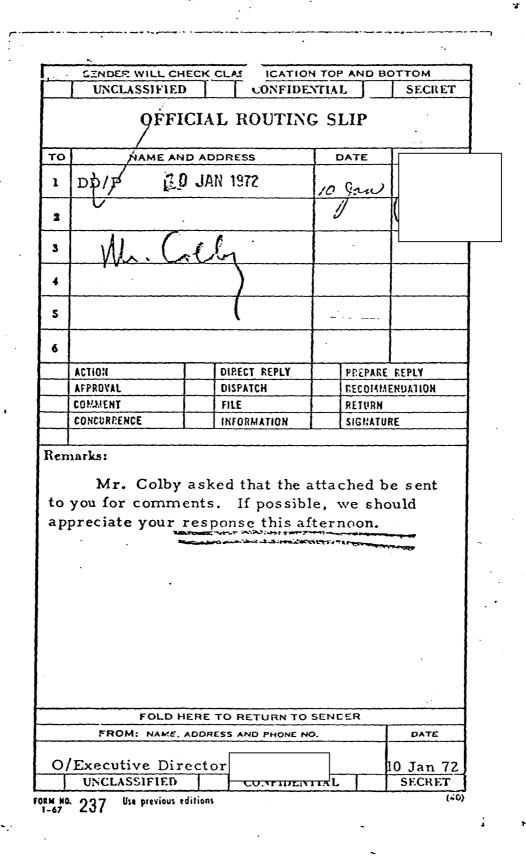
W. E. Colby

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C. Operation Phoening is not and never has been a program at assessmention. " Phoenix " is a Jusel For the Structure and process Government of Witherm through which the God has endeavored to coordinate the activition of all of its components - military police and civilium Ministerres -- who brave some measure of responsibility for coping with Variow Facets of the Victnamise Communist Porty's continuing effort to overthrow the Government by force of arms. The members of the Community Porty hicrorely and appointes against which the Government is endeebvoring to protect itself almost invorially carry arms and the more Schier Memseus state are usually

gwarded by an armed Military escort or bodyguerd wuit. Since any attempt to arrest Barty Memsers or, particularly, Parky Freducially Entails Some kind at fire fight, members of the Viet Comp apparetus have, Osurouslys been killed in the course of military operations on while resisting police arrest. There is, a vost di henever, a vart difference in king, but merely degree, Letween these casualties deriving from armed cambat Ceven including o classional -- and few - Government asuses) and the Mitt cong is conscious, systematic campaign of terrorism against on armed non-consultants referred to ly Mr. Scatt .



Will Constraint

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W. E. Colby

Mr. Houston Mr. Warner I have asked to look this over and give you his comments J. 1/10/72

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The noted phrases should, in my opinion, be cut out. It is They are the kind that lead to the italticized "Editor's Note" at the end of the letter which rebuts the whole is point being made by the letter writer.

"Resisting po ice arrest " will get you, with the press, nothing but snide snicking cracks... and as we're really not going to x win too much in such a short letter anyway, why not skip the occassional abuses bit.

Them's my thots.

AMT

00684

5317 Briley Place Washington, D. C. 20075 10 January 1972

Mr. Lloyd Shearer Editor at Large Parade Magazine 733 Third Avenue New York, New York 10017

Dear Mr. Shearer:

In your issue of January 9th, one of Walter Scott's <u>Personality</u> <u>Parade</u> responses stated that CIA "uses political assassination as a weapon" and that Operation Phoenix "run by the CIA established a new high for U. S. political assassinations in Vietnam." Since I have held responsible positions in CIA for many years and was also (during detached service from CIA) responsible for U. S. support to Operation Phoenix, I believe I am uniquely qualified to testify (as I have in public session under oath to Senate and House Committees) that:

a. CIA does not and has not used political assassination as a weapon.

b. Operation Phoenix was run not by the CIA but by the Government of Vietnam with the support of the CORDS element of the U. S. Military Assistance Command.

c. Operation Phoenix is not a program of assassination. Members of the Viet Cong apparatus were killed in the course of military operations or resisting police arrest. There is a vast difference in kind, not merely degree, between these [even including poceasional - and few - abuses] and the Viet Cong's conscious campaign of terrorism referred to by Mr. Scott.

In order to clarify this important question to the millions of concerned Americans who might be misled by Mr. Scott's column, I should appreciate your publishing this letter.

Sincerely,

W. E. Colby

Pear Mr. Shearen Thank you top your letter of Feb 7, 19/72 and it too kind words ploant me. As you can imagine your quite appropriate deallenge set me to work to see if I could melt it. En I share the results as a fidsult, I can pay that CIA has never carried out a political assassination, a has it induced en loged or suggested one which occurred. I canot say that it were suggested or I find this was done

So I can't ask you to tango filthough & take A two to do so). we called the action of the action of the action with the salled of the action of the torystal el , clean e suggestell of undertak cannot beliggent to meet your challenge, I still Hunk however, that the facts are a long way from the original stateme For Scott's folume that CIA "uses political assassingation as a weapond Verlags we in CIA are sensitive, Cui we would hope you could set the record straighte than fliat to your reader. 00687

was marced pemplay - 67 carried CIA has never political assassination Alle Couse Sal proposals were discussed: A away staff weathers were as but were not implemented Aut = CIA officials. anothing the the action J. - para page 2 · · · · · steps-wea e operation 1/1 A-The Inplanental initiated on two occas was called off before Eth but ished on acco 1 di other Chotte some twoinstances time ago) as usis

induced, employed on suggested to others that such political assassination be employed. A clear instruction has been constant issued that this not be done and that any any indications of such activit which might in any way be ascribed to CIA be reported Home to the Director a ouce. 00689

Notes: Diem: CIA had no forewarmin of Diem's assassingtion, (17) allempted to arrange a safe. conduct out of Pietnam for Diem and Nhu Lummba: CIA had nothing to with Lumba's death, Earlie however, au action was initialed but abandoned as in president Castro: Part of the Bay of Pigs plan involved a mint largetted on Castro the leader of the defending forces. A Vhies was a part of a large paramilitary operat hot a political astanination with Ou a separate occasion, an action "i implated boas abandoned, and internation on Verror: In Vielna. in 1964, teams were agained and paid by CIA to conduct operation against the Viet Ang T taxing later became the Provincial Recommission Where were a part of Units (PRU 00690

the war effort not political assassingtion Squads. participants arose as to their tachies CIA interted the fill we and the GUN controls over them. • · · · · · · · · · Laos: In the war in La The Commany and guerrilla squads played an important role against the North Vietnamere, These were a part of paramilitary and military operation not political assassination 00691

Phoening This has been described in the detail to Congressional committee. It was not a progra-of assassination. • • • • • • • • 00692

for over 30 years, will received an annity at full pay for